

D-Link Corporation

– Annual Report 2021–



D-Link Annual Report is available at https://mops.twse.com.tw

Corporate Website http://www.dlinktw.com.tw

Shareholder Services Website

http://ir.dlink.com.tw

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Notice to Readers

This English-version annual report is a summary translation of the Chinese version and is not an official document of the Shareholders' Meeting. If there is any discrepancy between the English and Chinese versions, the Chinese version shall prevail.

I. Spokesperson & Acting Spokesperson Information:

| Item | Spokesperson | Acting Spokesperson |
|-----------|------------------|---------------------|
| Name | CJ Chang | Kelly Hsu |
| Title | CEO | Special Assistant |
| Telephone | (02) 6600-0123 | (02) 6600-0123 |
| E-mail | ir@dlinkcorp.com | pr@dlinkcorp.com |

II. Headquarters, Branches and Subsidiaries:

| Company | Address | Telephone |
|---------------|---|----------------|
| Headquarters | No.289, Xinhu 3rd Rd., Neihu District, Taipei City, Taiwan, R.O.C. | (02) 6600-0123 |
| Taiwan Branch | 4F, No.289, Xinhu 3rd Rd., Neihu District, Taipei City, Taiwan, R.O.C | (02) 6600-0123 |

III. Name, Address, Website, and Telephone of Stock Transfer Agency:

| Name: | Stock Transfer Agency Unit, Yuanta Securities |
|------------|---|
| Address: | B1, No. 210, Section 3, Chengde Road, Datong Dist., Taipei City 103 |
| Telephone: | (02) 2586-5859 |
| Website: | www.yuanta.com |

IV. Name of the CPA and CPA Firm Auditing the Financial Statements in the Most Recent Year:

| Name: | Chiu-Hua Hsieh and Pao-Lian Chou |
|------------|---|
| CPA Firm: | KPMG |
| Address: | 68F, Taipei 101 Tower, No.7, Section 5, Xinyi Road, Taipei City 110 |
| Telephone: | (02) 8101 6666 |
| Website: | www.kpmg.com.tw |

V. Overseas Securities Exchange: None

VI. D-Link Corporation Website

Web: http://www.dlink.com.tw IR Web: http://ir.dlink.com.tw

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Chapter 1 Letter to Shareholders

Dear Shareholders,

I. 2021 Business Results

(I) Implementation Results of the 2021 Business Plan

Over the past year, due to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, the shortage of key components, price hikes, the appreciation of the New Taiwan dollar (NTD), and the global shipping congestion, the Company as a whole, including overseas branches, strove to respond to the above challenges in the market based on the experience in 2020. As a result, last year's revenue, denominated in NTD, increased by 2.3% on a year-on-year basis. In addition, affected by the appreciation of NTD against the US dollar (USD), if the revenue is calculated in USD, the annual revenue increased by around 7.96%. In the face of various challenges in 2022, the Company will continue to strengthen management, enhance our core competitiveness, and continue to launch high-quality new products to expand our market share.

(II) Budget Execution

The Company did not disclose its financial forecast for 2021.

(III) Financial Income and Expenditure and Analysis of Profitability

With a review of the financial performance in 2021, the global consolidated revenue was NT\$15.525 billion, an increase of 2.3% compared with 2020; the gross profit margin was 27%, a decrease of 4% from 31% in 2020; the net operating profit was NT\$170 million, which was an increase of NT\$90 million from the net operating profit of NT\$80 million in 2020; the net income after tax was NT\$239 million; the earnings per share after tax was NT\$0.38.

(IV) Research and Development Status

- Switch products: Expanded the centralized network management platform solution, Nuclias Connect, to support a full range of DGS-1210 smart switches. Completed a new generation of advanced network management system, D-View8, and completed the DMS-3130 series of high-end smart Multiple Gigabit layer 3 stackable switches.
- Corporate Wireless Base Station and Gateway Products: Launched a new series of Wi-Fi 6 corporate wireless base stations supporting the network management solution, Nuclias Connect, and Nuclias cloud network management platform and completed the gateway that can be used with Nuclias Connect.
- 3. Home Wireless Routers: Launched home wireless series, EAGLE Pro AI; the product line ranges from Wi-Fi 4, Wi-Fi 5 to Wi-Fi 6, with AI function used to detect the environment and select the best wireless channel to increase its usability.
- Broadband Network Products: Continued to develop optical fiber (GPON) network gateways and developed high-speed optical fiber (XGPON) products at the same time.
- 5. **Mobile Broadband Products:** Combined LTE and Wi-Fi 6 to launch a mobile wireless sharing device, which is compatible with the Mesh function of the home wireless series, EAGLE Pro AI. Through Mesh, the range of wireless sharing is extended, allowing us to further upgrade product series to the 5G CPE category.
- 6. Digital Camera (IP CAM): As per the chip supply situation in 2021, we have updated

chips and adjusted and updated functions for the new generation of network services to promote value-added network services.

II. Outline of 2021 Business Plan

(I) 2021 Operating Guidelines

The Company adheres to the following operating guidelines to achieve the established strategic targets.

- Keep abreast of the trends in the networking market through global bases, formulate innovative product development plans, enhance the partnership with key technology strategic partners, launch high-quality leading products, and continue to develop value-added AI-powered smart functions.
- Stick with discipline in research and development (R&D) and production, continue to improve processes, optimize the global supply chains, and capitalize on the Group's synergy.
- Global teamwork: Closely communicate the Company's strategies and policies, build consensus across different cultures and regions, and share local successful experiences.
- 4. Sustainable operation: Committed to environmental protection, fulfill social responsibilities, and continuously improve corporate governance.

(II) Expected Sales Volume and Basis

1. Switch Products

In recent years, the global high-end smart switch market has been affected by the stagnant business and a conservative approach in corporate capital expenditure, and the growth in the market has become increasingly saturated. Meanwhile, with the needs for enterprise virtual servers, IT outsourcing, as well as deployment and expansion of enterprise or public wireless network access points (EAP), emerging affordable smart switches and Power over Ethernet (PoE) switches have grown substantially. On the whole, the SMB switch market has shown relatively stable growth in supply and demand because of the operating thresholds for technology, distribution channels, and services. Unmanaged switches declined slightly. The Company will strengthen our sales teams in various regions, actively develop system integration (SI) channels, prioritize smart switches and Nuclias cloud management platform, and launch EAGLE Pro AI Lite/premium/profession total solution for SOHO and SMB in the middle of the year.

2. Wireless Routers

In addition to the networking companies, mobile phone device manufacturers, online service providers, and local telecom operators have stepped into the home wireless router market. The Wi-Fi 6 product and the home router series, EAGLE Pro AI, with built-in AI function launched by the Company have allowed consumers to better experience the convenience, smoothness, and security of the products. With global distribution channels and software services, the Company can still start to revive the wireless router market despite market competition. Impacted by the ongoing shortage of the core chips for networking products from 2021, it is expected that shipment growth in the first half of the year will still be sluggish. However, as the supply chain is

gradually stabilized and the Company's many new AI routers are successively launched, the growth in the second half of the year can be anticipated.

3. Broadband Network Products

A certain market share of the DSL fixed broadband network has been maintained in the network technology market due to its stable speed and low cost. Although the manufacturers in China have engaged in the low-price competition, the Company has concentrated its products on a few competitive ones to reduce costs, while preparing materials in advance to stabilize the supply. In addition, it maintains the existing customers through customized software and actively explores new sources of customers. Therefore, the future growth can be anticipated. The Company did not engage in the development of GPON until mid-2020 and has collaborated with ODM partners and suppliers to get hold of the sources of products. Moreover, the trend of a switch from xDSL to GPON in the market has begun in 2022. In addition to consolidating our share in the xDSL market, we will officially engage in the competition in the GPON market. In the future, the Company will expand its product series, and enhance the added value of its customized software and hardware, while strengthening its effort in the bidding for telecommunications projects.

4. Mobile Broadband Products

The Company has launched Sub-6 5G indoor routers and 5G mobile routers and the shipment has begun in the European market. In 2022, we will enhance our collaboration with our ODM partners and suppliers to promote 5G products to the global market, including Europe. In addition, we will officially launch an industrial integration solution for CPE (for M2M) with 5G AI in 2022 to cater to the needs for automation upgrade of industrial AI applications, thereby stepping into the high value-added market.

5. Digital Cameras and IoT

In recent years, the competition in the IP CAM market has been fierce, and AI wireless network cameras with AI analysis functions have become the mainstream. Due to the rise of handheld smart devices and various cloud applications, coupled with the increasing demand for security surveillance, the demand in the market still remains. The Company continues to collaborate closely with our ODM partners, adopts strict network security standards, strengthens the integration of AI functions, and enhances the value-added services in the affordable cloud applications, with the aim of reinforcing our brand identity and competitiveness and raising the proportion of service fee income.

(III) Important Production and Sales Policies this Year

Affected by factors, including the COVID-19 pandemic, the US-China trade war, and the commercialization of 5G technology, the technologies in the networking industry have undergone substantial changes. Meanwhile, the production capacity for the main chip of networking equipment is still insufficient. Based on the above factors, the general principles of the Company's sales strategy in 2022 are still "selection" and "concentration", that is, we will adopt the optimized product mix and work with the optimal team of ODM partners and suppliers and adjust our sales strategies flexibly in different regions through our three business divisions in America, Europe, and APAC & Others regions and overseas branches on the front line, to increase our market shares in

the home, commercial, and industrial markets, while strengthening our long-term partnership with mobile network operators.

III. Future Development Strategy

(I) Short-term Development Strategy

- 1. Cooperate with high-quality ODMs to establish a controllable supply chain system with close relationships.
- 2. Reshape D-Link's brand image and enhance brand value from three aspects: specifications and prices, functional performance, and corporate identity.

(II) Mid- and Long-term Development Strategy

- 1. Achieve the extreme simplification of the supply and management of networking products with cloud computing as the main pillar.
- 2. Create stable and advanced networking products with excellent radio frequency and high-speed signal technology.
- 3. Launch one-stop solutions to cater to the needs of SOHO and SMB enterprises.

IV. The Impact of External Competition Environment, Legal environment, and Overall Business Environment

Competition in the networking market is fierce. Not only are new brands entering the market one after another, but also ODMs are often directly involved in telecom bidding projects. In order to strengthen product competitiveness, the Company has established a Strategic Sourcing Division and an e-commerce department to reduce procurement and operating costs. The Company will master core software and hardware technologies to avoid price competition by differentiating its products. In response to the ongoing China-US trade war, the Company has also reduced the proportion of products manufactured in mainland China to lower the tariff barriers effectively. In addition, in response to rising security awareness in various countries, the Company has been well-prepared for "local manufacturing". The Company has established ESG Committee to create a sustainable business environment from three aspects, namely environment, society, and corporate governance, in addition to striving to make profits in the core business. In terms of the overall business environment, the pandemic will be effectively controlled with the vaccines launched and vaccination administered. However, some countries may begin to adopt a tight currency policy after the pandemic, and there are potential risks in exchange rate and raw material price fluctuations. In addition, due to the ongoing impact of the pandemic this year, many key chips are out of stock, so the product supply chain is facing severe challenges. In response to material shortages and price fluctuations of raw materials, the Company has prepared materials strategically to reduce risks.

In addition, the global sanctions against Russia caused by the Russo-Ukrainian War will inevitably increase the possibility of inflation, which will affect the Company's revenue in the region in the short term, and our management team will continue to pay close attention and respond in real time. Last but not least, we would like to express our sincere appreciation to all shareholders for your support and trust in the Company. Our management team and all employees will strive to create the maximum values for all shareholders.

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Chairman: Victor Kuo President: Mark Chen
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Chapter 2 Company Profile

I. Date of Incorporation: 1987.06.20

II. Company History:

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|-----------|--|
| Mar 1986 | 1. D-Link Company Ltd. was established (later changed to D-Link Corporation Ltd.) |
| | 2. A subsidiary was established in the US in the same year. |
| Jun 1987 | D-Link Corporation was formally established at the Hsinchu Science Park. |
| Aug 1989 | A subsidiary was established in the UK. |
| Feb 1990 | A subsidiary was established in Canada. |
| Jun 1990 | A subsidiary was established in France. |
| May 1991 | A subsidiary was established in Australia. |
| Jun 1991 | The construction of a plant (3,600 ping) in the Hsinchu Science Park was completed. |
| Aug 1991 | A subsidiary was established in Germany. |
| Nov 1992 | Awarded the first "Outstanding Award for Excellent Industrial Technology |
| NOV 1992 | Development" from the Ministry of Economic Affairs. |
| Aug 1994 | A subsidiary was established in Singapore. |
| Oct 1994 | The Company was listed in the stock market. |
| Dec 1994 | D-Link Charity Foundation was established. |
| Jan 1995 | A subsidiary was established in India through a joint venture. |
| Jan 1999 | A subsidiary was established in San Diego, Chile, Central and South America |
| A | The subsidiary in India was listed in India's stock market as Taiwan's first company |
| Apr 2001 | listed in India's stock market. |
| Sep 2001 | A subsidiary was established in Sao Paulo, Brazil. |
| 1 | 1. A subsidiary was established in Russian. |
| Jul 2002 | 2. A subsidiary was established in the Middle East. |
| Aug 2002 | A subsidiary was established in Shanghai. |
| Aug 2002 | The original OEM/ODM business department, including the Dongguan factory in |
| Aug 2003 | China, was demerged into Alpha Networks Inc. |
| May 2004 | According to Synergy Research Group's survey, D-Link ranked first in terms of the |
| May 2004 | market share in global consumer network connection products. |
| Oct 2004 | After demerger, D-Link obtained the international quality management system |
| 001 2004 | certification of ISO 9001. |
| Jul 2005 | A subsidiary was established in Japan. |
| Oct 2005 | Officially moved into the Neihu Corporate Operational Headquarters building. |
| Nov 2006 | After demerger, D-Link obtained the international environmental management |
| 100 2000 | system of ISO14001 again. |
| Jun 2007 | Recognized by Business Week as the 99 th largest IT company in the world and the IT |
| Juli 2007 | company with the 9th best return on investment in the world. |
| Oct 2007 | Surpassed the standards in the industry and won TÜV Rheinland STAR's highest |
| 000 2007 | score of five stars for the enterprise quality rating. |
| Nov 2007 | The Chairman Ken Kao was awarded the "Technology and Communication |
| 100 2007 | Entrepreneur Award" at the 2017 EY Entrepreneur of the Year Awards |
| | Led the world and launched green switch of Green Ethernet, and successively |
| Dec 2007 | launched the "Dlinkgreen", a series of products to implement the Company's vision |
| | of corporate sustainability. |
| Apr 2008 | Mr. Ken Kao, the founder and Chairman of the Board, passed away. |
| Oct 2008 | Selected as Taiwan's top 10 international brands by the Bureau of Foreign Trade, |

| | Ministry of Economic Affairs, for the fifth consecutive year. |
|----------|---|
| Dec 2008 | Obtained the information security system certification of ISO 27001. |
| Nov 2009 | Awarded the Outstanding Innovation Enterprise Award at the 17th Industrial Technology Development Award held by the Ministry of Economic Affairs. Chairman John Lee was awarded the personal achievement award "R&D Management Innovation Award" at the 17th Industrial Technology Development Award held by the Ministry of Economic Affairs. |
| Oct 2010 | D-Link's network security system was recognized and patented in the UK. |
| Mar 2011 | A subsidiary was established in Korea. |
| Jul 2011 | Awarded the "Top 100 Taiwanese Brands" organized by Bureau of Foreign Trade, Ministry of Economic Affairs, and executed by TAITRA. |
| Sep 2011 | Won the "2011 Taiwan Top 20 International Brands" award organized by the Bureau of Foreign Trade, Ministry of Economic Affairs, executed by TAITRA, and co-organized by Business Next and Interbrand. |
| Dec 2011 | Led the networking industry as the first player to launch innovative and revolutionary new products of "D-Link Cloud Series," including cloud routing, cloud monitoring, and cloud storage, integrating the concepts of cloud life and the mydlink platform, a pioneering initiative to integrate cloud services for networking products. D-Link's 17 products won the 20th Taiwan Excellence Awards. (2011 Taiwan Excellence). |
| Jun 2012 | Participated in the World IPV6 Launch Day and enabled the IPV6 network communication protocol of multiple products as a default to accelerate the establishment of IPV6 by corporate users and ISPs The innovative technology of "Zero Setting" was launched. |
| Sep 2012 | Awarded "2012 Top 20 International Brands in Taiwan" organized by the Bureau of International Trade, Ministry of Economic Affairs. |
| Oct 2012 | Awarded "Outstanding Innovation Enterprise Award" at the 2 nd National Industrial Innovation Awards launched by the Ministry of Economic Affairs. |
| Sep 2013 | Won first place in the wireless router evaluation conducted by SmallNetBuilder, a well-known network equipment evaluation unit. |
| Oct 2013 | Won the 2013 Japan Good Design Award. |
| Nov 2013 | Won the "2013 Taiwan Top 20 International Brands" award. |
| May 2014 | Launched the first smart socket, DSP-W215, which was equipped with the innovative and revolutionary the cloud service platform (Gu-Ji Cloud) of mydlink [™] Home. In the simplest "Plug and Play" method, it realized a smart life for consumers |
| Nov 2014 | D-Link's 8 products won the 22 nd Taiwan Excellence Awards. |
| Dec 2014 | Awarded the "2014 Taiwan Top 20 International Brands." Launched the concept of "GET YOUR HOME TALKING; Smart Home • Internet of Things." With the app of mydlink ™ Home as an integrated platform, D-Link launched a series of smart home products, including Wi-Fi network cameras, Wi-Fi smart sockets, and Wi-Fi smart sensors, with the most comprehensive layout in the smart home field in the networking industry. |
| Sep 2015 | Awarded the "2015 Taiwan Top 20 International Brands" organized by the Industrial Development Bureau, Ministry of Economic Affairs, executed by the Taiwan Institute of Economic Research, and co-organized by Interbrand, a global brand value survey agency. |

| Oct 2015 | Became the first company in Taiwan to pass the latest version of ISO 9001: 2015/ISO 14001: 2015 certification. Led the world by launching the first home-use 180° super wide-angle network |
|----------|---|
| | cameras: DCS-2630L and DCS-960L. |
| Nov 2015 | Awarded the 23 rd Taiwan Excellence Awards for 8 products. |
| Jan 2016 | Led the industry to launch a full range of smart home products that supported IFTTT, providing a more comprehensive and user-friendly experience to realize a smarter new generation of IoT applications. |
| Dec 2016 | Awarded the 25th Taiwan Excellence Awards for 8 products. Cooperated with Microsoft to enter the super Wi-Fi market. The main applications included the improvement of indoor wireless network coverage and relevant IoT applications. |
| Sep 2017 | Awarded the 26 th Taiwan Excellence Awards for its 6 products. |
| Jan 2018 | Launched the new 11AX router, the new generation of Covr Wi-Fi system, and the new mydlink smart home solution at CES 2018. Announced the cooperation with McAfee to launch the DIR-2680 AC2600 wireless router, which provided comprehensive protection of home networking devices at CES 2018. |
| Feb 2018 | At the 2018 Mobile World Congress, D-Link announced the launch of the cloud network management solution of Nuclias, and three high-end camera models in the mydlink Pro series, which provided full HD, smart image analysis, IP65 waterproof rating, and cloud recording functions. At the 2018 Mobile World Congress, D-Link announced the launch of new mobile connection solutions, including Edge as a Service, Connected Transportation, Smart Parking, Smart Retail, and Fixed Mobile Convergence (FMC). |
| Jul 2018 | Launched the first Open Thread Border Router (OTBR) in the world. |
| Jan 2019 | Launched McAfee EXO series routers at 2019 CES. Launched new smart home product of mydlink and new application functions. To usher in the 5G era, D-Link's mobile communication broadband router of DWR-2010 5G won the Innovation Award at CES. D-Link showcased the smart home solution of Zigbee. |
| Feb 2019 | Launched a new smart city solution at 2019 MWC. D-Link cooperated with Microsoft to provide tailor-made smart edge solutions for businesses and cities. D-Link announced the launch of Nuclias Connect—enterprise centralized network management solution. D-Link expanded Nuclias series products by releasing new wireless access and switches. D-Link adopted the MP-TCP technology to launch hybrid VDSL2/LTE home routers. D-Link launched the Tolly-certified 5000 series of data center switch. |
| Apr 2019 | In a survey conducted by 1111 Job Bank, D-Link was selected by office workers as a Happy Enterprise. |
| Aug 2019 | D-Link launched complete industrial-grade Internet solutions at the 2019 International Industrial Automation Exhibition to promote integration of industry and internet |
| | In response to a new generation of Wi-Fi 6 communications, D-Link's brand new 5G |
| Nov 2019 | NR wireless routers won the 28 th Taiwan Excellence Awards. |

| | 1 |
|----------|--|
| | 802.11ax (Wi-Fi 6) at 2020 CES, to provide comprehensive smart wireless networking experience. |
| Feb 2020 | D-Link's DCS-8526LH wireless network camera won the iF award in 2020. |
| 100 2020 | D-Link officially launched the wireless router series with the 802.11ax wireless |
| Apr 2020 | standard (Wi-Fi 6) adopted. |
| Jun 2020 | D-Link announced the launch of brand new 5G mobile communication wireless |
| | routers management solution. |
| | 1. D-Link launched Group Temperature Screening Camera Kit: DCS-9500T, with the |
| Jul 2020 | ability to scan up to 30 people simultaneously. |
| Jui 2020 | Launched the D-Link Mesh wireless router: COVR-1100 certified by EasyMesh[™]. |
| Sep 2020 | D-Link launched brand new application of mydlink for convenient home monitoring. |
| Jep 2020 | D-Link launched a variety of new high-speed smart network management switches, |
| Oct 2020 | particularly designed for enterprises' flexible deployment and data center servers. |
| | 1. DCS-8526LH Full HD rotary wireless network camera and DSP-W320 outdoor |
| | wireless smart socket stood out from many products and won the 29th Taiwan |
| | Excellence Award again. |
| Dec 2020 | 2. Announced the launch of four new models of Wi-Fi 6 wireless base stations, |
| | which can be used with D-Link's Nuclias Connect or Nuclias Cloud. |
| | 3. Announced that it has officially become an agent for Juniper Networks in Taiwan. |
| | 1. Released the latest series of products at CES 2021, including mydlink home |
| | wireless network cameras, Wi-Fi 6 wireless products, 5G wireless mobile |
| | products, and 2.5 GbE solutions, to facilitate the digital transformation for smart |
| | homes and satisfy users' needs in the post-pandemic era. |
| | 2. DUB-E250 USB-C 2.5G network interface card and DCH-S1621KT full Wi-Fi |
| | coverage smart home water leak detector set won the CES 2021 Innovation |
| Jan 2021 | Award. |
| | 3. Announced that it has passed the IEC 62443-4-1 Secure Product Development |
| | Lifecycle Requirements certification and that it followed the strictest safety |
| | standards from product design, development, testing to introduction in the |
| | product life cycle. |
| | 4. Announced the launch of the new Wi-Fi 6 AX1800 dual-band Mesh wireless |
| | router, COVR-X1870. |
| | Taiwan Branch, D-Link, announced that it has officially become the agent for the |
| | international information security brand, Cyberbit, in Taiwan and launched the |
| Feb 2021 | Cyberbit Range information security solution to provide the world's leading |
| 100 2021 | information security defense technology, thereby cultivating excellent and |
| | professional talents against hacking and establishing a strong and resilient |
| | information security environment. |
| | 1. DCS-8526LH Full HD rotary wireless network camera and DMS-106XT |
| | Multi-Gigabit switch won the German Red Dot Design Award. |
| Apr 2021 | 2. DCS-8635LH 2K QHD rotary outdoor wireless network camera won the German |
| | Red Dot Design Award and the German iF Product Design Award. |
| | 3. DCS-8302LH Full HD ultra wide angle wireless IP camera won the German iF |
| | Product Design Award. |
| 1 2021 | Launched the latest networking technologies at the Mobile World Congress in |
| Jun 2021 | Barcelona, Spain, including D-Link's latest 5G corporate private network, Nuclias |
| | Cloud, Nuclias Connect, and smart home solutions. |
| Jul 2021 | Mainly launched AI wireless network products designed and manufactured in |
| | Taiwan at D-Link's global online product launch, including three new models of |

| | EAGLE PRO AI series wireless routers, namely R15 AX1500 Wi-Fi 6 dual-band wireless router, M15 AX1500 Wi- Fi 6 dual-band wireless router, and E15 AX1500 Wi-Fi 6 wireless extender. |
|----------|---|
| Oct 2021 | Released a new industrial-grade wireless base station dual-band AC1200 Wave 2, a wide-temperature band, and Nuclias Connect, to accelerate digital transformation in the industrial X.0 era. DCS-8635LH 2K QHD 4-megapixel rotary outdoor wireless network camera, DMS-106XT Multi-Gigabit multi-speed switch, and DCH-S1621KT full Wi-Fi coverage smart home water leak detector set won the 2021 Good Design Award in Japan. |
| Nov 2021 | Launched the world's first DWA-X1850 Wi-Fi 6 USB wireless network interface card. DCS-8350LH 2K QHD wireless network camera and DCH-S1621KT full Wi-Fi coverage smart home water leak detector set won the 30th Taiwan Excellence Awards. |

Chapter 3 Corporate Governance Report

- I. Organizational System
 - (I) Organization Chart



(II) Department Functions

| Department | Functions | | |
|-------------------------------|--|--|--|
| | Decision-marking on business plans, earnings distribution, important | | |
| Deevel of Diverters | articles of association and contracts, the examination and approval of | | |
| Board of Directors | budget and final account, the appointment and dismissal of managerial | | |
| | officers or other major matters. | | |
| | Assisting the Board of Directors in fulfilling the supervision of the | | |
| | Company's adequate expression in the Company's financial statements, | | |
| | appointment (dismissal) of CPAs and the independence of CPAs, | | |
| Audit Committee | effective implementation of the Company's internal control, the | | |
| | Company's compliance with relevant laws and regulations, as well as | | |
| | the control and management of the Company's existing or potential | | |
| | risks. | | |
| | Improving corporate governance and strengthening the remuneration | | |
| Remuneration | management function of the Board of Directors, assisting in the | | |
| Committee | implementation and assessment of the remuneration paid to the | | |
| | Directors and managerial officers of the Company. | | |
| | Regulating D-Link's operation and management, product development, | | |
| FCC Committee | sales, social behavior, and activities and improving the Company's | | |
| ESG Committee | performance in the environmental, social, and governance aspects, | | |
| | thereby achieving the goal of sustainable development. | | |
| | Evaluating the effectiveness of the Company's internal control system | | |
| Corporate Auditor's Office | and the deficiencies during its implementation, while providing | | |
| Office | suggestions for improvement in a timely manner. | | |
| | 1. Planning and formulating the overall research and development | | |
| | (R&D) strategies for products and technologies. | | |
| | 2. Research, planning, design, and specification setting for full range of | | |
| | products. | | |
| | 3. Development and design of the service platform as well as planning | | |
| | and management of software project schedules. | | |
| | 4. Software specification setting and testing for products; automatic | | |
| | test development and test case setting. | | |
| Product Center | 5. Product software application systems, development and testing of | | |
| | functions. | | |
| | 6. Product software and hardware functions and compatibility | | |
| | verification; providing quick and effective technical support services. | | |
| | 7. Integrating the needs across different units and product lines and | | |
| | completing communication and introduction through PLM. | | |
| | 8. Managing the hardware and software operations and planning for | | |
| | global information related systems; establishing and implementing | | |
| | information standardization systems in conjunction with the IT/MIS | | |

| Department | Functions |
|---|---|
| | integrated systems. |
| | 9. Handling of information security issues. |
| | Management of procurement, price negotiation, delivery, and distribution logistics of products outsourced. Supplier management, product supply and demand management, as |
| | Supplier management, product supply and demand management, as well as import and export operations. Integrating estimates for global procurement needs for products and |
| | components, strategic procurement management. 4. Establishing a comprehensive product development quality control |
| Supply Chain Management Center | system, setting mid- and long-term quality objectives and plans, and improving product quality and the Company's brand image. |
| | Performing regular audits of suppliers' product quality, development, and production capabilities. |
| | 6. Improving the service quality and accurately understanding the status of product quality through the operation of the global RMA system and the establishment of the global customer service center |
| | for Customer Relationship Management (CRM). |
| | Formulating the Company's wealth management and investment strategies, making effective use of funds, controlling financial risks, to achieve the reasonable return on the Company's overall investments. |
| | Analyzing the operating performance of each operating units. Facilitating the communication between the Company and investors to enhance the transparency of financial information. |
| | Financial related business, including cash management, financing management, hedging, credit risk management, investment management, and stock affairs. |
| Corporate Finance & Operation Center | Conducting relevant accounting operations of the Head Office and the Taiwan Branch; Coordinating and compiling relevant accounting operations of the branches and subsidiaries around the world. |
| | Providing various financial and management reports for decision-making. |
| | Executing human resources-related affairs, including education and training, recruitment and appointment, and salary management. |
| | Management of corporate legal affairs, business contracts, personal information protection, litigation, intellectual property rights and other legal matters. |
| | 9. Logistics support for general affairs, property and equipment |
| | management, and occupational safety and health management. |
| Brand Strategy Center | Coordinating and planning public relations and corporate communication strategies for the Company's brand and product |

| Department | Functions |
|--------------|---|
| | images; executing various marketing events. |
| | 2. Formulating global marketing plans, as well as planning and |
| | developing marketing materials for global products and solutions in |
| | line with product and operational strategies, to ensure the |
| | consistency of the Company's brand image across the world. |
| | 3. Coordinating and planning global digital marketing strategies and |
| | establishing and managing digital marketing media. |
| | 4. Development and design of user interface. |
| | 5. Coordinating the functions of product packaging appearance, |
| | mechanical design, and visual image. |
| | 1. Implementing the guiding principles and operating policies stipulated |
| | by the Headquarters for OBU to formulate business strategies, |
| | business plans, and risk management policies respectively. |
| | Implementing the regulations stipulated by the Headquarters on the relevant business practices of each OBU. |
| Sales Center | Bring Responsible for each OBU's performance of various operating indicators. |
| | 4. Producing technical documents for global products, making it easier |
| | for users to understand product features and installation methods to |
| | realize a better user experience. |
| | 5. Reporting the local market demands and situations of each OBU in |
| | time and coordinating internal resources of D-Link HQ for enhancing |
| | the performance efficiency of the overall Company. |

II. Information on the Company's Directors, President, Vice Presidents and Managers of All the Company's **Divisions and Branches**

(I) Directors

2022.03.28; share

| [| Remarks | | 1 | Note 2 | I | | Note 5 | | 1 | | |
|--------------|--|---------------------|-----------------------------------|---|--|---|--|---|-------------------------------|---|--|
| | | ion | | Nc | | | ž | | | | |
| -042-00-2010 | Executives, Directors, or Supervisors who are Spouses or Within the Second Degree of Kinship | Title Name Relation | I | None | - | None | None | None | I | None | |
| 7 | Other Position Concurrently Held at the Company or Other Companies | | I | Note 1 | I | Note 3 | Note 4 | Note 6 | I | Note 7 | |
| | Education and Work Experiences | | | Education: Graduate Institute of Electrical Engineering, National Taiwan University Experience: CEO and President of Amgo Experience: CEO and President of AMUS Microsystems, Inc. | I | Education: Department of Law, National Nunversity Experience: Director of KMC (Kuei Meng) International Inc., Independent Director of Aeon Motor Co., Ltd. | Education: Graduate Institute of Electrical aggineering, National Taiwan University Experience: Chairman and CEO of D-Link Corporation, Chairman and CEO of Alpha Networks Inc. | Education: San Jose State University, USA Experience: Special Assistant of CEO Office of D-Link Corporation | 1 | Education: MIT Stons school tof Education: MIT Stons school tof Boperience: Partner and Vice President of Maxima Gatten tof Hep Tech Co. Hut. Propict Manager of Manufacturing Department of Manufacturing Co. Hut. Manufacturing Co. Hut. Manufacturing Co. Hut. Busines Manager of Digital Busines Manager of Digital Busines Manager of Digital | |
| | ding nees | % | - I | _ | I | I | I | | 1 | | |
| | Shareholding by Nominees | Shares | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | |
| | & ding | % | I | - | I | I | I | I | I | | |
| | Spouse & Minor Shareholding | Shares | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | |
| | gu | % | 1.00 | - | 1.00 | I | 1.12 | 0.53 | 2.66 | I | |
| | Current shareholding | Shares | 5,998,400 | | 5,998,400 | | 6,697,364 | 3, 168, 740 | 1.92 15,939,120 | I | |
| | | | 1.00 | | 1.00 | | 1.73 | 0.52 | 1.92 | | |
| | Shareholding when Elected | Shares | 6,520,000 | | 6,520,000 | I | 11,249,744 1.73 6,697,364 1.12 | 3,394,283 | 12,489,000 | I | |
| | Date Term Date Elected (years) Elected | | 2020 Jun 15 | 2021 Feb 2 | 2020 Jun 15 | 2020 Oct 26 | 1993 Jun 21 | 2020 Jun 15 | 2020 Jun 15 | 2020 Jun 15 | |
| | | | 8 | 2 | 3 | m | m | 8 | c | m | |
| | | | 2020 Jun 15 | 2021 Feb 2 | 2020 Jun 15 2020 Oct 26 Jun 15 Jun 15 2020 Jun 15 | | 2020 Jun 15 | | | | |
| | Gender Age | Gender Age | | Male 56 | | Male 56 | Male 67 | Male 45 | I | Male 54 | |
| | Аате | | Young Syun Investment Co., Ltd | Representative: Victor Kuo | Young Syun Investment Co., Ltd | Representative: Joseph Wang | John Lee | Howard Kao | Pu Ju Investment Co., Ltd. | Representative: Davíd Tai | |
| | Nationality / Place of Registration | | R.O.C. | R.O.C. | R.O.C. | R.O.C. | R.O.C. | R.O.C. | R.O.C. | R.O.C. | |
| | Title | | | Chairman | | Director | Director | Director | | Director | |

| | I | I | I | I | Note 12 |
|---|-------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | | z |
| | I | None | None | None | None |
| | | Note 8 | Note 9 | Note 10 | Note 11 |
| Department of Walden International Taiwan Co., Ltd | | Education: Graduate Institute of Science Computer Engineering, Santa Computer Engineering, Santa Clara University Califorina Experience: Col Asia Octomany. International Holding Co., Ltd., CTO of Asia Padific Japan, Howiterta-Backard Company. President of Orinda Meworks Nanjeng Cort Corosystems (China) Newworking Technology Co., Ltd., Executive Technology Co., Ltd., Executive Technology Co., Ltd., Executive Technologies Co., Ltd., Executive | Education: Scathel in Accounting, Chinese Education: Culture University Experience: Accounting Manager of DBT el Manager of Tze Hsin Transportation and Terminal Co. Ltd., Partner Accountant of Cheng He CPAs Film, Accountant of Te-Ming CPAs Film, Accountant of Te-Ming CPAs Film, Accountant of Te-Wing CPAs Film, Dung-Tsung CPAs Film, Jung-Tsung CPAs Film, Supervision of Hang, Long Development Co., Ltd. | Education: Graduate Institute of Mainland China Studies, National Sun Yat-Sen University Experience: Presiding Ludge of Taiwan Taituru Bistrict Court, Presiding Ludge of Taiwan Roohstung District Court, Director of Bank of Kanisiung Co., Utd. | Male 2021 2 2021 - - - Education: Graduate institute of Law, National Chung Hsing University Note 11 58 Jul 05 - - - - - Experiment independent Director of STech Note 11 |
| | T | | | | |
| | T | I | I | l | I. |
| | - I | | 1 | | I |
| | I | I | Ι | I | I |
| | 2.66 | | I | | I |
| | 1.92 15,939,120 | I | I | I | I |
| | 1.92 | I | I | I | I |
| | 12,489,000 | I | I | I | I |
| | 2020 Jun 15 | 2020 Jun 19 | 2020 Jun 15 | 2020 Jun 15 | 2021 Jul 05 |
| | m | m | m | m | 2 |
| | 2020 Jun 15 | 2020 Jun 19 | 2020 Jun 15 | 2020 Jun 15 | 2021 Jul 05 |
| | I | Male 63 | Male 58 | Male 60 | Male 58 |
| | Pu Ju Investment Co., Ltd. | Representative: Alan Yu | Richard Chen | Richard Lee | ent R.O.C. Chun-Hsiung Chu |
| | R.O.C. | R.O.C. | R.O.C. | R.O.C. | R.O.C. |
| | | Director | Independent Director | Independent Director | Independent Director |

Representative of Institutional Director, Yong Rui Investment Co., Ltd., Representative of Institutional Director, Cameo Communications, Inc., Representative of Institutional Director, D-Link International Pte Ltd., CSO of D-Link Corporation.

Note 2: To be elected as Chairman on 2021.08.06 and be appointed as CSO on 2022.02.22.

Note 3: Chairman of Kings Asset Management Co., Ltd., Chairman of Taiwan Steel Group United Co., Ltd., Chairman of Group United Co., Ltd., Chairman of Gloria Material Technology Corp., Chairman of S-Tech Corp., Chairman of Ho Yang Investment Corp., Chairman of Rong Yang Investment Co., Ltd., Chairman of Na Neng Co., Ltd., Chairman of Jade Colorful Co., Vice Representative of Institutional Director of Taiwan Styrene Monomer Corporation, Representative of Institutional Director of Cameo Communications, Inc., Representative of Institutional Chairman of Chun Zu Machinery Industry Co., ttd., Independent Director of Huang Long Development Co., Ltd., Representative of Institutional Director of Chun Yu Works & Co., Ltd.,

Supervisor of Chun Yu (DongGuan) Metal Products Co., Ltd., Supervisor of ShangHai Uchee Hardware Products Co., Ltd., Chairman of GuanZhou Goldway Special Metal Corp., Ltd., Chairman of Material Technology Co., Ltd., Chairman of G-Yao Enterprises Ltd., Chairman of All Win Enterprises Ltd., Chairman of Faith Enterprises Ltd., Chairman of Alloy Tool Steel Inc., Chairman of Gloria Tianlin Goldway Special Metal Corp., Ltd., Chairman of XiAn Goldway Special Metal Corp., Ltd., Chairman of Shiang Yang Metal Representative of institutional director of TSG Sports Marketing Co., Ltd., Director of Soft-World International Corporation, Director of Shanghai Chun Zu Machinery Industry Co., Ltd., Director of Chun Bang Precision Co., ttd., Representative of Institutional Director of Chun Yu Bio-Tech Corp., Representative of Institutional Director of Chun Yu Investment Co., ttd., Material Technology Japan Co., Ltd.

Note 4: Supervisor of Lanner Electronics Inc.

Note 5: Resigned from the positions of Chairman and CEO and was promoted to Group President of D-Link on 2021.08.06 Board Meeting.

- Limited, Representative of Institutional Director of D-Link Holding Co. Ltd., Representative of Institutional Director of D-Link Shiang-Hai (Cayman) Inc., Representative of Institutional Director of Note 6: Senior Director of Pan-Asia-Pacific Business Division of D-Link Corporation, Supervisor of Pu Ju Investment Co., Ltd., Chairman and Representative of Institutional Director of D- Link (India) Latin-America Company Ltd., Representative of Institutional Director of TeamF1 Networks Private Limited., Representative of Institutional Director of D-Link Korea Ltd., Representative of D-Link (Shiang-Hai) Co., Ltd., Representative of Institutional Director of Netpro Trading (Shiang-Hai) Co., Ltd., Representative of Institutional Director of D-Link Russia Investment Co. Ltd., Representative of Institutional Director of D-Link Japan K.K., Representative of Institutional Director of D-Link Investment Pte. Ltd., Representative of Institutional Director of D-Link Institutional Director of D-Link Australia Pty Ltd.
 - Note 7: Director of Wellhead Biological Technology Corp., Director of Hui-Pen Management Consulting Co., Ltd., Representative of Institutional Director of Paralink ASEAN Management Ltd. Independent Director of Acon Optics Communications Inc., Independent Director of Ways Technical Corp., ttd., Supervisor of Cywee Inc. Note 8: Independent Director of Cvilux Corporation.

Note 9: Accountant of TrustWorthy CPAs Firm, Supervisor of Tung Hwei Corp., Independent Director of Generalplus Technology Inc., Independent Director of Radiant Innovation Inc., Independent

- Director of Advanced Wireless & Antenna Inc.
 - Note 10: Partner Lawyer of Yuan-Chen & Partners Attorneys-ar-Law, Director of Taiwan Styrene Monomer Corporation, Independent Director of Taiwan Tea Corporation, Independent Director of Tatung Company, Consultant of Taiwan Medical Association.
- Note 11: Lawyer of Cyuan-Ying Law Office, Independent Director of Honey Hope Honesty Enterprise Co., Ltd., Independent Director of Gloria Material Technology Corp.

Note 12: To be elected at the Shareholders' Meeting on 2021.07.05.

| Annexed Table 1: Major Shareholders of Institutional Shareholders | of Institutional Shareholders | 2022.03.31 |
|---|---------------------------------------|----------------|
| Name of Institutional Shareholders | Major Shareholders | Percentage (%) |
| Young Syun Investment Co., Ltd. | Taiwan Network Group United Co., Ltd. | 100 |
| | Lori Hu | 96.66 |
| | Howard Kao | 0.04 |

anovod Tablo 1. Maior Charabaldore of Inctitutional Charabaldo

Annexed Table 2: Maior Shareholders of the Company's Maior Institutional Shareholders

| AIIIIEAEU IANIE 2. MIAJUI JIIAI EIIUIAEIS UL UIE CUIIIDAIII S | or the company's integration institutional situationals | |
|---|---|----------------|
| Name of Institutional Shareholders | Major Shareholders of Institutions | Percentage (%) |
| Taiwan Network Group United Co., Ltd. | Yitongyuan Investment Co., Ltd. | 100 |

1. Professional Qualifications and Independence Analysis of Directors

| | alification | Professional Qualifications and Experience | Independence Status | Number of Other Public Companies in Which the Individual is Concurrently Serving as an Independent Director |
|----------|----------------|--|--|---|
| | | Graduate Institute of Electrical | Mr. Victor Kuo serves as a Director as a Representative of an | |
| | | Engineering, National Taiwan University and founded Amit Wireless Inc. in 1998 to develop wireless IoT products. He once | Institutional Director. According to the regulations of the "Securities and Exchange Act", the Company has obtained a written statement | |
| Chairman | Victor Kuo | served as the CEO and the president of Amigo Technology Inc. listed on TPEx. He has been in the network communication industry for many years and therefore possesses extensive and complete professional knowledge and | from him and confirmed that there is no violation of Article 26-3, paragraphs 3 and 4 of the "Securities and Exchange Act". | 0 |
| | | experience. He has served as the Representative of the Company's Institutional Director since February 2021 and was promoted to the Chairman in August of the same year. | | |
| Director | Joseph Wang | Mr. Joseph Wang graduated from the Department of Law, National Chung Hsing University. He has practiced as an attorney for more than 30 years. With profound legal expertise, which is one of the necessary specialties for the Board, he helps the Company's | Mr. Joseph Wang serves as a director as a Representative of an Institutional Director. According to the regulations of the "Securities and Exchange Act", the Company has obtained a written statement from him and confirmed that there is no violation of Article 26-3, | 1 |
| | | Board of Directors make an evaluation before each major decision, thereby reducing our operational risks. | paragraphs 3 and 4 of the "Securities and Exchange Act". | |

| Qu | alification | Professional Qualifications and Experience | Independence Status | Number of Other Public Companies in Which the Individual is Concurrently Serving as an Independent Director |
|----------|---------------|--|--|---|
| Director | John Lee | Mr. John Lee graduated from the Graduate Institute of Electrical Engineering, National Taiwan University, and founded D-Link with Ken Kao in 1986 with their expertise. Since a demerger of D-Link's ODM/OEM business division in 2003, he has served as the Chairman and CEO of Alpha Networks Inc. for 16 years. With 30 years of experience in the networking industry, he is touted as the "Master of Networking ". In August 2021, he was promoted from the Chairman and CEO of the Company to the President of D-Link Group. | Mr. John Lee serves as a natural-person Director. According to the regulations of the "Securities and Exchange Act", the Company has obtained a written statement from him and confirmed that there is no violation of Article 26-3, paragraphs 3 and 4 of the "Securities and Exchange Act". | 0 |
| Director | Howard Kao | After graduating from San José State University, Mr. Howard Kao has worked at D-Link for many years. He was once the product manager of the Information Security Product Innovation and R&D Department and the special assistant to the CEO's office. He is currently the senior director of the Pan-Asian Business Department and is familiar with D-Link's business development and operations. | Mr. Howard Kao serves as a natural-person Director. According to the regulations of the "Securities and Exchange Act", the Company has obtained a written statement from him and confirmed that there is no violation of Article 26-3, paragraphs 3 and 4 of the "Securities and Exchange Act". | 0 |
| Director | David Tai | Mr. David Tai graduated from the MIT Sloan School of Management and has worked at major technology companies, including | Mr. David Tai serves as a Director as a Representative of an Institutional Director. According to the regulations of the "Securities | 2 |

| Qu Title | alification | Professional Qualifications and Experience | Independence Status | Number of Other Public Companies in Which the Individual is Concurrently Serving as an Independent Director |
|-------------|-------------|---|--------------------------------------|---|
| , | , , | TSMC and DEC, with management | and Exchange Act", the Company | |
| | | and practical experience. After | has obtained a written statement | |
| | | 1999, he turned to venture capital | from him and confirmed that there | |
| | | and invested in start-up companies | is no violation of Article 26-3, | |
| | | in areas across the Taiwan Strait | paragraphs 3 and 4 of the | |
| | | and the U.S. He has practical | "Securities and Exchange Act". In | |
| | | experience in various fields and | addition, although he serves as a | |
| | | multi-faceted insight into the | director at several companies | |
| | | technology industry. With an | concurrently, none of the | |
| | | international perspective, he can | companies, at which he holds a | |
| | | give professional advice to the | position concurrently, is a | |
| | | Company from different | company with direct or indirect | |
| | | perspectives. | relations with the Company. | |
| | | | Therefore, the Company is | |
| | | | convinced that the positions he | |
| | | | holds concurrently will not affect | |
| | | | his independence as a Director at | |
| | | | D-Link. | |
| | | Mr. Alan Yu graduated Institute of | Mr. Alan Yu serves as a Director as | |
| | | Science Computer Engineering, | a Representative of an Institutional | |
| | | Santa Clara University California, | Director. According to the | |
| | | California, U.S. He once worked at | regulations of the "Securities and | |
| | | Groupe SEB and successfully | Exchange Act", the Company has | |
| | | designed a one-stop chain | obtained a written statement from | |
| | | platform, incorporating electronic | him and confirmed that there is no | |
| Director | Alan Yu | product display, experience, and | violation of Article 26-3, | 1 |
| Director | | professional guidance and is | paragraphs 3 and 4 of the | 1 |
| | | specialized in research and | "Securities and Exchange Act". In | |
| | | development with professionalism | | |
| | | in cloud data. He also once served | Independent Director of other | |
| | | as the president of Cisco China and | | |
| | | the president of Nanjing Great | concurrently, the number of such | |
| | | Broadband Communication | companies with a similar business | |
| | | Technology Co., Ltd., with | scope is fewer than three, so he | |

| Qualification Title Name | | Professional Qualifications and Experience | Independence Status | Number of Other Public Companies in Which the Individual is Concurrently Serving as an Independent Director |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|---|------------------------------------|---|
| ` | Ĭ | extensive experience in operations | meets the Company's | |
| | | and management. | independence criteria. | |
| | | Mr. Richard Chen graduated from | Mr. Richard Chen was elected as | |
| | | the Department of Accounting, | an Independent Director by the | |
| | | Chinese Culture University. In | shareholders' meeting. As per the | |
| | | addition to passing the Senior | "Securities and Exchange Act", the | |
| | | Professional and Technical | Company has obtained a written | |
| Independent Director | | Examination for Certified Public | statement from him and | |
| | Richard Chen | Accountants, he has obtained the | confirmed that he is not under any | |
| | | Certified Securities Investment | circumstances under Article 3 of | |
| | | Analyst license and the land | the "Regulations Governing | 3 |
| | | administration agent license. | Appointment of Independent | Ū. |
| | | Therefore, he has met one of the | Directors and Compliance Matters | |
| | | necessary professional | for Public Companies". Therefore, | |
| | | qualifications for independent | he can exercise his powers | |
| | | directors and is also the convener | independently and make business | |
| | | of the Company's Audit and ESG | decisions by exercising his own | |
| | | Committee, as well as a member | judgment objectively. | |
| | | of the Remuneration Committee. | | |
| | | Mr. Richard Lee graduated | Mr. Richard Lee was elected as an | |
| | | Institute of Mainland China | Independent Director by the | |
| | | Studies, National Sun Yat-Sen | shareholders' meeting. As per the | |
| | | University. He used to serve as the | "Securities and Exchange Act", the | |
| | | chief judge and presiding judge at | Company has obtained a written | |
| | | a district court. With extensive | statement from him and | |
| Independent Director | | experience in court proceedings | confirmed that he is not under any | |
| | Richard | and legal professionalism, he has | circumstances under Article 3 of | 2 |
| | Lee | met one of the professional | the "Regulations Governing | |
| | | qualifications for independent | Appointment of Independent | |
| | | directors, while serving as the | Directors and Compliance Matters | |
| | | convener of the Company's | for Public Companies". Therefore, | |
| | | Remuneration Committee, a | he can exercise his powers | |
| | | member of the Audit Committee, | independently and make business | |
| | | and a member of the ESG | decisions by exercising his own | |

| Qu Title | alification | Professional Qualifications and Experience | Independence Status | Number of Other Public Companies in Which the Individual is Concurrently Serving as an Independent Director |
|-------------------------|-------------|---|---|---|
| | | Committee. | judgment objectively. | |
| Independent Director | | Mr. Chun-Hsiung Chu graduated Institute of Law, National Chung Hsing University. He has practiced as an attorney for more than 30 years. With profound legal expertise, he has met one of the professional qualifications for Independent Directors, while serving as a member of the Company's Audit Committee, a member of the Remuneration Committee, and a member of the ESG Committee. | Mr. Chun-Hsiung Chu was elected as an Independent Director by the shareholders' meeting. As per the "Securities and Exchange Act", the Company has obtained a written statement from him and confirmed that he is not under any circumstances under Article 3 of the "Regulations Governing Appointment of Independent Directors and Compliance Matters for Public Companies". Therefore, he can exercise his powers independently and make business decisions by exercising his own judgment objectively. | 2 |

2. Board Member Diversity Policy

- (1) The Company has formulated the "Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles" and stated in Article 20 that the policy of board member diversity shall include but not limited to the following two aspects of standard:
 - A. Basic qualification and value: gender, age, and nationality.
 - B. Professional knowledge and skills: professional background (such as law, accounting, industry, finance, marketing or technology), professional skills and industry experience.
- (2) The Company has a total of 9 Directors, including 3 Independent Directors (accounting for 33%), with tenure of less than 3 years; Meanwhile, 2 Directors are employees (accounting for 22%). In addition, all Directors have operational judgment, leadership and decision-making abilities; Mr. Richard Chen has professional background in accounting and financial analysis; Mr. Joseph Wang, Mr. Richard Lee and Mr. Chun-Hsiung Chu possess the expertise in legal background and can provide professional advice to the Company from different perspectives.

| Management Target | Status of Achievement |
|---|--|
| At least 2 Directors have relevant expertise in the networking industry | Achieved. Director John Lee and Director Victor Kuo have been in the networking industry for many years. |
| At least 1 Independent Director has professional or experience in sustainable development | Achieved. Independent Director Chun-Hsiung Chu is currently a member of the Audit Committee of the Neighborhood Fee Committee of Ministry of National Defense's each headquarters, having encouraged and reviewed the promotion of environmental sanitation, sustainable development, and local creation in villages for a long time. |

- (3) The Company attaches great importance to the diversity of the composition of the directors and thus sets specific targets on the diversity of the board: the target percentage of female directors reaches 10% after the re-election of directors upon the expiration of original directors' tenure in 2023 in order to achieve the policy of gender equality and diversity and continuously improve corporate governance.
- (4) The implementation status of Board member diversity in 12th session is shown in the table below:

| <u> </u> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | te: 20 | 21.12 | .51 |
|----------------------|--------|-------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|---------------------------|--------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|----------------------------------|------------|-----------------|
| ltem | | | Ba | sic Inf | ormat | ion | | | | | | Abi | ility | | | |
| | | Emp | | Age | | Ind | enure epenc)irecto | lent | Q | Accounting | Mana | - | F | Interna | | |
| Name of Directors | Gender | Employee of the Company | Under 50 years | 51 to 60 years | 61 to 70 years | Under 3 years | 3 to 9 years | Over 9 years | Operational Judgement | ting and Financial analysis | Management administration | Crisis management | Industrial Knowledge | International market perspective | Leadership | Decision making |
| Victor Kuo | М | | | ~ | | | | | ~ | | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ |
| Joseph Wang | М | | | ~ | | | | | ~ | | ~ | ~ | | | ~ | ~ |
| John Lee | М | ~ | | | ~ | | | | ~ | | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ |
| Howard Kao | М | ~ | ~ | | | | | | ~ | | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ |
| David Tai | М | | | ~ | | | | | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ |
| Alan Yu | М | | | | ~ | | | | ~ | | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ |
| Richard Chen | М | | | ~ | | ~ | | | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | | | ~ | ~ |
| Richard Lee | М | | | ~ | | \checkmark | | | ~ | | ~ | ~ | | | ~ | ~ |
| Chun-Hsiung Chu | М | | | ~ | | ~ | | | ~ | | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ |

| ss | Remarks | | Note 1 | Note 2 | Note a |
|--------------------|--|---------------------|--|--|--|
| 2022.03.28; shares | Managers Who Are Spouses or Within Two Degrees of Kinship Remarks | Title Name Relation | None | e vo N | e N |
| | Other Position | | Supervisor of Lanner Electronics Inc. | Chairman of Amit Wireless Inc., Tubie for Stratest coperations of Amigo for Stratest coperations of Amigo Tersentative of and Representative of Institutional Investment Ltd, Chairman and Representative of Institutional Director of Yong Rui Investment Communications, Inc., Communications, Inc., Representative of Institutional Prettid. | stitute of Business Representative of Institutional Inex. Inex. Inex. Inex. Inexersity Inex. Inex. Inexersity Inex. Inex. Inexersity Inex. |
| | Education and Work Experiences | | Education: Graduate Institute of Electrical Engineering, National Taiwan University Sup Experience: Chairman and CEO of D-Link Inc. CEO of Alpha Networks Inc. | Education: Graduate Institute of Chairman of Amit Wire Electrical Engineering. Chief of Strategic Oper National Talwan University Amigo Technology Inc. Experience: CEO and President of Amigo Technology Inc. Experient of Amigo and Representative of Technology. Inc., President Institutional Director o of AXUS Microsystems, Inc. Investment Lid., Chair Director of Yong Rui In Co., Lid. Representative of Insti Institutional Director o Communications, Inc., Representative of Insti Prector of D-Link Inter Pre Ltd. | Education: Institute of Business Management, Senshu University Expertience: COO of The Network Inc., Executive Assistant of Advantage Century Telecommunication Corporation, Vice President of Dynalab Inc., Minister of MiTAC Japan Corp. |
| | ding nee ient | % | a a | | |
| | Shareholding by Nominee Arrangement | Shares | Η | I | T |
| | Minor ding | % | I | I | 0.00 |
| | Spouse & Minor Shareholding | Shares | l | I | 13,800 |
| | ing | % | 1.12 | I | 0.0 |
| | Shareholding | Shares | 6,697,364 | I | 1,306 |
| | Date Effective | | Aug 06 2021 | Feb 22 2022 | Aug 31 2021 |
| | Gender | | Male | Aale Marine Mari | Male |
| | Name | | John Lee | Victor Kuo | CJ Chang |
| | Nationality | | R.O.C. | Ú O œ | Ú O X |
| | Title | | Group President | cs | сео |

(II) Information Regarding President, Vice Presidents, Assistant Vice Presidents, and Heads of Departments and Branches

| | I | I | I | I | I |
|---|--|--|--|--|---|
| | None | None | None | None | None |
| Representative of Institutional Director of Netpro Trading (Shiang-Hai) Co., Ltd. and Beijing Branch and Changsha Branch, Chairman. | Chairman, AXD Collaboration Inc. | Representative of Institutional Director of D-Link (Europe) Ltd., Expresentative (Institutional Director of D-Link (Magyaroszag) Kft, Representative of Institutional Representative of Institutional Director of D-Link (Deutschland) GmbH D-Link (Deutschland) GmbH | Chairman of Taiwan Styrene Investment Inc., Director of An Pei Enterprise Co., Ltd. | President of Taiwan Branch, D-Link Corporation | I |
| | Education: Master of Science, Computer Education: Master of Science, Computer Institute of Technology (RT) Experience: Country Manager of Rroadcom Taiwan, CEO of AlQ, Smart Clothing Inc., Founder of AXD Collaboration Inc. | Education: MBA- Finance of Fairleigh Dickinson University Experience: TP-LINK Sales VP, Altha Networks A. VP, MitraStar Technology Sales VP, Edata Communications Director, ZyXEL Communication Corp. ZyXEL Communication Corp. Senior Accompters MicoMax Computers Business manager | Education: Graduate Institute of Finance, National Kaohsung University of Science and Technology Experience: Vice president of Sales of Amit Wireless Inc., CFO of Amit Wireless Inc., GPO of Amit Wireless Inc., Amit Wireless Inc., Amit Wireless Inc., Finance of Kuei-Vang Finance of Kuei-Vang Technology Co, Ltd., Section Manager of Finance of Kuei-Hung Industrial Co., Ltd. | Education: Bachelor of Industrial Education: Bachelor of Industrial University Experience: Senior Director of Product & Support Administration Center of Taiwan Branch, D-Link Corporation | Education: PhD of University of Pittsburgh Experience: Technical Director of NXP Semiconductors Taiwan Ltd., President of Philips |
| | | | | | 1 |
| | I | I | I | I | I |
| | I | Ι | Ι | I | I |
| | I | I | T | I | I |
| | I | I | I | 0.05 | I |
| | Ι | I | I | 296,751 | I |
| | Aug 11 2020 | Mar 02 2021 | Sep 01 2020 | Oct 11 2012 | Jul 06 2020 |
| | Male | Female | Female | Male | Male |
| | Mark Chen | Sara Cheng | Rita Huang | Kevin Chung | Fred Fong |
| | R.O.C. | R.O.C. | R.O.C. | R.O.C. | R.O.C. |
| | President | Senior Vice President | Vice President | Vice President | Advisor |

| | I | I | Note 4 |
|--|--|--|---|
| | e V N | None | None |
| | Aaster of Arts in Aaster of Arts in Aanagement, Univestify of Aanagement, Univestify of Aanagement, Univestify of Representative of Institutional alifornia, San Diego (USA) Director of Yeo-Tai Investment Co. Co-Founder & CO of New ILV. Representative of Taiding Ltd., Accounting Supervisor Holding Co. Ltd., Representative (USA), Senior Advisor of Holdings Litd. Co. Ernst & Young LIP (USA), Representative of Maid Senior Advisor of Holding Litd. Co. Ernst & Young LIP (USA), Representative of Institutional Audis of Of Overseas Corp., Representative of Corporation (USA), Auditor of Overseas Corp., Representative of Corporation (USA), Auditor of Overseas Corp., Representative of Corporation (USA), Representative of Institutional Director of D-Link Shiang-Hai Corporation (USA), Representative of Institutional Director of D-Link Ruisa Representative of Institutional Representative of Institutional Director of D-Link Ruisa Representative of Institutional Director of D-Link Ruisa Representative of Institutional Director of D-Link Ruisa Representative of Institutional Representative of Institutional Representative of Institutional Representative of Institutional Representative of Institutional Representative of Institutional Representa | Supervisor of D-Link (Shiang-Hai) Co., ttd., Supervisor of Netpro Trading (Shiang-Hai) Co., ttd., Supervisor of D-Link Japan K.K. | L |
| Electronics industry (Changshu), Senior Technical Staff of Jabil Inc. (Shanghai), Independent Director and Director of D-Link Corporation | Education: Master of Arts in International Affais and Investity of Management, University of Representative of fistuitu California, San Diego (USA) Director of Yeo-Tai Investit Experience: Co-Founder & GC of New Lut, Representative of Taiding Investment Co, Institutional Director of Utd., Accounting Supervisor Holding Co. Ltd., Represent tud., Accounting Supervisor Holding Lo. Ltd., Represent tud., Accounting Supervisor Holding Co. Ltd., Represent tud., Accounting Supervisor Holding Co. Ltd., Represent Audit Senior Associate of Pricerdor of Success Store KPMG LIP (USA), Represent Audit Senior Associated of Precent of Institut Representative of Institut Director of D-Link Shiang- (Carponal Director of D-Link Shiang- (Garana) Inc., Representative of Institut Director of D-Link Shiang- (Rayman) Inc., Representative of Institut Director of D-Link Shiang- (Rayman) Inc., Representative of Institut Director of D-Link Ruisa Representative of Institut Representative of Institut Representative of Institut Representative of Institut Representative of Institut Representative of Institut Repre | Education: Bachelor of Accounting, National Taiwan University Experience: Manager of Accounting Department of Henkel Taiwan Ltd. | Education: Master of Finance, FuJen Catholic University Experience: Senior Deputy Manager of Finance Management Division of SinoPac Holdings, Deputy Manager of Finance Department of President Securities Corp. |
| | 1 | | l |
| | 1 | I | I |
| | I | - | I |
| | I | I | I |
| | e G O | I | |
| | 200.000 | | I |
| | Aug 24 2020 | Aug 11 2020 | Nov 05 2021 |
| | Female | Female | Female |
| | Joanne Chein | Claire Chou | Wynne Ho |
| | ن ن ف | R.O.C. | R.O.C. |
| | e S | Accounting Supervisor | Corporate Governance Officer |

Note 1: Resigned from the positions of Chairman and CEO, and was promoted to Group President of D-Link on 2021.08.06 Board Meeting.

Note 2: To be appointed as CSO on 2022.02.22 Board Meeting.

Note 3: To be promoted to CEO on 2021.08.31 Board Meeting.

Note 4: To be appointed as Corporate Governance Officer on 2021.11.05 Board Meeting.

Note 5: The Vice President, Shanglin Chung, resigned on 2021.08.31.

Note 6: The Vice President, Louis Huang, resigned on 2021.09.16.

Note 7: The Vice President, ML Jean, resigned on 2021.09.30.

Note 8: The Assistant Vice President, Ziva Wu, resigned on 2021.10.15.

Note 9: GK Lee resigned as the Vice President and transferred to an Advisor of the Company on 2021.10.31.

Note 10: The Chief Software Officer, Allen Cheng, resigned on 2021.11.02.

III. Remuneration of Directors, President, and Vice Presidents (I) Directors' Remuneration

| | | | | | Remuneration | ation | Directore | | | Total R | Total Remuneration | Re | levant Remunera | tion R | Relevant Remuneration Received by Directors Who are Also Employees | tors Wh | o are Also | o Employ | lees | Total | Total Remuneration | |
|---------------------------|--|---------|---|---------|--|---------|---|---------|---|----------------|---|-----------------|---|---------|--|---------|------------------------------|----------|--|-----------------|--|---|
| | | Base Co | Base Compensation (A) | | Severance Pay (B) | Comp | Directors Compensation (C) | Alle | Allowances (D) | to Net | A+B+C+U) and kauo to Net Income After Tax | Salary, Allo | Salary, Bonuses, and Allowances (E) | | Severance Pay (F) | Emp | Employee Compensation (G) | (G) | sation | Ratio | A+B+C+U+E+F+F9 and Ratio to Net Income After Tax | Remuneration From Ventures |
| Title | Name | The Com | All Companies in the Consolidated | The Com | All Companies in the Conso lidated | The Com | All Companies in the Consolidated | The Com | All Companies in the Consolidated | The Com | All Companies in the Consolidated | The Com | All Companies in the Consolidated | The Com | All Companies in the Consolidated | The C | The Company | | All Companies in the Consolidated Financial Statements | The Com | All Companies in the Consolidated Financial | Other Than Subsidiaries or From the Parent |
| | | pany | Statements | pany | Statements | | Statements | pany | Statements | pany | Statements | pany | Statements | pany | Statements | Cash | Stock | Cash | Stock | | Statements | Company |
| Chairman | Victor Kuo | 2,118 | 2,118 | | I | T | I | 48 | 48 | 2,166 0.91% | 2,166 0.91% | Т | I | I | I | Т | Т | Т | I | 2,166 0.91% | 5 2,166 6 0.91% | - |
| | Young Syun Investment Co., Ltd. | I | I | I | I | 1,013 | 1,013 | 1 | I | 1,013 0.42% | 1,013 0.42% | I | I | 1 | I | I | I | I | I | 1,013 0.42% | 3 1,013 6 0.42% | I |
| Institutional Director | Representative: Joseph Wang | 120 | 120 | | I | I | I | 42 | 42 | 162 0.07% | 162 0.07% | I | I | I | I | L | I | I | I | 162 0.07% | 2 162 6 0.07% | I |
| | Representative: Steve Lin ¹ | 10 | 10 | | I | I | I | 0 | 0 | 10 0.00% | 10 0.00% | 2,963 | 2,963 | 34 | 34 | I | I | I | I | 3,007 1.26% | 7 3,007 6 1.26% | I |
| Director | John Lee | 227 | 227 | | I | 992 | 992 | 48 | 48 | 1,267 0.53% | 1,267 0.53% | 6,340 | 6,340 | 27 | 27 | 2,703 | Т | 2,703 | 1 | 10,337 4.32% | 7 10,337 6 4.32% | I |
| Director | Howard Kao | 120 | 120 | | I | 507 | 507 | 54 | 54 | 681 0.28% | 681 0.28% | 1,949 | 1,949 | 66 | 66 | 346 | Т | 346 | 1 | 3,075 1.29% | 5 3,075 6 1.29% | I |
| | Pu Ju Investment Co., Ltd. | - | - | - | ļ | 1,013 | 1,013 | I | - | 1,013 0.42% | 1,013 0.42% | I | Ι | - | - | I. | I | I | I | 1,013 0.42% | 3 1,013 6 0.42% | - |
| Director | Representative: David Tai | 120 | 120 | | I | I | I | 42 | 42 | 162 0.07% | 162 0.07% | I | I | I | I | I | Ι | I | I | 162 0.07% | 2 162 6 0.07% | I |
| | Representative: Alan Yu | 120 | 120 | | I | I | I | 42 | 42 | 162 0.07% | 162 0.07% | I | I | 1 | I | I | I | I | I | 162 0.07% | 2 162 6 0.07% | I |
| Institutional Director | Chien Chin Investment Co., Ltd. ² | - | - | I | ļ | 317 | 317 | 1 | _ | 317 0.13% | 317 0.13% | I | I | - | - | - | T | I | I | 317 0.13% | 7 317 6 0.13% | |
| Institutional Director | Gao Ju Investment Co., Ltd. ² | - | - | I | - | 68 | 68 | 1 | - | 68 0.03% | 68 0.03% | T | | - | — | - | I | Ι | | 68 0.03% | 89 68 60.03% | — |
| Institutional Director | Yun-Wei Investment Co., Ltd. ² | - | - | I | l | 385 | 385 | 1 | - | 385 0.16% | 385 0.16% | I | - | 1 | - | - | - | 1 | I | 385 0.16% | 385 6 0.16% | — |
| Director | Institutional Alpha Networks Director Inc. ² | I. | I | - | I | 385 | 385 | | I | 385 0.16% | 385 0.16% | I | L | - | I | T | L | T | Ι | 385 0.16% | 5 385 6 0.16% | I |
| Director | Independent Richard Chen Director | 840 | 840 | | I | I | I | 54 | 54 | 894 0.37% | 894 0.37% | I | I | 1 | I | I | T | I | 1 | 894 0.37% | t 894 6 0.37% | |

| Independent Chung Churg | | | 5 | | I | I | ÷. | 0.37% | 0.37% | | 1 | 1 | I | 1 | 1 | 0.37% | 0.37% | I |
|---|----------------------|---------------------|----------------|--|---|------------------------|--|----------------|---|---------------|----------|-------------------------------------|-------------|----------|---------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------|
| Director | 411 | 411 | I | I | I | I | 18 18 | 429 0.18% | 429 0.18% | | | I | I | 1 | | 429 0.18% | 429 0.18% | I. |
| Independent Director | 184 | 184 | 1 | I | I | I | 12 12 | 196 0.08% | 196 0.08% | | 1 | 1 | I | I | - | 196 0.08% | 196 0.08% | I |
| Please Describe the Policy, System, Standard, and Structure of the Remuneration Paid to the Independent Directors and Describe the Relevance Between the Remuneration Amount Paid and Factors, such as their Functions. Risks, and Time Commitment. | /, Syster | m, Stan | dard | , and Sti tions. Ri | ructure sks. and | of the R Time C | icy, System, Standard, and Structure of the Remuneration rs. such as their Functions. Risks. and Time Commitment. | n Paid | to the Indepo | endent [| lirecto | rs and Desc | ribe th | e Rele | vance | Between th | ie Remuner | ation |
| In order to improve the remuneration management system of the Directors and functional committee members and provide reasonable remuneration to the members of the | munera | ation ma | anage | ement s | ystem o | f the Dir | ectors and fu | unction | al committee | e membe | ers anc | provide rea | asonab | le rem | uneral | ion to the n | nembers of | the |
| Board for their participation in the Company's major decision-making and management, in accordance with Article 24-1 of the Company's "Articles of Incorporation"; the Board | on in the | e Comp | any's | s major o | decision | -making | and manage | ement, | in accordanc | e with A | rticle 2 | 4-1 of the C | ompar | Iy's "A | rticles | of Incorpora | ation", the E | soard |
| of Directors is authorized to set the standards of payment in accordance with the remuneration standard of the industry regarding the Directors' salaries and traffic allowance. | to set th | ne stanc | lards | of payn | nent in a | accordar | ice with the | remun | eration stanc | lard of th | ie indu | istry regard | ing the | Direct | ors' sa | laries and tr | raffic allowa | nce. |
| Independent Directors are paid monthly with remuneration and allowances for attending Board meetings in person. | paid m | onthly. | with | remune | ration a | nd allow | ances for at | tendin; | g Board meet | tings in p | erson. | : | • | | - | | • | |
| Except as Disclosed in the Table above, Remuneration to Directors Received for the Service Provided (such as Serving as Non-employee Consultants) to all Companies Listed in the Consolidated Financial Statements in the Most Recent Year: None | Table a cial Stat | above, F tements | Remu S in t | uneratio he Most | n to Dir t Receni | ectors R : Year: N | eceived tor t one | the Sei | vice Provide | d (such a | as Serv | ing as Non- | emplo | /ee Cc | nsulta | nts) to all C | ompanies L | isted |
| Note1: Young Syun Investment Co., Ltd. reassigned the representative from Steve Lin to Victor Kuo on 2021.02.02. | nent Co. | ., Ltd. re | eassig | gned the | e repres | entative | from Steve l | -in to V | ictor Kuo on | 2021.02 | .02. | | | | | | | |
| Note2: The Institutional Director Chien Chin Investment Co., Ltd., Gao Ju Investment Co., Ltd., Yun-Wei Investment Co., Ltd., Alpha Networks Inc. were dismissed by resolution | rector C | Chien Ch | in In | vestmer | nt Co., L | td., Gao | Ju Investmei | nt Co., | Ltd., Yun-We | i Investn | nent C | o., Ltd., Alpl | na Netv | vorks l | nc. we | re dismisse | d by resolut | ion |
| of the Special Shareholders' Meeting on 2020.06.01 | sholder | s' Meeti | ing o | n 2020.(| 06.01. | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Note3: Independent Direct | tor, Chu | ın-Hsiun | g Ch | u be ele | cted at | the Shar | eholders' Me | eeting | ector, Chun-Hsiung Chu be elected at the Shareholders' Meeting on 2021.07.05. | 5. | | | | | | | | |
| Note4: Independent Direct | tor, Shya | ang-Fon | ng Ch | ector, Shyang-Fong Chung resigned on 2021.03.19. | igned or | 2021.0 | 3.19. | | | | | | | | | | | |
| %Table of Remunera | tion Ra | anges i | for t | ation Ranges for the Directors | ectors | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Name | ed the | Name of the Directors | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | Total of (A+B+C+D) | (A+B+C | (Q+ | | | | | Total o | f (A+B+ | fotal of (A+B+C+D+E+F+G) | | |
| Range of Remuneration | uneratio | ç | | | | | | | All Companies in the | es in the | | | | | | All Cor | All Companies in the | ē |
| | | | | | | The Company | any | | Consolidated Financial | Financial | | The | The Company | 'n | | Consoli | Consolidated Financial | ial |
| | | | | | | | | | Statements | nts | | | | | | St | Statements | |
| | | | | iz d | Richard Chen, Richard Lee, | en, Richa | Richard Chen, Richard Lee, | Richa | Richard Chen, Richard Lee, | rd Lee, | | Richard Chen, Richard Lee, | Richard | Lee, | | Richard Chen | Richard Chen, Richard Lee, | |
| | | | | ז ל | Chine Howard Kao 2 | ig ciiu, o Mard Kao | 1)d118-FU118 2 | | Chune Howard Kao. 2 | nyang-ru | | Chune representative (Iosenh | entative | diig-ru | 22 4 | | Chune representative (losenh | enh |
| | | | | r e | presenta | tives (Ste | representatives (Steve Lin and | repre | representatives (Steve Lin and | ve Lin and | - | Wang) of Young Syun Investment | ng Syun | Investr | nent | Wang) of You | Wang) of Young Syun Investment | stment |
| | | | | ol | seph Wa | ng) of Yo | loseph Wang) of Young Syun | Josep | loseph Wang) of Young Syun | ung Syun | | Co., Ltd., 2 representatives (David | resenta | tives (I | David | Co., Ltd., 2 re | Co., Ltd., 2 representatives (David | (David |
| 000 000 NT¢1 000 | | | | 2 | nvestment Co., Ltd., 2 | : Co., Ltd. | , 2 | Invest | Investment Co., Ltd., 2 | , 2 | <u> </u> | Tai and Alan Yu) of Pu Ju | u) of Pu | ŋ | | Tai and Alan Yu) of Pu Ju | ru) of Pu Ju | |
| | | | | re | presenta | tives (Da | epresentatives (David Tai and | repre | representatives (David Tai and | vid Tai ano | _ | Investment Co., Ltd., Chien Chin | o., Ltd., (| Chien C | hin | Investment C | Investment Co., Ltd., Chien Chin | h Chin |
| | | | | AI | an Yu) of | Pu Ju Inv | Alan Yu) of Pu Ju Investment Co., | Alan \ | Alan Yu) of Pu Ju Investment Co., | estment | | Investment Co., Ltd., Gao Ju | o., Ltd., | Gao Ju | | Investment C | nvestment Co., Ltd., Gao Ju | <u>n</u> |
| | | | | Ē | d., Chien | Chin Inve | Ltd., Chien Chin Investment Co., | Ltd., 0 | Ltd., Chien Chin Investment Co., | estment C | | Investment Co., Ltd., Yun-Wei | o., Ltd., ' | /un-W | | Investment C | Investment Co., Ltd., Yun-Wei | Nei |
| | | | | ÷; | d., Gao Ji | u Investm | -td., Gao Ju Investment Co., Ltd., | Ltd., o | Ltd., Gao Ju Investment Co., Ltd., | ient Co., L | | Investment Co., Ltd., Alpha | o., Ltd., , | Alpha | | Investment C | nvestment Co., Ltd., Alpha | |
| | | | | AI Y | Yun-wei investment Alpha Networks Inc. | vestmen vorks Inc | r un-wei investment Co., Lta., Alpha Networks Inc. | Yun-v Alpha | run-wei investment Co., Ltd., Alpha Networks Inc. | r co., Lta. | | Networks Inc. | | | | Networks Inc. | | |
| NT\$1 000 000 (inclusive) to 2 00 | Ann ann Lavelueima | Vehicinal | | _ | 1 oo l od | | Icha I ao Varraz Critica Introcemente | | Icha I co Verrace Frina Invicationet | w to choose a | - | Vounar Church Invoctor and Co. 14d | | 00 + 00 | | Verner Criter Instanting Co. 14d | C + | 0 1 4 4 |

| | | Name of th | Name of the Directors | |
|---|--|---|--|--|
| | Total of (| Total of (A+B+C+D) | Total of (A+B+C+D+E+F+G) | -C+D+E+F+G) |
| Range of Remuneration | | All Companies in the | | All Companies in the |
| | The Company | Consolidated Financial | The Company | Consolidated Financial |
| | | Statements | | Statements |
| | Co., Ltd., Pu Ju Investment Co., I td | Co., Ltd., Pu Ju Investment Co., Itd | Pu Ju Investment Co., Ltd. | Pu Ju Investment Co., Ltd. |
| | Representative (Victor Kuo) of | Representative (Victor Kuo) of | Howard Kao, 2 representatives | Howard Kao, 2 representatives |
| NT\$2,000,000 (inclusive) to NT\$3,500,000 (exclusive) | Young Syun Investment Co., Ltd. | Young Syun Investment Co., Ltd. | (Victor Kuo and Steve Lin) of Young Syun Investment Co., Ltd. | (Victor Kuo and Steve Lin) of Young Syun Investment Co., Ltd. |
| NT\$3,500,000 (inclusive) to NT\$5,000,000 (exclusive) | | | | |
| NT\$5,000,000 (inclusive) to NT\$10,000,000 (exclusive) | — | - | — | |
| NT\$10,000,000 (inclusive) to NT\$15,000,000 (exclusive) | - | | John Lee | John Lee |
| NT\$15,000,000 (inclusive) to NT\$30,000,000 (exclusive) | I | | | I |
| NT\$30,000,000 (inclusive) to NT\$50,000,000 (exclusive) | | - | - | |
| NT\$50,000,000 (inclusive) to NT\$100,000,000 (exclusive) | _ | _ | _ | |
| More than NT\$100,000,000 | I | | | |
| Total | 17 | 17 | 17 | 17 |
| | | | | |

Supervisor' Remuneration: The Company has established the Audit Committee on 2017.04.28. (I)

| ce Presidents |
|-------------------------|
| resident and Vi |
| eration of the F |
| (III) Remune |

than Subsidiaries or Remuneration from from the Parent Ventures Other Company Unit: NT\$ Thousand 0 Vet Income After Tax (%) Consolidated (A+B+C+D) and Ratio to Companies Statements 30.42% Financial 72,763 **Total Remuneration** in the P Company 71,211 29.77% The 0 Cash Stock All Companies Consolidated Statements Financial Employee Compensation in the 7,741 ē 0 Stock The Company Cash 14,762 7,741 Consolidated **Bonuses and Allowances** Statements Companies Financial in the P Q 14,762 Company The 4,958 Consolidated Companies Statements Financial in the P Severance Pay 8 4,958 Company The 45,302 Consolidated Companies Statements Financial in the P Salary (A) 43,750 Company The Transferred From Senior Vice Transferred From Vice Shanglin Chung President to Advisor President to Advisor Promoted on loanne Chen Kevin Chung ²romoted on Sara Cheng Appointed on Resigned on Louis Huang Mark Chen Resigned on Rita Huang on 2021.07.01 2021.03.02 2021.03.23 on 2021.10.31 2021.08.31 John Lee 2021.08.06 CJ Chang 2021.08.31 Steve Lin Fred Fong GK Lee Name President President President President President President President President Group Senior Senior Advisor Vice Vice Title Vice GD Vice Vice Vice Vice CEO

| Resigned on 2021.09.16 ML Jean Resigned on 2021.09.30 Allen Cheng Resigned on Resigned on | | | |
|--|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| | Resigned on 2021.09.16 | ML Jean Resigned on 2021.09.30 | Allen Cheng Resigned on 2021 11.02 |

%Table of Remuneration Ranges for the President and Vice Presidents

| Down of Dominoution | Name of the Presider | Name of the President and Vice Presidents |
|---|---|--|
| kange of kemuneration | The Company | All Companies in the Consolidated Financial Statements |
| Less than NT\$1,000,000 | 1 | |
| NT\$1,000,000 (inclusive) to NT\$2,000,000 (exclusive) | Allen Cheng | Allen Cheng |
| NT\$2,000,000 (inclusive) to NT\$3,500,000 (exclusive) | Sara Cheng, Steve Lin, Shanglin Chung | Sara Cheng, Steve Lin, Shanglin Chung |
| NT\$3,500,000 (inclusive) to NT\$5,000,000 (exclusive) | GK Lee, ML Jean, Joanne Chen, Rita Huang, Louis Huang | GK Lee, ML Jean, Joanne Chen, Rita Huang, Louis Huang |
| NT\$5,000,000 (inclusive) to NT\$10,000,000 (exclusive) | John Lee, Mark Chen, Kevin Chung, Fred Fong | John Lee, Mark Chen, Kevin Chung, Fred Fong |
| NT\$10,000,000 (inclusive) to NT\$15,000,000 (exclusive) | CJ Chang | CJ Chang |
| NT\$15,000,000 (inclusive) to NT\$30,000,000 (exclusive) | 1 | 1 |
| NT\$30,000,000 (inclusive) to NT\$50,000,000 (exclusive) | 1 | - |
| NT\$50,000,000 (inclusive) to NT\$100,000,000 (exclusive) | 1 | — |
| More than NT\$100,000,000 | I | - |
| Total | 14 individuals | 14 individuals |

%Managerial Officers Who Distribute Remuneration to Employees and the Status

| | Ratio of Total Amount to Net Income (%) | | | 3.15% | | |
|---|---|-----------------|----------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|
| | Total | | | 7,544 | | |
| | Employee Compensation – in Cash | | | 7,544 | | |
| | Employee Compensation – Co in Stock | | | 0 | | |
| • | Name | John Lee | CJ Chang | Mark Chen | Sara Cheng | Rita Huang |
| | Title | Group President | CEO | President | Senior Vice President | Vice President |
|) | | | L | Officer | | |
| Kevin Chung | Fred Fong | Joanne Chen | Claire Chou | Wynne Ho |
|----------------|-----------|-------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|
| Vice President | Advisor | CFO | Accounting Supervisor | Corporate Governance Officer |

Note: On 2022.03.29, the Board of Directors resolved 2021 distribution of remuneration to employees was NT\$12,621 thousand.

- (IV) Separate Comparisons and Descriptions of Total Remuneration, as a Percentage of Net Income Stated in the Parent Company-only Financial Reports or Individual Financial Reports, as Paid by the Company and All Other Companies Included in the Consolidated Financial Statements in the Most Recent Two Years to Directors, Supervisors, the President, and Vice Presidents, with Analysis and Description of Remuneration Policies, Standards, and Packages, Procedure for Determining Remuneration, and Link.
 - 1. Policies, Standards, Combinations for Remuneration, and the Correlation with Business Operation Performance and Future Risks:
 - (1) The major components of the remuneration of the Directors of the Company are general remuneration and compensation. In accordance with Article 28 of the "Articles of Incorporation" of the Company, the remuneration of the Directors of the Company shall be distributed up to one percent of the profit for the year. The profit for the year shall refer to the profit before tax for the year less the distribution of employees' remuneration and directors' remuneration; The remuneration policy of the directors is based on the "Measures for the Management of the Remuneration of Directors and Functional Committees", "Rules for Performance Evaluation of Board of Directors" and with reference to the payment level of peer companies, the Company's operating results and the contribution of the Directors to the Company's operational objectives. Independent Directors do not participate in profit distribution.
 - (2) President and Vice President: Remuneration of the Company's managers, including President and Vice President, is determined in accordance with the Company's "Performance Evaluation Management Measures", with reference to the remuneration level of the industry for the position, the scope of responsibilities of the position, the achievement of the manager's performance and contribution to the Company's operational objectives. The main components of the manager's performance targets are operating objectives including revenue and earnings per share after tax, and other strategic objectives such as brand value and corporate image, corporate governance and corporate sustainability, talent retention and development. According to the manager's attributes, the proportion of business goals ranges from 40% to 80%, and the proportion of other strategic goals ranges from 20% to 60%. The remuneration package comprises of a fixed and variable component, the former is the basic salary of the manager, the latter is mainly bonus and linked to the operating performance of the Company or the center in which it is located. If the performance is more excellent, the proportion of this part relative to the salary will be higher. The aforementioned performance appraisal objectives and remuneration of managers, including the president and vice presidents, are reviewed and evaluated by the Remuneration Committee, and submitted to the Board of Directors for approval before distribution.

- (3) Future risks: The Company will review the remuneration payment system of the directors and managers in a timely manner in accordance with the actual operating conditions and requirements of the relevant laws and regulations, with a view to retaining high quality decision-making and managerial level, and with a view to effectively leading the Company's long-term operating performance, avoiding risks resulting from the manager's pursuit of short-term benefits, so as to strike a balance between sustainable operation and risk control.
- 2. Ratio of Directors, President, and Vice Presidents' Total Remuneration to Net Income after Tax in Recent Two Years:
 - (1) Directors: Directors' remuneration shall be distributed in accordance with the Articles of Association of the Company not exceeding one percent of the Company's profit for the year. Directors' remuneration shall be distributed in accordance with the "Measures for the Management of the Remuneration of Directors and Functional Committees", "Rules for Performance Evaluation of Board of Directors" with reference to the remuneration level of the industry, the Company's operational performance and the Directors' contribution to the Company's operational objectives.
 - (2) President and Vice President: The remuneration of the managers will be reviewed and paid by the Remuneration Committee and the Board in accordance with the Company's "Performance Evaluation Management Measures" with reference to the remuneration level of the industry for the position, the scope of responsibilities of the position, the achievement of the manager's performance and contribution to the Company's operational objectives.
 - (3) Future Risk: the Company will review the remuneration system of directors and managers according to the actual operating conditions and relevant laws and regulations in a timely manner, so as to pursue the balance between the Company's sustainable operation and risk control.

| | Ratio of Total Remuneration to Net Income After Tax (%) | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|---|---|-----------------|---|--|--|
| | 20 | 21 | 2020 | | | |
| Title | The Company (%) | Consolidated Financial Statements (%) | The Company (%) | Consolidated Financial Statements (%) | | |
| Directors | 4.27 | 4.27 | 0.30 | 0.30 | | |
| President and Vice Presidents | 29.77 | 30.42 | 2.72 | 2.72 | | |

IV. Implementation of Corporate Governance

(I) Board of Directors

In 2021 (8 meetings of the 12th Board of Directors) and 2022 (2 meetings) as of the publication date of this Annual Report, the Company's Board of Directors held a total of 10 meetings: the attendance of Directors is as follows:

| Title | Name | Number of Meetings should Attend (A) | Attendance in Person (B) | By Proxy | Attendance Rate (%) (B/A) | Remarks |
|-------------------------|--|---|--------------------------------|-------------|---------------------------------|--|
| Chairman | Young Syun Investment Co., Ltd. Representative: Victor Kuo | 10 | 9 | 1 | 90% | Be elected as Chairman on 2021.08.06 |
| Director | Young Syun Investment Co., Ltd. Representative: Joseph Wang | 10 | 9 | 1 | 90% | |
| Director | John Lee | 10 | 9 | 1 | 90% | Resigned as Chairman on 2021.08.06 |
| Director | Howard Kao | 10 | 10 | 0 | 100% | |
| Director | Pu Ju Investment Co., Ltd. Representative: David Tai | 10 | 9 | 1 | 90% | |
| Director | Pu Ju Investment Co., Ltd. Representative: Alan Yu | 10 | 8 | 2 | 80% | |
| Independent Director | Richard Chen | 10 | 10 | 0 | 100% | |
| Independent Director | Richard Lee | 10 | 10 | 0 | 100% | |
| Independent Director | Chun-Hsiung Chu | 5 | 5 | 0 | 100% | Be elected on 2021.07.05 |
| Independent Director | Shyang-Fong Chung | 2 | 2 | 0 | 100% | Resigned on 2021.03.19 |

Other Matters:

- I. If Any of the Following Circumstances Occur, the Dates, Terms of the Meetings, Contents of Motions, all Independent Directors' Opinions and the Company's Handling of Such Opinions Shall be Specified:
 - i. Items Listed in Article 14-3 of the "Securities and Exchange Act": The Company has established an Audit Committee, so it is not applicable.
 - ii. In Addition to the Aforementioned Matters, Other Motions Resolved by the Board of Directors About Which Independent Directors Have a Dissenting Opinion or Qualified Opinion, Which Recorded in Minutes or a Written Statement:

| Meeting Date | Proposal | Independent | The Company's Handling of |
|--|--|---|--|
| (Term and Session) | | Directors' Opinions | Such Opinions |
| 2021.03.17 (7 th meeting of 12 th term) | Proposal for cash capital reduction by the Company | Independent Director Shyang-Fong Chung expressed opposition during the resolution as he suggested that the management think carefully | The Company complied with the resolutions of the Board of Directors and disclosed this material information on the MOPS accordingly. |

| | about the use of funds. | |
|--------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | Independent | |
| Proposal for | Director | The Company complied with the |
| employees' a | nd Shyang-Fong Chung | resolutions of the Board of |
| directors' | recused himself | Directors and disclosed this |
| remuneration | from the voting | material information on the |
| distribution | and expression of | MOPS accordingly. |
| | opinions. | |

II. Director Recusals Due to Conflicts of Interest; Name of Directors, Proposal, Reason for Avoidance, and Participation in Vote or Not Shall be Described:

| Meeting Date | Proposal | Director | Reason for | Voting Results |
|--|--|--|--|---|
| (Term and Session) | Proposal | Recused | Recusal | voting results |
| | Proposal for the Chairman's bonus | John Lee | He is the Chairman. | After the acting chair consulted the attending directors, they agreed to reverse the decision. |
| 2021.03.17 (7 th meeting of 12 th term) | Proposal for removal of the non-compete clause for Directors | John Lee, Joseph Wang, Victor Kuo, David Tai, Howard Kao, Shyang-Fong Chung, Richard Lee, Richard Chen | Hold other positions concurrently at other companies | Each of the directors explained the important contents of their personal interests and recused themselves from the discussion on and resolution of this proposal. After the chair or the acting chair consulted the attending directors, they agreed to approve it without objection. |
| $2021.03.30 \\ (8^{th} meeting of 12^{th} term)$ | Proposal for removal of the non-compete clause for Directors | John Lee, Joseph Wang, Victor Kuo, David Tai, Howard Kao, Richard Lee, Richard Chen | Hold other positions concurrently at other companies | Each of the directors explained the important contents of their personal interests and recused themselves from the discussion on and resolution of this proposal. After the chair or the acting chair consulted the attending directors, they agreed to approve it without objection. |
| 2021.08.31 (12 th meeting of the 12 th term) | Proposal for the Directors' remuneration to the new | Victor Kuo | He is the Chairman. | Victor Kuo explained the important contents of his personal interests and |

| | Chairman Mr | | | required himself from | - 1 |
|---|----------------------------|--------------|-----------------|---|-----|
| | Chairman Mr. Victor Kuo | | | recused himself from the discussion on and | |
| | VICTOR KUO | | | | |
| | | | | resolution of this | |
| | | | | proposal. After the | |
| | | | | acting chair consulted | |
| | | | | all attending directors, | |
| | | | | they agreed to | |
| | | | | approve it as | |
| | | | | proposed without | |
| | | | | objection. | |
| | | | | John Lee entrusted | |
| | | | | director Victor Kuo to | |
| | | | | attend the meeting, | |
| | Proposal for the | | | explain the important | |
| | remuneration to | | Serves as a | contents of his | |
| | Mr. John Lee as | | managerial | personal interests, and | |
| | the newly | John Lee | officer | present relevant | |
| | appointed | Joint Lee | concurrently at | documents on his | |
| | President of the | | the Company | behalf. After the chair | |
| | Group | | the company | consulted all attending | |
| | Group | | | directors, they agreed | |
| | | | | to approve it as | |
| | | | | proposed without | |
| | | | | objection. | |
| | | | | After the acting chair | |
| | Proposal for the | | Serves as a | consulted the | |
| | appointment of | | managerial | attending directors, | |
| | the Company's | Victor Kuo | officer | they agreed to | |
| | managerial | | concurrently at | approve it as | |
| | officer | | the Company | proposed without | |
| | | | | objection. | |
| | | | | After the acting chair | |
| | Proposal for the | | Serves as a | consulted the | |
| | Company's 2022 | | managerial | attending directors, | |
| | performance | Victor Kuo | officer | they agreed to | |
| | target plan for | | concurrently at | approve it as | |
| | managerial | | the Company | proposed without | |
| 2022.02.22 | officers | | | objection. | |
| (14 th meeting of the 12 th | | | | Each of the directors | |
| term) | | | | explained the | |
| | | | | important contents of | |
| | | | | their personal | |
| | | | | interests and recused | |
| | Proposal for | Victor Kuo, | Hold other | themselves from the | |
| | removal of the | Joseph Wang, | positions | discussion on and | |
| | non-compete | Howard Kao, | concurrently at | resolution of this | |
| | clause for | David Tai, | other | proposal. After the | |
| | directors | Alan Yu | companies | chair or the acting | |
| | | | | chair consulted the | |
| | | | | attending directors, | |
| | | | | they agreed to | |
| | | | | approve it without | |
| | | | | objection. | |
| | I | 1 | 1 | | |

III. Evaluation of the Board of Directors:

The Company carried out the 2021 board performance self-evaluation in accordance with the Company's "Rules for Performance Evaluation of Board of Directors", and reported the evaluation results to the Board of Directors on February 22, 2022 as a basis for review and improvement. The overall average score of the board performance self-evaluation was 4.71 points (out of 5 points), and the overall average score of individual board members' performance self-evaluation was 4.72 points (out of 5 points), indicating that the Board of Directors is functioning well. In addition, we completed the Audit Committee's, Remuneration Committee's, and the ESG Committee's performance self-evaluations, and the evaluation results all reached 4.30 points (out of 5 points), indicating that the Company's functional committees are functioning and operating well. The evaluation scope, method, and content are as follows:

| Evaluation Evaluation Cycle Period | Scope of Evaluation | Evaluation Method | Evaluation Items |
|---------------------------------------|---|---------------------------------|---|
| Once a year 2021.01.01 2021.12.31 | Board performance evaluation Board members' performance evaluation Audit Committee Remuneration Committee ESG Committee | Internal self-evalua tion | The board performance evaluation covers five major aspects: Involvement in the Company's operations Improvement to the quality of decision-making by the board Composition and structure of the Board of Directors Directors' election and continuing education Internal control the board members' performance evaluation covers size major aspects: Understanding of the Company's operations Awareness of directors' responsibilities Involvement in the Company's operations Internal relationship management and continuing education for Internal control V. Internal control Internal relationship management and continuing education for Internal control Functional committees' performance evaluation covers: Involvement in the Company's operations |

| II. Awareness of functional committee members' |
|---|
| responsibilities |
| III. Improvement to the quality of |
| decision-making by functional |
| committees |
| IV. Composition of functional |
| committees and selection of |
| members |
| V. Internal control (Audit |
| Committee Only) |

IV. Measures Taken to Strengthen the Function of the Board (Including Establishing the Audit Committee and Enhancing Information Transparency) and Results Thereof:

- (I) The Company's Board of Directors approved the establishment of the Remuneration Committee on October 26, 2011, and appointed members of the Remuneration Committee as per Article 3 of the Remuneration Committee Charter. The Board of Directors approved the amendment to the Remuneration Committee Charter on November 5, 2021, to reinforce the functions of the Board of Directors, with the Remuneration Committee established thereunder.
- (II) The Company's Board of Directors has approved the establishment of the Audit Committee on April 28, 2017.
- (III) The Company's directors completed a total of 82 hours of continuous education in 2021.

(II) Operations of the Audit Committee

The Audit Committee aims to assist the Board of Directors in overseeing the quality and integrity during the Company's implementation of accounting, auditing, and financial reporting processes, as well as financial controls. The Audit Committee's major tasks in 2021 are as follows:

- Reviewed quarterly financial statements
- Formulated or amended the internal control system and relevant important measures
- Assessed the effectiveness of internal control system
- Regularly communicated the audit report results with the Internal Auditor as per the annual audit plan
- Handled significant asset transactions or derivatives trading
- Handled material loans, endorsements, or guarantees to others
- Assessed the audit fees, independence, and suitability of CPAs
- Reviewed investment proposals
- Handled matters involving Directors' interests

In 2021 (6 meetings of the 2nd Audit Committee) and 2022(2 meetings) as of the publication date of this Annual Report, the Company's Audit Committee held a total of 8 meetings; the attendance of Independent Director is as follows:

| Title | Name | Number of Meetings Should Attend (A) | Attendance in Person (B) | By Proxy | Attendance Rate (B/A) | Remarks |
|-------------------------|----------------------|---|-----------------------------|-------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Independent Director | Richard Chen | 8 | 8 | 0 | 100% | Convener |
| Independent Director | Richard Lee | 8 | 8 | 0 | 100% | |
| Independent Director | Chun-Hsiung Chu | 4 | 4 | 0 | 100% | Be elected on 2021.07.05 |
| Independent Director | Shyang-Fong Chung | 2 | 2 | 0 | 100% | Resigned on 2021.03.19 |

Other Matters:

I. If Any of the Following Circumstances Occur, the Dates, Terms of the Meetings, Contents of Motions, All Audit Committee' Resolution Results, and the Company's Response to Such Opinions Shall be Specified:

(I) Items listed in Article 14-5 of the "Securities and Exchange Act":

| Meeting Date (Term of Meeting) | Proposal | Audit Committee Resolution Results | The Company's Response to the Audit Committee's Opinions |
|--|---|---|---|
| 2021.02.02 | Proposal for participation in the subscription of | All Independent | Submitted to the Board of Directors |
| (The 5 th meeting of the 2 nd term) | Cameo Communications, Inc.'s privately placed ordinary shares | Directors agreed to pass it | for a resolution and approved by all the Directors |

| | | without any opinion. | present. |
|---|--|--|--|
| | Proposal for the 2020 Internal Control System Statement 2020 Business Report and Financial Statements | All Independent Directors agreed to pass it without any opinion. | Submitted to the Board of Directors for a resolution and approved by all the Directors present. |
| 2021.03.17 (The 6 th meeting of the 2 nd term) | 3. Proposal for cash capital reduction | Except for Independent Director Shyang-Fong Chung, all the other members of the committee approved this proposal. | Submitted to the Board of Directors for a resolution and approved by more than half of the Directors present; material information was released as per laws and regulations. |
| 2021.03.30 (The 7 th meeting of the 2 nd term) | Proposal for the removal of the non-compete for Directors | All Independent Directors agreed to pass it without any opinion. | Submitted to the Board of Directors for a resolution and approved by all the Directors present. |
| 2021.05.04 (The 8 th meeting of the 2 nd term) | Proposal for the Company's CPA fees for 2021 Proposal for appointment of the Company's Corporate Governance Officer Proposal for amendment to the Company's "Authorization Enforcement Rules" Proposal for amendment to the Company's "Corporate Social Responsibility Best Practice Principles" Proposal for formulation of the Company's "Risk Management Policy and Procedures" | All Independent Directors agreed to pass it without any opinion. | Submitted to the Board of Directors for a resolution and approved by all the Directors present. |
| 2021.08.06 (The 9 th meeting of the 2 nd term) | Proposal for amendment to the Company's "Budget Management Regulations" Proposal for disposal of Yeo-Chia Investment Ltd. and Yeo-Mao Investment Ltd. in the third quarter of 2021 | All Independent Directors agreed to pass it without any opinion. | Submitted to the Board of Directors for a resolution and approved by all the Directors present. |
| 2021.11.05 (The 10 th meeting of the 2 nd term) | Proposal for formulation of the Company's 2022 annual audit plan Proposal for amendment to the Company's "Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles" Proposal for disposal of the securities held by Yeo-Mao Investment Ltd. and transfer | All Independent Directors agreed to pass it without any opinion. | Submitted to the Board of Directors for a resolution and approved by all the Directors present. |

| | them to Yeo-Tai Investment Ltd. and D-Link | | |
|----------------------------------|--|--|---|
| | Corporation | | |
| | 4. Proposal for replacement of the Company's | | |
| | Corporate Governance Officer | | |
| | 1. Proposal for the 2021 Internal Control | | |
| | System Statement | | |
| | 2. Independence and Suitability Evaluation | | |
| | Report of the CPAs appointed by the | | |
| | Company for 2022 | | |
| | Proposal for the CPAs' fees for the | | |
| | Company's financial statements and taxation | | |
| | Proposal for adjustment to D-Link Group's | All | Submitted to the |
| | global investment structure | Independent | Board of Directors |
| | 5. Proposal for the removal of the | Directors | for a resolution |
| | non-compete for Directors | agreed to | and approved by |
| | 6. Proposal for amendment to the Company's | pass it | all the Directors |
| | "Group-Wide Tax Policy and Management | without any | present. |
| | Regulations" | opinion. | present. |
| | 7. Proposal for amendment to the Company's | | |
| | "Corporate Social Responsibility Best | | |
| | Practice Principles" | | |
| 2022.02.22 | 8. Proposal for amendment to the "Seal | | |
| (The 11 th meeting of | Management Regulations" | | |
| the 2 nd term) | 9. Proposal for amendment to the Company's | | |
| | "Information Security Management Policy" | | |
| | 10.Proposal for amendment to the "Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles" | Some provisions of this proposal were revised after the discussion by the Independent Directors and then approved by all the Independent Directors without any opinion. | The Board of Directors referred to the Audit Committee's opinion and approved it with the consent of all the Directors present. |
| | 1. 2021 Business Report and Financial | All | |
| | Statements | Independent | Submitted to the |
| 2022.03.29 | 2. 2021 statement of earnings distribution. 3. Proposal for amendment to the "Articles of | Directors | Board of Directors for a resolution |
| (The 12 th meeting of | Incorporation" | agreed to | and approved by |
| the 2 nd term) | 4. Proposal for amendment to the "Regulations | pass it | all the Directors |
| | Governing the Acquisition and Disposal of | without any | present. |
| | | opinion. | |

Than Two-Thirds of All Directors: None

II. Incidents Where Independent Directors Must Implement Recusal Due to Conflicts of Interest:

| Meeting date (Term of Meeting) | Proposal | Independent Director Recused | Reason for Recusal | Voting Results |
|--|--|------------------------------------|---|---|
| 2021.03.30 (The 7th meeting of the 2nd term) | Proposal for the removal of the non-compete for Directors | Richard Chen, Richard Lee | Other positions concurrently held at the Company. | After being consulted by the convener this proposal was approved by the members present as proposed without objection. |

III. Communication Among Independent Directors, Internal Auditor, and CPAs (Including Material Matters, Methods, and Results of the Company's Finance and Operations):

- (I) The Company's Internal Auditor regularly reports to the members of the Audit Committee alone on the performance of the Company's annual audit plan as well as improvement and tracking of internal control deficiencies on an annual basis. Meanwhile, the Internal Auditor submits an audit report and defect tracking report for the previous month before the end of each month. In the event of a major abnormal incident, the Internal Auditor will immediately report to the members of the Audit Committee. There was no such special situation in 2021, and the communication between the Company's Audit Committee and the Internal Auditor is in good condition.
- (II) The Company's CPAs report the audit or review results of the quarterly financial statement or and other matters required by law to the Independent Directors alone at the quarterly Audit Committee meeting. In the event of a special circumstance, the CPAs will also report to the Audit Committee members immediately. There was no such special situation in 2021, and the communication between the Company's Audit Committee and the CPAs is in good condition.
- (III) Communication between Independent Directors and the Internal Auditor, and CPAs:

| Date | Session of Meeting | Attendee | Communication Focus | Independent Directors' Suggestions and Results |
|------------|-----------------------------|--|---|---|
| 2021.03.17 | Audit Committee (2-6) | Independent Director Richard Chen Richard Lee Shyang-Fong Chung Internal Auditor Richard Yang | Report on the implementation of the 2020 fourth quarter audit plan Proposal for the 2020 Internal Control System Statement | No opinion; reported to the Board of Directors. Approved as proposed without objection and submitted to the Board of Directors for approval. |
| 2021.05.04 | Audit Committee (2-8) | Independent Director Richard Chen Richard Lee Internal Auditor Richard Yang | Report on the implementation of the 2021 first quarter audit plan | Inquired about the relevant details of the report; the Internal Auditor provided additional information; reported to the Board of Directors. |

1. Communication between Independent Directors and the Internal Auditor:

| | | Independent Director Richard Chen | Report on the implementation of the | Suggestion: Urge the relevant units to take relevant actions as |
|------------|------------------------------|--|---|---|
| 2021.08.06 | Audit Committee | Richard Lee Chun-Hsiung Chu | 2021 second quarter audit | soon as possible. All members |
| | (2-9) | Internal Auditor | plan | were informed of the remaining details and reported |
| | | Richard Yang | | to the Board of Directors. |
| 2021.11.05 | Audit Committee (2-10) | Independent Director Richard Chen Richard Lee Chun-Hsiung Chu Internal Auditor Richard Yang | Report on the implementation of the 2021 third quarter audit plan 2022 annual audit plan | Suggestion: The awareness of information security should be increased. All members were informed of the remaining details and reported to the Board of Directors. Approved as proposed without objection and submitted to the Board of Directors for approval. |
| 2022.02.22 | Audit Committee (2-11) | Independent Director Richard Chen Richard Lee Chun-Hsiung Chu Internal Auditor Richard Yang | Report on the implementation of the 2021 fourth quarter audit plan 2021 Internal Control System Statement | Suggestion: Pay attention to the relevant laws and regulations. All members were informed of the remaining details and reported to the Board of Directors. Approved as proposed without objection and submitted to the Board of Directors for approval. |
| 2022.03.29 | Audit Committee (2-12) | Independent Director Richard Chen Richard Lee Chun-Hsiung Chu Internal Auditor Richard Yang | Report on the implementation of the 2021 fourth quarter audit plan The latest implementation status of the audit and reporting items stipulated by laws and regulations Explain to the Independent Directors the execution and mode of the separate communication meeting | Suggestion: it is required to strengthen the inspection of the storage and use of the seal; reported to the Board of Directors. No opinion. Hold a separate communication meeting before the quarterly regular meeting. |

2. Communication Between Independent Directors and CPAs:

| Date | Session of Meeting | Attendee | Communication Focus | Independent Directors' Suggestions and Results | |
|------------|-----------------------------|---|---|---|--|
| 2021.03.17 | Audit Committee (2-6) | Independent Director Richard Chen Richard Lee | CPAs explained details of the 2020 financial statements audited and | All attendees were informed of the remaining details; | |

| | | Shyang-Fong Chung CPAs | key audit matters.submitted to tCPAs declared theirAudit Commitindependence anddiscussion andsuitability.Board of DirectCPAs discussed andfor approval.communicated with thequestions raised by theattendees. | tee for to the |
|----------------|------------------------------|--|--|--|
| 2021.05.04 | Audit Committee (2-8) | Independent Director Richard Chen Richard Lee CPAs | CPAs explained the key audit matters in the 2021 Q1 financial statements.Informed; rep to the Audit Committee an Board of Direct Direct CPAs discussed and communicated with the questions raised by the attendees. | d the |
| 2021.08.06 | Audit Committee (2-9) | Independent Director Richard Chen Richard Lee Chun-Hsiung Chu CPAs | CPAs explained the key audit matters in the 2021 Q2 financial statements.Informed; rep to the Audit Committee an Board of Direct Direct to the Audit Committee an dord of Direct to the Audit to the Audit Committee an Board of Direct to the Audit to the Audit Committee an Board of Direct | d the tors. |
| 2021.11.05 | Audit Committee (2-10) | Independent Director Richard Chen Richard Lee Chun-Hsiung Chu CPAs | CPAs explained the key audit matters in the 2021 Q3 financial statements.Informed; rep to the Audit Committee an Board of Direct Direct to the Audit Committee an dord of Direct to the Audit to the Audit Committee an Board of Direct to the Audit to the Audit Committee an Board of Direct to the Audit to the Audit Committee an | d the |
| 2022.03.29 | Audit Committee (2-12) | Independent Director Richard Chen Richard Lee Chun-Hsiung Chu CPAs | CPAs explained detailsAll attendeesof the 2021 financialinformed of thstatements audited andremaining detkey audit matters.submitted to tCPAs discussed andAudit Commitcommunicated with thediscussion andquestions raised by theBoard of Directattendees.for approval. | ne ails; he tee for l to the |

| TOL 1 WOE/ I PEX LISTED COMPANIES | III | | | |
|--|-----|----|--|---|
| | | | Implementation Status | Deviations from "the Corporate Governance |
| Evaluation Item | Yes | No | Abstract Explanation | Best-Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies" and Reasons |
| Does the Company establish and disclose its Corporate Governance | > | | The Company has formulated the "Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles", which has been disclosed on the Company's | None. |
| Best-Practice Principles based on | | | website and the MOPS. | |
| "the Corporate Governance | | | | |
| Best-Practice Principles for | | | | |
| TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies"? | | | | |
| II. Shareholding structure & | | | | |
| shareholders' rights | | | | |
| (I) Does the company establish an | > | | The Company has appointed a spokesperson and an acting | None. |
| internal operating procedure to | | | spokesperson, as well as a point of contact for investor relations | |
| deal with shareholders' | | | to handle issues, such as shareholders' suggestions or disputes | |
| suggestions, doubts, disputes and | | | and regularly report to the Board of Directors on the | |
| litigations, and implement based | | | communication with stakeholders. | |
| on the procedure? | | | | |
| (II) Does the Company possess the | > | | The Company possesses a list of major shareholders and their | None. |
| list of its major shareholders as | | | ultimate owners and regularly declares and reports changes in | |
| well as the ultimate owners of | | | insiders' shareholdings in accordance with regulations. | |
| those shares? | | | | |
| (III) Does the company establish and | > | | The Company has formulated relevant measures in the internal | None. |
| execute the risk management | | | control system to establish an appropriate risk control and | |
| and firewall system within its | | | firewall mechanism. | |
| conglomerate structure? | | | | |
| (IV) Does the Company establish | > | | $\diamond~$ The Company has formulated the "Procedures for Materiality | None. |
| internal rules against insiders | | | Management and Prevention of Insider Trade" and the | |
| trading with undisclosed | | | "Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles", which | |
| information? | | | prohibit insiders of the Company from trading securities | |

(III) Corporate Governance Implementation Status and Deviations from the "Corporate Governance Best-Practice Principles "onine" for TM/SE/TDEV Lietod Cor

| | | Imulamontation Statuc | Deviations from "the Cornorate Governance |
|--|--------|---|---|
| Evaluation Item | Yes No | | Best-Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies" and Reasons |
| | | using undisclosed information in the market and require the Directors to prohibit dealing in securities of the Company during the closed period (30 days before the annual financial report announcement and 15 days before the quarterly financial report announcement). The Company also invited insiders to attend the "Insider Trading Prevention Promotion" held by the Taiwan Stock Exchange in November of 2021 and obtain relevant certificates. On November 22, 2021, the Company conducted a course on "Seminar on Integrity Management and Insider Trading ", which was attended by 22 participants, totaling 66 training hours, including the Chairman, the President, and the heads of various units. The attendance rate was 84.62% and the satisfaction was 85 points. | |
| III. Composition and Responsibilities of the Board of Directors (1) Does the Board develop and implement a diversity policy for the composition of its members? | > | In the "Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles" formulated by the Company, it is clearly stated that the composition of the Board of Directors shall be diversified, and the elected Directors are from different professional backgrounds and fields of work, which can improve the structure of the Board of Directors of the Company. The current Board of Directors of the Company. The current Board of the Company comprises 9 Directors with different professional backgrounds, including accountants, lawyers and a number of talents in the industry. There are 3 Independent Directors, accounting for 33.3% of the total number of directors. | None. |

| | | | Implementation Status | Deviations from "the Corporate Governance |
|--|-----|----|--|---|
| Evaluation Item | Yes | No | Abstract Explanation | Best-Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies" and Reasons |
| | | | encouraged to continue their studies to keep abreast of their knowledge and enhance their decision-making abilities. | |
| (II) Does the company voluntarily establish other functional committees in addition to the Remuneration Committee and the Audit Committee? | > | | The Company has established an ESG Committee on February 2, 2021, which is responsible for fulfilling corporate social responsibility and improving corporate governance to achieve the goal of sustainable development. | None. |
| (III) Does the company establish a standard to measure the performance of the Board and implement it annually, and are performance evaluation results submitted to the Board of Directors and referenced when determining the remuneration of individual directors and nominations for reelection? | > | | The Company's Board of Directors has approved the "Rules for Performance Evaluation of Board of Directors" on October 19, 2020, stipulating that the Board of Directors should perform perform performance evaluations for the Board of Directors and its members at least once a year, and perform external evaluations at least every three years by an external independent agency or a team of external experts and scholars. The results of the performance evaluation of the Board of Directors and Scholars. The results of the performance evaluation of the Board of Directors and all functional committees in 2021 were reported to the Board of Directors on February 22, 2022. The Company is expected to engage a professional and independent institution to conduct an external performance evaluation on the Board of Directors in 2022. | None. |
| (IV) Does the company regularly evaluate the independence of CPAs? | > | | The Company regularly evaluates the independence and suitability of CPAs every year and submits the evaluation results to the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors for deliberation and approval. The latest evaluation was approved by the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors on February 22, 2022. The evaluation criteria are as follows: 1. As of the last audit, there is no such a situation that CPA has | None. |

| | Implementation Status | Deviations from "the Corporate Governance |
|---------------------|---|---|
| Evaluation Item Yes | s No Abstract Explanation | Best-Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies" and Reasons |
| | not been replaced for seven years. | |
| | 2. The CPA is not involved in material interests with the client. | client. |
| | 3. Any inappropriate relations with the client are avoided | ed. |
| | 4. The CPA ensures the honesty, impartiality, and independence | endence |
| | of their assistants. | |
| | 5. The CPA avoids auditing the financial statements of the | he |
| | organization(s) where they served in the last two years. | ars. |
| | 6. The CPA avoids their name being used by others. | |
| | 7. The CPA does not hold the shares of the Company and its | nd its |
| | affiliates. | |
| | 8. The CPA is not involved in loans with the Company and its | nd its |
| | affiliates. | |
| | 9. The CPA is not involved in joint investment or sharing | |
| | interests with the Company and its affiliates. | |
| | 10. The CPA does not hold a full-time job with | |
| | a fixed regular payment at the Company and its affiliates. | iliates. |
| | 11. The CPA is not involved in management at the Company | pany |
| | and its affiliates. | |
| | 12. The CPA is not concurrently operating other businesses that | isses that |
| | may cause them to lose their independence. | |
| | 13. The CPA is not a spouse, lineal relative, or direct relative by | lative by |
| | marriage of any management personnel person at the | the |
| | Company. | |
| | 14. The CPA does not charge any business-related commissions. | missions. |
| | 15. As of today, the CPA has not been punished nor their | eir |
| | independence has been undermined. | |

| | | | Implementation Status | Deviations from "the Corporate Governance |
|--|-----|----|--|---|
| Evaluation Item | Yes | No | Abstract Explanation | Best-Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies" and Reasons |
| IV. Does the company appoint a | > | | The Company was approved by the Board of Directors on | None. |
| sultable number of competent personnel and a supervisor | | | Novertuber 3, 2021, and the project manager of the Finance Division, Wynne Ho, was appointed as the head of corporate | |
| responsible for corporate | | | governance. Her primary responsibilities are to handle matters | |
| governance matters (including but | | | related to Board of Directors and shareholders' meetings in | |
| not limited to providing | | | accordance with the laws, to provide information required by | |
| information for directors and | | | the Directors for the execution of their business, to collect | |
| supervisors to perform their | | | information on the latest regulatory developments in relation to | |
| functions, assisting directors and | | | the operation of the Company, to assist the Directors' | |
| supervisors with compliance, | | | compliance, to assist the Directors in their appointment and | |
| handling work related to meetings | | | continuous training. | |
| of the Board of Directors and the | | | | |
| shareholders' meetings, and | | | | |
| producing minutes of board | | | | |
| meetings and shareholders' | | | | |
| meetings)? | | | | |
| V. Does the Company establish a | > | | The Company has set up a section dedicated to stakeholders on | None. |
| communication channel and build | | | the Company's website for the valuable feedback from | |
| a designated section on its | | | customers, employees, shareholders and investors, suppliers, | |
| website for stakeholders | | | government agencies, and the media, and we regularly report | |
| (including but not limited to | | | the communication situation and stakeholders' issues of concern | |
| shareholders, employees, | | | to the Board of Directors. | |
| customers, and suppliers), as well | | | | |
| as handle all the issues they care | | | | |
| for in terms of corporate social | | | | |
| responsibilities? | | | | |

| | | | | Implementation Status Deviatio | Deviations from "the Corporate Governance |
|---|---|-----|----|---|---|
| | Evaluation Item | Yes | No | Abstract Explanation Best-Prac | Best-Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies" and Reasons |
| VI. Di pi ag | Does the Company appoint a professional shareholder service agency to deal with shareholder affairs? | > | | The Company has commissioned the Stock Transfer Agency Unit, Yuanta Securities to handle affairs related to the shareholders' meeting. | None. |
| ✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓✓< | VII. Information Disclosure (1) Does the Company have a corporate website to disclose both financial standings and the status of corporate governance? | > | | The Company has set up a website dedicated to investors (http://ir.dlink.com.tw) to disclose relevant information at any time and has publicly announced and declared the Company's overall situation and various financial and business information at the MOPS in accordance with the regulations of the competent authority. | None. |
| - | (II) Does the Company have other information disclosure channels (e.g., building an English website, appointing designated people to handle information collection and disclosure, creating a spokesman system, and webcasting investor conferences)? | > | | The Company's website is in both Chinese and English versions, the contents of which are updated on a regular basis; the information publicly announced is declared all through the Company's spokesperson system, and the Company has designated personnel to disclose the Company's information on MOPS in accordance with the laws. | None. |
| = | (III) Does the Company announce and report annual financial statements within two months after the end of each fiscal year, and announce and report Q1, Q2, and Q3 financial statements, as well as monthly operation results before the prescribed time limit? | > | | The Company publishes and declares the annual financial report and financial reports for the first, second and third quarters as well as the operating status for each month before the specified deadline as per law. | None. |

| | | | Implementation Status De | Deviations from "the Corporate Governance |
|-------------------------------------|-----|----|--|---|
| Evaluation Item | Yes | No | Abstract Explanation | Best-Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies" and Reasons |
| VIII Is there any other important | > | ∻ | Employees' rights and employee care. As the Company has | None |
| | | • | | |
| information to facilitate a better | | | attached great importance to labor-management harmony | |
| understanding of the Company's | | | and employee' rights and benefits since the establishment, | |
| corporate governance practices | | | our labor-management relations have been harmonious and | |
| (e.g., including but not limited to | | | positive. We hold labor-management meetings regularly | |
| employee rights, employee | | | every quarter to discuss labor-management issues and reach | |
| wellness, investor relations, | | | consensus through thorough communication. | |
| supplier relations, rights of | | ¢ | Investor relations: The Company has set up a section | |
| stakeholders, directors' and | | | dedicated to Investor on the website, which provides | |
| supervisors' training records, the | | | investors with real-time company information, such as | |
| implementation of risk | | | company information, financial information, stock | |
| management policies and risk | | | information, and investor events. | |
| evaluation measures, the | | ¢ | Supplier relationship: The Company has formulated the | |
| implementation of customer | | | Supplier Management Regulations and the Supplier | |
| relations policies, and purchasing | | | Management Procedures to manage the promotion and | |
| insurance for directors and | | | termination of partnership with suppliers. Our Quality | |
| supervisors)? | | | Control and Procurement Departments conduct supplier | |
| | | | evaluations. | |
| | | ¢ | Stakeholders' rights: The Company has set up a section | |
| | | | dedicated to stakeholders on the website. With that, relevant | |
| | | | dedicated personnel may establish appropriate | |
| | | | communication channels with stakeholders and report to the | |
| | | | Board of Directors on a regular basis. | |
| | | ¢ | Directors' continuing education: The Company's Directors | |
| | | | received a total of 82 hours of continuing education in 2021. | |
| | | ¢ | \diamond Implementation of the risk management policy and the risk | |
| | | | assessment standards: The Company has passed the Risk | |
| | | | Management Policy and Procedures on May 4, 2021. | |
| | | ¢ | Implementation of the client policy: The Company evaluates | |

| | | | Implementation Status | Deviations from "the Corporate Governance |
|--|---------------------|--|--|---|
| Evaluation Item | Yes | No | Abstract Explanation | Best-Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies" and Reasons |
| | | | clients' integrity records and signs relevant documents with them, and the contracts signed with the transaction counterparties clearly stipulate the relevant integrity clauses. The Company's purchase of liability insurance for directors and supervisors: The Company has purchased liability insurance for all directors with an insured amount of US\$10 million, with the insurance period from December 31, 2021, through December 31, 2022, and reported on the insured amount, coverage, and premium rates of directors' liability insurance to the Board of Directors on February 22, 2022. | |
| IX. Describe Improvements Made Acc the Taiwan Stock Exchange Corpor | ording ation (| to the | Describe Improvements Made According to the Corporate Governance Assessment Made in the Latest Fiscal Year by the Corporate Governance Center of the Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation (TWSE), and Provide Priority Improvements and Measures to be Taken for Improvements that Have yet to be | ar by the Corporate Governance Center of or Improvements that Have yet to be |
| Carried Out: (1) The Company's Roard of Direct | ro ar | NeW (| Carried Out: (1) The Commany's Roard of Directors on May A. 2021. nasced a resolution to annoint a Cornorate Governance Officer | firer |
| (II) The Company's 2021 interim fir | io , e io Iancia | l repo | (II) The Company's 2021 interim financial report was approved by the Board of Directors seven days before the announcement deadline and disclosed to the | nnouncement deadline and disclosed to the |
| public on the date it was approved. | ved. | | | |
| (III) The Company has included fu | nctio | nal cu | (III) The Company has included functional committees in the scope of the Board performance evaluation since 2020 and submitted the 2021 Board | ince 2020 and submitted the 2021 Board |
| performance evaluation results | (inclu | ding | performance evaluation results (including functional committees) to the Board of Directors on February 22, 2022. | 022. |
| (IV) More than half of the Directors | and t | he co | (IV) More than half of the Directors and the convener of the Audit Committee attended the Company's 2021 general shareholders' meeting in person. | ral shareholders' meeting in person. |
| (V) The Company convened two investor conferences in 2021. | /estor | conf | erences in 2021. | |
| (VI) The Company has released mat the information transnarency | erial i | nforn | (VI) The Company has released material information in English simultaneously since September 2021 ahead of the schedule stipulated by the law to enhance the information transport. | e schedule stipulated by the law to enhance |
| | | | | |

(VII)In compliance with Financial Supervisory Commission's regulation, the Company shall continue to reinforce corporate governance and information disclosure.

| | g for Director | | | 1 | C |
|--------------------------------------|------------------|--|---|---|--------------------|
| Title | Name | Date of Class | Name of Class | Conducting Entity | Course Duration |
| | | 2021.08.31 | 2021 Webinars: Sustainability through ESG | Taipei Exchange | 2 |
| Chairman | Victor Kuo | 2021.10.18 | 2021 Webinars: Regulations for Disposal of Stocks for Insider of TPEx-Listed Company or Emerging Stock ompany | Taipei Exchange | 3 |
| | | 2021.11.05 | 2021 Webinar: Preventing insider trading | Securities and Futures Institute | 3 |
| Director John Lee - | | 2021.11.03 | 2021 Webinar: Preventing insider trading | Securities and Futures Institute | 3 |
| | | 2021.11.17 | Discussion on Corporate Governance from Actual Cases of Competition for Management Right | Accounting Research and Development Foundation | 3 |
| Disector | U.S. Sand Kara | 2021.01.21 | New Trend of Green Finance -with green bonds as the core | Taiwan Insurance Institute | 3 |
| Director | Howard Kao | 2021.01.29 | Application of Artificial Intelligence Principles | Securities and Futures Institute | 3 |
| | | 2021.05.12 | Business Sustainability Booster-CSR、ESG and SDGs | Taiwan Corporate Governance Association | 3 |
| Director | lasanh Mirana | 2021.08.11 | Practical Analysis of The Realization of Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR, ESG) in Corporate Governance Evaluation | Securities and Futures Institute | 3 |
| Director | Joseph Wang | 2021.08.23 | Talking about Corporate Governance 3.0 and Directors' Duties and Responsibilities from COVID 19 | Taiwan Corporate Governance Association | 3 |
| | | 2021.09.07 | Corporate Governance and Securities Regulation | Taiwan Corporate Governance Association | 3 |
| | | 2021.10.18 | 2021 Webinars: Regulations for Disposal of Stocks for Insider of TPEx-Listed Company or Emerging Stock ompany | Taipei Exchange | 3 |
| Director | David Tai | 2021.12.22 | Development in The 5G Era: Industrial Upgrading, Business Applications in The Future and The New Normal in The Post- Epidemic Era | Taiwan Corporate Governance Association | 3 |
| | | 2021.12.22 | Review The Business Strategy and Corporate Governance of The World's Unsustainable Risks From COVID 19 | Taiwan Corporate Governance Association | 3 |
| | | 2021.11.10 | TCFD and SASB Emphasize the Link Between ESG Indicators and Corporate Financial Disclosures | Accounting Research and Development Foundation | 3 |
| Director Alan Yu | Alan Yu | 2021.11.12 | 2021 Webinar: Preventing insider trading | Securities and Futures Institute | 3 |
| | | 2021.11.17 | Discussion on Corporate Governance from Actual Cases of Competition for Management Right | Accounting Research and Development Foundation | 3 |
| Independent Director Richard Chen | 2021.08.31 | 2021 Webinars: Sustainability through ESG | Taipei Exchange | 2 | |
| | 2021.09.01 | The 13th Taipei Corporate Governance Forum | Financial Supervisory Commission | 6 | |
| | | 2021.10.13 | 2021 Webinars: Regulations for Disposal of Stocks for Insider of TPEx-Listed Company or Emerging Stock ompany | Securities and Futures Institute | 3 |
| | | 2021.03.23 | The Lecture on How to Hold A Good Annual General Metting | Corporate Operating and Sustainable Development Association | 3 |
| Independent Director | Richard Lee | 2021.04.20 | Green Energy Innovative Business Models for Corporate Governance | Taiwan Academy of Banking and Finance | 3 |
| | | 2021.05.12 | Business Sustainability Booster-CSR 	 ESG and SDGs | Taiwan Corporate Governance Association | 3 |
| | | 2021.08.23 | Talking about Corporate Governance 3.0 and Directors' Duties and Responsibilities from COVID 19 | Taiwan Corporate Governance Association | 3 |
| Independent | al 11 | 2021.08.25 | Seminar - Climate Mitigation and Adjustment to Promote Sustainable Competitiveness | Securities and Futures Institute | 3 |
| Independent Director | Chun-Hsiung Chu | | | 1 | |
| | enun ristung enu | 2021.09.01 | Seminar - New Trends in Green Energy Investment-Taiwan Renewable Energy Market and Trends | Securities and Futures Institute | 3 |

XI. Succession Planning and Operation of Board Members and Key Management:

(I) Succession Planning and Operation of Board Members and Key Management

1. The structure of the Company's Board of Directors shall be decided in consideration of its business scale, the shareholdings of its major shareholders, and practical operational needs. The Company has stipulated in the "Articles of Incorporation" and "Rules for Election of Directors" that the election of Directors shall be based on the candidate nomination system in full compliance with Article 192-1 of the "Company Act". In addition, the "Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles" stipulates that the composition of the board shall be considered in terms of diversity and that a diversity policy shall be formulated in respect of the operation, operation type and development needs of the Company.

- 2. The Company has established a database of candidates for directors based on the following criteria to plan for the succession of directors:
 - (1)"Entrepreneurial, responsible, honest and value teamwork", which is in line with the Company's core values and in line with the Company's medium to long-term development strategy.
 - (2) Familiar with the industry to which the Company belongs and has relevant experience in the industry.
 - (3)Its joining will continuously provide the Company with an effective, synergistic, diverse and tailored board with the target percentage of female directors reaches 10%
 - (4) Has professional knowledge and skills required for the operation of the Company, covering corporate strategy, accounting and tax, finance, legal, management and international market perspective.
- 3. The Company continues to promote the entry of management professionals into the Board of Directors or the boards of overseas subsidiaries, so that they are familiar with the operations of the board and the overseas business of the Group, as well as the industry experience and decision-making ability, so as to form a succession team for the directors.
- 4. The Company has also set forth the "Rules for Performance Evaluation of Board of Directors" to ensure the effectiveness in the operation of the Board and evaluate the performance of directors by evaluation items of performance evaluation, including the alignment of the goals and missions of the Company, awareness of the duties, participation in the operation, management of internal relationship and communication, professionalism and continuing education, internal control and expression of specific opinion, which will be the future reference in the selection of directors.

(II) Key Management Succession Planning and Operation

- The Company regularly promotes internal talents and gives priority to internal promotion for management positions. For the succession planning of key management, in addition to inventory and selection of potential successors, performance appraisal is performed on a regular basis, which is complemented with the guidelines of planning and mentors for individual development, to assist them to effectively enhance their ability to shift and shorten their succession schedule.
- 2. The Company has established a comprehensive position agent system, arranges key management personnel to perform their duties and increase their experience to strengthen the senior decision-making and management capabilities.
- 3. The Company arranges the management to attend the board meetings and participate in regular important operating management meetings. It also assigns the management to serve on the boards of overseas subsidiaries to enhance their functions from corporate governance, board operations, corporate operating practices, etc., and participate in the vision and strategic direction of the Group in order to hold important management positions in the future.

(IV) Organization, Responsibilities, and Operations of the Remuneration Committee

| Identity (Note 1) | Qualification Name | Professional Qualifications and Experience | Independence Status | Number of Other Public Companies in Which the Individual is Concurrently Serving as a Remuneration Committee Member |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|--|--|--|
| Convener/ Independent Director | Richard Lee | and chief justice. He has extensive experience in court proceedings as a legal specialist. Therefore, he meets one of the professional qualifications | Mr. Richard Lee was elected as an Independent Director by the shareholders' meeting. The Company obtained a written statement from him, confirming that he complies with the positive and negative conditions specified in the "Regulations Governing the Appointment and Exercise of Powers by the Remuneration Committee of a Company Whose Stock is Listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange or the Taipei Exchange or the Taipei Exchange". It is confirmed that he as an Independent Director can independently exercise his powers and make decisions, through his professional qualifications and experience, in alignment with the needs of the Remuneration Committee. | 3 |
| Independent Director | Richard Chen | from the Department of | Mr. Richard Chen was elected as an Independent Director by the shareholders' meeting. The Company obtained a written statement from him, confirming that he complies with the positive and negative conditions specified in the "Regulations Governing the Appointment and Exercise of Powers by the | 3 |

1. Information of the Members of Remuneration Committee

| licenses. Therefore, he has met one of the professional qualifications forRemuneration Committee of a Company Whose Stock is Listed on the Taiwan Stockundependent directors and is also the convener of the Company's AuditExchange or the Taipei Exchange". It is confirmed that he as an independent director can independently exercise his powers and make decisions, through his professional qualifications and experience, in alignment with the needs of the Remuneration Committee.Mr. Chun-Hsiung Chu graduated from the Institute of Law, National Chung Hsing University, and has been an attorney for more than 30 years. He has extensive legal experienceMr. chun-Hsiung that he exercise with the positive |
|---|
| qualifications for independent directors and is also the convener of the Company's AuditListed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange or the TaipeiCompany's Audit Committee and the ESG Of the Remuneration Committee.Exchange". It is confirmed that he as an independent director can independently exercise his powers and make decisions, through his professional qualifications and experience, in alignment with the needs of the Remuneration Committee.Mr. Chun-Hsiung Chu graduated from the Institute of Law, National Chung Hsing University, and has been an attorney for more than 30 years. He hasMr. Chun-Isiung that he |
| independent directors and is also the convener of the Company's AuditExchange or the TaipeiCompany's Auditthat he as an independentCommittee and the ESG Of the Remuneration Committee.director can independentlyCommittee.exercise his powers and makedecisions, through his professional qualifications and experience, in alignment with the needs of the Remuneration Committee.Mr. Chun-Hsiung Chu graduated from the Institute of Law, National Chung Hsing University, and has been an attorney for more than 30 years. He hasMr. chan-Hsiumg that he |
| is also the convener of the Company's Audit Committee and the ESG Committee, and a member of the Remuneration Committee. Mr. Chun-Hsiung Chu graduated from the Institute of Law, National Chung Hsing University, and has been an attorney for more than 30 years. He has |
| Company's Auditthat he as an independentCommittee and the ESGdirector can independentlyCommittee, and a memberdirector can independentlyof the Remunerationdecisions, through hisCommittee.professional qualificationsand experience, in alignmentwith the needs of theMr. Chun-Hsiung ChuMr. Chun-Hsiung Chu wasgraduated from the Instituteelected as an Independentof Law, National ChungDirector by the shareholders'Hsing University, and hasmeeting. The Companybeen an attorney for moreobtained a written statementthan 30 years. He hasfrom him, confirming that he |
| Committee and the ESG Committee, and a member of the Remuneration Committee.director can independently exercise his powers and make decisions, through his professional qualifications and experience, in alignment with the needs of the Remuneration Committee.Mr. Chun-Hsiung Chu graduated from the Institute of Law, National Chung Hsing University, and has been an attorney for more than 30 years. He hasMrector can independently exercise his powers and make decisions, through his professional qualifications and experience, in alignment with the needs of the Remuneration Committee. |
| Committee, and a member of the Remuneration Committee.exercise his powers and make decisions, through his professional qualifications and experience, in alignment with the needs of the Remuneration Committee.Mr. Chun-Hsiung Chu graduated from the Institute of Law, National Chung Hsing University, and has been an attorney for more than 30 years. He hasMr. chun-Hsiung that he |
| of the Remuneration Committee.decisions, through his professional qualifications and experience, in alignment with the needs of the Remuneration Committee.Mr. Chun-Hsiung Chu graduated from the Institute of Law, National Chung Hsing University, and has been an attorney for more than 30 years. He hasMr. chun, Hsi meeting. The Company obtained a written statement from him, confirming that he |
| Committee.professional qualifications and experience, in alignment with the needs of the Remuneration Committee.Mr. Chun-Hsiung Chu graduated from the Institute of Law, National Chung Hsing University, and has been an attorney for more than 30 years. He hasMr. Chun-Hsiung Chu was elected as an Independent Director by the shareholders' meeting. The Company obtained a written statement from him, confirming that he |
| and experience, in alignment with the needs of the Remuneration Committee. Mr. Chun-Hsiung Chu Mr. Chun-Hsiung Chu was graduated from the Institute elected as an Independent of Law, National Chung Director by the shareholders' Hsing University, and has been an attorney for more than 30 years. He has |
| with the needs of the Remuneration Committee. Mr. Chun-Hsiung Chu graduated from the Institute of Law, National Chung Hsing University, and has been an attorney for more than 30 years. He has Mr. Chun-Hsiung Chu was elected as an Independent Director by the shareholders' meeting. The Company obtained a written statement from him, confirming that he |
| Remuneration Committee.Mr. Chun-Hsiung ChuMr. Chun-Hsiung Chu wasgraduated from the Instituteelected as an Independentof Law, National ChungDirector by the shareholders'Hsing University, and hasmeeting. The Companybeen an attorney for moreobtained a written statementthan 30 years. He hasfrom him, confirming that he |
| Mr. Chun-Hsiung Chu graduated from the Institute of Law, National Chung Hsing University, and hasMr. Chun-Hsiung Chu was elected as an Independent Director by the shareholders' meeting. The Company obtained a written statement from him, confirming that he |
| graduated from the Instituteelected as an Independentof Law, National ChungDirector by the shareholders'Hsing University, and hasmeeting. The Companybeen an attorney for moreobtained a written statementthan 30 years. He hasfrom him, confirming that he |
| graduated from the Institute elected as an Independent of Law, National Chung Director by the shareholders' Hsing University, and has meeting. The Company been an attorney for more than 30 years. He has from him, confirming that he |
| of Law, National Chung Hsing University, and has been an attorney for more than 30 years. He has |
| Hsing University, and has been an attorney for more than 30 years. He hasmeeting. The Company obtained a written statement from him, confirming that he |
| been an attorney for more than 30 years. He has from him, confirming that he |
| than 30 years. He has from him, confirming that he |
| |
| extensive legal experience comples with the positive |
| |
| |
| |
| professional qualifications Governing the Appointment |
| for independent directors. and Exercise of Powers by the |
| Independent Chun-Hsiung He is also a member of the Remuneration Committee of 2 |
| Director Chu Company's Audit a Company Whose Stock is |
| Committee and Listed on the Taiwan Stock |
| Remuneration Committee, Exchange or the Taipei |
| and a member of the ESG Exchange". It is confirmed |
| Committee. that he as an independent |
| director can independently |
| exercise his powers and make |
| decisions, through his |
| professional qualifications |
| and experience, in alignment |
| with the needs of the |
| Remuneration Committee. |
| Dr. Chien Yang graduated Mr. Chien Yang has extensive |
| from Computer Science, academic and career |
| University of Washington. experience. The Company |
| Member Chien Yang He is an emeritus professor obtained a written statement 4 |
| at the National Yang Ming from him, confirming that he |
| Chiao Tung University. He complies with the positive |
| used to be a professor at and negative conditions |

| | 1 | | | |
|--------|---------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| | | | specified in the "Regulations | |
| | | Management and the | Governing the Appointment | |
| | | executive of EMBA, National | and Exercise of Powers by the | |
| | | Chiao Tung University. He | Remuneration Committee of | |
| | | specializes in strategic | a Company Whose Stock is | |
| | | management, technology | Listed on the Taiwan Stock | |
| | | management, and human | Exchange or the Taipei | |
| | | resource management, and | Exchange". It is confirmed | |
| | | has met the provisions of | that he can independently | |
| | | Article 5 of the Regulations | exercise his powers and make | |
| | | Governing the Appointment | decisions, through his | |
| | | and Exercise of Powers by | professional qualifications | |
| | | the Remuneration | and experience, in alignment | |
| | | Committee of a Company | with the needs of the | |
| | | Whose Stock is Listed on the | | |
| | | Taiwan Stock Exchange or | | |
| | | the Taipei Exchange. | | |
| | | Dr. Shu-Fen Wang graduated | Ms. Shu-Fen Wang has | |
| | | from the University of | extensive academic and | |
| | | Houston in the United | career experience. The | |
| | | States, majoring in financial | Company obtained a written | |
| | | management, and is | statement from her, | |
| | | currently an associate | confirming that she complies | |
| | | professor at the Institute of | with the positive and | |
| | | Finance, National Yang Ming | negative conditions specified | |
| | | Chiao Tung University. She | in the "Regulations Governing | |
| | | has engaged in education | the Appointment and | |
| | | for nearly 30 years. She | Exercise of Powers by the | |
| | | specializes in corporate | Remuneration Committee of | |
| Member | Shu-Fen | value analysis, business | a Company Whose Stock is | 2 |
| | Wang | merger and acquisition | Listed on the Taiwan Stock | |
| | | issues, and financial | Exchange or the Taipei | |
| | | management, and has met | Exchange". It is confirmed | |
| | | the provisions of Article 5 of | U U | |
| | | the "Regulations Governing | exercise her powers and | |
| | | the Appointment and | make decisions, through her | |
| | | Exercise of Powers by the | professional qualifications | |
| | | Remuneration Committee | and experience, in alignment | |
| | | of a Company Whose Stock | with the needs of the | |
| | | is Listed on the Taiwan Stock | | |
| | | Exchange or the Taipei | | |
| | | Exchange". | | |
| | | Excludinge . | I | |

2. Duties of Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee is operated in accordance with the "Remuneration Committee Charter." The main duties of this committee are described as follows:

- Stipulate and regularly review the policies, systems, standards, and structure of performance assessment, salaries, and remunerations of Directors and managerial officers.
- (2) Regularly review and stipulate the salaries and remunerations of Directors and managerial officers.
- (3) Review and recommend the Board's remuneration package for long-term incentive and talent retention.

3. Operations of Remuneration Committee

- (1) The Remuneration Committee is composed of 5 members.
- (2) Term of office of the 4th Committee: From 2020.07.10 to 2023.06.14, the Remuneration Committee held 5 meetings (A) in the most recent year 2021.03.17, 2021.08.31, 2021.11.05, 2022.02.22 and 2022.03.29 respectively. The attendance of the members are as follows:

| Title | Name | Attendance in Person (B) | By Proxy | Actual Attendance Rate (%) (B/A) | Remarks |
|-------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------|----------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Independent Director | Richard Lee | 5 | 0 | 100% | Convener |
| Independent Director | Richard Chen | 5 | 0 | 100% | |
| Independent Director | Chun-Hsiung Chu | 4 | 0 | 100% | Be elected on 2021.07.05 |
| Independent Director | Shyang-Fong Chung | 1 | 0 | 100% | Resigned on 2021.03.22 |
| Member | Chien Yang | 5 | 0 | 100% | |
| Member | Shu-Fen Wang | 4 | 1 | 80% | |

Other Matters:

- If the Board of Directors Declines to Adopt or Modifies a Recommendation of the Remuneration Committee, it Should Specify the Date of the Meeting, Session, Content of the Motion, Resolution by the Board of Directors, and the Company's Response to the Remuneration Committee's Opinion (e.g., the Remuneration Passed by the Board of Directors Exceeds the Recommendation of the Remuneration Committee, the Circumstances and Cause for the Difference Shall be Specified): None.
- II. Resolutions of the Remuneration Committee Objected to by Members or Expressed Reservations and Recorded or Declared in Writing, the Date of the Meeting, Session, Content of the Motion, all Members' Opinions and the Response to Members' Opinion Should be Specified: None.

4. The Discussion Items and Resolution Results of the Remuneration Committee in the Most Recent Year, and the Company's Handling of

Members' Opinions:

| Remuneration | | | Company's Response |
|--|--|---|--|
| Committee Date and Session | Proposal | Resolution | Regarding the Remuneration Committee's Opinions |
| 2021.03.17 (The 5 th meeting of the 4 th term) | Proposal for newly appointed Chief Software Officer's 2021 remuneration Proposal for the Business President's KPI and remuneration Proposal for the President's salary adjustment in 2021 Proposal for 2020 employees' and Directors' remuneration distribution Proposal for the Chairman's bonuses | Approved by all members present and submitted to the Board of Directors for discussion. | None |
| 2021.08.31 (The 6 th meeting of the 4 th term) | Proposal for amendment to the "Management Regulations on the Remuneration of Directors and Functional Committee Members" Proposal for remuneration for newly appointed Chairman Proposal for remuneration for newly appointed President of the Group Proposal for salary adjustment for newly appointed CEO Proposal for salary adjustment for managerial officers | Approved by all members present and submitted to the Board of Directors for discussion. | None |
| 2021.11.05 (The 7 th meeting of the 4 th term) | Proposal for amendment to the Company's "Remuneration Committee Charter" Proposal for amendment to the Company's "Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles" | Approved by all members present and submitted to the Board of Directors for discussion. | None |
| 2022.02.22 The 8 th meeting of the 4 th term | 1. Proposal for appointment and remuneration of the Chairman and Chief Strategy Officer | Approved by all members present and submitted to the Board of Directors for | None |

| Remuneration Committee Date and Session | Proposal | Resolution | Company's Response Regarding the Remuneration Committee's Opinions |
|--|---|---|--|
| | Proposal for the 2022 <pre>performance target plan for managerial officers</pre> Proposal for ratification of the employee remuneration and bonuses to the Company's managerial officers (Assistant Vice Presidents or above) Proposal for amendment to the "Management Regulations on the Remuneration of Directors and Functional Committee Members" | discussion. | |
| 2022.03.29 The 9 th meeting of the 4 th term | Proposal for 2021 employees' and Directors' remuneration distribution | Approved by all members present and submitted to the Board of Directors for discussion. | None |

(V) Organization, Responsibilities, and Operations of the ESG Committee 1. Information on the Members of the ESG Committee

| | Qualification | on on the Members of | | Number of Other |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|---|---|---|
| Identity (Note 1) | Name | Professional Qualifications and Experience | Independence Status | Public Companies in Which the Individual is Concurrently Serving as an ESG Committee Member |
| Convener/ Independent Director | Richard Chen | from the Department of Accounting, Chinese Culture University. In addition to passing the Senior Professional and Technical Examination for Certified Public Accountants, he obtained the securities analyst and the land administration agent licenses. Therefore, he has met one of the professional qualifications for independent directors and is also the convener of the Company's Audit Committee and the ESG Committee, and a member of the Remuneration Committee. | Matters for Public Companies". Therefore, he can exercise his powers independently and make business decisions by exercising his own judgment objectively. | 0 |
| Independent Director | Richard Lee | judge and chief justice. He has extensive experience in court proceedings as a legal specialist. Therefore, he meets one of the professional qualifications for independent directors. Meanwhile, he is the | Mr. Richard Lee was elected as an Independent Director by the shareholders' meeting. As per the "Securities and Exchange Act", the Company has obtained a written statement from him and confirmed that he is not under any circumstances under Article 3 of the "Regulations Governing Appointment of Independent Directors and Compliance Matters for Public | 1 |

| | | Remuneration Committee, a | Companies" Therefore he | |
|----------|--------------------|--|--|---|
| | | member of the Audit | can exercise his powers | |
| | | Committee and the ESG | independently and make | |
| | | Committee. | business decisions by | |
| | | committee. | exercising his own judgment | |
| | | | objectively. | |
| | | Mr. Chun-Hsiung Chu | Mr. Chun-Hsiung Chu was | |
| | | graduated Institute of Law, | elected as an Independent | |
| | | National Chung Hsing | Director by the shareholders' | |
| | | | meeting. As per the | |
| | | as an attorney for more | "Securities and Exchange | |
| | | than 30 years with profound | - | |
| | | legal expertise. He is | obtained a written statement | |
| | | currently serving as a | from him and confirmed that | |
| | | reviewer of the G ood | he is not under any | |
| | | Neighbor Fund Committee | circumstances under Article 3 | |
| | | 0 | | |
| | | of the various headquarters | 0 | |
| | | of the Ministry of National Defense. Such funds are | Governing Appointment of | |
| | | | Independent Directors and | |
| | | | Compliance Matters for | |
| | | community and 2. | Public Companies". | |
| | | improvement to projects, | Therefore, he can exercise his | |
| | | | powers independently and | |
| Director | Chun-Hsiung Chu | and environmental | make business decisions by | 0 |
| Director | Chu | protection projects and relevant community | exercising his own judgment objectively. | |
| | | development projects, and | objectively. | |
| | | 3. social charity projects, | | |
| | | including coastal cleanup | | |
| | | and mountain cleanup. In | | |
| | | addition, he has long served | | |
| | | as an advisory member of | | |
| | | | | |
| | | the Teacher Appeal and Review Committee at the | | |
| | | National Defense University. | | |
| | | This committee aims to | | |
| | | | | |
| | | protect teachers' right to work. Therefore, | | |
| | | | | |
| | | Chun-Hsiung Chu as an | | |
| | | independent director can | | |
| | | provide the Company with | | |
| | | professional advice about | | |

| sustainable development |
|------------------------------|
| from different perspectives |
| based on his experience as a |
| committee member. |

2. Responsibilities of the ESG Committee

The committee assists the Board of Directors in continuously fulfilling the corporate social responsibility and improving corporate governance in order to achieve sustainable development. Its responsibilities and powers should include the matters below:

- Formulate corporate social responsibility, set the sustainable development direction and goals, and formulate relevant management policies and specific implementation plans.
- (2) Implement tasks related to the Company's ethical management and risk management.
- (3) Track, review, and rectify the implementation and effectiveness of sustainable development and report to the Board of Directors on a regular basis.
- (4) Handle issues and oversee communication plans with various stakeholders, including shareholders, clients, suppliers, employees, government agencies, non-profit organizations, communities, and the media.
- (5) Matters resolved by the Board of Directors to be handled by this committee.

3. Operations of the ESG Committee

- (1) The Remuneration Committee is composed of 5 members.
- (2) Term of office of the 1st Committee: From 2021.02.02 to 2023.06.14, the ESG Committee held 1 meeting (A) in the most recent year 2021.09.28. The attendance of the members are as follows:

| Title | Name | Attendance in Person (B) | By Proxy | Attendance Rate (%) (B/A) | Remarks |
|-------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|----------|------------------------------|----------|
| Independent Director | Richard Chen | 1 | 0 | 100% | Convener |
| Independent Director | Richard Lee | 1 | 0 | 100% | |
| Independent Director | Chun-Hsiung Chu | 1 | 0 | 100% | |

4. ESG Committee's Important Reports and Resolutions

| Date | Session of Meeting | Important Reports and Resolutions | Resolution |
|------------|------------------------|--|---|
| 2021.09.28 | ESG Committee (1-1) | [Reports] 1. Report on the Company's risk management operation 2. Report on the progress of the Company's corporate social responsibility report | No opinion; reported to the Board of Directors. |

| Date | Session of Meeting | Important Reports and Resolutions | Resolution |
|------|--------------------|--|---|
| | | [Discussion] Proposal for amendment to the Company's "ESG Committee Charter" Proposal for formulation of the Company's "Implementation Measures for the Whistleblowing System" Proposal for election of the convener of the first term of the ESG Committee | Approved as proposed without objection and submitted to the Board of Directors for approval. |

| | Implementation status Deviations from "the Sustainable |
|-----|---|
| Yes | tion |
| > | The Board of Directors, on February 2, 2021, approved the establishment of an ESG Committee, which is responsible for the formulation and implementation of corporate social responsibility policies, systems, or relevant management guidelines and specific implementation plans. The Company held the first ESG Committee meeting on September 28, 2021, and the implementation results were reported to the Board of Directors on November 5, 2021. |
| | On February 2, 2021, the Company's Board of Directors passed the resolution to establish a ESG Committee to be responsible for proposing and implementing corporate social responsibility policies, systems or related management policies and specific promotion plans, and reporting to the Board of Directors at least once a year. On May 4, 2021, the Company's Board of Directors passed the resolution to approve "Risk Management Policies and Procedures", which requests the ESG Committee to conduct risk assessment on the material topics, such as environment, society, economic and technological innovation, formulate relevant risk management policies, deal with the relevant issues of risk management and control and oversee the overall implementation and coordination of the operations. The Company held the ESG Committee on September 28, |

(VI)Difference Between "the Promotion of Sustainable Development" and "the Sustainable Development Best

| | | | Implementation status Deviations from | Deviations from "the Sustainable |
|---|-----|----|--|---|
| Evolution Itom | | | Developmen | Development Best Practice |
| | Yes | No | Abstract Explanation Principles for 7 | Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies" and Reasons |
| | | | 2021, to report D-Link's operation of risk management for the year to the members of the ESG Committee and report to the Board of Directors on November 5, 2021. | |
| III. Environmental issues (1) Does the Company establish proper environmental management systems based on the characteristics of the industries? | > | | ith the requirements of ISO 14001 ent System and formulates the nental policies. We are committed to ws and other requirements, acts on the environment, promote tenergy and resources, and prevent In the spirit of sustainable e environmental protection quality, oloyees to implement environmental romptly and properly handle inons and reactions on the ISO14,064-1 Greenhouse Mechanism and set a target of by 2025 on the basis of 2016. | None |
| (II) Does the Company endeavor to utilize all resources more efficiently and use renewable materials which have low impact on the environment? | > | | The Company created the D-Link Green project to reduce our carbon footprint. We are committed to introducing the most advanced product design thinking, technology, and compliance with relevant international energy regulations, such as the European Union's Energy-related Product (ErP) Ecological Design, to minimize the energy consumption of our products. In terms of raw materials, we use materials that are | None. |
| | | | Implementation status | Deviations from "the Sustainable |
|-----------------|-----|----|---|----------------------------------|
| | | | | Development Best Practice |
| Evaluation Item | Yes | No | Abstract Explanation | Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed |
| | | | | Companies " and Reasons |
| | | | more environmentally friendly and maintain human health | |
| | | | the impact on the environment. | |
| | | | \diamond The Company follows the requirements of ISO 14001 | |
| | | | Environmental Management System and sets targets for | |
| | | | energy conservation every year. Since most of the energy | |
| | | | consumption at D-Link building is from purchased electricity, | |
| | | | reduction of electricity consumption at the building has | |
| | | | become our direction of target. With 2016 as the base year, | |
| | | | we have achieved our target of saving 2.5% of electricity and | |
| | | | carbon emission 2.5% by 2021. The energy-saving measures | |
| | | | that have been carried out in the past three years are as | |
| | | | follows: | |
| | | | 1. In 2018, we installed energy-saving cycle fans at the IT | |
| | | | office at 4th floor. | |
| | | | 2. Replaced the lights in the east front zone at 2nd floor with | |
| | | | energy-saving LED panel lights. | |
| | | | 3. In 2019, energy-saving cycle fans were installed in office | |
| | | | areas and conference rooms at the 2nd, 4th and 5th | |
| | | | floors, the opening hours of air-conditioning units are | |
| | | | adjusted (close the air-conditioning one hour early). | |
| | | | 4. In 2020, the lighting in public areas and toilets from the | |
| | | | 1st to the 6th floors were replaced by LED flat panel. | |
| | | | 5. In 2021, the lighting in the offices, conference rooms and | |
| | | | supervisors' offices at the 5th and 6th floors of D-Link | |
| | | | Taipei Operational Headquarters were replaced by | |
| | | | energy-saving LED panel light. | |
| | | | It is expected that LED panel lights at the other floors of | |
| | | | | |

| Evaluation Itam | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-----|---|--|---------------------------------|
| | | | | Development Best Practice |
| | Yes | ٩ | Abstract Explanation | Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed |
| | | | | Companies" and Reasons |
| | | | the building will be replaced in 2022 and a 10% carbon reduction target will be achieved in 2026 with 2021 as the | |
| | | | base year. In addition to the above-mentioned improvement of facilities | |
| | | | in the building, we regularly promote energy conservation | |
| | | | among our employees and mark energy conservation at the | |
| | | | connectance room, so unation emproyees can develop a good habit of turning off lights and turning off air conditioner. In | |
| | | | addition, to save water, water-saving switches have been set | |
| | | | up for all toilet taps in the building, so that everyone can | |
| | | | cherish water. | |
| (III) Does the company evaluate the | > | | In 2021, the Board of Directors set up ESG Committee to | None. |
| potential risks and opportunities | | | continuously promote corporate social responsibility and | |
| in climate change with regard to | | | improve corporate governance, so as to achieve sustainable | |
| the present and future of its | | | operation. The council is responsible for the implementation of | |
| business, and take appropriate | | | risk management policies approved by the board of directors, | |
| action to counter climate change | | | and Independent Directors are appointed to supervise the | |
| issues? | | | operation, and the President, who serves as the convenor of risk | |
| | | | management policy implementation, deals with issues related to | |
| | | | risk management, supervises the overall implementation and | |
| | | | coordination of the operation, and reports to the Board of | |
| | | | Directors at least once a year. The Company regards climate | |
| | | | change as one of the major operational risks. In 2022, the | |
| | | | Company will introduce the Task Force on Climate-related | |
| | | | Financial Disclosures (TCFD). In the process of identifying risks in | |
| | | | operations every year, the Company will also identify the | |
| | | | sources of climate change risks and evaluate and implement | |
| | | | measures for mitigation or adjustment to respond to the risks. | |

| | | | E | Implementation status | status | | Deviations from "the Sustainable |
|---|-----|----|---|--|--|--|--|
| Evaluation Item | Yes | No | | Abstract Explanation | planation | | Development Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies" and Reasons |
| | | | TCFD Please read 2021 Sustainability Report. | 2021 Sustainab | ility Report. | | |
| (IV) Does the Company take inventory of its greenhouse gas emissions, water consumption, and total weight of waste in the last two years, and implement policies on energy efficiency and carbon dioxide reduction, greenhouse gas reduction, water reduction, or waste management? | > | | ◆ The Company has developed a specific energy-saving plan for the future. In 2022, the lighting of D-Link's operation headquarters in Taipei will be replaced by energy-saving LED lights successively. With 2021 as the base year, it is estimated to save 2.5% of electricity consumption. In the next five years, we will target to reduce the emission of greenhouse gases by 10.0%, water consumption by 2.5% and waste by 2.5%. ◆ The following table describes the Company's greenhouse gase emission, water consumption and total weight of waste: GHG emission, water consumption and total weight of waste: (ISO 14064-1 Iso 14064-1 Iso 14064-1 freem scope1 200.97 202.1 Scope2 Scope1 0.34 person servage per 0.37 2.23 scope2 scop2 scop2 | as developed a 222, the lightin below will be electricity com or reduce the er onsumption by ble describes t consumption (unit: tone-CC nd regulations nd regulations 1,583.12 1,583.12 0.30 0.30 0.30 0.30 0.30 0.30 0.30 0.3 | specific ener g of D-Link's o replaced by et as the base ye sumption. In t inission of gree unpany's and total weig and total weig or the interna or the interna 0.34 0.34 0.34 0.34 0.34 0.34 0.34 0.34 | The Company has developed a specific energy-saving plan for the future. In 2022, the lighting of D-Link's operation headquarters in Taipei will be replaced by energy-saving LED lights successively. With 2021 as the base year, it is estimated to save 2.5% of electricity consumption. In the next five years, we will target to reduce the emission of greenhouse gases by 10.0%, water consumption by 2.5% and waste by 2.5%. The following table describes the Company's greenhouse gas emission, water consumption and total weight of waste: GHG emission, water consumption sor the international standard: ISO 14064-1 ISO 14064-1 2020 Scope1 200.97 Scope2* 1,353.39 Scope2 2031 average per 0.30 Scope2 2.37 servage per 2.33 Scope2 2.37 servage per 2.37 servage per 2.37 store2 2.505KgCO2e/KWh | Pone |
| | | | Wastewater discharge (unit: m3) | charge (unit: r | n3) | | |

| | | | Imalomoration status | | Douintions from "the Sustainable |
|-----------------|-----|---|--|------------------------------|---|
| | | | | rus | |
| Evaluation Item | | | | | Development Best Practice |
| | Yes | Ň | Abstract Explanation | Ination | Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies" and Reasons |
| | | | Compliance with laws and regulations or the international | tions or the international | |
| | | | standards: Water Pollution Control Act | ol Act | |
| | | | ltem 2020 | 2021 | |
| | | | Waste water | | |
| | | | from living 12,369 | 10,404 | |
| | | | quarters | | |
| | | | Volume of waste emission (unit: metric tons) | metric tons) | |
| | | | Compliance with regulations or international standards: | nternational standards: | |
| | | | Waste Disposal Act | | |
| | | | Item 2020 2021 | 21 | |
| | | | General | | |
| | | | Household 13.19 12.189 | 189 | |
| | | | Waste | | |
| | | | ♦ Management Policies: | | |
| | | | 1. The Company is committed to the disclosure of corporate | the disclosure of corporate | |
| | | | carbon emissions so as to facilitate a precise | litate a precise | |
| | | | understanding of the Company's carbon emissions, and | y's carbon emissions, and | |
| | | | we work with business partners to expand the scope of | rs to expand the scope of | |
| | | | reduction activities. | | |
| | | | 2. The Company provides customers and consumers with | ners and consumers with | |
| | | | more diversified low-carbon options to increase | ptions to increase | |
| | | | information transparency and reduce volumes toward | reduce volumes toward | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | 3. In order to implement carbon reduction, the company | reduction, the company | |
| | | | takes 2016 as the base year and sets the target of | nd sets the target of | |
| | | | achieving carbon emission reduction of 2.5% in 2021 and | luction of 2.5% in 2021 and | |
| | | | 10% in 2026 when taking 2021 as the base year. In order | 1 as the base year. In order | |
| | | | | | |

| | | | Implementation status | Deviations from "the Sustainable |
|---------------------------------|-----|---|---|----------------------------------|
| | | | | |
| Evaluation Item | | | | Development Best Practice |
| | Yes | Ŷ | Abstract Explanation | Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed |
| | | | | Companies" and Reasons |
| | | | to make the carbon emission information more | |
| | | | transparent, the company commissioned SGS to conduct | |
| | | | ISO 14064 greenhouse gas verification in the past two | |
| | | | years, and completed the verification on October 12, | |
| | | | 2020, and April 22, 2021, respectively, and will continue to | |
| | | | carry out ISO 14064 greenhouse gas verification. | |
| | | | 4. In 2021, the Company fully replaced the energy-saving | |
| | | | LED panel light at the 5th and 6th floors of the operating | |
| | | | headquarter. A total of 371 lights were replaced at the 6th | |
| | | | floor, which is estimated to save 43,001 kWh of electricity | |
| | | | each year, accounting for 1.37% of the total annual | |
| | | | electricity consumption. A total of 449 lights were | |
| | | | replaced at the 5th floor, which is expected to save 55,248 | |
| | | | kWh each year, accounting for 1.77% of the total annual | |
| | | | electricity consumption. | |
| | | | 5. The Company has also formulated specific water | |
| | | | conservation and waste reduction plans and will aim to | |
| | | | reduce water consumption by 2.5% and waste emission by | |
| | | | 2.5% in the next five years. | |
| | | | ♦ Verification status: | |
| | | | The operating headquarter building of the Company | |
| | | | completed the GHG inventory in accordance with | |
| | | | ISO14064-1:2006 Scope 1 and Scope 2 in 2020 and | |
| | | | third-party verification. | |
| IV. Social issues | > | | \diamond The Company is committed to protecting the basic human | None. |
| appropriate management policies | | | rights of its employees, creating an environment that fully | |
| | | | | |

| | | | Imple | Implementation status | Deviations from "the Sustainable |
|------------------------------|-----|----|----------------------|--|----------------------------------|
| Evolucitor Itom | | | | | Development Best Practice |
| | Yes | ٥N | | Abstract Explanation | Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed |
| | | | | | Companies" and Reasons |
| and procedures according to | | | protects human ri | protects human rights, and the Company recognizes and | |
| relevant regulations and the | | | supports the inter | supports the international human rights conventions such as | |
| International Bill of Human | | | the Universal Decl | the Universal Declaration of Human Rights (UDHR) and ILO | |
| Rights? | | | Declaration on Fur | Declaration on Fundamental Principles and Rights at Work, | |
| | | | and requires that t | and requires that the operating activities of its cooperative | |
| | | | contractors shoulc | contractors should also eliminate any violation and breach of | |
| | | | human rights so th | human rights so that members within and outside the | |
| | | | Company can rece | Company can receive fair and respectful treatment. | |
| | | | ♦ The Company has | The Company has formulated human rights policies and | |
| | | | management plan | management plans, which are published on the Company's | |
| | | | website. Every yea | website. Every year, the Company reviews whether the | |
| | | | policies are in line | policies are in line with the original policies through | |
| | | | employee surveys | employee surveys focusing on social material issues. | |
| | | | | \diamond The Company's human rights management policy and specific | |
| | | | plan are as follows: | | |
| | | | Human Right | | |
| | | | Management | Specific Plan | |
| | | | Policy | | |
| | | | Forced labor and | 1. The employment process is carried | |
| | | | child labor are | out in accordance with the | |
| | | | prohibited | requirements of the Company. | |
| | | | | 2. Interview with the applicant for | |
| | | | | his/her willingness to work and shall | |
| | | | | request the candidate to provide | |
| | | | | relevant identity documents in order | |
| | | | | to implement the examination. | |
| | | | Assure labor | 1. We conducts a survey of salary levels | |
| | | | conditions | in the industry each year and conducts | |

| | | | laml | Implementation status | Deviations from "the Sustainable |
|---------------------|-----|----|-----------------|---|----------------------------------|
| E. c. Linetian Barm | | | - | | Development Best Practice |
| | Yes | No | | Abstract Explanation | Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed |
| | | | | salary review operations based on | |
| | | | | changes in the external environment, | |
| | | | | the Company's business operations, | |
| | | | | and personal performance. In addition | |
| | | | | to providing salary better than the | |
| | | | | statutory minimum payment, we | |
| | | | | further ensure that the salary is in line | |
| | | | | with or higher than the market level, | |
| | | | | in order to retain outstanding talents. | |
| | | | | 2. The Company has established | |
| | | | | attendance management procedures, | |
| | | | | paid attention to and promoted | |
| | | | | employee working hours issues to | |
| | | | | ensure that reliable and detailed | |
| | | | | records of working hours and | |
| | | | | overtime are maintained; In case | |
| | | | | there is a demand for overtime, | |
| | | | | overtime pay or compensatory leave is | |
| | | | | provided in accordance with the law | |
| | | | | to ensure their rights and interests. | |
| | | | | 3. Employees are provided with one and | |
| | | | | a half hours of flexible working hours, | |
| | | | | considering personal and family | |
| | | | | needs. | |
| | | | Assure right to | 1. We respect the freedom and exercise | |
| | | | work | of the choice of occupation and | |
| | | | | provide equal opportunities for work | |
| | | | | without discrimination on grounds of | |

| | | | | | Devictions from "the Cristolicable |
|-----------------|-----|---------|------------------|--|------------------------------------|
| | | | limple | Implementation status | |
| Evaluation Item | | | | | Development Best Practice |
| | Yes | °N N | | Abstract Explanation | Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed |
| | | | | | companies and keasons |
| | | | | religion, gender, sexual orientation, | |
| | | | | marriage, age, etc. | |
| | | | | 2. The work environment is in | |
| | | | | compliance with the requirements of | |
| | | | | the laws and regulations to protect | |
| | | | | the basic rights of employees at work. | |
| | | | | 3. There is no separation of existing jobs | |
| | | | | through a large number of contractual | |
| | | | | personnel, dispatch workers and | |
| | | | | foreign workers. | |
| | | | | 4. In the event of material changes in | |
| | | | | employer-employee relation, an | |
| | | | | appropriate notice period and | |
| | | | | severance payment will be given and | |
| | | | | relevant supporting documents will be | |
| | | | | given to ensure their rights and | |
| | | | | interests, subject to relevant laws and | |
| | | | | regulations. | |
| | | | Assure Workplace | 1. Nurses are regularly employed to | |
| | | | Health | provide necessary emergency medical | |
| | | | | services immediately in case of an | |
| | | | | emergency. | |
| | | | | 2. More than statutory requirements, | |
| | | | | health examinations are held every | |
| | | | | two years to eligible employees with | |
| | | | | subsidies of not less than 6,000 | |
| | | | | dollars, and follow-up respondent | |
| | | | | tracking and counseling measures are | |

| | | | laml | Implementation status | Deviations from "the Sustainable |
|-----------------|-----|----|-----------------|--|----------------------------------|
| | | | | | Development Best Practice |
| Evaluation Item | Yes | ٥N | | Abstract Explanation | Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed |
| | | | | | Companies" and Reasons |
| | | | | carried out for different levels of | |
| | | | | health examination conditions, and | |
| | | | | the factors that are harmful to health | |
| | | | | in the workplace are improved. | |
| | | | | 3. Physicians are stationed at locations | |
| | | | | for employee's direct consultation | |
| | | | | every two months. | |
| | | | | 4. Health promotion activities or | |
| | | | | seminars are organized every month. | |
| | | | Elimination of | 1. Anti-workplace discrimination, | |
| | | | discrimination, | anti-workplace bullying and | |
| | | | bullying and | anti-sexual harassment prevention | |
| | | | sexual | were conducted during new employee | |
| | | | harassment | training. | |
| | | | | 2. Standardize relevant content in work | |
| | | | | rules and complaints and sexual | |
| | | | | harassment handling methods, and | |
| | | | | provide diverse and smooth complaint | |
| | | | | channels. | |
| | | | Assure | 1. Introduced and received ISO | |
| | | | occupational | 45001:2018 certification. | |
| | | | safety | 2. In accordance with the Occupational | |
| | | | | Safety and Health Management | |
| | | | | Measures, the Company has | |
| | | | | established a Level 1 management | |
| | | | | unit responsible for formulating, | |
| | | | | planning, promoting and supervising | |
| | | | | the safety and health management | |

| Evaluation Item Yes No | Abstract Explanation matters, and established an Occupational Safety and Health Committee which holds meetings and | Development Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies" and Reasons |
|---|---|--|
| Xes | Abstract Explanation matters, and established an Occupational Safety and Health Committee which holds meetings and | Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies" and Reasons |
| | matters, and established an Occupational Safety and Health Committee which holds meetings and | Companies " and Reasons |
| | matters, and established an Occupational Safety and Health Committee which holds meetings and | |
| | Occupational Safety and Health Committee which holds meetings and | |
| | Committee which holds meetings and | |
| | overcises its authority is accordance | |
| | ever cises its addition it accordance | |
| | with the law. | |
| | 3. In accordance with the Occupational | |
| | Safety and Health Education and | |
| | Training Rules, safety and health | |
| | education training is regularly | |
| | provided to employees at least once a | |
| | quarter for new employees and once a | |
| | year for existing employees. | |
| | 4. In accordance with the Measures for | |
| | the Implementation of Monitoring of | |
| | Work Environment, carbon dioxide | |
| | and noise in the workplace are | |
| | regularly monitored on a semi-annual | |
| | basis, and employees are required to | |
| | use personal protective equipment | |
| | when there are dangerous operations | |
| | to prevent them from being exposed | |
| | to dangerous factors in the workplace. | |
| (II) Does the Company have \checkmark | Employee compensation: | None. |
| reasonable employee benefit The (| The Company provides a reasonable salary conditions for | |
| measures (including salaries, new | new employees based on the Company's operating abilities | |
| leave, and other benefits) and | and market salary level, and reviews the salary of employees | |
| do business performance or annu | annually with reference to economic trends, industry | |
| results reflect on employee deve | development, company operating performance, market | |

| Evaluation Item ves No Abstract Explanation salary and individual performance and makes appropriat adjustments to maintain the overall competitiveness of remuneration. Abstract Explanation salaries? adjustments to maintain the overall competitiveness of remuneration. The operating performance of the Compativation which is distributed in accordance with the articles of association of the Compativation based on 1% to 15% of the profit for the year. The Compativation based on 1% to 15% of the profit for the year. The Compativation accordance with the articles of association of the Compativation based on 1% to 15% of the profit for the year. The Compativation accordance with the articles of association of the Compativation accordance with the articles of association of the compativation company sets up an employee restaurant, coffee bar, out company actor and various fitness equipment for employees informative, leisure, sports and recreational activities, the company also provides stuff gathering, wedding cash, maternity allowance, hostindang cash, maternity allowance, hostindang stift vouchers for three and or ferenticy and set and recreational activities, the company also provides staff gathering, wedding cash, maternity allowance, borndatives to organize writtes, the company also provides staff gathering, wedding cash, maternity allowance, hostindation to over NT5111 million. | Implementation status | Deviations from "the Sustainable |
|---|---|---|
| * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * | | Development Best Practice |
| * * | | Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies" and Reasons |
| | salary and individual performance, and makes appropriate adjustments to maintain the overall competitiveness of remuneration. | |
| | The operating performance of the Company is appropriately reflected in staff remuneration, which is distributed in | |
| | accordance with the articles of association of the Company based on 1% to 15% of the profit for the year. The Company's | |
| | employees' compensation for the year 2021 was 5% of the Company's profit. | |
| | ployee welfare benefits: | |
| | In order to improve employees' health and well-being, the Company sets up an employee restaurant, coffee bar, outdoor | |
| | coffee shop, vending machines, employee lounge and employee fitness center haskethall court aerobics dance | |
| | classroom, and various fitness equipment for employees in | |
| | erating headquarter building. | |
| | The Company has set up an employee welfare committee to conduct various employee welfare activities. In addition to | |
| | setting up to 15 social organizations to organize various informative, leisure, sports and recreational activities, the | |
| | Company also provides staff gathering, wedding cash, | |
| | maternity allowance, hospitalization subsidies, funeral allowance, birthday gift vouchers, gift vouchers for three | |
| allocated in year 2021 amounted to over NT; | major festivals, emergency relief, etc. The welfare fund | |
| | allocated in year 2021 amounted to over NT\$11 million. | |
| | nprehensive Insurance Policies: | |
| in addition to insurance coverage in account government regulations, the Company also p | In addition to insurance coverage in accordance with government regulations. the Company also provides free | |

| Evaluation Item | | | | |
|-----------------|-----|---|--|---------------------------------|
| | | | | Development Best Practice |
| | Yes | ٩ | Abstract Explanation | Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed |
| | | | | Companies" and Reasons |
| | | | group insurance for employees and group insurance subsidy | |
| | | | for family members. In response to the epidemic, statutory | |
| | | | infectious disease claim is additionally added for all | |
| | | | colleagues. Travel insurance and emergency medical | |
| | | | insurance coverage are also provided during overseas | |
| | | | business trips, so that employees can work hard without | |
| | | | worries. | |
| | | | ♦ Attendance and Leave: | |
| | | | In addition to providing leaves in accordance with the Labor | |
| | | | Standards Act, the Company otherwise provides five days' | |
| | | | full-paid sick leave and three days' full-paid family care leave | |
| | | | each year, and allows employees not to attend on make-up | |
| | | | workdays on Saturday and Saturday. In recent years, the | |
| | | | Company has actively promoted a flexible working hours (1.5 | |
| | | | hours each before and after work) to allow employees to | |
| | | | have more flexibility in taking care of work and family life. | |
| | | | During the year 2021 epidemic period, in order to take into | |
| | | | account the health of employees, the Company launched a | |
| | | | remote office system to provide employees with various | |
| | | | hardware and software equipment for working remotely, | |
| | | | reducing the impact of the epidemic on company operations | |
| | | | and employee economic support. | |
| | | | \diamond Workplace Diversity and Equal Opportunity: | |
| | | | 1. The Company provides employees with a diverse and | |
| | | | inclusive working environment with equal pay for equal | |
| | | | work, and has equal opportunities for training, further | |
| | | | education, promotion and development, regardless of | |
| | | | gender, religion, race, nationality, etc. The Company also | |

| | | | Implementation status De | Deviations from "the Sustainable |
|-----------------------------------|-----|---|--|---|
| E | | | | Development Best Practice |
| Evaluation Item | Yes | Ň | Abstract Explanation | Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed |
| | | | | Companies " and Reasons |
| | | | formulates human rights policies and management plans to cafeerized the basic human rights of employees | |
| | | | 2. The percentage of female employees of the Company is | |
| | | | 41%, higher than 36.86% in the industrial sector | |
| | | | (according to the 2020 gender analysis data on the | |
| | | | website of National Statistics, R.O.C. (Taiwan)), and the nercentage of female executives is 50% | |
| (III) Does the Company provide a | > | | The Company provides employees with a comfortable and | None. |
| healthy and safe working | | | safe office and work environment and complies with | |
| environment and organize | | | occupational safety regulations and high-standard safe | |
| training on health and safety for | | | working conditions. In addition to regular safety and health | |
| its employees on a regular | | | education and on-the-job and emergency response education | |
| basis? | | | and training, we hold health promotion seminars every two | |
| | | | months, health checkups every two years with regular | |
| | | | follow-up by occupational doctors and nurses, as well as | |
| | | | implement the annual occupational safety and health plan. | |
| | | | We are committed to improving our safety and health | |
| | | | standards and continue to improve and promote our | |
| | | | occupational safety culture to achieve the occupational safety | |
| | | | targets. | |
| | | | \diamond Occupational safety and health performance: | |
| | | | In 2021, there was zero occupational accident, the | |
| | | | disabling injury frequency rate (FR) in 2021 was 0 and the | |
| | | | disabling injury severity rate (SR) was 0. | |
| | | | 2. In 2021, there was zero traffic accident, the FR was 1.5, | |
| | | | the SR was 86.81, and the total number of lost workdays | |
| | | | was 116. | |
| | | | 3. Regarding the two traffic accidents occurring to and from | |

| | | | Implementation status | Deviations from "the Sustainable |
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| Euclination How | | | | Development Best Practice |
| | Yes | No | Abstract Explanation | Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies" and Reasons |
| | | | work, we actively reviewed the reasons and continued to raise employees' awareness of traffic safety and defensive driving to improve their driving safety. To improve employees' awareness of safety and health in the workplace, we offer education and training to new and in-service employees in accordance with Articles 15 and 17 of the Occupational Safety and Health Education and Training Rules. A total of 57 employees who have worked at the Company for three years and a total of 106 new employees participated and completed the training. The Company, including branches in Taiwan, has passed the certification of ISO 45001 occupational health and safety management system. | |
| (IV) Does the Company provide its employees with career development and training sessions? | > | | The Company's sustainable development relies on talents' long-term adaptive learning and development. According to employees' different attributes, we plan and arrange on-the-job training at different stages of their career. New employees need to participate in new employee training. In addition, we will arrange internal training courses. To meet each unit's needs for professional skills, we arrange employees to receive relevant training courses at external professional institutions or invite outstanding internal employees to share their work experience as an internal training session, enabling them to pass on their experience but improve our internal training system. Through these channels and methods, employees' professional skills and other competencies can be further developed continuously. | None. |

| | | | Implementation status | Deviations from "the Sustainable |
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| Cuchination Itam | | | | Development Best Practice |
| | Yes | No | Abstract Explanation | Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed |
| (V) Do the company's products and services comply with relevant laws and international standards in relation to customer health and safety, customer privacy, and marketing and labeling of products and services, and are relevant consumer protection and grievance procedure policies implemented? | > | | The Company's design and R&D team follows EU environmental standards, plans for compliance with EU RoHS, ROHS, WEEE, and REACH, and abides by the ROHS' restriction on hazardous substances, and promotes green products and formulates product hazardous substances interests. The Company has introduced BS10012:2017 (PIMS - Personal Information Management System) to regulate all relevant procedures and applicable documents. In addition to complying with the EU GDPR (General Data Protection Regulation), the Company has simultaneously conducted proper identification, assessment and management of personal data through the system. The Company has successfully passed the annual verification of BS10012:2017 in November of 2021. The Company follows relevant regulations and international standards in handling customer health and safety, customer privacy, marketing and labeling of its products and services, and has a service hotline (0800-002-615), online message board and internal processing procedures to handle customer feedback effectively; For products sold to different regions, information in compliance with relevant local regulations and standards is also indicated. In addition to compliance with regulations, customer privacy and rights and interests are also protected by international standards such as ISO/IEC 27001: 2013 Information Security Management System and TRUSTE. | None. |

| | | | Implementation status | Deviations from "the Sustainable |
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| Ting the second second | | | | Development Best Practice |
| Evaluation Item | Yes | Ň | Abstract Explanation | Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed |
| | | | | Companies" and Reasons |
| | | | \diamond The Company has call centers around the country to provide | |
| | | | immediate support and services to local consumers on the | |
| | | | first line. In addition, the customer support department at | |
| | | | the headquarters is committed to the second line of technical | |
| | | | support services, regularly reviewing customer satisfaction | |
| | | | performance, and assisting the customer service center in | |
| | | | handling product customer complaints and listening to | |
| | | | market sales feedback, so as to safeguard customers' rights | |
| | | | and interests. | |
| (VI) Does the company implement | > | | \diamond Based on the social moral code of promoting the spirit of | None. |
| supplier management policies, | | | humanity and practicing human dignity and fulfilling the | |
| requiring suppliers to observe | | | corporate social responsibility, the Company manages | |
| relevant regulations on | | | suppliers as follows: | |
| environmental protection, | | | 1. The Company is concerned with the issue of conflict | |
| occupational health and safety, | | | minerals and requires suppliers to sign the Conflict | |
| or labor and human rights? If | | | Minerals Declaration to prevent the purchase of minerals | |
| so, describe the results. | | | from conflict zones. | |
| | | | 2. The Company's requirements for suppliers' integrity and | |
| | | | honesty have been included in the contracts between the | |
| | | | parties. The Company may immediately cancel or | |
| | | | terminate the contract if any supplier has engaged in any | |
| | | | illegal conduct. | |
| | | | 3. In the procurement contracts, the Company also require | |
| | | | suppliers to prohibit the use of child labor. All suppliers | |
| | | | have signed the agreements. | |
| | | | 4. The sustainability management audits (health, | |
| | | | safety/environment/labor/suppliers/social ethics) of 13 | |
| | | | suppliers were completed in 2021, which accounted for | |

| | | | mulamontation status | |
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| Evaluation Item | | | | Development Best Practice |
| | Yes | ٩ | Abstract Explanation | Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies" and Reasons |
| | | | more than 90% of the annual shipments. | |
| | | | 5. In terms of environmental protection, suppliers are | |
| | | | required to comply with the EU regulations on hazardous | |
| | | | substances. | |
| | | | \diamond In addition to providing customers with excellent quality | |
| | | | products and services, the Company expects its suppliers to | |
| | | | pay attention to the social and environmental values and | |
| | | | actively implement the operation mission of "environmental | |
| | | | protection, energy conservation and love for the earth". We | |
| | | | regard suppliers as important partners for long-term | |
| | | | cooperative development and growth, and uphold the | |
| | | | principle of mutual benefit and common prosperity with | |
| | | | suppliers, and will continue to work together to promote | |
| | | | sustainable management. | |
| | | | \diamond Under the scope of quality, cost, delivery and service required | |
| | | | by supplier management in the past, the Company extended | |
| | | | the scope of supply chain management to ESG issues such as | |
| | | | environmental protection and social inclusiveness with | |
| | | | reference to the requirements of RBA (Responsible Business | |
| | | | Alliance), including employee rights and interests, | |
| | | | environmental protection, safety and health, ethics and | |
| | | | management system, etc., which are incorporated into the | |
| | | | criteria for supplier selection and audit, so as to establish risk | |
| | | | management projects and identify high-risk suppliers, | |
| | | | formulate improvement measures and assist suppliers in | |
| | | | continuous improvement based on the audit result. It is | |
| | | | expected to improve the effectiveness of sustainable supply | |
| | | | chain management, reduce supply chain operational risks, | |

| | | | Implementation status | Deviations from "the Sustainable |
|--|------------------------|-----------------------|--|--|
| Evaluation Item | Yes | ٩ | Abstract Explanation | Development Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies" and Reasons |
| | | | and establish a partnership for sustainable growth. | |
| V. Does the company reference | > | | The Company's Sustainability report is prepared in | None. |
| internationally accepted reporting | | | accordance with the new GRI Sustainability Reporting | |
| standards or guidelines, and | | | Standards (GRI Standards) issued by the Global Reporting | |
| prepare reports that disclose | | | Initiative. | |
| non-financial information of the | | | \diamond D-Link's 2021 Sustainability Report will be verified by the | |
| company, such as corporate social | | | external party SGS Taiwan Limited as per the GRI Core | |
| responsibility reports? Do the | | | Option, SASB, and the Type 1 moderate-level assurance of | |
| reports above obtain assurance | | | AA1000 ASv3. | |
| from a third party verification unit? | | | | |
| VI. Describe the Difference, if any, Be | etwe | en A | VI. Describe the Difference, if any, Between Actual Practice and the Sustainable Development Best Practice Principles, if the Company Has | inciples, if the Company Has |
| Implemented Such Principles Bas | ed o | n the | Implemented Such Principles Based on the "Sustainable Development Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies": | PEx Listed Companies": |
| The Company has implemented the i | nterr | nal co | The Company has implemented the internal control system and relevant supervision measures in accordance with the spirit of the Sustainable | e spirit of the Sustainable |
| Development Best Practice Principles. No discrepancy is found. | S. No | discr | epancy is found. | |
| VII. Other Useful Information for Expl Please refer to the "Comorate Social | l ainir Resp | ng th onsib | VII. Other Useful Information for Explaining the Status of Sustainable Development Practices: Please refer to the "Connorate Social Resonnsibility Section" of the Connany's official website (http://www.dlinktw.com.tw/about/dlink/). | om tw/about/dlink/) |

| Risk Ic | Risk Identification | Risk Mitigation Measures in 2021 |
|-------------|-------------------------|---|
| | GHG Management | Continue to promote the ISO14064-1 greenhouse gas emissions inventory and set a target of 10% reduction of greenhouse gas emissions in 2026 with 2021 as the base year. |
| | | 1. Introduce electronic operations in daily operations to reduce paper usage volume. |
| Environmont | Waste Disposal | 2. Implement and strengthen the promotion of waste separation and charge single-use tableware to |
| | Management | encourage employees to prepare their own tableware. |
| | | 3. With 2021 as the base year, the target is to achieve a 2.5% reduction in waste in 2026. |
| | Extreme Climate Risk | We have continued to manage energy, improve energy efficiency. |
| | Human Canital | 1. Draw up Talent Training and Development Plan |
| Society | | 2. Draw up human rights policy and management plan. |
| | KISK IVIANAGement | 3. Design competitive remuneration and employee welfare measures. |
| | | 1. Achieve delivery targets and effective inventory management to prevent risks of supply chain |
| | Operational Risk | instability. |
| | | 2. Comparison between sales results and inventories is reported through regular strategic meetings. |
| | | 1. Effectively the deploy the Group's capital and strengthen its operational capital management, |
| | | reduce its dependence on bank borrowings and spread its risks to changes in interest rates. |
| | Market Risk | 2. Set up strict control procedures to control the foreign exchange exposure position, carry out |
| Loonomicc | | prudent hedging operation and continuously track the movement of profit and loss to avoid |
| | | exchange rate risk, |
| anu | Renutational Rich | Identify risks and formulate internal and external stakeholder communication strategies to protect |
| | | the Company's reputation. |
| | | Checking possible risks arising from non-compliance with labor laws, company laws and securities |
| | Regulatory Risk | dealing related regulations, import and export regulations, anti-corruption and anti-trust, |
| | | environmental protection regulations, etc. |
| | | 1. In response to the China-U.S. trade sanctions, the Company has shifted to Group-oriented |
| | Geopolitical Risk | manufacturing and towards MIT as the primary production direction. |
| | | 2. Collect reports or market surveys to understand and respond to market conditions in advance. |
| Technology | Speed of Changes | 1. Continue to join the emerging technology alliance in the ICT industry and become a member of the |
| Innovation | in Tachnology | |

| Through domestic and foreign industry-academic cooperation, we participate in the development of emerging ICT-related technologies. | Through the specialized unit for information security management, we continue to manage oersecurity Risks information security risks that may occur in the future, and conduct investigations and drills on information arrangements from time to time. |
|---|---|
| | Cybersecurity Risks |
| | Other |
| | |

| Best Practice Principles | for | Ň | Principles for TWSE/GTSM Listed Companies" | |
|---|-----|----|--|---|
| | | | Implementation Status Deviations from the Ethical | n the Ethical |
| Evaluation Item | Yes | No | Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies" and Reasons | agement Best for TWSE/TPEx s" and Reasons |
| Establishment of ethical corporate management policies and programs Does the company have a Board-approved ethical Corporate management policy and stated in its regulations and external correspondence the ethical corporate management policy and practices, as well as the active commitment of the Board of Directors and management towards enforcement of such policy? | > | | The Company has formulated the "Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles" and the "Code of Conduct" in accordance with the "Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/GTSM Listed Companies", which are applicable to the Company, its subsidiaries and group enterprises and organizations. The Company will also disclose such regulations on the Company's website, express the policies and practices of honest management, and regularly report the implementation status to the Board of Directors. All 9 Directors and 7 senior managers of the Company have signed the Statement of Compliance with Ethical Corporate Management Policies, stating that they will fully comply with the Company's "Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles", "Code of Conduct" and relevant ethical corporate management policies. All new employees of the Company in 2021 have signed and agreed to comply with the "Code of Conduct". | ai |
| (II) Does the company have mechanisms in place to assess the risk of unethical conduct, and perform regular analysis and assessment of business | > | | The Company has established the "Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles", work rules, and various rewards and disciplinary actions and formulated the Gift-receiving Management Procedure, which clearly state that the behavior of individuals and collectives. bribery. provision of unreasonable | ai |
| | | | | |

| | | | Implementation Status | Deviations from the Ethical |
|---|-----|----|---|---|
| Evaluation Item | Yes | No | Abstract Explanation | Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies" and Reasons |
| activities with higher risk of unethical conduct within the scope of business? Does the company implement programs to prevent unethical conduct based on the above and ensure the programs cover at least the matters described in Paragraph 2, Article 7 of the "Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEX Listed Companies"? | | | gifts, and hospitality or other improper benefits shall be prohibited, as well as relevant response and handling measures for all employees to follow. | |
| (III) Does the company provide clearly the operating procedures, code of conduct, disciplinary actions, and appeal procedures in the programs against unethical conduct? Does the company enforce the programs above effectively and perform regular reviews and amendments? | > | | The Company specifies, in the "Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles" and the "Code of Conduct", the relevant operating procedures, guidelines for conduct, punishments for violations, and a grievance system and has duly implemented them and reviewed and rectified them in alignment with audit results on a regular basis. | None. |
| II. Fulfill operations integrity policy (1) Does the Company evaluate business partners' ethical records and include ethics-related clauses in the business contracts? | > | | The Company evaluates both suppliers and customers' integrity records and signs relevant documents with them, and the contracts signed with the transaction counterparties clearly stipulate the relevant integrity clauses. | None. |

| | | | Implementation Status | Deviations from the Ethical |
|---|-----|---|--|---|
| Evaluation Item | Yes | Ñ | Abstract Explanation | Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies" and Reasons |
| (II) Does the company have a unit responsible for ethical corporate management on a full-time basis under the Board of Directors which reports the ethical corporate management policy and programs against unethical conduct regularly (at least once a year) to the Board of Directors while overseeing such operations? | > | | The Company's ESG Committee under the Board of Directors supervises the implementation of ethical management, and the Legal Department is responsible for improving various ethical management operations and regularly reporting to the Board of Directors at least once a year on relevant policy plans and the implementation thereof. | None. |
| (III) Does the Company establish policies to prevent conflicts of interest and provide appropriate communication channels, and implemented it? | > | | The Company has established the "Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles", the "Code of Conduct", and the Gift-receiving Management Procedure, to prevent conflicts of interest and provide appropriate channels for complaints, and duly implements them accordingly. | None. |
| (IV) Does the Company have effective accounting and internal control systems in place to implement ethical corporate management Does the internal audit unit follow the results of unethical conduct risk assessments and devise audit plans to audit the systems accordingly to prevent unethical conduct, or hire outside accountants to perform the | > | | The Company has established an accounting system and an internal control system. The internal audit unit formulates audit plans based on the results of risk assessment, performs audits on a regular basis, and performs project audits as required, while reporting the audit results to the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors. | None. |

| | | | Implementation Status | Deviations from the Ethical |
|---|-----|----|---|---|
| Evaluation Item | Yes | No | Abstract Explanation | Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies" and Reasons |
| audits? | | | | |
| (V) Does the Company regularly hold internal and external educational trainings on operational integrity? | > | | Through education and training, the Company allows all employees to understand our ethical management policy and direction and continues to promote a high-standard business ethics culture in compliance with various laws and regulations: I. New employee training: In the new employee education and training courses, each new employee is required to comply with the Company's ethical management principles and ethical conduct regulations. In 2021, a total of 134 new employees received two hours of ethical management education and training, with a total of 268 man-hours. External training: A total of eight internal employees applied for external education and training in 2021, and each person received an average of 10.5 hours of education and training related to the accounting system and internal control system, with a total of 84 man-hours. Internal training: Internal training: Internal training: Internal training: Shith a total of 90 man-hours. The attendance was 90% and the satisfaction score was 85.41 points. The company continued to produce and accounts with a total of 90 man-hours. The attendance was 90% and the satisfaction score was 85.41 points. The company continued to produce and | None. |

| Euclination House | | | | Corporate Management Best |
|--|-----|---|--|-----------------------------------|
| Evaluation Item | Yes | ٩ | Abstract Explanation | Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx |
| | | | | Listed Companies" and Reasons |
| | | | second half of 2021, which were included in the | |
| | | | training system as required courses. | |
| | | | In the second half of 2021, we held a seminar on | |
| | | | Introduction to Ethical Management and S&P Global | |
| | | | ESG Evaluation, and PwC Taiwan was invited to lecture | |
| | | | at the seminar. The number of participants was 22, and | |
| | | | the trainees included senior managers and financial | |
| | | | and accounting managers, with a total of 44 | |
| | | | man-hours. The attendance was 84% and the | |
| | | | satisfaction score was 85 points. We will list it as an | |
| | | | online required course in the future in alignment with | |
| | | | the training system. | |
| | | | \diamond We hope that through new employee, external, and internal | |
| | | | education and training, D-Link's ethical management policy | |
| | | | and direction will be conveyed to all employees, and we will | |
| | | | continue to promote a high-standard business ethics culture | |
| | | | and comply with various laws and regulations. | |
| III. Operation of the whistle-blowing | | | | |
| systems | | | | |
| Does the Company establish | > | | The Company has announced and established an independent | None. |
| both a reward/punishment | | | whistle-plowing system and particularly formulated the | |
| system and an integrity | | | "Implementation Measures for the Whistleblowing System" to | |
| hotline? Can the accused be | | | define the reporting channels, reward mechanism, and | |
| reached by an appropriate | | | responsible personnel. | |
| person for follow-up? | | | | |
| (II) Does the Company have in | > | | The Company's "Implementation Measures for the | None. |
| place standard operating | | | Whistleblowing System" contain relevant regulations on the | |
| procedures for investigating | | | investigation standard operating procedures for accepting | |

| | | | Implementation Status | Deviations from the Ethical |
|---|---------|-----------|---|--|
| Evaluation Item | Yes | No | Abstract Explanation | Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx |
| | | | | Listed Companies" and Reasons |
| accusation cases, as well as | | | reports, the subsequent measures to be taken after the | |
| follow-up actions and relevant | | | investigation is completed, and the relevant confidentiality | |
| post-investigation | | | measures. | |
| confidentiality measures? | | | | |
| (III) Does the Company provide | > | | The Company's "Implementation Measures for the | None. |
| proper whistleblower | | | Whistleblowing System" contain protection measures for | |
| protection? | | | whistleblowers, so that they will not be improperly treated due | |
| | | | LO WIIISUEDIOWING. | |
| IV. Strengthening information | | | | |
| disclosure | | | | : |
| Does the Company disclose its | > | | The Company discloses relevant information and | None. |
| ethical corporate management | | | implementation effectiveness of ethical management on the | |
| policies and the results of its | | | website and the MOPS, so as to enhance the stakeholders | |
| implementation on the Company's | | | understanding of the Company. | |
| website and MOPS? | | | | |
| V. If the Company has Established the | Ethic | al Co | If the Company has Established the Ethical Corporate Management Principles Based on the "Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles | Aanagement Best Practice Principles |
| for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies", | Pleas | e Des | for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies", Please Describe Any Discrepancy Between the Policies and their Implementation: | ition: |
| The Company has formulated the "E | thical | Corp | The Company has formulated the "Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles", the "Code of Conduct", and the work rules and the overall | , and the work rules and the overall |
| operation is not significantly differer | t fror | n the | operation is not significantly different from the "Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies" | TPEx Listed Companies". |
| VI. Other Important Information to Fac | ilitat∈ | e a Be | Other Important Information to Facilitate a Better Understanding of the Company's Ethical Corporate Management Practices (e.g., Review of and | ient Practices (e.g., Review of and |
| Amend its Policies): | | | | |
| (I) The Company's Regulations Gov | erning | g Pro | (I) The Company's Regulations Governing Procedure for Board of Directors Meetings contain a system for Directors' recusal. Those or juridical persons | rs' recusal. Those or juridical persons |
| they represent who have a perso | nal ir | ntere | they represent who have a personal interest in any proposals on the agenda of a Board meeting, which may undermine the Company's interests, | ndermine the Company's interests, |
| may state their opinions and ans | wer i | nquir | may state their opinions and answer inquiries but shall recuse themselves from the discussion and voting and may not exercise their voting rights | may not exercise their voting rights |
| on behalf of other directors. | | | | |
| (II) The Company's the "Procedures | for N | lateri | "Procedures for Materiality Management and Prevention of Insider Trade" that directors, managerial officers, and employees | nanagerial officers, and employees |
| | | OL LI I A | stial not disclose material muerital morthauon they are aware of to others, not shall they inquire of collect morthauon unrelated to their personal | טרווומנוטח עחרפומנפט נט נחפור מפרצטחמו |

| Evaluation Item | Yes | Abstract Explanation | Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies" and Reasons |
|---|---|---|---|
| duties from those who have knowledge of the Company's. (III) The Company's "Ethical Corporate Management Best Prac culture for sound development, thereby developing a sust | have knowledge of Corporate Manag opment, thereby d | duties from those who have knowledge of the Company's. (III) The Company's "Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles" stipulate a policy based on integrity, which helps to establish a corporate culture for sound development, thereby developing a sustainable business environment. | ps to establish a corporat |
| 1 | Having Princi | nies Having Principles and Regulations on Corporate Governance in Place, Access Shall be | Access Shall be |
| Disclosed: 1. The Company Website: <u>http://www.c</u> 2. MOPS: <u>http://newmops.twse.com.tw</u> | / Website: <u>http:/</u> /newmops.twse | Disclosed: 1. The Company Website: <u>http://www.dlinktw.com.tw/about/dlink/1</u> 2. MOPS: <u>http://newmops.twse.com.tw</u> | |
| (IX) Other Importa Governance Sh | nt Informatior all be Disclose | Other Important Information to Facilitate a Better Understanding of the Company's Corporate Governance Shall be Disclosed All Together: | orporate |
| The managers of | the Company ha | of the Company have attended relevant training courses and the 2021 years of training are as follows: | ng are as tollows: |
| Title | Name | Name of Class | Course Duration |
| Accounting Supervisor | Claire Chou | Initial Professional development courses for Accounting Officers | 30 |
| Acting Accounting Supervisor | Julia Huang | Professional development courses for Accounting Officers | 12 |
| | | Manufacturing Material System Verification Service | 9 |
| Internal Auditor | Richard Yang | Analysis of the latest domestic corporate governance trends and implementation of the control environment | 9 |
| Corporate Governance | Wynne Ho | The 17th Corporate Governance Summit Forum - Implementing ESG for Governance and Sustainable Development | 9 |
| UTTICEL | | 2021 Webinar: Preventing insider trading | ĸ |

(X) The Implementation of the Internal Control System Shall Disclose the Following Items

1. Statement on Internal Control

D-Link Corporation Statement on Internal Control System

Date: 2022.02.22

According to the results of the Company's self-assessment, the Company's statement pertaining to the internal control system in 2021 is as follows:

- I. The Company acknowledges that the establishment, implementation, and maintenance of an internal control system is the responsibility of the Board of Directors and managerial officers, and the Company has established an internal control system. The internal control system is designed to provide reasonable assurance for the effectiveness and efficiency of the operations (including profitability, performance, and protection of assets), reliability, timeliness, and transparency of reporting, and compliance with applicable laws and regulations.
- II. The internal control system has innate limitations. No matter how robust and effective the internal control system, it can only provide reasonable assurance of the achievement of the foregoing three goals; in addition, the effectiveness of the internal control system may vary due to changes in the environment and conditions. However, the internal control system of the Company has self-monitoring mechanisms in place, and the Company will take corrective action against any defects identified.
- III. The Company uses the assessment items specified in the Regulations Governing Establishment of Internal Control Systems by Public Companies (hereinafter referred to as the "Regulations") to determine whether the design and implementation of the internal control system are effective. Based on the process of control, the assessment items specified in the Regulations divide the internal control system into five constituent elements: 1. control environment; 2. risk assessment; 3. control activities; 4. information and communications; and 5. monitoring activities. Each constituent element includes a certain number of items. For more information on such items, refer to the Regulations. The Company has already adopted the aforementioned Regulations to evaluate the effectiveness of its internal control system design and operating effectiveness.
- IV. The Company has already adopted the aforementioned Regulations to evaluate the effectiveness of its internal control system design and operating effectiveness.
- V. Based on the aforementioned audit findings, the Company holds that as of December 31, 2021, its internal control procedures (including the procedures to monitor subsidiaries), effectiveness and efficiency of operations, reliability, timeliness, transparency of reporting, and compliance with relevant legal regulations, and design and enforcement of internal controls, are effective. The aforementioned goals can be achieved with reasonable assurance.
- VI. This statement will constitute the main content of the Company's annual report and the prospectus and will be disclosed to the public. Any falsehood or concealment with regard to the contents above will entail legal liability under Articles 20, 32, 171, and 174 of the "Securities and Exchange Act".
- VII. This Statement has been passed at the Board of Directors meeting on February 22, 2022, with none of the nine attending Directors expressing objectives; all Directors affirmed the content of this Statement.

D-Link Corporation Chairman: Victor Kuo President: Mark Chen

- 2. Where CPAs are commissioned to audit the Company's internal control systems, the Audit Report Prepared by the CPAs Shall be Disclosed: None.
- (XI) For Penalties Imposed Upon the Company and Its Employees in Accordance with the Law or Penalties Imposed by the Company Upon Its Employees for the Violation of the Internal Control System Policy During the Most Recent Fiscal Year up to the Date of Publication of the Annual Report, if the Result of Such Penalties May Have a Significant Impact on the Shareholders' Equity or the Price of Securities, the Contents of the Penalties, Principal Deficiencies, and Improvements Shall Be Specified: None.
- (XII) Major Resolutions Adopted at the Shareholders' Meetings and the Board of Directors Meeting in the Most Recent Fiscal Year and as of the Printing Date of this Annual Report
 - 1. Resolutions Voted on by All Shareholders Present at the Company's General Shareholders' Meeting, and Implementation Thereof: Date of meeting:2021.07.05

Place of meeting: No. 289, Xinhu 3rd Rd., Neihu Dist., Taipei City (The Company's building)

| Major Resolutions | Implementation |
|--|---|
| (1) Approved the 2020 Business Report and | (1) Resolution was passed. |
| Financial Statements | (2) Approved the 2020 statement of earnings |
| (2) Approved 2020 earnings distribution | distribution and paid out cash dividends on |
| proposal | August 25, 2021. |
| (3) Held a by-election for an independent | (3) This proposal was approved and registered |
| director | with the Ministry of Economic Affairs on |
| (4) Proposal for cash capital reduction | July 19, 2021. |
| (5) Removed non-compete restrictions for the | (4) Approved this proposal, and the change |
| Directors of the Company | registration for capital reduction was |
| | approved by the Ministry of Economic |
| | Affairs on October 5, 2021. |
| | (5) Resolution was passed. |

| 2. | Major Resolutions of the Board of Directors Meetings in 2021 and 2022: |
|----|--|
|----|--|

| Date of Meeting | Term-Session | Major Resolutions |
|-----------------|--------------|--|
| 2021.02.02 | 12-6 | (1) Approved the Company's proposal to participate in the subscription of Cameo Communications, Inc.'s privately placed ordinary shares (2) Approved the formulation of the "Company's ESG Committee Charter" |
| 2021.03.17 | 12-7 | (1) Approved the proposal for the 2020 Internal Control System Statement (2) Approved the proposal for dismissal and appointment of the Company's Business President |

| 1 | | |
|------------|------|---|
| | | (3) Approved the proposal for the newly appointed managerial officers' 2021 remuneration |
| | | (4) Approved the proposal for the 2021 Business President's and |
| | | managerial officers' KPI and remuneration |
| | | (5) Approved the proposal for the President's salary adjustment in 2021 |
| | | (6) Approved the proposal for the distribution of the 2020 |
| | | employees' and Directors' remuneration |
| | | (7) Approved the independence and suitability evaluation report of the CPAs appointed by the Company for 2021 |
| | | (8) Approved the Company's 2020 business report and financial statements |
| | | (9) Approved the Company's 2020 earnings distribution proposal |
| | | (10) Approved the Company's 2021 business plan and budget proposal. |
| | | (11) Approved the proposal for the Company's cash capital reduction |
| | | (12) Approved the proposal for application for renewal of credit lines to banks |
| | | (13) Approved matters related to the convening of the 2021 |
| | | General Shareholders' Meeting of the Company (14) Approved matters related to shareholders' proposals for the |
| | | Company's 2021 General Shareholders' Meeting. |
| | | (15) Approved the removal of the non-compete clause for |
| | | Directors of the Company. |
| | | (16) Approved the proposal for amendment to the Company's |
| | | "Procedures for Materiality Management and Prevention of Insider Trade" |
| | | (17) Approved the proposal for amendment to the Company's |
| | | "Related Party Transaction Regulations"(1) Approved the by-election for an Independent Director and |
| | | reviewed the list of Independent Director candidates nominated by the Board of Directors. |
| | | (2) Approved matters related to the nomination for independent |
| | | Director candidates by shareholders holding more than 1% of |
| 2021.03.30 | 12-8 | the shares for the by-election at the general shareholders' |
| | | meeting. |
| | | (3) Approved the revision of the reason for convening the |
| | | Company's 2021 General Shareholders' Meeting. |
| | | (4) Approved the removal of the non-compete clause for Directors |
| | | of the Company. |
| | | (1) Approved the proposal for the Company's CPA fees for 2021.(2) Approved the proposal for the appointment of the Company's |
| | | (2) Approved the proposal for the appointment of the Company's Corporate Governance Officer. |
| | | (3) Approved the proposal for application for renewal of short-term |
| | | credit lines and financial product trading facilities to banks. |
| 2021.05.04 | 12-9 | (4) Approved the proposal for application for renewal of a |
| | | short-term credit line to banks. |
| | | (5) Approved the proposal for amendment to the Company's |
| | | "Authorization Enforcement Rules" |
| | | (6) Approved the proposal for formulation of the Company's |

| | | "Cornerate Social Responsibility Post Practice Dringing" |
|------------|-------|---|
| | | "Corporate Social Responsibility Best Practice Principles" (7) Approved the proposal for the Company's "Risk Management |
| | | Policy and Procedures" |
| | | (8) Approved the proposal for amendment to the Company's "ESG |
| | | Committee Charter" |
| 2021.06.18 | 12-10 | Approved the proposal for postponement of the date and place of the 2021 Annual General Shareholders' Meeting |
| | | (1) Approved the appointment of members of the Company's 4 th |
| | | Remuneration Committee. (2) Approved the proposal for application for renewal of a comprehensive credit line and financial product trading facilities to banks |
| | | (3) Approved the proposal for application for renewal of a credit line to banks |
| 2021.08.06 | 12-11 | (4) Approved the proposal for amendment to the Company's |
| | | "Budget Management Regulations" |
| | | (5) Approved the proposal for disposal of Yeo-Chia Investment Co., Ltd. and Yeo-Mao Investment Co., Ltd. in the third quarter of |
| | | |
| | | (6) Approved the proposal for addition of the authorized traders for derivatives trading. |
| | | (7) Approved the proposal for change of the Chairman and CEO of the Company. |
| | | (1) Approved the proposal for the appointment of the Company's |
| | | managerial officers |
| | | (2) Approved the proposal for amendment to the Company's |
| | | "Management Regulations on the Remuneration of Directors |
| | | and Functional Committee Members" |
| | | (3) Approved the proposal for the remuneration to the newly |
| | | appointed Chairman |
| 2021.08.31 | 12-12 | (4) Approved the proposal for the remuneration to the newly appointed President of the Group |
| | | (5) Approved the proposal for the new CEO's salary adjustment. (6) Approved the proposal for managerial officers' salary |
| | | adjustment |
| | | (7) Approved the proposal for the Company's capital reduction |
| | | record date, capital reduction and share exchange record date, |
| | | and capital reduction and share exchange plan |
| | | (1) Approved the Company's 2022 annual audit plan |
| | | (2) Approved the proposal for amendment to the Company's "ESG Committee Charter" |
| | | (3) Approved the proposal for formulation of the Company's |
| | | "Implementation Measures for the Whistleblowing System" |
| 2021 11 05 | 12.12 | (4) Approved the proposal for amendment to the Company's |
| 2021.11.05 | 12-13 | "Remuneration Committee Charter" |
| | | (5) Approved the proposal for amendment to the Company's "Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles" |
| | | (6) Approved the proposal for application for renewal of credit lines |
| | | and derivatives trading facilities to banks |
| | | (7) Approved the proposal for application for renewal of a |
| | | short-term credit line and derivatives trading facilities to banks |

| 2022.02.22 | 12-14 | (8) Approved the proposal for disposal of the securities held by Yeo-Mao Investment Ltd. and transfer them to Yeo-Tai Investment Ltd. and D-Link Corporation (9) Approved the proposal for replacement of the Company's Corporate Governance Officer (1) Approved the proposal for the 2021 Internal Control System Statement (2) Approved the proposal for the appointment of the Company's managerial officers (3) Approved the proposal for the 2022 performance target plan for managerial officers (4) Approved the proposal for ratification of the employee remuneration and bonuses to the Company's managerial officers (Assistant Vice Presidents or above) (5) Approved the proposal for amendment to the "Management Regulations on the Remuneration of Directors and Functional Committee Members" (6) Approved the proposal for the CPAs' fees for the Company's financial statements and taxation (8) Approved the proposal for application for renewal of a short-term credit line and derivatives trading to banks (10) Approved the proposal for the ron-compete clause for the Company's managerial officers (11) Approved the removal of the non-compete clause for the Company's managerial officers (12) Approved matters related to the convening of the 2022 Annual General Shareholders' Meeting (13) Approved matters related to the convening of the 2022 Annual General Shareholders' Meeting (14) Approved the proposal for amendment to the Company's "Group-Wide Tax Policy and Management Regulations" (15) Approved the proposal for amendment to the Company's "Corporate Social Responsibility Best Practice Principles" (16) Approved the proposal for amendment to the Company's "Corporate Social Responsibility Best Practice Principles" (17) Approved the proposal for amendment to the Company's "Corporate Social Responsibility Best Practice Principles" (17) Approved the proposal for amendment to the Compan |
|------------|-------|--|
| 2022.03.29 | 12-15 | (1) Approved the proposal for 2021 employees' and Directors' remuneration distribution (2) Approved the Company's 2021 Business Report and Financial Statements (3) Approved the 2022 business plan and budget proposal (4) Approved the 2021 statement of earnings distribution (5) Approved the cash dividends from capital surplus (6) Approved the proposal for amendment to the "Articles of |

| Company's 2022 Annual General Shareholders' Meeting. |
|--|
|--|

(XIII) Major Issues of Record or Written Statements Made by any Director Dissenting to Important Resolutions Passed by the Board of Directors in the Most Recent Year and as of the Printing Date of this Annual Report:

| Date of Meeting | Term-Session | Major Resolutions |
|--------------------|--------------|---|
| 2021.03.17 | 12-7 | Proposal A: Proposal for dismissal and appointment of the Company's Business President. Directors' dissenting opinions: Director Alan Yu, the representative of Pu Ju Investment Co., Ltd., was concerned about the competition issue for the new managerial officer. Proposal B: Proposal for the Company's 2021 Business President's KPI and remuneration. Directors' dissenting opinions: Director Alan Yu, the representative of Pu Ju Investment Co., Ltd., made an explanation and expressed the same view as that for Proposal A. Proposal C: Proposal for the President's salary adjustment in 2021. Directors' dissenting opinions: Director David Tai, the representative of Pu Ju Investment Co., Ltd., suggested that the system should be improved first. Proposal D: Proposal for 2020 employees' and Directors' remuneration distribution Directors' dissenting opinions: Directors Alan Yu and David Tai, the representatives of Pu Ju Investment Co., Ltd., suggested that the use of funds should be carefully considered first. Proposal E: The Company's 2020 earnings distribution proposal. Directors' dissenting opinions: Director Alan Yu, the representative of Pu Ju Investment Co., Ltd., expressed reservations about this proposal. Proposal F: Proposal for cash capital reduction by the Company. Directors' dissenting opinions: Independent Director Shyang-Fong Chung and Directors Alan Yu and David Tai, the representatives of Pu Ju Investment Co., Ltd., all suggested that the use of funds should be carefully considered first. |
| 2021.03.30 | 12-8 | Proposal: The by-election of an Independent Director and the review of a list of independent director candidates nominated by the Board of Directors. Directors' dissenting opinions: Directors Alan Yu and David Tai, the representatives of Pu Ju Investment Co., Ltd., expressed reservations about this proposal. |
| 2022.02.22 | 12-14 | Proposal: Proposal for the removal of the non-compete clause for the Company's managerial officers. Directors' dissenting opinions: Director Alan Yu, the representative of Pu Ju Investment Co., Ltd., Director John Lee, and Director Howard Kao |

| Date of Meeting | Term-Session | Major Resolutions |
|--------------------|--------------|--|
| | | expressed reservations about this proposal, while Director David Tai, |
| | | the representative of Pu Ju Investment Co., Ltd., expressed opposition |
| | | to this proposal. |
| | | Proposal: Proposal for the cash dividends from capital surplus. |
| 2022 02 20 | 12-15 | Directors' dissenting opinions: Director Alan Yu and David Tai, the |
| 2022.03.29 | 12-15 | representatives of Pu Ju Investment Co., Ltd., Director John Lee, and |
| | | Director Howard Kao expressed opposition to this proposal. |

(XIV) A Summary of Resignations and Dismissals of the Company's Chairman, President, Chief Accounting Officer, Financial Manager, Internal Auditor, Corporate Governance Officer, or Research and Development Officer During the Most Recent Fiscal Year and up to the Date of Publication of the Annual Report:

| Title | Name | Appointment Date | Date of Resignation or Dismissal | Reasons for resignation or dismissal |
|---------------------------------|----------|------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Chairman | John Lee | 2020.06.15 | 2021.08.06 | Resigned |
| Corporate Governance Officer | IC Hsu | 2021.05.04 | 2021.11.05 | Dismissed |

V. Information on CPA Professional Fees

(I) CPA Professional Fees in the Most Recent Year

Unit: NT\$ Thousand

| CPA Firm | Name of CPAs | Audit Period | Audit Fee | Non-Audi t Fee | Total | Remarks |
|-------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|-----------|-------------------|---------|---|
| | Pao-Lien Chou | 2021.01.01 2021.12.31 | \$4,480 | \$1,240 | \$5,720 | Non-audit fees were mainly fees related to the audit and certification of profit-seeking enterprise income tax returns filed, employee salary review service, transfer pricing report, and the audit and certification of the business tax direct deduction method. |
| KPMG Taiwan | Chiu-Hua Hsieh | 2021.01.01 2021.12.31 | | | | |

- (II) Where the CPA Firm was Replaced, the Audit Fees Paid in the Fiscal Year When the Replacement was Made were Less Than that in the Previous Fiscal Year Before Replacement, the Amount of Audit Fees Paid Before/After Replacement and Reasons Thereof Shall be Disclosed: Not applicable.
- (III) Where Accounting Fee Paid for the Year was More Than 10% Less Than that of the Previous Year, the sum, Proportion, and Cause of the Reduction Shall Be Disclosed: The accounting fee in 2020 decreased by NT\$783 thousand, a decrease of 14.87% compared with 2020, mainly due to the enhanced audit efficiency as a result of the improved audit techniques.

VI. Replacement of CPA: Not applicable.

VII. The Company's Chairman, President, or any Managerial Officer in Charge of Finance or Accounting Matters Who Has, in the Most Recent Year, Held a Position at the Accounting Firm of its CPA or at an Affiliated Firm: None.

- VIII. Equity Transfer or Changes in Equity Pledged by the Company's Directors, Managerial Officers, or Shareholders with Shareholding Percentage Exceeding 10% in the Most Recent Year as of the Publication Date of this Annual Report:
- (I) Shareholding Changes of Directors, Managers and Major Shareholders

| | | 20 | 21 | Unit: Share up to 2022.03.31 | | |
|---------------------------|--|--|---|--|---|--|
| Title | Name | Change in Quantity of Shareholding | Change in Quantity of Pledged Shares | Change in Quantity of Shareholding | Change in Quantity of Pledged Shares | |
| Chairman | Victor Kuo | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Institutional Director | Young Syun Investment Co., Ltd. | (521,600) | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| | Representative: Joseph Wang | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| | Representative: Steve Lin (Resigned on 2022.02.2) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Institutional Director | Pu Ju Investment Co., Ltd. | 3,448,120 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| | Representative: David Tai | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| | Representative: Alan Yu | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Director | John Lee | (4,752,380) | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Director | Howard Kao | (275,543) | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Independent Director | Richard Chen | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Independent Director | Richard Lee | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Independent Director | Chun-Hsiung Chu (Be elected on 2021.07.05) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Independent Director | Shyang-Fong Chung (Resigned on 2021.03.19) | 0 | 0 | N/A | N/A | |
| CEO | CJ Chang | (114) | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| President | Mark Chen | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Senior Vice Predisent | Sara Cheng | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| | | 20 | 21 | up to 202 | up to 2022.03.31 | | |
|------------------------------------|---|--|---|--|---|--|--|
| Title | Name | Change in Quantity of Shareholding | Change in Quantity of Pledged Shares | Change in Quantity of Shareholding | Change in Quantity of Pledged Shares | | |
| Vice Predisent | Rita Huang | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| Vice Predisent | Kevin Chung | (25,805) | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| CFO | Joanne Chen | 200,000 | | | | | |
| Accounting Supervisor | Claire Chou | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| Corporate Governance Officer | Wynne Ho | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| Advisor | Fred Fong | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| Vice Predisent | Shang-Lin Chung (Resigned on 2021.08.31) | 0 | 0 | N/A | N/A | | |
| Vice Predisent | Louis Huang (Resigned on 2021.09.16) | 0 | 0 | N/A | N/A | | |
| Vice Predisent | ML Jean (Resigned on 2021.09.30) | 0 | 0 | N/A | N/A | | |
| Vice Predisent | GK Lee (Transferred on 2021.10.31) | 0 | 0 | N/A | N/A | | |
| Assitant Vice President | Ziva (Resigned on 2021.10.15) | 0 | 0 | N/A | N/A | | |
| Chief Software Officer | Allen Cheng (Resigned on 2021.11.02) | 0 | 0 | N/A | N/A | | |
| Corporate Governance Officer | IC Hsu (Dismissed on 2021.11.05) | 0 | 0 | N/A | N/A | | |

Note: In order to enhance the rate of return on equity and adjust the capital structure, the annual general shareholders' meeting on July 5, 2021, approved a capital reduction of NT\$521,596,930 and cancellation of 52,159,693 issued shares. The letter No. 1101804504 issued by Taiwan Stock Exchange has approved the application.

(II) Stock Transfer with Related Party: None.

(III) Stock Pledged with Related Party: None.

IX. Information on the Relationship Between the Top 10 Shareholders of the Company

| the company | | | | | | | | 2022.03.28 | |
|---|-------------|------|-----------------------------------|---|---|---|---|--------------------------|------|
| Name | Shares Held | | Shares Held by Spouse & Minors | | Shares Held in the Name of Others | | Name and Relationship between DLC's Shareholders | | Note |
| | Shares | % | Shares | % | Shares | % | Name | Relation | |
| Sapido Technology Inc. Representative: Yun-Chin Li | 59,818,400 | 9.97 | _ | - | _ | _ | _ | _ | - |
| Yitongyuan investment Co., Ltd. | 32,825,600 | 5.47 | | _ | _ | _ | Young Syun Investment Co., Ltd. | Controlling company | |
| Representative: Chun-Yi Huang | 52,025,000 | 5.47 | | | | | Chun-Yen Huang | The sister of the spouse | |
| Pu Ju Investment Co., Ltd. Representative: Lori Hu | 15,939,120 | 2.66 | _ | - | _ | - | _ | _ | _ |
| E-Top Metal Co., Ltd. Representative: Ching-Li Yen | 11,828,189 | 1.97 | - | - | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Chia Hwa Investment Co., Ltd. Representative: Feng-Yun Chou | 11,454,000 | 1.91 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Vanguard Emerging Markets Stock Index Fund a Series of Vanguard International Equity Index Funds | 7,378,400 | 1.23 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | |
| JPMorgan Chase Bank N.A. Taipei Branch in custody for Vanguard Total International Stock Index Fund a series of Vanguard Star Funds | 7,312,584 | 1.22 | _ | _ | _ | | _ | _ | _ |
| John Lee | 6,697,364 | 1.12 | _ | l | - | - | _ | _ | l |
| Young Syun Investment Co., Ltd. Representative: Chun-Yen | 5,998,400 | 1.00 | _ | _ | _ | _ | Yitongyuan Investment Co., Ltd. | subordinate company | _ |
| Huang | | | | | | | Chun-Yi Huang | the spouse of the sister | |
| Chien Chin Investment Co., Ltd. Representative: Chih-Hao, Chien | 5,434,069 | 0.91 | _ | - | - | - | - | _ | - |

X. The Shareholding of the Same Invested Company by the Company, the Directors, the Managers, or Another Business that is Controlled by the Company Directly or Indirectly

2021.12.31; Note 1: Refers to company limited

| Investee (Note 2) | Investment by Company | | Investments Dire Indirectly Contro Directors, Supervis Managers of the C | Total Investments | | |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------|---|-------------------|------------|--------|
| | Shares | % | Shares | % | Shares | % |
| D-Link Canada Inc. | 5,736,000 | 100.00 | _ | _ | 5,736,000 | 100.00 |
| D-Link Systems, Inc. | 47,295,007 | 98.44 | 750,000 | 1.56 | 48,045,007 | 100.00 |
| D-Link Holding Company Ltd. | 68,062,500 | 100.00 | _ | _ | 68,062,500 | 100.00 |
| D-Link (Europe) Ltd. | - | _ | 32,497,455 | 100.00 | 32,497,455 | 100.00 |
| D-Link AB | - | _ | 15,500 | 100.00 | 15,500 | 100.00 |
| D-Link (Magyarorszag) Kft | - | _ | 300 | 100.00 | 300 | 100.00 |
| D-Link France SARL | _ | — | 114,560 | 100.00 | 114,560 | 100.00 |
| D-Link Polska Sp. Z.o.o. | - | _ | 100 | 100.00 | 100 | 100.00 |
| D-Link Iberia SL | - | _ | 50,000 | 100.00 | 50,000 | 100.00 |
| D-Link s.r.o. | - | _ | 100 | 100.00 | 100 | 100.00 |
| D-Link (Netherlands) BV | - | _ | 50,000 | 100.00 | 50,000 | 100.00 |
| D-Link Mediterraneo SRL | - | _ | 50,000 | 100.00 | 50,000 | 100.00 |
| D-Link (Deutschland) GmbH | - | _ | Note 1 | 100.00 | Note 1 | 100.00 |
| D-Link (Holdings) Ltd. | - | _ | 3 | 100.00 | 3 | 100.00 |
| D-Link (UK) Ltd. | - | — | 300,100 | 100.00 | 300,100 | 100.00 |
| D-Link Adria d.o.o. | - | _ | Note 1 | 100.00 | Note 1 | 100.00 |
| OOO D-Link Russia | - | _ | Note 1 | 100.00 | Note 1 | 100.00 |
| Success Stone Overseas Corp. | - | _ | 9,822 | 100.00 | 9,822 | 100.00 |
| D-Link Holding Mauritius, Inc. | - | _ | 200,000 | 100.00 | 200,000 | 100.00 |
| D-Link (India) Ltd. | - | _ | 18,114,663 | 51.02 | 18,114,663 | 51.02 |
| TeamF1 Networks Private Ltd. | - | _ | 10,500 | 51.02 | 10,500 | 51.02 |
| D-Link Shiang-Hai (Cayman) Inc. | - | — | 50,000 | 100.00 | 50,000 | 100.00 |
| D-Link (Shiang-Hai) Co., Ltd. | _ | _ | Note 1 | 100.00 | Note 1 | 100.00 |
| Netpro Trading (Shiang-Hai) Co., Ltd. | - | _ | Note 1 | 100.00 | Note 1 | 100.00 |

| r | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|---------------|--------|------------|--------|---------------|--------|
| D-Link International Pte. Ltd. | 66,074,660 | 99.36 | 425,340 | 0.64 | 66,500,000 | 100.00 |
| D-Link Korea Limited | _ | — | 330,901 | 100.00 | 330,901 | 100.00 |
| D-Link Trade M | _ | _ | Note 1 | 100.00 | Note 1 | 100.00 |
| D-Link Russia Investment Co. Ltd. | _ | _ | 25,000,000 | 100.00 | 25,000,000 | 100.00 |
| D-Link Malaysia Sdn Bhd | _ | _ | 800,000 | 100.00 | 800,000 | 100.00 |
| D-Link Service Lithuania, UAB | _ | _ | 1,000 | 100.00 | 1,000 | 100.00 |
| D-Link Sudamerica S.A. | 199,999 | 100.00 | 1 | _ | 200,000 | 100.00 |
| D-Link Mexicana S.A de C.V | 152,066 | 100.00 | 3 | _ | 152,069 | 100.00 |
| D-Link Japan K.K. | 9,500 | 100.00 | - | — | 9,500 | 100.00 |
| D-Link Australia Pty Ltd. | 999,000 | 99.90 | 1,000 | 0.10 | 1,000,000 | 100.00 |
| D-Link Middle East FZCO | 5 | 83.33 | 1 | 16.67 | 6 | 100.00 |
| D Link Network | _ | _ | 100 | 100.00 | 100 | 100.00 |
| D-Link Brazil LTDA. | 2,964,836,727 | 100.00 | 100 | _ | 2,964,836,827 | 100.00 |
| D-Link Investment Pte. Ltd. | 2,200,000 | 100.00 | _ | _ | 2,200,000 | 100.00 |
| 000 D-Link Trade | _ | _ | Note 1 | 100.00 | Note 1 | 100.00 |
| T-COM, LLC | _ | _ | Note 1 | 40.00 | Note 1 | 40.00 |
| D-Link Latin-America Company Ltd. | 41,000 | 100.00 | _ | _ | 41,000 | 100.00 |
| D-Link Peru S.A. | _ | _ | 3,500 | 100.00 | 3,500 | 100.00 |
| D-Link de Colombia S.A.S. | _ | _ | 1,443,605 | 100.00 | 1,443,605 | 100.00 |
| D-Link Guatemala S.A. | _ | _ | 99,000 | 99.00 | 99,000 | 99.00 |
| D-Link Argentina S.A. | _ | _ | 100 | 100.00 | 100 | 100.00 |
| Yeo-Tai Investment Ltd. | 14,600,000 | 100.00 | - | _ | 14,600,000 | 100.00 |
| Xtramus Technologies Co., Ltd. | _ | _ | 1,832,446 | 41.18 | 1,832,446 | 41.18 |
| Cameo Communications, Inc. | 137,532,993 | 41.58 | - | _ | 137,532,993 | 41.58 |
| MiiiCasa Holding (Cayman) Inc. | _ | _ | 21,000,000 | 28.98 | 21,000,000 | 28.98 |

Note 2: Investments accounted for using equity method.

Chapter 4 Capital and Shares

I. Capital and Shares

(I) Sources of Capital

Unit: Thousand shares; NT\$ Thousand; 2022.03.31

| | | Authorized capital | | Paid-in Capital | | Remarks | | |
|----------------|----------------|--------------------|-----------|-----------------|-----------|--|--|--|
| Month/ Year | Issue Price | Shares | Amount | Shares | Amount | Sources of Capital | Capital Increase by Assets Other than Cash | Other |
| Aug. 2006 | 10 | 880,000 | 8,800,000 | 675,378 | 6,753,780 | Capital increase from retained earnings 119,432 Capital increase from capital surplus by 477,729 Capital increase from employee bonus by 65,000 | _ | 08/21/2006 Department of Commerce, MOEA No. 09501184120 |
| Nov. 2006 | 10 | 880,000 | 8,800,000 | 663,780 | 6,637,801 | Reduction of treasury shares by 120,000 | _ | 11/28/2006 Department of Commerce, MOEA No. 09501266710 |
| Aug. 2007 | 10 | 880,000 | 8,800,000 | 683,846 | 6,838,456 | Capital increase from retained earnings 132,676 Capital increase from employee bonus by 72,000 | _ | 08/14/2007 Department of Commerce, MOEA No. 09601196230 |
| Nov. 2007 | 10 | 880,000 | 8,800,000 | 547,076 | 5,470,765 | Cash capital reduction 1,367,691 | _ | 11/21/2007 Department of Commerce, MOEA No. 09601286290 |
| Aug. 2008 | 10 | 880,000 | 8,800,000 | 565,218 | 5,652,180 | Capital increase from retained earnings 109,415 Capital increase from employee bonus by 72,000 | - | 08/19/2008 Department of Commerce, MOEA No. 09701205030 |
| Sep. 2009 | 10 | 880,000 | 8,800,000 | 647,580 | 6,475,803 | Capital increase from retained earnings 823,623 | - | 09/08/2009 Department of Commerce, MOEA No. 09801206030 |
| Oct. 2014 | 10 | 880,000 | 8,800,000 | 635,580 | 6,355,803 | Reduction of treasury shares 120,000 | - | 10/17/2014 Department of Commerce, MOEA No. 10301214590 |
| Oct. 2014 | 10 | 880,000 | 8,800,000 | 647,756 | 6,477,557 | Capital increase from retained earnings 121,755 | _ | 10/17/2014 Department of Commerce, MOEA No. 10301214590 |
| Sep. 2015 | 10 | 880,000 | 8,800,000 | 678,803 | 6,788,032 | Capital increase from retained earnings 155,237 Capital increased by capital surplus 155,237 | - | 09/02/2015 Department of Commerce, MOEA No. 10401179680 |
| Nov. 2015 | 10 | 880,000 | 8,800,000 | 676,996 | 6,769,962 | Reduction of treasury shares 18,070 | - | 11/27/2015 Department of Commerce, MOEA No. 10401253760 |
| Apr. 2016 | 10 | 880,000 | 8,800,000 | 651,996 | 6,519,962 | Reduction of treasury shares 25,000 | _ | 04/07/2016 Department of Commerce, MOEA No. 10501064990 |
| Oct. 2021 | 10 | 880,000 | 8,800,000 | 599,836 | 5,998,365 | Cash capital reduction 521,597 | _ | 10/05/2021 Department of Commerce, MOEA No. 11001171690 |

Unit: share

Unit: share: 2022 03 28

| Share Type | | Authorized Capital | | Dementer |
|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------|-------------|----------|
| | Issued Shares | Unissued Shares | Total | Remarks |
| Registered Common Shares | 599,836,473 | 280,163,527 | 880,000,000 | Listed |

Shelf Registration: None

(II) Shareholder Structure

| | | | | | Unit: share | e; 2022.03.28 |
|---------------------------------|------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|---------------|
| Shareholder Structure QTY | Government | Financial Institutions | Other Juridical Persons | Domestic Natural Persons | Foreign Institutions and Natural Persons | Total |
| Number of shareholders | 2 | 1 | 214 | 65,527 | 200 | 65,944 |
| Shareholding | 174 | 13,800 | 173,504,094 | 381,169,985 | 45,148,420 | 599,836,473 |
| Percentage (%) | 0.00 | 0.00 | 28.93 | 63.54 | 7.53 | 100 |

(III) Distribution of Shareholding

| | | | UTIIL. STIALE, 2022.03.28 |
|--------------------|---------------------------|--------------|---------------------------|
| Shareholding Range | Number of shareholders | Shareholding | Percentage (%) |
| 1-999 | 32,773 | 9,022,207 | 1.50 |
| 1,000-5,000 | 21,203 | 52,635,237 | 8.77 |
| 5,001-10,000 | 5,797 | 45,178,430 | 7.53 |
| 10,001-15,000 | 1,834 | 22,742,747 | 3.79 |
| 15,001-20,000 | 1,280 | 23,202,538 | 3.87 |
| 20,001-30,000 | 1,045 | 26,356,579 | 4.39 |
| 30,001-40,000 | 495 | 17,469,789 | 2.91 |
| 40,001-50,000 | 367 | 16,771,595 | 2.80 |
| 50,001-100,000 | 664 | 47,160,749 | 7.86 |
| 100,001-200,000 | 273 | 38,654,901 | 6.44 |
| 200,001-400,000 | 109 | 29,543,794 | 4.93 |
| 400,001-600,000 | 38 | 18,394,221 | 3.07 |
| 600,001-800,000 | 16 | 10,747,340 | 1.79 |
| 800,001-1,000,000 | 8 | 7,431,177 | 1.24 |
| 1,000,001 or more | 42 | 234,525,169 | 39.11 |
| Total | 65,944 | 599,836,473 | 100 |

(IV) List of MAJOR SHAREHOLDERS

| | Un | iit: share; 2022.03.28 |
|---------------------------------|--------------|------------------------|
| Shareholding Shareholder's Name | Shareholding | Percentage (%) |
| Sapido Technology Inc. | 59,818,400 | 9.97 |
| Yitongyuan investment Co., Ltd. | 32,825,600 | 5.47 |
| Pu Ju Investment Co., Ltd. | 15,939,120 | 2.66 |
| E-Top Metal Co., Ltd. | 11,828,189 | 1.97 |
| Chia Hwa Investment Co., Ltd. | 11,454,000 | 1.91 |

| Vanguard Emerging Markets Stock Index Fund a Series of Vanguard International Equity Index Funds | 7,378,400 | 1.23 |
|---|-----------|------|
| JPMorgan Chase Bank N.A. Taipei Branch in custody for Vanguard Total International Stock Index Fund a series of Vanguard Star Funds | 7,312,584 | 1.22 |
| John Lee | 6,697,364 | 1.12 |
| Young Syun Investment Co., Ltd. | 5,998,400 | 1.00 |
| Chien Chin Investment Co., Ltd. | 5,434,069 | 0.91 |

(V) Market Price, Net Worth, Earnings, and Dividends Per Share and Relevant Information in the Most Recent Two Years

Unit: NT\$; thousand shares; %

| Item | | Year | 2020 | 2021 |
|------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------|---------|
| | Н | ighest | 30.8 | 30.65 |
| Market Price Per Share | L | owest | 8.1 | 16.2 |
| (Note 1) | A | verage | 16.91 | 20.69 |
| Net Worth Per Share | Before | Distribution | 14.20 | 14.13 |
| (Note 2) | After I | Distribution | 13.90 | 13.83 |
| Formings Dor Sharo | Weighted Average Shares | | 651,996 | 643,610 |
| Earnings Per Share | Earnings Per Share (Note 3) | | 1.90 | 0.38 |
| | Cash Dividends | | 0.30 | 0.30 |
| | Stock Dividends | From Retained Earnings | _ | _ |
| Dividends Per Share | | From Capital Surplus | _ | _ |
| | | Unpaid Dividends Note 4) | _ | _ |
| | Price/Earnings Ratio (Note 5) | | 8.90 | 54.45 |
| Return on Investment | Price/Dividend Ratio (Note 6) | | 56.37 | 68.97 |
| | Cash Dividend Yield (Note 7) | | 1.77% | 1.45% |

* In the event of shares issued for capitalization of retained earnings or capital surplus, the market price and cash dividend information retrospectively adjusted as per the number of shares issued shall be disclosed.

Note 1: The highest and lowest market price of the shares for each fiscal year are listed, and the average market price for each fiscal year is calculated based on trading value and volume in each year.

Note 2: Please fill these rows based on the number of shares issued at the end of the fiscal year and the distribution plan resolved by the Board of Directors or approved at the shareholders' meeting in the subsequent fiscal year.

Note 3: If retrospective adjustment is required due to distribution of stock dividends, the earnings per share before and after adjustment shall be entered.

Note 4: If the conditions for the issuance of equity securities stipulate that the unpaid dividends in the year can be accumulated till the year in which there is a surplus, the cumulative unpaid dividends up to the year shall be disclosed separately.

Note 5: Price/Earnings Ratio = Average closing price per share for current fiscal the year / Earnings per share.

Note 6: Price/Dividend Ratio = Average closing price per share of the year / Cash dividend per share.

Note 7: Cash Dividend Yield Rate = Cash dividend per share / Average closing price per share for the current fiscal year.

Note 8: Net worth per share and earnings per share shall be based on the information, audited (reviewed) by CPAs, in the most

recent quarter as of the publication date of the annual report. The remaining fields shall be based on the information in the current year up to the publication date of the annual report.

(VI) Dividend Policy and Implementation Status

1. Dividend Policy:

In response to the overall business environment and the nature industrial growth, the Company's long-term financial planning recruitment of domestic and foreign talents and pursuit of sustainable business operations, the Company adopts a residual dividend policy.

The Company's "Articles of Incorporation" provides that the Company's annual profit, if any, at the end of the year, it shall be distributed in the following order: (1) Tax payment (2) Set off accumulated deficits (3) Appropriate 10% as legal reserve (4) Appropriate or return to special reserve pursuant to regulations formulated by the competent authority (5) If there is a surplus after the preceding deductions, the balance and the accumulated undistributed surplus will be determined by the Board for distribution. Shall the remuneration be distributed in form of new shares, such matter shall be resolved by the Shareholders' Meeting before distribution thereof. The total amount of shareholder dividends shall be no less than 30% of the distributable profit of the year.

As stipulated by Article 240 and 241 of the Company Act, the Company may distribute the dividends to be distributed, or all or part of the legal reserve and capital reserve in form of cash and report to the Shareholders' Meeting, after such matter has been determined by a majority of the Directors at a meeting attended by two-thirds or more of the total number of Directors.

Dividend types: Based on the Company's capital budget plan, stock dividends may be distributed to retain the required funds, and the rest are distributed in in form of cash, provided that the cash dividends are not less than 10% of the total dividends.

2. Proposed Dividend Distribution at the Shareholders' Meeting:

The Company's Board of Directors, on March 29, 2022, resolved to distribute a total of NT\$179,950,942 from capital surplus derived from the issuance of new shares at a premium based on the shareholding as recorded on the shareholders' roster on the ex-dividend date at NT\$0.3 per share. After reporting to shareholders' meeting on May 27, 2022, the Chairman is authorized to set the ex-dividend date and other matters.

(VII)Impact of Issuing Stock Dividend Proposed in this Shareholders' Meeting on the Company's Operational Performance and Earnings Per Share: Not applicable.

(VIII) Compensation of Employees and Remuneration of Directors

- Information Relating to Percentage or Scope of Compensation for Employees and Remuneration for Directors in the "Articles of Incorporation": The Company shall appropriate 1% to 15% of the current year's profit as compensation to employees, and no more than 1% of the current year's profit as remuneration to Directors. However, profits must first be taken to offset against cumulative losses if any.
- 2. The Basis for Estimating the Amount of Compensation to Employees and Remuneration to Directors, for Calculating the Number of Shares to be Distributed as Employee Compensation, and the Accounting Treatment of the Discrepancy, if any, Between the Actual Distributed Amount and the Estimated Figure, for the Current Period: The compensation to the Company's employees and the remuneration to directors is

estimated based on the Company's net income before tax for a period less the employees' compensation and directors' remuneration multiplied by the percentages for employees' compensation and directors' remuneration stipulated in the "Articles of Incorporation" and recognized in operating costs or operating expenses for the same period. Any difference between the estimated amount and the amount distributed as resolved by the Board of Directors is accounted for as changes in estimates and recognized in the subsequent year's profit or loss.

- 3. Distribution of Compensation of Employees and Remuneration of Directors Approved by the Board of Directors:
 - (1) Amount of compensation distributed to employees and amount of remuneration distributed to Directors in the form of cash or stock: The Board of Directors approved employees' compensation of NT\$12,621 thousand and directors' remuneration of NT\$1,262 thousand on March 29, 2022.
 - (2) The amount of any employee compensation distributed in stocks, and the amount as a percentage of the sum of the after-tax net income stated in the parent company only financial reports or individual financial report: Not applicable.
- 4. Information of Distribution of 2020 Compensation of Employees and Remuneration of Directors (with an Indication of the Number of Shares, Monetary Amount, and Stock Price, of the Shares Distributed) and, if there is Any Discrepancy Between the Actual Distribution and the Recognized Employees' Compensation and Directors' Remuneration, Additionally the Discrepancy, Cause, and How it is Treated:

In 2020, the Company's actual distribution of employees' compensation and directors' remuneration were \$46,800 thousand and \$4,680 thousand, respectively. The actual distributions of employees' compensation and directors' remuneration were higher than estimated amounts and the total difference was \$8,544 thousand shall be accounted for as a change in accounting estimate and recognized in the current year.

- (IX) Buy-back of the Company's Treasury Stock: None.
- II. Issuance of Corporate Bonds: None.
- III. Issuance of Preferred Shares: None.
- IV. Issuance of Overseas Depository Receipts: None.
- V. Status of Employee Stock Option: None.
- VI. Status of New Shares Issuance in Connection with Mergers and Acquisitions: None.
- VII. Financing Plans and Implementation: None.

Chapter 5 Business Overview

I. Business Activities

(I) Business scope

1. Major Lines of Business

The Company sells networking and connectivity systems and products for service providers, small and medium businesses, enterprises, and consumers. In recent years, it has developed cloud application platforms and provided various network application solutions..

2. Major Product Lines

| | | | | Unit: NT\$ Thousand |
|---------------------|----------------|---------------------|----------------|---------------------|
| | The Co | mpany | All Consolid | ated Entities |
| Products | Total Sales | Percentage of Sales | Total Sales | Percentage of Sales |
| | Amount in 2021 | (%) | Amount in 2021 | (%) |
| Networking Products | 786,679 | 56.49 | 15,364,507 | 98.97 |
| Service revenue | 605,896 | 43.51 | 160,394 | 1.03 |
| Total | 1,392,575 | 100.00 | 15,524,901 | 100.00 |

3. Current Major Products

(1) Switches

The hardware circuit in the switch can recognize the destined port of the sending packets and then forward data to that port only. It accomplishes the high bandwidth data transfer by establishing the connections between sending and receiving ports. It is a network device that provides the data exchange functions between Layer 2 (Data Link Layer) and Layer 3 (Network layer).

The product lines can be divided into unmanaged, smart, managed, chassis, and industrial switches, to provide the SOHO group, SMBs, enterprises, and telecom companies with network equipment solutions. The Data Center switches offer 10G/40G/100G transmission interface to meet the needs of data centers.

(2) Wireless LAN products

A wireless access point (AP) or router is a device for logging in and accessing to the Internet through a wireless network. The wireless network eliminates the need for wiring, which not only provides flexibility but also increases the convenience for accessing the Internet. At present, the mainstream products are IEEE802.11ax wireless routers with transfer speed of nearly 10Gbps and supporting IEEE 802.11ac, with a speed of up to 6.9Gps. In addition, the Company's various types of routers also support value-added functions, including built-in Secure Home Platform, Mesh network, automatic firmware update (FOTA), and voice control (Alexa and Google Assistant). Since the launch of the EAGLE Pro Al series, we have provided intelligent network management, automatic frequency band selection, weekly network performance report, and other user-friendly intelligent functions, with the aim of continuing to improve the home network experience.

(3) Broadband Products

Broadband refers to the high-speed wide area network (WAN) connectivity for Internet access. The most common transmission media are the copper wire (the transmission standards include ADSL, VDSL, VDSL2, and the newer G.fast) and the optical fiber (the main transmission standards are EPON, GPON, 10G EPON, NG-PON2, and XG(S)-PON). The LTE/5G router via the telecom mobile network is also a key project for the

Company's broadband product development.

(4) Digital Home Appliances

The main products are IP cameras and IoT peripherals, which can be integrated with the Company's cloud management platform as a complete smart home solution. There are home, business, indoor, and outdoor products for IP cameras. IoT devices include various sensors (such as motion sensors, water sensors, and door sensors), mydlink Mini Wi-Fi Smart Plug, smart home gateways, as well as relevant home automation and home security products.

(5) Cloud Application Product Solutions

The Company's mydlink cloud platform allows users to integrate all their connected devices and enjoy various functions, including "information", "view", "control", "access", and "sharing" to satisfy everyone's diverse needs under different network behaviors and habits as the best innovative application model for people to enter the cloud era. Nuclias Cloud is the Company's Cloud-managed networking solution. It allows SMBs to manage their entire network cost-effectively (including switches, indoor APs, outdoor APs, and firewalls), which can be set up conveniently, to satisfy the customers' needs. It can also create more profits for the Company and enhance the core value of its own brand. In addition to the revenue from sales of equipment, the service fees paid by customers not only raise the Company's gross profit margins but also support the Company's continuous investment in innovation and improvement to achieve the vision of sustainable operation.

(6) Other Networking Products

In light of the importance of network security, the Company provides a series of solutions to SMBs and enterprises to choose from, including firewalls and VPN routers. Other network peripheral products include networking cables, USB hubs, and USB network adapters.

4. New products and Technologies Under Development

(1) Switch

As network traffic continues to rise, the switch market will continue to grow. The Company will launch a series of 10G/100GbE Ethernet switches to effectively alleviate data traffic congestions from server and backbone network. In addition, we are rolling out new series of Data Center switches, PoE switches (surveillance switches) for IP camera deployment, and enterprise Cloud switches.

(2) Wireless LAN

Compared with the limitation of traditional wireless connection technology that can only transmit from a single point to another, a wireless Mesh network allows each router to be connected to each other, so as to avoid single point of failure, which will cause failure in a greater part and even the entire wireless network It not only improves network stability but also makes network cabling easier for consumers. Mesh routers have gradually become the mainstream of the market, and the Company has also successfully launched a series of new products to meet the market demand. The EAGLE PRO AI series performs calculations based on the analysis models corresponding to various data and then actively or passively makes suggestions for optimizing device settings. The Company will continue to design AI functional modules on the device, with the aim of allowing D-Link's products to be more trustworthy to users in terms of usability and security.

The Company has also launched a cloud network platform for SMBs and enterprises,

which is equipped with a series of switches, wireless APs, and security gateways, to meet customers' needs for rapid deployment, centralized management, lower thresholds for use, and lightening the burden on information IT personnel.

(3) Broadband Access Products

We will focus on high-end and high value-added as well as customized software requirements for our products. Therefore, we will roll out a series of Broadband Access products, including 11ax VDSL routers and 10G PON. In addition to continuing the competitive advantages brought by LTE/5G routers, we will invest in the research and development of relevant new technologies, including the 5G private network, and its growth can be anticipated in the future.

(4) Digital Home Products

The Company's IoT devices, including IP cameras, sensors, mydlink Mini Wi-Fi Smart Plug, and smart home gateways, which are equipped with the existing cloud management platform and advanced voice assistant like Alexa and Google Assistant. The gradual extension of solutions will not only create a more diverse and interesting and safer consumer experience but provide customized services for corporate clients.

(5) Cloud Value-added Services

In addition to the mydlink cloud platform for consumers, D-Link is actively developing cloud service platforms for corporate users, with the aim of increasing the depth and breadth of services through a series of wireless cloud APs and cloud switches for SMBs and enterprises, to increase customer stickiness and surpass competitors. Furthermore, with the maturity of various AI technologies (such as license plate recognition, vehicle fleet management, etc.), the Company has embarked on various technological integrations with the existing cloud services and equipment to enhance the vertical integration of the market and to create alternative business opportunities.

(II) Industry Overview

1. Development Status of the Industry

(1) Local Area Network (LAN)

Given the low-cost and easy-to-install characteristics of Ethernet, the LAN cabling at the network access layer and above around the world is still dominated by Ethernet. With the evolution of mobile Internet technology and the needs for greater bandwidth, 2.5G/ 10G/100G switches will gradually replace Gigabit switches.

The popularization of mobile Internet has accelerated the replacement of wired backbone networks. In the home network, the change in consumer habits has also brought about the needs for further replacement of wireless routers in the home. With the needs for faster speed, greater stability, and easier settings, the concept of comprehensive wireless network coverage at home, and the appearance design that features simplicity, modern look, and fit in with the living room, coupled with various voice assistants, wireless routers become more flexible and can be integrated into home life smoothly. Therefore, it is expected to lead to a huge wave of replacements.

(2) Wide Area Network

The broadband internet access has gradually upgraded to the optical fiber technology. Various passive optical network (PON) technologies are also thriving, including EPON, GPON, GEPON, and 10G PON. With the increasing popularization of Wi-Fi 6/6E/7 and mobile 5G, 10G PON, with its advantages of 10 times the downlink and unlink

transmission speed and supporting Mobile Backhaul, has become the mainstream technology, taking the network market by storm.

Although LTE is still the mainstream of wireless wide area communication, 5G is bound to become the key infrastructure, with the increasing demand for greater bandwidth and the various services driven by technologies such as AI and big data. In addition to networking devices that access the Internet via 5G network, Small Cell and Mobile Edge Computing are important areas for networking industry development.

2. Relevance of Upstream, Midstream, Lowstream of the Industry



3. Development Trend and Competition of Products

(1) Innovation Results and Core Values Over the Past Three Years

A. Focus on the development of a variety of cloud applications and solutions through the D-Link Cloud

At the end of 2011, the Company first launched the "Nuclias Series" platform for the networking industry. In recent years, it has gradually introduced various applications and integrated commercial solutions to the platform, which has brought the Nuclias to be more in line with customers' needs. The Nuclias cloud platform integrates various products, including switches, wireless access points, and security gateways. It allows customers to set up a wireless LAN (hot spot) in a very short time, to not only lower the technical threshold for users, reduce the manpower, time, and cost required for network management but enhance network security.

The Over the Air (OTA) function allows the software of D-Link's products to be upgraded to the latest version at any time to reduce the risk of increasing security vulnerabilities.

B. D-Link Security Surveillance Service Solution

The mydlink service solution is centered on surveillance, and the existing switches, IoT, and software are integrated into one cloud

service platform to allow customers to select, purchase, operate, and maintain security control equipment and systems more conveniently and easily, which significantly saves users' time and cost. Moreover, products of the same brand can avoid the issue of product incompatibility and provide users with a more stable security surveillance environment.

C. LTE /5G Advanced Technology Application

The Company's advanced cloud mobile solutions can help mobile operators provide users with ultra-fast Internet speeds to allow them to enjoy high throughput and greater mobility. The integration and innovation of LTE/5G routers and cloud services will completely change users' perception and habits of using the Internet. In the future, users can connect to the Internet through various CPE products anytime and anywhere, and experience the freedom and fun of the real high-quality mobile Internet access.

(2) Product Competition

At present, the leading players in high-end networking products are major networking companies in the United States. Major companies are leading the technology in the core layer of network, while the Company's strengths lie in the products at the aggregation layer and the access layer of network.

In terms of enterprise network, major competitors include Cisco and HP. As the Company has been devoted to the field of Ethernet for many years, it has established a complete supply chain ecosystem, including software and hardware R&D, production, technological support, as well as customer education and training. Although facing the threat of low-price competition from China's companies, the Company is still very competitive.

In wireless LANs, low-end switches, and broadband product segments, low-priced brands, such as TP-Link, have developed rapidly in China and emerging countries, which has resulted in price competition in the retail/telecom market. In addition to consolidating the supply chain to reduce costs, the Company will enhance its technology and services to gain customers' recognition and break away from the price competition.

(III) Technologies and Recent R&D Efforts

| | | Unit: NT\$ Thousand |
|------|-------------|----------------------|
| Year | The Company | Consolidated Company |
| 2021 | 587,011 | 873,752 |
| 2020 | 806,888 | 1,127,417 |

1. R&D Expenditure in the Most Recent Two Years

2. Product/System Development Success and Specific Results

The Company launches 10 to 20 upgraded, improved, or innovative products every quarter. The company remains a global leading brand in wireless, broadband, SMEs and home network product markets. The main products recently launched include cloud switches, 2.5Gbps smart switches, enhanced enterprise integrated wireless solutions; EAGLE PRO AI Wi-Fi Mesh routers, bridges, and access points; multifunctional wireless broadband 4G/5G routers; PoE devices, bridges and PoE power supply equipment; high-definition two-way IP cameras for real-time voice chat, peripheral devices related to smart homes, and cloud network management platforms.

| Year | Item |
|------|--|
| 2011 | (1) Smart TV-related support network multimedia playing function, over-the-top (OTT) service, somatosensory games, and online community functions, such as D-Link Boxee Box, D-Link Yahoo Box, and D-Link Android Box (2) A new generation of 10G Data Center switches. (3) mydlink instant online security monitoring technology on iPhone, iPad, and Android Phone. (4) HD media routers that support wireless transmission of high-definition video and audio. (5) Smart Antenna, a wireless base station that supports longer transmission distances. (6) Wireless transmission that supports Intel wireless display to TV. (7) USB3.0 cards and hubs. |
| 2012 | The hybrid network power cord wireless router and wireless base station that also support 802.11n wireless network and power cord network, with a transmission speed of up to 300Mbps (wireless)/500Mbps (power cord). 802.11ac wireless routers and AP and USB/PCIE wireless network cards. mydlink cloud network product series, including cloud routing, cloud storage, cloud monitoring. Various apps in cloud routing, cloud storage, cloud monitoring on smart phones and tablets. mydlink solutions for commercial cloud services. Intelligence video surveillance system (IVS). |
| 2013 | (1) Baby Cam: a series of dedicated webcam for baby care. (2) High-sensitivity nighttime full-color series network cameras. (3) 11ac + 3G + IP cam portable mobile routers. (4) mydlink shareport mobile device integrated data access. |

| Year | Item | | | |
|------|--|--|--|--|
| | (5) D-store business linkage solutions. | | | |
| | (6) The 11ac version of all wireless devices is fully launched. | | | |
| | (1) Smart home IoT: Guji Cloud wirelessly connects smart homes with the mydlink | | | |
| | cloud platform to provide a complete solution in wireless service, security, and | | | |
| | energy conservation to ensure connected operation with mydlink Home app. | | | |
| | (2) UI and Web UI icons are updated; simple setting can be carried out through | | | |
| | with mydlink lite, mydlink home, and QRS app | | | |
| 2014 | (3) The LTE smart home gateway leads the world with LTE CAT6 $(\ \ $ 300Mbps $)$, and | | | |
| | the 11ac 3x3 router provides VoLTE and Wi-Fi-calling voice services on the OSGi | | | |
| | JAVA open platform. | | | |
| | (4) Logging onto Facebook fan page through Facebook Wi-Fi allows for the free | | | |
| | use of Wi-Fi services to enhance interaction with customers. | | | |
| | (5) Company BYOD certification and authorization solution. | | | |
| | (1) Cloud services platform and enterprise cloud equipment. | | | |
| | (2) A new generation of high-power output PoE switches and metro Ethernet | | | |
| 2015 | switches. | | | |
| | (3) mydlink Home series of services and products. | | | |
| | (4) A new generation of 11ac Wave2 routers. | | | |
| | (5) 4G LTE machine-to-machine (M2M) and vehicle communication modules. | | | |
| | (1) Apple Homekit certified 180 ° IP-CAM. (2) Wave 2 MU-MIMO AC1900/2600 ° | | | |
| 2016 | (2) Wave 2 MO-MINIO AC1900/2000 ° (3) Business cloud for telecom. | | | |
| 2010 | (4) Launched smart industrial switches. | | | |
| | (5) Tri-band AP with the Smart Antenna function. | | | |
| | (1) Mesh is integrated into the switches and routers. | | | |
| | (2) A new generation of digital camera product groups, such as LTE, battery, and | | | |
| | dual-eye camera. | | | |
| 2017 | (3) AI-related technologies, e.g., face recognition are applied to digital camera | | | |
| | products. | | | |
| | (4) 5G generation product planning and vertical market exploration. | | | |
| | (1) Data Center switches. | | | |
| | (2) Nuclias enterprise cloud management system that supports Hot Spot AP, | | | |
| | switches, and cameras. | | | |
| | (3) Exploration of 5G mobile communication broadband gain routers and 5G small | | | |
| 2018 | cell technology. | | | |
| 2010 | (4) Vertical integration of artificial intelligence, facial recognition, license plate | | | |
| | recognition, camera, network storage, 4G router, cloud management systems, | | | |
| | toll systems, and complete solutions. | | | |
| | (5) Mesh home wireless routers and secured home wireless routers. | | | |
| | (6) Complete smart home solutions. | | | |
| | (1) Cloud switches. | | | |
| 2019 | (2) 2.5Gbps smart switches. | | | |
| | (3) New Covr series of cross-generation Mesh wireless network routers. | | | |

| Year | ltem |
|------|---|
| | (4) Door and window sensors, motion detection sensors, and smart switches that |
| | support Amazon Echo Plus. |
| | (5) LTE M2M VPN/Wi-Fi wireless routers. |
| | (6) 5G NR wireless routers and MiFi (sub-6GHz). |
| | (1) A wireless router in alignment with the 802.11ax wireless standard (Wi-Fi 6). |
| | (2) A variety of 5G mobile wireless routers will provide a full range of solutions, |
| | including DWP-1020 5G outdoor CPE, DWR-978 5G wireless router, and |
| | DWR-2101 5G Wi-Fi 6 wireless router. |
| 2020 | (3) The new body temperature measurement solution, DCS-9500T. |
| 2020 | (4) EasyMesh [™] dual-band wireless router, COVR-1100. |
| | (5) New smart network management switches: DXS-1210 series and DGS-1520 |
| | series. |
| | (6) DCS-8526LH Full HD rotary wireless network camera. |
| | (7) DSP-W320 outdoor wireless smart socket. |
| | (1) Launched the EAGLE PRO AI series wireless router, including Wi-Fi 6/5/4 |
| | product series, with the wireless sharing function, combined with many AI |
| | analysis functions to inform users of home network status. |
| | (2) Introduced Multi-G stackable smart network management switches to meet |
| | speed requirements of different applications. |
| | (3) Included the mobile router in Wi-Fi 6, equipped with the EasyMesh and the |
| | EAGLE PRO AI functions, with the wired network sharing function, allowing |
| 2021 | users to expand the scope of sharing through the EasyMesh function in the |
| 2021 | mobile sharing mode. |
| | (4) Adopted the new-generation chipset for 5G mobile routers and launched |
| | outdoor and indoor models as well as industrial 5G mobile gateways, with |
| | models corresponding to various needs during the emergence of 5G |
| | applications. |
| | (5) Launched a new generation of IP Cam solutions and reduce product lines, and |
| | launched Taiwan chip manufacturers' latest solutions, which have already met |
| | the market demand. |

(IV)Long- and Short-term Business Development Plans

1. Short-term Development Strategy

(1) Cooperate with High-quality ODMs to Establish a Controllable Supply Chain System with Close Relationships.

D-Link, as one of a few networking brand companies in Taiwan, has established subsidiaries and nearly 100 sales offices in more than 50 countries around the world. The Company will be committed to forming in-depth strategic alliances with high-quality networking ODMs to distribute advanced products to the distribution channels so as to maximize the benefits of the brand.

(2) Reshape D-Link's brand image and enhance brand value from three aspects, specifications and prices, functional performance, and corporate identity (CI).

The Company's products will feature "optimal cost" and "outstanding and user-satisfactory performance", and the Company will launch the EAGLE Pro AI series with corporate identity (CI) product appearance and user experience in home, commercial, and industrial markets, to gradually win over customers and polish D-Link's brand image.

2. Mid-and-long-term Development Strategy

- (1) Achieve the extreme simplification of the supply and management of networking products with cloud computing as the main pillar. For general consumers and SMEs, the operation and maintenance (installation, maintenance, upgrade, and management) of networking products are still quite a challenging task. The Company's mydlink, DECS, and Nuclias cloud systems are the most user-friendly systems to use and manage. In the future, "cloud functions" and "scope of products covered" will be expanded to fully achieve the concept of convenient networking services.
- (2) Create stable and advanced networking products with excellent radio frequency and high-speed signal technology. Networking products have entered a new era of intensive technologies, such as 10Gbps transmission and millimeter wave media. Radio frequency and high-speed signal technology will be the Company's advantages to surpass its competitors. The Company will continue to develop in this field in the future and maintain its leading position in technology and products.
- (3) Put forth enterprise networking solutions according to the site where the solutions are applied. In addition to focusing on the development and sales of each product, the company will integrate networking software and hardware to develop solutions according to different scenarios for application. As 5G mobile communication is not only suited for mobile phone applications but features the Internet of Everything (IoE) specifications. The Company will introduce 5G to the small manufacturers in the initial stage and integrate micro base stations, MEC, MES, ERP, and other systems into industrial solutions as the best choice for small manufacturing vertical markets to conduct automation transformation.

II. Market and Sales Overview

(I) Market Analysis

1. Sales Regions of Major Products

| | 0 | • | | | Unit: NT\$ Thousand |
|--------|--------------|-----------|----------------|-----------|---------------------|
| Year | | 20 | 20 | 2021 | |
| Regi | on | Amount | Percentage (%) | Amount | Percentage (%) |
| m | Asia | 638,934 | 42.37 | 670,534 | 48.15 |
| Export | America | 7,114 | 0.47 | 5,922 | 0.42 |
| ă | Europe | 96,885 | 6.42 | 73,924 | 5.31 |
| Sales | Oceania | _ | _ | 115 | 0.01 |
| S | Sub-total | 742,933 | 49.26 | 750,495 | 53.89 |
| Dom | nestic Sales | 765,121 | 50.74 | 642,080 | 46.11 |
| | Total | 1,508,054 | 100.00 | 1,392,575 | 100.00 |

Note: To present the figures of the Company.

| | | | | | Unit: NT\$ Thousand |
|-------------------------|------------------------------|------------|------------|----------------|---------------------|
| | Year 2020 | | 20 | 21 | |
| Regio | Region Amount Percentage (%) | | Amount | Percentage (%) | |
| × | America | 2,213,506 | 14.58 | 1,599,246 | 10.30 |
| Export | Europe | 3,110,121 | 20.49 | 3,509,222 | 22.60 |
| t Sales | Other | 9,093,016 | 59.90 | 9,777,250 | 62.98 |
| es | Sub-total | 14,416,643 | 94.97 | 14,885,718 | 95.88 |
| Domestic Sales | | 762,800 | 5.03 | 639,183 | 4.12 |
| Total 15,179,443 | | 100.00 | 15,524,901 | 100.00 | |

Note: To present the consolidated figures of the Company.

2. Overview of Supply and Demand and Projected Growth

(1) IP Cameras and IoT

Among all Artificial Intelligence of Things (AloT) devices, IP cameras are the only devices that can receive images and can be called the hub of smart home networks. In the future, in smart home applications, with new technologies, such as AI, machine learning, and voice control, IP cameras will occupy a key position in total solutions.

Competition in the IP camera market has heated up. Various brands have successively launched AI wireless IP cameras with intelligent video analysis functions. With the affordable prices, the rise of mobile phones and various cloud applications and services, and the increased awareness of security surveillance, the compound annual growth rate in the market remains high. As the demand for work-from-home connectivity and remote monitoring grows, the wave of replacement of cloud applications and devices continues, and the deployment of broadband infrastructure and LTE/5G commercial networks in developing countries is expected to continue to grow in the next few years.

Over the past few years, the Company has invested its resources in integrating various advanced technologies to make its product lines more complete. In 2022, the Company, based on the past experiences, will re-plan more user-friendly products, equipped with a series of IoT devices, strengthen product security, and provide a cloud platform to be integrated with third-party software applications, while introducing a service business model to avoid competition in hardware specifications

and prices.

(2) Switches

In recent years, the enterprise switch market has been affected by the global economic stagnation, and the low capital expenditure budget has made the growth of the smart switch market increasingly slow down. There is a clear trend of low-priced smart switches replacing high-priced managed switches. Meanwhile, the demand for enterprise virtual servers, IT outsourcing, and enterprise or public Wi-Fi AP deployment and expansion has resulted in the substantial growth of smart and PoE switches. On the whole, the supply and demand of the SMB switch market have showed a moderate growth.

With the emergence of data centers, public/private clouds, 5G mobile broadband, IoT, e-sports, AI, edge computing applications, etc., the demand for network bandwidth is bound to surge; the growth momentum in the switch market, which is the backbone of the network, also remains positive.

(3) Routers

The router is a necessary device for the home to access the Internet. In addition to China's TP-Link that has swept the global market at low prices, emerging second-tier companies, mobile phone equipment suppliers (such as ASUS and Xiaomi), online service providers (Alibaba, Amazon, and Google), and local telecom service providers have all stepped into this battlefield. Coupled with the original networking equipment companies, the competition in the router market is intense.

In response to the indoor Internet access requirements of mobile phones, simple settings and comprehensive Wi-Fi coverage at home have become new requirements of products. The Company has successively launched a number of high-quality Wi-Fi Mesh routers in the past two years, which has begun to drive product sales. The Company's core software of routers has also demonstrated unique advantages and values, including speeding up the time to market, achieving differentiated functions, and supporting the telecom systems of various countries. The company has established the distribution channels and can still maintain a certain degree of competitiveness despite stiff competition.

Due to the limited bandwidth of copper wires, global telecom companies have turned to optical fiber networks in response. However, the previous generation of 2.5Gbps GPON optical fiber network cannot met the demand, and the new generation of 10Gbps will gradually mature. A market research estimates that the market share of 10G PON will reach 55% by 2023, and the compound annual growth rate will reach 195% from 2019 to 2023. The company has developed in the wired broadband market for nearly two decades and has established long-term close cooperative relationships with major telecom companies around the world. It will seize the opportunity arising from the rise of 10G PON to grasp the business opportunities from telecom transformation.

(4) 5G

The Company's LTE routers have been shipped in large quantities to telecom companies in various countries. With the advent of the 5G era, in addition to continuing to work closely with telecom companies on 5G routers, the Company collaborates with SI to promote the routers to the vertical application market. The Company has also invested in relevant new technologies, such as 5G small cell/MEC, and actively integrated third-party software resources to provide solutions for

application scenarios. In the face of the 5G era, the Company will cope in a cautious manner.

3. Competitive Niche

- The Company's leading cloud service platforms and the continuous launch of cutting-edge innovative products have led to product differentiation and market segmentation.
- (2) The overall networking product lines are complete, and core advantages can be created with solutions and service business models.
- (3) The Company has well-established marketing and service channels around the world, with the advantages of instant local services and production as well as customization.
- (4) We work with the world's first-class service telecom providers to create market segmentation.

4. Favorable and Unfavorable Factors for Long-term Growth and Countermeasures

(1) Favorable Factors

A. The Global Networking Market has Development Potential

According to a report by Cisco, a leading company in networking industry, the global Internet population will increase from 3.9 billion to 5.3 billion from 2018 to 2023, with a compound annual growth rate of 6%. During this period, global mobile subscribers will increase by 600 million, and networked devices will increase by 10.9 billion units. The networking industry and market are booming with unlimited business opportunities.

B. The Company will Work Closely with Upstream Chip Suppliers to Highlight Brand Value with Differentiated Software

The Company will form strategic alliances with major networking chip suppliers to strive to launch its products to the market in the shortest possible time with the first launch of new chips adopted. The Company will provide software with excellent performance to increase customer stickiness to the brand.

C. Global Operations and Local Services

D-Link has established subsidiaries and nearly 100 sales offices in more than 50 countries around the world, while integrating global resources to provide local services.

D. Flexible and Efficient Supply Chains

In order to reduce manufacturing costs and increase shipment flexibility, the current supply chains are in Taiwan and mainland China. In the future, the supply chains can be applied to countries that require "local production" through turnkey transfer at any time to comply with local regulations.

E. Keeping Abreast of Customer Needs

We can create a smart home environment with mydlink as a platform, a smart enterprise environment with Nuclias as a platform, and a smart industrial environment with DECS as a platform to further provide customers with the best application services.

F. Cross-industry Strategic Alliance

D-Link has actively worked with the major telecom/distributors/third-party software suppliers around the world as strategic partners to create an advantage for growth, mutual benefit, and a win-win outcome.

(2) Unfavorable Factors

A. Intense Market Competition and Price-undercutting Pressure

New competitors are gradually entering the market, leading to a price war, which will affect the Company's profit.

Countermeasures:

- a. To reduce prices with large quantities by reducing the number of suppliers and reducing the number of product models to concentrate on a few ones.
- b. Reduce the distribution levels, investment in e-commerce, strengthen branches' ability to serve customers, and replace the low-price competition with the overall service quality.
- c. Develop a series of high value-added products, such as EAGLE Pro AI, provide differentiated products, create market segmentation, and break away from the price competition.
- d. Master the core networking technology to improve product quality and respond to market demand quickly.

B. Unstable Chip Supply and Soaring Shipping Costs

Chip supply is limited by upstream suppliers' production capacity and tight container shipping capacity. It is difficult to control the delivery schedule and inventory of front-end orders.

Countermeasures:

- Respond to any unexpected market events through a flexible supply chain management.
- Seek multiple product partners to avoid a situation where a few manufacturers' delays in manufacturing process affects the Company's delivery schedule.
- Keep adequate inventory of critical components to avoid shortage of materials. Set up a logistics hub to manage critical products to increase flexibility.

C. Market Shrinkage by Geopolitical Tensions and Inflation

The conservative consumption behavior caused by wars due to geopolitical tensions and inflation will affect the 2022 targets to be achieved.

Countermeasures:

Closely monitor market changes with overseas branches and adjust supply and demand in time.

(II) Major Uses and Production Process of the Major Products

1. Key Applications of Major Products

| Major Products | Key Applications |
|--|---|
| Switches | Relieving network bandwidth to achieve the purpose of fast |
| Switches | data transmission. |
| Internet Fauliement | Connecting and integrating multiple devices between different |
| Internet Equipment | networks. |
| Digital Subscriber Line Devices | Providing broadband access to telephone lines. |
| Mineless Network Frankreset | Local area network composed of wireless transmission |
| Wireless Network Equipment | technology. |
| | Providing home computer and peripheral network equipment |
| Home Network Equipment | through the Internet and telephone lines. |

| Digital Home Appliances | Providing home digital devices and wireless home security automatic control devices for audio-visual multimedia applications. | |
|----------------------------|---|--|
| Network Security Equipment | Providing network transmission security. | |
| Optical Access Equipment | Relieving the network bandwidth to achieve the purpose of data security and fast transmission. | |

2. Production Process of Major Products

After the demerger from Alpha Networks Inc. in 2003, the Company no longer engaged in the manufacture of products. All products were outsourced.

(III) Supply of Primary Raw Materials

As the Company no longer engaged in the manufacturing of products, the supply of raw materials is not applicable.

(IV)Information on Major Suppliers and Clients

1. Information of important suppliers and clients in the most recent two years: The consolidated Company did not have any clients whose individual amount accounted for more than 10% of the total sales revenue in 2021 and 2020.

Unit: NTS Thousand

2. Major suppliers in the most recent two years:

| | 2020 | | | | 2021 | | | |
|------|----------------------------------|-----------|---|--|----------------------------------|------------|---|--|
| Item | Name | Amount | Percentage of Purchase Amount (%) | Relationship with the Issuer | Name | Amount | Percentage of Purchase Amount (%) | Relationship with the Issuer |
| 1 | Cameo Communications, Inc. | 1,445,981 | 15 | The Company is an Institutional Director of the supplier | Company H | 1,367,433 | 11 | _ |
| 2 | Alpha Networks Inc. | 1,399,422 | 14 | Affiliated companies of the Company (Note 3) | Alpha Networks Inc. | 1,197,765 | 10 | _ |
| 3 | Company H | 1,009,207 | 10 | _ | Cameo Communications, Inc. | 1,043,972 | 9 | Affiliated companies of the Company |
| 4 | Other | 6,026,861 | 61 | _ | Other | 8,491,540 | 70 | _ |
| | Net purchase | 9,881,471 | 100 | _ | Net purchase | 12,100,710 | 100 | _ |

Analysis of changes: The major suppliers for the two periods did not change significantly, so analysis is not conducted.

Note 1: The name, total trade amount, and the proportion to the total purchase of major suppliers that have accounted for at least 10% of procurement in the most recent two years are demonstrated. However, for those suppliers whose name cannot be disclosed according to the contract, or the trade counterpart is a non-related party individual, a code name can be used instead.

- Note 2: Only the consolidated igures are demonstrated.
- Note 3: The Company sold all the shares of Alpha Networks Inc. on November 30, 2020, and then became a non-related party.

(V) Production Volume and Amount in the Most Recent Two Years: Not applicable.

Unit: NTS Thousand Annual Sales Value 2020 2021 and Volume Domestic Sales **Domestic Sales** Export Sales Export Sales Major Products Volume Amount Volume Amount Volume Amount Amount Volume Networking 495,007 724.647 38.529.917 14.292.115 368.960 604.680 33.269.917 14.759.827 Products Service Revenue 38.153 124.528 34.503 125.891 762,800 38,529,917 14,416,643 Total 495.007 368.960 639,183 33,269,917 14,885,718

(VI)Shipments and Sales in the Most Recent Two Years

Remarks: Only the consolidated operating figures of the Company are demonstrated.

III. Number of Employees During the Most Recent Two Years

| Year | | 2020 | 2021 | As of March 31, 2022 |
|--------------------|----------------------|-------|-------|-------------------------|
| | Direct Labor | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Number of | Indirect Labor | 717 | 555 | 508 |
| Employees | Total | 717 | 555 | 508 |
| Average Age | | 38.60 | 39.78 | 41.25 |
| Average Years | of Service | 6.36 | 6.73 | 7.69 |
| | Ph. D | 0.84 | 0.54 | 0.59 |
| Education | Master | 35.43 | 34.05 | 30.91 |
| Distribution Ratio | Bachelor | 60.66 | 52.25 | 66.14 |
| (%) | High school | 3.07 | 12.43 | 2.36 |
| (70) | Below high school | 0 | 0 | 0 |

IV. Environmental Protection Expenditures

The Total Amount of Losses (Including Compensation) and Penalties Caused by Environment Pollution in the Most Recent Year up to the Printing Date of this Annual Report: None.

V. Labor Relations Management

(I) Implementation of Employee Welfare System

1. Employee Welfare Measures

In addition to employee insurance in accordance with the government's regulations, the Company provides free employee group insurance and family preferential group insurance, so that employees can work without worries. In order to improve employees' health and well-being, the Company not only provides comfortable and novel workplace in the Neihu office but also sets up an employee restaurant, coffee bar, outdoor coffee shop, vending machines, employee lounge and employee fitness center, basketball court, aerobics dance classroom, and various fitness equipment for employees. D-Link Employee Welfare Committee are responsible for various employee benefit services, such as: It subsidizes employees to establish clubs and organize various club activities and holds small- and medium-sized activities in the Company to build employees' consensus; each employee can apply for a birthday subsidy every quarter, which can be used for gatherings or afternoon tea at the department; it provides subsidies for wedding, childbirth, funeral, hospitalization, emergency assistance, etc.; the Company provides employees with cash gifts on three major holidays and birthday gifts.

2. Continuing Education and Training

The Company arranges education and training for new employees and on-the-job training every year. The new employee training includes the introduction to the Company and our products and occupational safety training in compliance with laws and regulations, so that they can have a better understanding of the Company. In 2021, we offered new employee training three times with a total of 95 participants. The on-the-job training includes internal and external training. The internal training includes courses on ethical management of corporate governance or rule of law, or professional training provided by each unit. We evaluate the categories of courses to be offered every year to enhance employees' professional knowledge and skills (hard power) or communication and coordination skills (soft power). Meanwhile, the Company provides subsidies for external training in 2021 was 38. The Company announces information on academic institutions' courses or other courses for continuing education from time to time, to keep employees informed of relevant information.

3. Retirement System

The Company's retirement matters are handled in accordance with the the relevant provisions of the Labor Standards Act, and the new system as stipulated in the Labor Pension Act launched in 2005. The Company's employees may choose the old and new pension systems based on their own will. For the old system, the Labor Pension Supervision Committee is established, and a "Labor Retirement Reserve Account" is set up according to the law, to which a fund is appropriated monthly according to the laws.

The Company amended its employee retirement regulations in April 2020, which were approved by the Department of Labor, Taipei City Government in April 2020.

4. Labor-management Agreements

As the Company has attached great importance to labor-management harmony and employee' rights and benefits since the establishment, our labor-management relations have been harmonious and positive. We hold labor-management meetings regularly every quarter to discuss labor-management issues and reach consensus through thorough communication.

We held four labor-management meetings at the Company's Neihu office building and three at the Hsinchu office in 2021. The motions were all passed by the votes of representatives of both employer and employees.

*Time/date and motions of labor-management meetings in the Neihu office building:

| Date/Time of Meeting | Meeting Agenda |
|---|---|
| 15:30, March 12, 2021 (Friday) | [Motion 1] Employees' traffic safety education and group purchase of scooter protective equipment [Motion 2] Installation of electric vehicle charging stations [Motion 3] Insufficient snack bars in the pantry room and increase in snack vending machines [Motion 4] Paid leave for social charity activities [Motion 5] Replacement or regular cleaning of partitions in cafeteria |
| 9:30, June 23, 2021 (Wednesday) | [Motion 1] Amendment to the Work Rules [Motion 2] Check in through online check-in app with employee number [Motion 3] Inclusion of anti-pandemic medical insurance in the Company's group insurance [Motion 4] Inclusion of vaccination insurance in the Company's group insurance [Motion 5] The criterion for returning to work at the Company after the end of the pandemic: those who took a daily rapid test or those who were vaccinated [Motion 6] Advice to the Company to face the new normal of work from home honestly |
| 9:30, September 28, 2021 (Tuesday) | [Motion 1] Amendment to the Work Rules [Motion 2] 2022 business calendar |
| 10:00, December 22, 2021 (Wednesday) | [Motion 1] Amendment to the Work Rules [Motion 2] 2022 employees' group insurance |

*Time/date and motions of labor-management meetings in the Hsinchu office:

| Date/Time of Meeting | Meeting Agenda |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| 15:30, March 25, 2021 (Wednesday) | [Motion 1] Meal subsidy issue |
| 15:00, June 22, 2021 (Tuesday) | [Motion 1] Formulation of (amendment to) the Work Rules |
| 14:00, October 05, 2021 (Tuesday) | [Motion 1] Formulation of (amendment to) the Work Rules [Motion 2] 2022 business calendar |

5. Protection Measures for Employees' Rights and Interests

The Company's protection of employees' rights and interests, in addition to the actual implementation in accordance with the relevant laws and regulations, the management will improve the software and hardware facilities based on the employees' needs. In a year where there is a surplus, employees are also paid with compensation according to the Company's "Articles of Incorporation", so that employees can share the results of the operations.

In addition, the Company has set up internal complaint channels, and employees can file complaints through the channels below:

Complaint hotline: (02) 6600-0123 ext.1850

Complaint mailbox: A complaint may be placed in the complaint mailbox next to the HRD mailbox of the Human Resources Department on the 1st floor of the Company or mailed to D-Link850 employee complaint mailbox at (114) No. 289, Xinhu 3rd Road, Neihu District, Taipei City.

Complaints email: dlink850@dlinkcorp.com

6. Protection Measures for Work Environment and Employees' Personal Safety

In addition to following the regulations and guidelines of the central competent authority, the Company has passed the certification of the ISO9001 quality management system (the certificate is valid from Nov. 1, 2019, to Nov. 1, 2022), ISO 14001 environmental management system (the certificate is valid from Oct. 29, 2021, to Oct. 29, 2024), and the latest version of the ISO45001 occupational safety and health management system (the certificate is valid from Jan. 31, 2019, to Jan. 30, 2022). Through the certification by these professional organizations, the Company's environmental maintenance and employees' safety and health management at work are strengthened to achieve the protection of the work environment and employees' personal safety and health. Relevant operations are as follows:

- 6.1 Physical examinations for new employees and health checkup for existing employees
- 6.2 Identification, assessment, and control of work environment or job hazard
- 6.3 Management of machinery, equipment, or devices
- 6.4 Labeling and identification of hazardous materials
- 6.5 Sampling strategy planning and sample identification for hazardous operating environments
- 6.6 Matters concerning safety assessment over processes or construction in hazardous workplace
- 6.7 Matters concerning procurement management, contract management, and change management
- 6.8 Formulation of safety and health work standards
- 6.9 Regular inspection, key inspection, job check, and on-site inspection tour
- 6.10 Safety and health education and training
- 6.11 Management of personal protective equipment
- 6.12 Matters concerning health examination, health management, and health promotion
- 6.13 Collection, sharing, and application of safety and health information
- 6.14 Emergency response measures and training
- 6.15 Investigation, handling, and statistical analysis of occupational disasters, false alarms, and events affecting physical and mental health
- 6.16 Measures for safety and health management recording and performance evaluation
- (II) Any Losses Incurred as a Result of Labor Disputes in the Most Recent Fiscal Year, and During the Current Fiscal Year up to the Publication Date of the Annual Report (Including any Violations of the Labor Standards Act found in Labor Inspection, the Disposition Dates, Reference Numbers, the Articles Of Law Violated, the Contents of Law Violated, and the Content of the Dispositions), and an Estimate of Possible Expenses that Could be Incurred Currently and in the Future and Countermeasures Being or to be Taken Shall be Disclosed. If a Reasonable Estimate Cannot be Made, an Explanation Shall be Provided: None.
- VI. Cybersecurity Risk Management Framework:
- (I) Information and Communications Security Management Structure,

Information and Communications Security Policy, Substantial Management Proposals, and Resources Invested in Information and Communications Security Management.

1. Information and Communications Security Management Structure

(1) Information Security Governance Organization of D-Link

The Company has established the Information Security Management Committee in 2021, with the President as the convener to supervise the implementation of the Company's information security policy. To keep abreast of the information and communication security, we, in compliance with the ISO27001: 2013 information security management system standard and the Regulations Governing Establishment of Internal Control Systems by Public Companies, assign the Information Technology and Security Department to be dedicated to information security and the head of the department to serve as the representative of information security management, coordinating the formulation and execution of information security and protection policies, risk management, and compliance audit. Each information security business-related unit (product, personal data, privacy, etc.) assigns its information security representative to regularly convene information security meetings to discuss information security policies and other relevant major issues and supervise the company-wide operations of information security and the effectiveness of the information security risk management mechanism, while this organization regularly reports to the Board of Directors on the effectiveness of the overall operations and systems.

The Board of Directors has adopted the "Information Security Management Policy" on February 22, 2022. We ensure the confidentiality, integrity, availability, and legality of our information assets through regular annual inspections.

(2) Information Security Organizational Structure of D-Link



2. Information and Communications Security Policy

(1) Information Security Management Strategy and Framework of D-Link

- A. The Company has passed the ISO/IEC 27001:2013 Information Security Management System (ISMS) international standard certification. The certificate is valid from October 16, 2020, through October 15, 2023. The adoption of the ISO27001 information security management system has strengthened the ability to respond to information security incidents, thereby protecting the Company's and customers' asset security.
- B. The Company has passed the IEC62443-4-1:2018 Secure Product Development Lifecycle Requirements, and the certificate is valid from November 30, 2020, through November 29, 2025. With that, we follow the strictest security standards from product design, development, testing to introduction in the product life cycle.
- C. The Company has passed the BS 10012:2017 Personal Information Management System (PIMS), and the current certificate is valid from December 1, 2021, to November 30, 2024, regulating all relevant procedures and applicable documents in addition to the compliance with the EU General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) requirements.
- D. The Company has obtained the TRUSTe Certified Privacy seal in March 2022. To duly fulfill our commitment to privacy protection and security, we have been working closely with TrustArc Inc., a globally recognized authority on data privacy management, since 2014. It provides services, including privacy assessment, certification, and monitoring tools. Our website open to the public and domain have passed its audit and certification, and we have thus obtained the TRUSTe Certified Privacy seal.

(2) Corporate Information Security Risk Management and Continuous Improvement Framework

The Company has long been focusing on the development of network equipment and services. Information security is one of the critical tasks to which the Company attaches great importance and pays attention. Employees, organizations, suppliers, and operations-related information, and hardware and software equipment are all within the scope of concern. The Company, in compliance with ISO27001:2013 information security management system standard, formulate information security policies, strengthens information security management and ensures that important information assets are protected from internal, external, intentional, or accidental threats to maintain the confidentiality, integrity, and availability of our information. Through information assets and risk management procedures, we have built and maintained the Company's crucial information assets based on a Plan-Do-Check-Act model to ensure the continuous operations of the Company's business, reduce business risks, improve service quality, and ensure that all information security policies, procedures, and operating guidelines can be consistently and effectively implemented in the Company.

Risk Management and Continuous Improvement Structure for Information Security



3. Specific Management Plans (1) Information Security Protection and Control

| () | ······ / · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
|----------------------------|---|
| | Adopt advanced technology to scan computers and update |
| Network Security | software, strengthen software firewalls and computer control, |
| | and prevent the spread of computer viruses. |
| | Improve the endpoint anti-virus and virus scan mechanism to |
| | prevent ransomware and malicious programs from intruding into |
| Device Security | the Company. |
| | Strengthen the detection of malware and Trojan horse |
| | attachments for our email system. |
| | Develop security checks, evaluation standards, and improvement |
| Application Security | goals for application development processes. |
| Application security | Continue to enhance the security control mechanism for |
| | applications and patch potential loopholes. |
| | Establish a user password management mechanism and a |
| Access Control | network security service mechanism, separate internal network |
| | from external connection, and control remote work, to safeguard |
| | network and data security. |
| | To ensure the confidentiality of the Company's system operations |
| Password Key | and accounts, conduct necessary password and key management, |
| Management | minimize the risk of leakage, and properly protect the Company's |
| | confidential and sensitive information. |
| Business Continuity | Establish a business continuity operation plan for important |
| Management | systems and hold exercises annually to ensure the continuous |
| | operation of the Company's business. |
| Information Security | Establish information security incident notification and response |
| Incident | procedures to reduce the damage caused by information security |
| Management | incidents. |
| (2) Check and Con | tinuous Improvement |
| Education And | Increase employees' vigilance against email social engineering |

| Education And | Increase employees' vigilance against email social engineering |
|---------------|--|
| Training | attacks and implement phishing email defense and detection. |

| | Regularly hold business continuity exercises to increase employees' awareness of information security. |
|---|---|
| Information Security Risk Management Monitoring | Entrust a third party to regularly conduct assessments of the Company's information security: ISO/IEC 27001: 2013 information security management system IEC 62443-4-1: 2018 product security development system certification BS 10012: 2017 personal data protection management system |
| External Threat Detection Protection | Entrust a third party to perform vulnerability scans on a regular basis, collect external threat information on a regular basis, and conduct risk assessments based on the information content to strengthen protection against external information security threats. The Company has joined the Taiwan Computer Emergency Response Team/Coordination Center (TWCERT/CC) to regularly collect external threat information and conduct risk assessment based on the information security personnel confirm and track the results of processed various information, thereby strengthening the protection against external information security threats. |

4. Resources Invested in Information and Communications Security Management

In 2021, the Company passed three international information security certifications, namely ISO/IEC 27001: 2013 information security management system, IEC 62443-4-1: 2018 product security development system, and BS 10012:2017 personal data protection management system.

The Company has held more than 20 meetings on information security. We publish information security educational information for all employees on our internal website every quarter. In addition, one dedicated employee at the information security unit and seven information security and network management and operations assistants receive at least 24 hours of professional information security training every year.

- (II) Any Losses Incurred as a Result of Major Information and Communications Safety Incident in the Most Recent Fiscal Year and Current Fiscal Year up to the Publication Date of the Annual Report, and an Estimate of Possible Expenses that could be Incurred Currently and in the Future and Countermeasures Being or to be Taken Shall be Disclosed. If a Reasonable Estimate cannot be Made, an Explanation shall be Provided:
 - The Company passed the ISO/IEC 27001: 2013 information security audit in September 2021. There were no major defects identified in the information security audit, nor significant information security incidents, such as violations of information security, leakage of customer data, or fines taking place.

 The Company passed the BS 10012: 2017 data protection audit in December 2021. There were no major defects identified in the personal data protection audit, nor significant information security incidents, such as violation of information security and personal data protection, leakage of customers' and employees' data, or fines taking place.

In addition, there was no case of complaint, leading to a legal action taken by a third party or a competent authority against D-Link Corporation, for violation of customers' personal data protection or the loss of customers' data.

VII. Important Contracts: None.

Chapter 6 Financial Highlights

I. Condensed Balance Sheet, Statement of Comprehensive Income and CPA's Audit Opinion in the Most Recent Five Years

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(I) Condensed Individual Balance Sheet–Based on IFRS

| | | | | | Unit: NT\$ | Thousand |
|---|------------------------|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| | Year | Most Recent Five-Year Financial Information (Note 1) | | | | |
| Item | | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
| Current Assets | | 1,370,935 | 1,487,687 | 987,330 | 2,243,494 | 766,388 |
| Property, Plant, and Eq (Note 2) | Juipment | 808,375 | 751,255 | 745,800 | 752,385 | 727,507 |
| Intangible Assets | | 130,068 | 151,887 | 122,932 | 74,300 | 45,462 |
| Other Assets | | 11,071,928 | 10,982,572 | 10,200,988 | 8,878,933 | 9,424,327 |
| Total Assets | | 13,381,306 | 13,373,401 | 12,057,050 | 11,949,112 | 10,963,684 |
| Current Liabilities | Before Distribution | 3,436,322 | 3,452,468 | 2,718,198 | 1,731,164 | 1,373,995 |
| current Liabilities | After Distribution | 3,436,322 | 3,582,867 | 2,718,198 | 1,926,763 | 1,553,946 |
| Non-current Liabilities | | 942,920 | 721,446 | 865,438 | 958,453 | 1,112,331 |
| Total liabilities | Before Distribution | 4,379,242 | 4,173,914 | 3,583,636 | 2,689,617 | 2,486,326 |
| | After Distribution | 4,379,242 | 4,304,313 | 3,583,636 | 2,885,216 | 2,666,277 |
| Equity Attributable to Owners of the Parent | | 9,002,064 | 9,199,487 | 8,473,414 | 9,259,495 | 8,477,358 |
| Share Capital | | 6,519,961 | 6,519,961 | 6,519,961 | 6,519,961 | 5,998,365 |
| Capital Surplus | | 1,588,696 | 1,669,905 | 1,598,807 | 1,523,313 | 1,522,573 |
| Retained Earnings | Before Distribution | 1,904,127 | 2,324,141 | 1,759,933 | 2,825,412 | 2,822,455 |
| Retained Lannings | After Distribution | 1,904,127 | 2,258,942 | 1,759,933 | 2,629,813 | 2,822,455 |
| Other Equity Interest | | (992,808) | (1,314,520) | (1,405,287) | (1,606,191) | (1,866,035) |
| Treasury Stock | | (17,912) | — | — | — | _ |
| Non-controlling Interest | | — | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Total Equity | Before Distribution | 9,002,064 | 9,199,487 | 8,473,414 | 9,259,495 | 8,477,358 |
| | After Distribution | 9,002,064 | 9,069,088 | 8,473,414 | 9,063,896 | 8,297,407 |

Note 1: The financial data in the most recent five years has been audited by CPAs.

Note 2: If an asset has been re-appraised in the year, the date of the re-appraisal, and the re-appraised shall be indicated.

Note 3: The above-mentioned figures after distribution shall be entered according to the resolution by the Board of Directors or the shareholders' meeting in the following year.

Note 4: If the financial data should be corrected or restated again as notified by the competent authority, the corrected or restated figures should prevail, and the circumstances and reasons should be indicated.

(II) Condensed Individual Income Statement—Based on IFRS

Unit: NT\$ Thousand

| Year | Most Recent Five-Year Financial Information (Note 1) | | | | |
|--|--|-----------|--------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Item | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
| Operating Revenue | 1,813,707 | 1,726,707 | 1,701,547 | 1,508,054 | 1,392,575 |
| Gross Profit | 1,097,498 | 1,077,499 | 902,899 | 868,868 | 871,694 |
| Operating Profit (Loss) | (152,985) | (263,323) | (427,246) | (628,024) | (332,301) |
| Non-operating Income and Expenses | (97,073) | 380,575 | (86,309) | 1,942,807 | 570,833 |
| Profit (Loss) Before Tax | (250,058) | 117,252 | (513 <i>,</i> 555) | 1,314,783 | 238,532 |
| Net Profit (Loss) from Continuing Operations | (193,451) | 106,374 | (508,327) | 1,239,925 | 239,197 |
| Loss from Discontinued Operations | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Net Profit (Loss) | (193,451) | 106,374 | (508,327) | 1,239,925 | 239,197 |
| Other Comprehensive Income (Income After Tax) | (215,719) | (92,412) | (77,652) | (199,443) | (304,130) |
| Total Comprehensive Income | (409,170) | 13,962 | (585 <i>,</i> 979) | 1,040,482 | (64,933) |
| Net Income Attributable to Owners of the Parent | (193,451) | 106,374 | (508,327) | 1,239,925 | 239,197 |
| Net Income Attributable to Non-controlling Interests | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Total Comprehensive Income Attributable to Owners of the Parent | (409,170) | 13,962 | (585,979) | 1,040,482 | (64,933) |
| Total Comprehensive Income Attributable to Non-controlling Interests | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Earnings Per Share | (0.30) | 0.16 | (0.78) | 1.90 | 0.38 |

Note 1: The financial data in the most recent five years has been audited by CPAs.

Note 2: As of the publication date of this annual report, if a company whose stock has been listed or traded over the counter has the most recent financial data that has been audited and attested or reviewed by a CPA, it should also be disclosed.

Note 3: Loss from discontinued operations are shown in net of income tax.

Note 4: If the financial data should be corrected or restated again as notified by the competent authority, the corrected or restated figures should prevail, and the circumstances and reasons should be indicated.

(III) Consolidated Condensed Balance Sheet—Based on IFRS

Unit: NT\$ Thousand

| | Year | Most Recent Five-Year Financial Information (Note 1) | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Item | | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
| Current Assets | | 11,584,444 | 12,329,689 | 10,161,487 | 12,551,922 | 10,109,933 |
| Property, Plant, and I | Equipment | 1,212,232 | 1,101,557 | 1,081,754 | 1,029,671 | 974,725 |
| Intangible Assets | | 603,109 | 622,270 | 586,308 | 511,329 | 472,238 |
| Other Assets | | 3,804,577 | 3,553,307 | 3,881,461 | 1,857,308 | 2,946,968 |
| Total Asset | | 17,204,362 | 17,606,823 | 15,711,010 | 15,950,230 | 14,503,864 |
| Current Liabilities | Before Distribution | 7,406,818 | 7,663,344 | 5,937,479 | 5,346,116 | 4,589,921 |
| | After Distribution | 7,406,818 | 7,793,743 | 5,937,479 | 5,541,715 | 4,769,872 |
| Non-current Liabilitie | s | 389,774 | 326,547 | 847,492 | 863,759 | 911,607 |
| Total Liabilities | Before Distribution | 7,796,592 | 7,989,891 | 6,784,971 | 6,209,875 | 5,501,528 |
| | After Distribution | 7,796,592 | 8,120,290 | 6,784,971 | 6,405,474 | 5,681,479 |
| Equity Attributable to the Parent | o Owners of | 9,002,064 | 9,199,487 | 8,473,414 | 9,259,495 | 8,477,358 |
| Share Capital | | 6,519,961 | 6,519,961 | 6,519,961 | 6,519,961 | 5,998,365 |
| Capital Surplus | | 1,588,696 | 1,669,905 | 1,598,807 | 1,523,313 | 1,522,573 |
| Retained Earnings | Before Distribution | 1,904,127 | 2,324,141 | 1,759,933 | 2,825,412 | 2,822,455 |
| Retained Larnings | After Distribution | 1,904,127 | 2,258,942 | 1,759,933 | 2,629,813 | 2,822,455 |
| Other Equity Interest | | (992,808) | (1,314,520) | (1,405,287) | (1,609,191) | (1,866,035) |
| Treasury Stock | | (17,912) | — | — | — | — |
| Non-controlling Interest | | 405,706 | 417,445 | 452,625 | 480,860 | 524,978 |
| Total Equity | Before Distribution | 9,407,770 | 9,616,932 | 8,926,039 | 9,740,355 | 9,002,336 |
| | After Distribution | 9,407,770 | 9,486,533 | 8,926,039 | 9,544,756 | 8,822,385 |

Note 1: The financial data for the most recent five fiscal years has been audited by CPAs.

(IV) Consolidated Condensed Income Statement—Based on IFRS

Unit: NT\$ Thousand

| Year | Most Recent Five-Year Financial Information (Note 1) | | | | |
|--|--|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Item | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
| Operating Revenue | 19,316,079 | 19,383,203 | 16,996,048 | 15,179,443 | 15,524,901 |
| Gross Profit | 5,198,754 | 5,601,988 | 4,739,532 | 4,775,295 | 4,188,757 |
| Operating Profit (Loss) | (457,690) | 248,971 | (384,756) | 80,226 | 169,868 |
| Non-operating Income and Expenses | 332,462 | 48,426 | 95,203 | 1,416,500 | 224,855 |
| Profit (Loss) Before Tax | (125,228) | 297,397 | (289,553) | 1,496,726 | 394,723 |
| Net Profit (Loss) from Continuing Operations | (172,082) | 145,453 | (441,741) | 1,310,560 | 318,111 |
| Loss from Discontinued Operations | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Net Profit (Loss) | (172,082) | 145,453 | (441,741) | 1,310,560 | 318,111 |
| Other Comprehensive Income (Income After Tax) | (224,928) | (115,769) | (97,830) | (235,153) | (327,143) |
| Total Comprehensive Income | (397,010) | 29,684 | (539,571) | 1,075,407 | (9,032) |
| Net Income Attributable to Owners of the Parent | (193,451) | 106,374 | (508,327) | 1,239,925 | 239,197 |
| Net Income Attributable to Non-controlling Interests | 21,369 | 39,079 | 66,586 | 70,635 | 78,914 |
| Total Comprehensive Income Attributable to Owners of the Parent | (409,170) | 13,962 | (585,979) | 1,040,482 | (64,933) |
| Total Comprehensive Income Attributable to Non-controlling Interests | 12,160 | 15,722 | 46,408 | 34,925 | 55,901 |
| Earnings Per Share | (0.30) | 0.16 | (0.78) | 1.90 | 0.38 |

Note 1: The financial information in the most recent five years has been audited by CPAs.

(V) Information on CPAs in the Most Recent Five Years and the Audit Opinion

| Year | Name of CPA | Audit Opinion |
|------|----------------------------------|--|
| 2017 | Pao-Lien Chou and Chiu-Hua Hsieh | Unmodified opinion (Matters of emphasis or other matters) |
| 2018 | Pao-Lien Chou and Chiu-Hua Hsieh | Unmodified opinion (Matters of emphasis or other matters) |
| 2019 | Pao-Lien Chou and Chiu-Hua Hsieh | Unmodified opinion (Matters of emphasis or other matters) |
| 2020 | Pao-Lien Chou and Chiu-Hua Hsieh | Unmodified opinion (Matters of emphasis or other matters) |
| 2021 | Chiu-Hua Hsieh and Pao-Lien Chou | Unmodified opinion (Matters of emphasis or other matters) |
II. Financial Analysis in the Most Recent Five Years

(I) Comprehensive Analysis of Individual Financial Information (IFRS):

| | Year | Financial Analyses for the Past Five Fiscal Years (Note | | | | |
|---------------------------|---|---|----------|----------|----------|---------|
| ltem (Note 3) | | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
| Financial | Debt Ratio | 32.73 | 31.21 | 29.72 | 22.51 | 22.6 |
| Structure (%) | Ratio of Long-Term Capital to Property, Plant, and Equipment | 1,113.60 | 1,224.55 | 1,136.15 | 1,230.69 | 1,165.2 |
| | Current Ratio | 39.90 | 43.09 | 36.32 | 129.59 | 55.7 |
| Solvency (%) | Quick Ratio | 37.04 | 39.01 | 31.18 | 121.11 | 45.6 |
| | Interest Earned Ratio (times) | (12.31) | 7.24 | (42.18) | 148.76 | 42.7 |
| | Trade Receivables Turnover (times) | 5.27 | 7.60 | 6.27 | 5.33 | 5.6 |
| | Average Collection Period | 69.25 | 48.02 | 58.21 | 68.48 | 64.6 |
| | Inventory Turnover (times) | 6.01 | 6.24 | 6.20 | 4.39 | 4.0 |
| Operating Performance | Trade Payables Turnover (times) | 3.22 | 3.82 | 3.60 | 3.22 | 3.7 |
| Performance | Average Days in Sales | 60.73 | 58.49 | 58.87 | 83.14 | 89.6 |
| | Property, Plant, and Equipment Turnover (times) | 2.21 | 2.21 | 2.27 | 2.01 | 1.8 |
| | Total Assets Turnover (times) | 0.13 | 0.13 | 0.13 | 0.13 | 0.1 |
| | Return on Total Asset (%) | (1.24) | 0.88 | (3.92) | 10.39 | 2.1 |
| | Return on Stockholders' Equity (%) | (2.09) | 1.17 | (5.75) | 13.98 | 2.7 |
| Profitability Analysis | Pre-tax Income to Paid-In Capital | (3.84) | 1.80 | (7.88) | 20.17 | 3.9 |
| | Profit Ratio (%) | (10.67) | 6.16 | (29.87) | 82.22 | 17.1 |
| E | Earnings Per Share (NT\$) | (0.30) | 0.16 | (0.78) | 1.90 | 0.3 |
| Cash Flow | Cash Flow Ratio (%) | 11.37 | 10.82 | 13.93 | Note 2 | Note |
| | Cash Flow Adequacy Ratio (%) | 46.55 | 44.68 | 90.47 | 53.58 | 24.1 |
| | Cash Reinvestment Ratio (%) | 1.82 | 3.48 | 2.43 | Note 2 | Note |
| 1 | Operating Leverage | 0.14 | 0.56 | 0.72 | 0.83 | 0.6 |
| Leverage | Financial Leverage | 0.89 | 0.95 | 0.97 | 0.99 | 0.9 |

Analysis of Financial Ratio Difference in the Most Recent Two Years

- 1. Decrease in current ratio and quick ratio: Mainly due to decrease in cash and cash equivalents greater than that in current liabilities.
- Decrease in interest earned ratio (times): Mainly due to decrease in earnings before interest and tax decreased in 2021.
- Decrease in return on total asset, return on stockholders' equity, pre-tax income to paid-in capital, profit ratio, and earnings per share: Mainly due to decrease in net income before tax and net income after tax decreased in 2021.
- Decrease in cash flow adequacy ratio: Mainly due to decrease in cash flow from operating activities in the most recent five years.

Note 1: The financial information for the most recent five fiscal years has been audited and attested by CPAs using IFRS.

Note 2: The cash reinvestment ratio is negative, and therefore a cash flow analysis is not applicable.

Note 3: The following calculation formulas shall be listed at the end of this Table in the annual report:

(II) Comprehensive Analysis of Consolidated Financial Information (IFRS):

| | Year | r Financial Analyses for the Past Five Fiscal Ye (Note 1) | | | l Years | |
|---------------------------|---|--|--------|--------|---------|--------|
| Item (Note | 3) | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
| Financial | Debt Ratio | 45.32 | 45.38 | 43.19 | 38.93 | 37.93 |
| structure (%) | Ratio of Long-term Capital to Property, Plant, and Equipment | 776.07 | 873.03 | 825.14 | 945.97 | 923.58 |
| | Current Ratio | 156.40 | 160.89 | 171.14 | 234.79 | 220.26 |
| Solvency (%) | Quick Ratio | 111.29 | 117.27 | 120.08 | 185.03 | 141.21 |
| | Interest Earned Ratio (times) | (4.59) | 13.33 | (6.16) | 53.92 | 16.24 |
| | Trade Receivables Turnover (times) | 3.84 | 4.15 | 4.09 | 4.37 | 4.65 |
| | Average Collection period | 95.05 | 87.95 | 89.24 | 83.52 | 78.49 |
| | Inventory Turnover (times) | 3.28 | 3.31 | 3.13 | 3.13 | 3.25 |
| Operating Performance | Trade Payables Turnover (times) | 3.91 | 4.01 | 3.81 | 3.68 | 4.22 |
| renormance | Average Days in Sales | 111.28 | 110.27 | 116.61 | 116.61 | 112.30 |
| | Property, Plant, and Equipment Turnover (times) | 15.55 | 16.75 | 15.57 | 14.38 | 15.49 |
| | Total Assets Turnover (times) | 1.06 | 1.11 | 1.02 | 0.96 | 1.02 |
| | Return on Total Asset (%) | (0.77) | 0.90 | (2.28) | 8.44 | 2.23 |
| | Return on Stockholders' Equity (%) | (2.00) | 1.12 | (5.48) | 13.29 | 2.55 |
| Profitability Analysis | Pre-tax Income to Paid-In Capital | (1.92) | 4.56 | (4.44) | 22.96 | 6.58 |
| | Profit Ratio (%) | (1.00) | 0.55 | (2.99) | 8.17 | 1.54 |
| | Earnings Per Share (NT\$) | (0.30) | 0.16 | (0.78) | 1.90 | 0.38 |
| | Cash Flow Ratio (%) | 0.45 | 12.77 | 0.78 | 17.62 | -36.41 |
| Cash flow | Cash Flow Adequacy Ratio (%) | 18.45 | 53.93 | 193.65 | 251.89 | 15.61 |
| | Cash Reinvestment Ratio (%) | Note 2 | 8.88 | Note 2 | 8.28 | Note 2 |
| Lovorage | Operating Leverage | 0.10 | 2.45 | 0.03 | 5.18 | 2.77 |
| Leverage | Financial Leverage | 0.95 | 1.11 | 0.90 | 1.54 | 1.18 |

Analysis of Financial Ratio Difference in the Most Recent Two Years

1. Decrease in quick ratio: Mainly due to decrease in cash and cash equivalents greater than that in current liabilities.

- 2. Decrease in interest earned ratio (times): Mainly due to decrease in earnings before interest and tax in 2021.
- Decrease in Return on total asset, return on stockholders' equity, Pre-tax income to paid-in capital, Profit ratio, and earnings per share: Mainly due to the decrease in pre-tax income and net income in 2021.
- 4. Decrease in cash flow ratio: Mainly due to decrease in net operating cash flows
- 5. Decrease in cash flow adequacy ratio: Mainly due to decrease in cash flow from operating activities in the most recent five years.
- 6. Decrease in operating leverage: Mainly due to decrease in the fixed costs in 2021.
- 7. Decrease in financial leverage: Mainly due to decrease in interest expenses in 2021.
 - Note 1: The financial information for the most recent five fiscal years has been audited and attested by CPAs using IFRS.

- Note 2: The cash reinvestment ratio is negative, and therefore a cash flow analysis is not applicable.
- Note 3: The following calculation formulas shall be listed at the end of this Table in the annual report:
 - 1. Financial structure
 - (1) Debt Ratio = Total liabilities/Total assets.
 - (2) Ratio of long-term capital to property, plant, and equipment = (Shareholders' equity + Noncurrent liabilities)/Net property, plant, and equipment.
 - 2. Solvency
 - (1) Current ratio = Current assets/Current liabilities
 - (2) Quick ratio = (Current assets Inventories Prepaid Expenses)/Current liabilities.
 - (3) Interest earned ratio = Earning before interest and tax/Interest expenses.
 - 3. Operating Performance
 - (1) Trade receivable turnover (times) (including accounts receivable and notes receivable from business operations) = Net sales/Average trade receivable (including accounts receivable and notes receivable from business operations).
 - (2) Average collection period = 365/Trade receivables turnover.
 - (3) Inventory turnover = Cost of Sales/Average inventory.
 - (4) Trade Payable turnover (times) (including accounts payable and notes payable from business operations) = Cost of sales/Average trade payable (including accounts payable and notes payable from business operations).
 - (5) Average sales days = 365/Inventory turnover ratio.
 - (6) Property, plant, and equipment turnover = Net sales/Average net property, plant, and equipment.
 - (7) Total assets turnover = Net sales/Average total assets.
 - 4. Profitability Analysis
 - Return on total assets = [Net income + Interest expenses x (1 effective tax rates)]/Average total assets.
 - (2) Return on stockholders' equity = Net income (loss)/Average total equity.
 - (3) Profit ratio = Net gain (loss) after tax/Net sales.
 - (4) Earnings per share = Net income (loss) attributable to Shareholders of the parent/Weighted average number of shares outstanding. (Note 4)
 - 5. Cash flow
 - (1) Cash flow ratio = Net cash from business activities/Current liabilities.
 - (2) Net cash flow adequacy ratio = Net cash flow for business activities in the most recent five years /(Capital expenses + Additional inventory sum + Cash dividend) in the most recent five years.
 - (3) Cash reinvestment ratio = (Net cash flow from business activities Cash dividend)/(Gross amount of property, plant, and equipment + Long-term investments + Other non-current assets + Business capital). (Note 5)
 - 6. Leverage
 - (1) Operating leverage ratio= (Net operating revenue variable operating costs and expenses)/operating income (Note 6).
 - (2) Degree of financial leverage (DFL) = Operating profit/(Operating profit Interest expenses).
- Note 4: Special attention shall be paid to the following matters when using the formula of Earnings Per Share above:
 - 1. The calculation shall be based on the weighted average number of oridinary shares, instead of the number of outstanding oridinary shares as of the end of the year.
 - 2. When calculating the weighted average shares after capital increase or treasury stock trades, their effective term shall be taken into consideration.
 - 3. Where retained earnings or capital surplus are transferred to common stocks, retrospective adjustment shall be made in proportion to the quantity of shares issued in calculating the semiannual or annual EPS of the year. The period for the release of such new shares may be omitted.
 - 4. If the preferred stock is non-convertible cumulative preferred stocks, dividend for the year (whether it is being distributed or not) shall be subtracted from net profit after income tax or added to net loss after income tax. If the preferred stock is not cumulative, dividend thereon

shall be subtracted from net profit after income tax if net profit after income tax is earned, or no adjustment is required if loss arises.

- Note 5: Special attention shall be paid to the following matters when measuring cash flow analysis:
 - 1. Net cash flow from operating activities refers to the net cash inflow from operating activities in the statement of cash flows.
 - 2. Capital expenditure refers to the cash outflow to annual capital investment.
 - The increase in inventory is included only when the balance at the end of the period is larger than the balance at the beginning of the period. If the inventory decreases at the end of the year, it shall be calculated as zero.
 - 4. Cash dividends include the cash dividends paid to holders of common shares and preferred shares.
 - 5. Gross property, plant, and equipment refer to total property, plant, and equipment before the accumulated depreciation is subtracted.
- Note 6: Issuers shall separate operating costs and operating expenses by their nature into fixed and variable categories. When estimations or subjective judgments are involved, give special attention to their reasonableness and to maintaining consistency.
- Note 7: In the case of a company whose shares have no par value or a par value other than NT\$10, any calculations that involve paid-in capital ratio shall be replaced with the equity ratio belonging to the owner of the parent company, as shown in the balance sheet.

III. Audit Committee's Audit Report on the 2021 Financial Report

D-Link Corporation Audit Committee's Audit Report

The 2021 parent company only financial statements and consolidated financial statements, which were agreed upon the Audit Committee and resolved by the board, were audited by the CPAs Chou, Pao-Lien and Hsieh, Chiu-Hua of KPMG, and a review report was issued.

In addition, the Board of Directors has prepared the Company's 2021 Business Report, and the proposal for earnings appropriation. These have been reviewed and determined by the Audit Committee in accordance with Article 14-4 of the "Securities and Exchange Act" and Article 219 of the "Company Act", I hereby submit this Report.

Best regards

2022 Annual General Shareholders' meeting, D-Link Corporation

Convener of the Auditing Committee: Chen, Chin-Ming Mar 29, 2022

- **IV. Financial Report for the Most Recent Year:** Please refer to pages 161 to 250 of this annual report.
- V. Individual Financial Report Audited and Attested by CPAs for the Most Recent Year:

Please refer to pages 251 to 357 of this annual report.

VI. The Company and its Affiliated Companies Encountered any Financial Difficulties that Affect the Company's Financial Status in the Most Recent Year as of the Publication Date of this Annual Report: None.

Chapter 7 <u>Review of Financial Conditions, Financial</u> Performance, and Risk Management

I. Analysis of Financial Status

| Unit: NT\$ Thou | | | | | | |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|------------|--|--|
| Year | 2020 | | | Difference | | |
| Item | 2020 | 2021 | Amount | Amount | | |
| Current Assets | 12,551,922 | 10,109,933 | (2,441,989) | (19) | | |
| Property, Plant, and Equipment | 1,029,671 | 974,725 | (54,946) | (5) | | |
| Intangible Assets | 511,329 | 472,238 | (39,091) | (8) | | |
| Other Assets | 1,857,308 | 2,946,968 | 1,089,660 | 59 | | |
| Total Assets | 15,950,230 | 14,503,864 | (1,446,366) | 9 | | |
| Current Liabilities | 5,346,116 | 4,589,921 | (756,195) | (14) | | |
| Non-current Liabilities | 863,759 | 911,607 | 47,848 | 6 | | |
| Total Liabilities | 6,209,875 | 5,501,528 | (708,347) | (11) | | |
| Share Capital | 6,519,961 | 5,998,365 | (521,596) | (8) | | |
| Capital Surplus | 1,523,313 | 1,522,573 | (740) | — | | |
| Retained Earnings | 2,825,412 | 2,822,455 | (2,957) | — | | |
| Other Items of Shareholders' Equity | (1,128,331) | (1,341,057) | (212,726) | 19 | | |
| Total Equity | 9,740,355 | 9,002,336 | (738,019) | (8) | | |

Remarks: Only the consolidated operating figures of the Company are demonstrated. Analysis of changes in increase/decrease ratio exceeding 20%: The increase in other assets for this period compared with 2020 was mainly due to the increase in the investment in equity of associates accounted for using equity method.

II. Financial Performance

(I) Analysis of Financial Performance

| Unit: NT\$ Thousand | | | | | | |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--|--|
| Item | 2020 | 2021 | Increase/Decrease | Change Ratio (%) | | |
| Net Operating Revenue | 15,179,443 | 15,524,901 | 345,458 | 2 | | |
| Operating Costs | <u>10,404,148</u> | <u>11,336,144</u> | <u>931,996</u> | 9 | | |
| Gross Profit | 4,775,295 | 4,188,757 | (586,538) | (12) | | |
| Operating Expenses | 4,695,069 | 4,018,889 | <u>(676,180)</u> | (14) | | |
| Net Operating Income | 80,226 | 169,868 | 89,642 | 112 | | |
| Non-operating Income and Expenses | <u>1,416,500</u> | <u>224,855</u> | <u>(1,191,645)</u> | (84) | | |
| Net Profit Before Tax from Continuing Operations | 1,496,726 | 394,723 | (1,102,003) | (74) | | |
| Less: Income Tax Expenses | <u>186,166</u> | <u>76,612</u> | <u>(109,554)</u> | (59) | | |
| Net Profit | <u>1.310,560</u> | <u>318,111</u> | <u>(992,449)</u> | (76) | | |

Remarks: Only the consolidated operating figures of the Company are demonstrated. Analysis of changes in increase/decrease ratio exceeding 20%:

- 1. The increase in operating income in this period was mainly due to the decrease in personnel and marketing expenses compared with the prior period.
- The decrease in non-operating income, net profit before tax, and net profit after tax in the period was mainly due to the increase in gains on the sale of equity of associates accounted for using equity method in 2020. There was no such non-operating income in this period.
- 3. The decrease in income tax expenses was mainly due to the deferred tax expense in the prior period and deferred tax benefit in this period.
- 4. The remaining items are exempted from analysis as the change ratio is within 20%.
- (II) Expected Sales Volume and its Basis, Potential Impact on the Company's Future Financial Operations, and Response Plans Thereof: Please refer to "Letter to Shareholders" from pages 1 to 3.

III. Cash Flow

(I) Change in Cash Flow in the Most Recent Fiscal Year

| Year | 2020 | 2021 | Increase (Decrease) Ratio % |
|------------------------------|--------|--------|--------------------------------|
| Cash Flow Ratio (%) | 17.62 | -36.41 | -136.41 |
| Cash Flow Adequacy Ratio (%) | 251.89 | 15.61 | -84.39 |
| Cash Reinvestment Ratio (%) | 8.28 | -17.36 | -117.36 |

Remarks: Only the consolidated operating figures of the Company are demonstrated.

Analysis of changes in increase/decrease ratio exceeding 20%:

- 1. The decrease in cash flow ratio during this period was mainly due to decrease in net operating cash flows in this period.
- 2. Decrease in cash flow adequacy ratio during this period was mainly due to decrease in cash flow from operating activities in the most recent five years.
- 3. The decrease in cash reinvestment ratio in this period was mainly due to decrease in net cash flows from operating activities in this period.
- (II) Improvement Plan for Insufficient Liquidity: The Company does not suffer from insufficient liquidity.
- (III) Cash Liquidity Analysis for the Coming Year (2022): Not applicable.
- IV. Major Capital Expenditure for the Most Recent Fiscal Year and its Impact on the Company's Finances and Operations: None.
- V. The Company's Investment Policy for the Most Recent Fiscal Year, and the Main Reasons for the Profits/Losses Generated Thereby, the Improvement Plan, and Investment Plans for the Coming Year
- (I) The Company's 2021 parent company-only financial statement recognizes the gain on investment of NT\$583,787 thousand (a gain of NT\$194,513 thousand on a consolidated basis). The main reason for the gain is that the market demand for mobile broadband products and switches increased due to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic and the commercialization of 5G technology, leading to a

profit for the Company.

- (II) In the future, the Company will continue to perform post-investment management and prudently evaluate our investment plan in alignment with our business development and operational needs, to reinforce our competitiveness in this industry.
- VI. Risk Management and Assessment for the Most Recent Year as of the Publication Date of this Annual Report
- (I) Impacts of Interest Rate, Fluctuation in Exchange Rate, and Inflation on the Company's Profits and Future Response Measures:

| | Unit: NTŞ Thousand | | | |
|---|--------------------|----------|--|--|
| Item | 2020 | 2021 | | |
| Net Interest Income or Expense | 6,465 | 22,617 | | |
| Net Foreign Exchange Gain and Loss (Note 1) | 8,794 | (53,809) | | |

Note 1: Including the profit and loss on financial assets and liabilities but not the profit and loss on exchangeable corporate bonds.

Countermeasures:

- The Company's consolidated net interest income and expenses in 2021 was NT\$22,617 thousand. Because of operational needs, the Company's deposits and loans are mainly in USD and NTD. Our interest income and expenses are mainly affected by fluctuations in interest rates between NTD and USD. The Company will continue to regularly evaluate interest rates on deposit and loan to reduce the risk of interest rate fluctuations.
- 2. The Company's consolidated exchange loss in 2021 was NT\$53,809 thousand. The Company hedges and monitors its exposures due to the fluctuations of foreign exchange rates prudently to mitigate the impacts on the Company's profit, while adjusting the hedging ratio in a timely manner with reference to the volatility in the foreign exchange market to reduce the foreign exchange risk.
- Inflation in recent years has not caused a significant impact on the Company's profit or loss. The Company will also continue to monitor the general economic changes and changes in market conditions to prevent inflation from affecting the Company's profit or loss.
- (II) Policies on High-risk, High-leveraged Investments, Loans to Other Parties, Endorsements, Guarantees, and Derivatives Trading, are the Main Reasons for the Profits or Losses Generated Thereby, and Future Response Measures to be Undertaken:

The Company is not engaged in high-risk and high-leveraged investments, and based on the principle of effective use of the Group's resources, there are funds lent to subsidiaries and endorsements and guarantees provided to subsidiaries, which are all conducted in accordance with the Company's Procedures for Loaning of Funds to Others, Procedures for Making Endorsements/Guarantees, and relevant laws and regulations. Derivatives trading is aimed at hedging foreign exchange risks and reducing exchange rate fluctuations, and is handled in accordance with the relevant regulations of the Company's "Handling Procedures for Engaging in Acquisition" or "Disposal of Assets and the Procedures for Derivatives Trading". The implementation and the profit and loss situation are reported to the Board of Directors on a regular basis. All information on aforementioned derivatives trading is disclosed on MOPS on a monthly basis as required for investors' reference.

(III) Future R&D Projects and R&D Expenditure to be Invested:

The Company's R&D expenditure in 2022 covers various development projects, including switches, wireless products, and IoT technology, which have been included in the execution project, and extends to solution integration and cloud platform R&D in various fields. The R&D expenditure is estimated to be NT\$592,000 thousand.

- (IV)Impact of Changes of Important Domestic and Foreign Policies and Laws on the Company's Finance and Business, and Response Measures: None.
- (V) Effects of and Response to Changes in Technology (Including Information and Communication Security Risks) and the Industry Relating to Corporate Finance and Sales:

The Company has established comprehensive information security protection measures for network and computers but cannot guarantee that the computer systems that control or maintain important corporate functions, including business operations and accounting, are completely immune to cyberattacks from any third-party. The illegal intrusion of the cyberattacks into the Company's internal network system to carry out activities to sabotage the Company's operations and undermine our goodwill. In the event of a severe cyberattack, the Company's system may lose important data, and our operations may be suspended.

We continue to review and evaluate our information security regulations and procedures and reinforce and update the information security protection system to ensure its appropriateness and effectiveness. However, it cannot guarantee that the Company will not be exposed to new risks and attacks amid the ever-changing information security threats.

Cyberattacks may also attempt to steal the Company's trade secrets and other confidential information, such as customers' or other stakeholders' proprietary information and employees' personal data. Malicious hackers may also try to put viruses, destructive software, or ransomware in the Company's network system to interfere with our operations so as to extort money, gain control over our computer system, or spy on our confidential information. These attacks may result in delays or interruptions in our business orders. With that, we may compensate customers for their losses or bear substantial costs to take remedial and improvement measures to reinforce the Company's cybersecurity systems; or bear significant legal responsibility for relevant legal cases or regulatory investigations due to leakage of data on employees, customers, or third parties to whom the Company has a confidentiality obligation.

To prevent and reduce the damage caused by such attacks, the Company implements relevant improvement measures and continues to update and enhance the anti-virus mechanism to prevent the intrusion of hackers and malicious software; strengthens the network firewall and network control to prevent the spread of viruses across different computers; adopts advanced solutions to detect and deal with malicious software; improves phishing email detection; regularly offers employee education and training and entrusts external experts to conduct information security assessments.

- (VI)Impact of Changes of Corporate Images on Crisis Management and Response Measures: None.
- (VII) Expected Benefits and Potential Risks in Engaging in Mergers or Acquisitions and Response Measures: None.
- (VIII) Expected Benefits and Possible Risks in Expanding Plants and Response Measures: None.
- (IX) Risks Posed by Concentrated Procurement and Sales and Response Measures: None.
- (X) The Impact on the Company, and Risks Arising from Major Exchange or Transfer of Shares by Directors or Major Shareholders with Over 10% of Shareholdings, and the Response Measures: None.
- (XI) Effects of, Risks Relating to and Countermeasures to the Changes in Management Rights: None.
- (XII) For Litigation or Non-litigation cases, major litigations, Non-Litigations, or Administrative Litigations that have been Confirmed or are Still in Trial, in which the Company and its Directors, President, Responsible Persons, Major Shareholders with Over 10% of Shareholdings, or Subordinate Companies are Involved Shall be Specified. Where the Results may Affect the Shareholders' Equity, their Disputed Facts, the Amount of the Subject Matter, the Date of Litigation, the Main Parties Involved in the Litigation, and the handling Situation as of the Printing Date of this Annual Report

Shall be Disclosed:

- 1. XR Communications, LLC dba Vivato Technologies filed a lawsuit against the Company's subsidiary, D-Link Systems, Inc., in April 2017, alleging that certain D-Link products infringed its patents. D-Link Systems, Inc. has retained attorneys to defend the case in collaboration with product suppliers. Based on the evaluation, the Company believes the litigation will not cause a significant impact on its current operations.
- 2. UNM Rainforest Innovations filed a lawsuit against the Company in February 2020, alleging that certain D-Link products infringed its patents. The Company has retained attorneys to defend the case in collaboration with product suppliers. Based on the evaluation, the Company believes the litigation will not cause a significant impact on its current operations.

(XIII)Other Material Risks and Response Measures: None.

VII. Other Material Matters: None.

Chapter 8 Special Disclosure

I. Relevant Information of the Company's Affiliates

- (I) Organization Structure of Subsidiaries: Please refer to page 153 of this annual report.
- (II) Basic Information of Subsidiaries: Please refer to pages 154 to 155 of this annual report.
- (III) Shareholders in Common of the Company and its Subsidiaries with **Deemed Control and Subordination:** None.
- (IV) Directors, Supervisors, and Presidents of Subsidiaries: Please refer to pages 156 to 158 of this annual report.
- (V) Business Operations of the Subsidiaries: Please refer to pages 159 to 160 of this annual report.
- (VI) Consolidated Financial Statements of Subsidiaries: Please refer to pages 161 to 250.
- II. Private Placement of Securities in the Most Recent Year as of the Publication Date of this Annual Report: None.
- III. Holding or Disposal of the Company's Shares by the Subsidiaries of the Most Recent Year as of the Publication Date of this Annual Report: None.
- IV. Other Necessary Remark: None.
- V. Any Event Which has Material Impact on the Shareholders' Equity or Securities Prices as Prescribed in Subparagraph 2, Paragraph 3, Article 36 of the "Securities and Exchange Act" that have Occurred in the Most Recent Year as of the Publication Date of this Annual Report: None.



Basic Information of Subsidiaries

| | | | U | nit: NT\$ Thousand |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------|--|------------------------------|---|
| Name | Date of incorporation | Address | Actual paid-in capital | Primary business |
| D-Link Canada Inc. | 1990.02.15 | 2525 Meadowvale Boulevard, Mississauga, ON, Canada L5N 5S2, | 124,709 | Marketing and after-sales service |
| D-Link Systems, Inc. | 1986.01.17 | 14420 Myford Road suite 100 Irvine, CA 92606, USA | 1,412,190 | Marketing and after-sales service |
| D-Link Holding Company Ltd. | 1998.06.04 | OMC Chambers, Wickhams Cay 1, Road Town, Tortola, British Virgin Islands | 1,884,651 | Investment |
| D-Link (Europe) Ltd. | 1995.05.30 | Artemis Building, Odyssey Business Park, West End Road, South Ruislip, HA4 6QE | 1,396,148 | Marketing and after-sales service |
| D-Link AB | 1994.09.14 | D-Link AB, BOX 1104, 164 22 Kista, Stockholm, Sweden | 6,852 | Marketing and after-sales service |
| D-Link (Magyarorszag) Kft | 2007.06.29 | Robert Karoly Korut 59, H-1134 Budapest, Hungary | 384 | Marketing and after-sales service |
| D-Link France SARL | 1990.06.19 | 14 Place Georges Pompidou, Montigny-le-Bretonneux 78180, France | 3,593 | Marketing and after-sales service |
| D-Link Polska Sp Z.o.o. | 2006.02.06 | ul. Olkuska 7, 02-604 Warsaw, Poland | 842 | Marketing and after-sales service |
| D-Link Iberia SL | 2000.07.07 | Calle Muntaner, 239-253, Floor 3 A 08021 Barcelona, Spain | 1,501 | Marketing and after-sales service |
| D-Link s.r.o | 2010.03.01 | Building City Empiria, 15th fl. Na Strzi 1702/65, 140 62 Praha- Praha 4, Czech Republic | 240 | Marketing and |
| D-Link (Netherlands) BV | 2001.03.15 | Weena 290, 3012 NJ Rotterdam, Netherlands | 1,620 | Marketing and |
| D-Link Mediterraneo SRL | 2000.06.02 | Via Negroli 35, 20133 Milano, Italy | 1,654 | Marketing and |
| D-Link (Deutschland) GmbH | 1991.08.14 | Schwalbacher Strasse 74 D-65760 Eschborn, Germany | 100,084 | Marketing and after-sales service |
| D-Link (Holdings) Ltd. | 1995.03.02 | Artemis Building, Odyssey Business Park, West End Road, South Ruislip, HA4 6QE | _ | Investment |
| D-Link (UK) Ltd. | 1989.08.01 | Artemis Building, Odyssey Business Park, West End Road, South Ruislip, HA4 6QE | 11,055 | Marketing and after-sales service |
| D-Link Adria d.o.o. | 2011.03.03 | Cvjetno naselje II 18, 10 000 Zagreb Croatia | 292 | Marketing and after-sales service |
| OOO D-Link Russia | 2002.07.25 | Graphsky per., 14, 129626 Moscow, Russia | 3,615 | |
| Wishfi Pte. Ltd. | 2009.07.10 | No. 2 International Business Park #05-27/28 The Strategy (Tower 2), Singapore 609930 | _ | R & D, marketing and after sales service |
| Success Stone Overseas Corp. | 2010.01.05 | Palm Grove House, P.O. Box 438, Road Town, Tortola, British Virgin Islands | 271,971 | Investment |
| D-Link Holding Mauritius, Inc. | 2000.09.21 | 10th Floor, Raffles Tower, 19 Cybercity, Ebene, Mauritius | 293,638 | Investment |
| D-Link (India) Ltd. | 2008.05.26 | Kalpataru Square, 2nd Floor, Unit no. 24, Kondivita Lane, Off Andheri Kurla Road, Andheri East, Mumbai – 400059, India | 26,450 | Marketing and after-sales service |
| Team F1 Networks Private Limited | 2012.02.06 | The V Ascendas IT Park, Capella Building, Floor 2, Plot No.17, Madhapur, Hyderabad 500081, India | 39 | R & D |
| D-Link Shiang-Hai (Cayman) Inc. | 2002.04.08 | P.O. BOX 31119 Grand Pavilion, Hibiscus Way, 802 West Bay Road, Grand Cayman, KY1-1205, Cayman Islands | 558,022 | Investment |
| D-Link (Shiang-Hai) Co., Ltd. | 2002.08.13 | Room 612, 6F, No. 88, Taigu Road, China (Shanghai) Pilot Free Trade Zone | 693,582 | Trading of network equipment and |

| Name | Date of incorporation | Address | Actual paid-in capital | Primary business |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|---|------------------------------|--|
| | | | · | wireless communication systems |
| Netpro Trading (Shiang-Hai) Co., Ltd. | 2001.11.13 | 8F, Building 1, No. 641 Tianshan Road, Shanghai | 21,227 | R & D and trading |
| D-Link International Pte. Ltd. | 1994.08.31 | No. 2 International Business Park #05-27/28 The Strategy (Tower 2), Singapore 609930 | 1,663,006 | Marketing, procurement and after-sales service |
| D-Link Korea Limited | 2011.03.16 | (Guro-dong, Woolim E-biz Center 1) RM 1401, 28, Digital-ro 33-gil, Guro-gu, Seoul, 08377 Korea | 38,510 | Marketing and after-sales service |
| D-Link Trade M | 2013.05.21 | MD-2001, Negruzzi C. Blvd., 8, Chisinau, Republic of Moldova | 8 | Marketing and after-sales service |
| D-Link Russia Investment Co.Ltd. | 2014.01.20 | OMC Chambers, Wickhams Cay 1, Road Town, Tortola, British Virgin Islands | 524,951 | Investment |
| D-Link Malaysia Sdn Bhd | 2015.03.13 | Strata office SO-20-8, Menara 1, KL Eco City, Jln. Bangsar, Kg. Hj. Abdullah Hukum 59200, Kuala Lumpur Malaysia | 5,306 | Marketing and after-sales service |
| D-Link Service Lithuania, UAB | 2017.12.05 | Zirmunu 139, LT-09120, Vilnius, Lithuania | 3,136 | Marketing and after-sales service |
| D-Link Sudamerica S.A. | 1999.01.11 | Paseo Ahumada 312, oficina 236, Santiago Chile | 3,898 | Marketing and after-sales service |
| D-Link Mexicana S.A de C.V | 2007.11.13 | Gabriel Mancera 1041 Col. Del Valle, C.P. 03100 / México, D.F | 204,571 | Marketing and after-sales service |
| D-Link Japan K.K. | 2005.07.11 | 2F, SOWA Gotanda Bldg., 2-7-18 Higashigotanda, Shinagawa-ku, Tokyo 141-0022, Japan | 22,866 | Marketing and after-sales service |
| D-Link Australia Pty Ltd. | 1991.05.29 | 6-10 Talavera Rd, North Ryde, NSW 2113, Sydney Australia | 20,084 | Marketing and after-sales service |
| D-Link Middle East FZCO | 2002.07.17 | Plot No. S31102, P.O. Box:18224 Jebel Ali Free Zone South, Dubai UAE. | 4,551 | Marketing and after-sales service |
| D Link Network | 2019.12.09 | Unit 10 Block B, 324 Witch-Hazel Ave, Highveld Technopark, Centurion, RSA | _ | Marketing and after-sales service |
| D-Link Brazil LTDA. | 2001.09.12 | Rua Apeninos, 1126, 10º Andar - CEP 04104-021, PARAÍSO - SÃO PAULO, Brazil | 147,113 | Marketing and after-sales service |
| D-Link Investment Pte.Ltd. | 2013.12.20 | No. 2 International Business Park #05-27/28 The Strategy (Tower 2), Singapore 609930 | 60,918 | Investment |
| 000 D-Link Trade | 2010.12.29 | Shabulina Proezd 16, 390043, Ryazan, Russia | 26,836 | Marketing and after-sales service |
| D-Link Latin-America Company Ltd. | 2001.04.11 | P.O. BOX 31119 Grand Pavilion, Hibiscus Way, 802 West Bay Road, Grand Cayman, KY1-1205, Cayman Islands | 276,900 | Marketing and after-sales service |
| D-Link Peru S.A. | 2004.06.01 | German Schreiber 276 Urb. Santa Ana Of. 240 entre cdra 1 y 2 Canaval y Moreyra Lima – San Isidro, Peru | 24 | Marketing and after-sales service |
| D-Link de Colombia S.A.S. | 2006.07.07 | Carrera 7B No 126-74, Bogota Colombia | 10,041 | Marketing and after-sales service |
| D-Link Guatemala S.A. | 2005.12.07 | Guatemala C.A. | 18 | Marketing and after-sales service |
| D-Link Argentina S.A. | 2006.08.02 | Buenos Aires - Argentina | 764 | Marketing and after-sales service |
| Yeo-Tai Investment Ltd. | 1999.12.17 | 6F., No. 289, Xinhu 3rd Rd., Neihu Dist., Taipei City | 146,000 | Investment |

Directors, Supervisors, and Presidents of Subsidiaries

| Name | Title | Name or representative | Shareholding | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|------------------------|--------------|----------------|--|
| | | Name of representative | Shares | Percentage (%) | |
| D-Link Canada Inc. | Director | Sara Cheng | | 0.00 | |
| D-Link Systems, Inc. | Director | CJ Chang | | 0.00 | |
| D-Link Holding Co. Ltd. | Director | Joanne Chen | | 0.00 | |
| D-Ellik Holding CO. Etd. | Director | Howard Kao | | 0.00 | |
| | Director | Claude Chou | | 0.00 | |
| D-Link (Europe) Ltd. | Director | Sara Cheng | | 0.00 | |
| D-Link (Lurope) Ltd. | Director | Kevin Wen | | 0.00 | |
| | Company Secretary | Dinesh Kerai | | 0.00 | |
| | Director | Claude Chou | | 0.00 | |
| D-Link AB | Director | Arnold Dekker | | 0.00 | |
| | Director | Thomas Von Baross | | 0.00 | |
| | Director | Claude Chou | | 0.00 | |
| D-Link (Magyarorszag) Kft | Director | Sara Cheng | | 0.00 | |
| | Director | Thomas Von Baross | | 0.00 | |
| | Director | Kevin Wen | | 0.00 | |
| D-Link France SARL | Director | Stefano Nordio | | 0.00 | |
| | Director | Kevin Wen | | 0.00 | |
| D-Link Polska Sp. Z o.o. | Director | Thomas Von Baross | | 0.00 | |
| | Director | Claude Chou | | 0.00 | |
| D-Link Iberia SL | Director | Andy Chen | | 0.00 | |
| | Director | Stefano Nordio | | 0.00 | |
| | Director | Claude Chou | | 0.00 | |
| D-Link s.r.o. | Director | Sara Cheng | | 0.00 | |
| | Director | Thomas Von Baross | | 0.00 | |
| | Director | Claude Chou | | 0.00 | |
| D-Link (Netherlands) BV | Director | Thomas Von Baross | | 0.00 | |
| | Director | Claude Chou | | 0.00 | |
| D-Link Mediterraneo SRL | Director | Andy Chen | | 0.00 | |
| | Director | Stefano Nordio | | 0.00 | |
| | Director | Claude Chou | | 0.00 | |
| D-Link (Deutschland) GmbH | Director | Sara Cheng | | 0.00 | |
| | Director | Thomas Von Baross | | 0.00 | |
| | Director | Joanne Chen | | 0.00 | |
| D-Link (Holdings) Ltd. Co. | Company Secretary | Dinesh Kerai | | 0.00 | |
| | Director | Kevin Wen | | 0.00 | |
| D-Link (UK) Ltd. | Company Secretary | Dinesh Kerai | | 0.00 | |
| | Director | Stefano Nordio | | 0.00 | |
| D-Link Adria d.o.o. | Director | Kevin Wen | | 0.00 | |
| 000 D-Link Russia | Director | Vladimir Lipping | | 0.00 | |
| | Director | Jacky Chang | | 0.00 | |
| Wishfi Pte Ltd. | Company Secretary | | | 0.00 | |
| | Director | Joanne Chen | | 0.00 | |
| Success Stone Overseas Corp. | Director | Alex Chaing | | 0.00 | |

| Name | Title Name or representative | | Shareholding | | |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------|----------------|--|
| Name | | | Shares | Percentage (%) | |
| | Director | CJ Chang | | 0.00 | |
| D-Link Holding Mauritius, Inc. | Director | Joanne Chen | | 0.00 | |
| | Director | Karen Ah Soon | | 0.00 | |
| | Director | Nathalie Wong | | 0.00 | |
| | Chairman | Howard Kao | | 0.00 | |
| | Director | Mukesh Lulla | 2,634,356 | 7.42 | |
| | Independent Director | Rajaram Ajgaonkar | | 0.00 | |
| D-Link (India) Ltd. | Independent Director | Satish Godbole | 25 | 0.00 | |
| | Independent Director | Madhu Gadodia | | 0.00 | |
| | Director & CEO | Tushar Sighat | 16,427 | 0.05 | |
| | Director | Howard Kao | | 0.00 | |
| TeamF1 Networks Private Limited | Director | Tushar Sighat | | 0.00 | |
| TeamF1 Networks Private Limited | Director | RAJARAM PRALHADRAO JADHAV | | 0.00 | |
| D Link Chiene Hei (Coursen) Inc | Director | Joanne Chen | | 0.00 | |
| D-Link Shiang-Hai (Cayman) Inc. | Director | Howard Kao | | 0.00 | |
| | Chairman | CJ Chang | | 0.00 | |
| D Link (Chiang Hai) Ca. Itd | Director | Howard Kao | | 0.00 | |
| D-Link (Shiang-Hai) Co., Ltd. | Director | Jeff Wu* | | 0.00 | |
| | Supervisor | Claire Chou | | 0.00 | |
| | Chairman | CJ Chang | | 0.00 | |
| Netpro Trading (Shiang-Hai) Co., | Director | Howard Kao | | 0.00 | |
| Ltd. | Director | Jeff Wu* | | 0.00 | |
| | Supervisor | Claire Chou | | 0.00 | |
| | Director | Victir Kuo | | 0.00 | |
| D-Link International Pte Ltd. | Director | Joanne Chen | | 0.00 | |
| | Director | Jacky Chang | | 0.00 | |
| D-Link Korea Ltd. | Chairman | CJ Chang | | 0.00 | |
| D-LINK KOFEA LLG. | Director | Howard Kao | | 0.00 | |
| D-Link Trade M | Administrator | Denis Culicovschi | | 0.00 | |
| | Director | Joanne Chen | | 0.00 | |
| D-Link Russia Investment Co. Ltd. | Director | Howard Kao | | 0.00 | |
| D Link Malavsia Cala Dhal | Director | Lim Bee Lian | | 0.00 | |
| D-Link Malaysia Sdn Bhd | Director | Suzairi Bin Abdul Rahman | | 0.00 | |
| D-Link Service Lithuania, UAB | President | Ramune Drobaviciene | | 0.00 | |
| D-Link Sudamerica S.A. | Director | Andy Chen | | 0.00 | |
| D-Link Mexicana S.A de C.V | Director | Sophia Luke | | 0.00 | |
| | Chairman | CJ Chang | | 0.00 | |
| | President | Chin-Hsin Liao | | 0.00 | |
| D-Link Japan K.K. | Director | Howard Kao | | 0.00 | |
| | Supervisor | Claire Chou | | 0.00 | |
| | Director | CJ Chang | | 0.00 | |
| D-Link Australia Pty Ltd. | Director | Howard Kao | | 0.00 | |
| | Director | Reardon Graeme | | 0.00 | |

*Jeff Wu resigned in February 2022.

| Newse | Tiele | Title Norse or representative | | Shareholding | | |
|------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------|----------------|--|--|
| Name | Title Name or representative | | Shares | Percentage (%) | | |
| | Director | CJ Chang | | 0.00 | | |
| D-Link Middle East FZCO | Director | Joanne Chen | | 0.00 | | |
| | Director | Gary Yang | | 0.00 | | |
| D Link Network | Director | Alex Chaing | | 0.00 | | |
| D LINK NELWORK | Director | Teddy Liang | | 0.00 | | |
| D-Link Brazil LTDA. | Legal Representative | José Roberto Arruda Moreira Filho | | 0.00 | | |
| D-Link Investment Pte. Ltd. | Director | Howard Kao | | 0.00 | | |
| D-Link investment Pte. Ltd. | Director | Jacky Chang | | 0.00 | | |
| 000 D-Link Trade | Director & President | Vladimir Lipping | | 0.00 | | |
| D-Link Latin-America Company | Director | Joanne Chen | | 0.00 | | |
| Ltd. | Director | Howard Kao | | 0.00 | | |
| D-Link Peru S.A. | Director | Andy Chen | | 0.00 | | |
| D-Link de Colombia S.A.S. | Legal Representative | Sophia Luke | | 0.00 | | |
| D-Link Guatemala S.A. | Director | Andy Chen | | 0.00 | | |
| D-Link Argentina S.A. | Legal Representative | Ricardo Scherianz | | 0.00 | | |
| Yeo-Tai Investment Ltd. | Chairman | Victor Kuo | | 0.00 | | |
| reo-iai investment Ltd. | Director | Joaane Chen | | 0.00 | | |

Note: Not institutional representatives of the Company; the disclosed number of shares held is held by individuals, and the remaining Directors, Supervisors and Presidents are designated by the Company or its 100%-owned subsidiaries.

Business Operations of the Subsidiaries

| Unit: NT | | | | | | | Thousand | |
|--|-----------|--------------|----------------------|-----------|----------------------|---------------------|--|--------------|
| English name | Capital | Total Assets | Total Liabilities | Net Value | Operating Revenue | Operating Profit | P & L for the current period (after taxes) | EPS (NT\$) |
| D-Link Canada Inc. | 124,709 | 395,592 | 116,184 | 279,408 | 496,846 | 151 | 1,365 | 0.24 |
| D-Link Systems, Inc. | 1,412,190 | 2,089,344 | 747,327 | 1,342,017 | 675,280 | (99,892) | (64,895) | (1.37) |
| D-Link Holding Company Ltd. | 1,884,651 | 1,745,937 | 24,791 | 1,721,146 | - | (300) | 109,748 | 1.61 |
| D-Link (Europe) Ltd. | 1,396,148 | 2,531,872 | 1,288,176 | 1,243,696 | 3,510,026 | 34,043 | 26,534 | 0.82 |
| D-Link AB | 6,852 | 29,744 | 14,013 | 15,731 | 49,508 | 2,192 | 1,450 | 93.55 |
| D-Link (Magyarorszag) Kft | 384 | 7,942 | 2,186 | 5,756 | 11,789 | 912 | 209 | 696.67 |
| D-Link France SARL | 3,593 | 122,388 | 86,875 | 35,513 | 512,536 | 5,454 | 2,884 | 25.17 |
| D-Link Polska Sp. Z o.o. | 842 | 33,101 | 10,224 | 22,877 | 54,575 | 3,858 | 1,729 | 17,290.00 |
| D-Link Iberia SL | 1,501 | 148,586 | 89,976 | 58,610 | 387,138 | 4,304 | 3,729 | 74.58 |
| D-Link s.r.o. | 240 | 5,156 | 1,503 | 3,653 | 8,972 | 475 | 366 | 3,660.00 |
| D-Link (Netherlands) BV | 1,620 | 10,115 | 2,662 | 7,453 | 13,869 | 637 | 536 | 10.72 |
| D-Link Mediterraneo SRL | 1,654 | 255,226 | 237,267 | 17,959 | 698,426 | 12,026 | 7,314 | 146.28 |
| D-Link (Deutschland) GmbH | 100,084 | 273,194 | 92,487 | 180,707 | 772,472 | 2,682 | 15,415 | N/A |
| D-Link (Holdings) Ltd. | _ | 8,991 | _ | 8,991 | _ | _ | - | _ |
| D-Link (UK) Ltd. | 11,055 | 8,991 | _ | 8,991 | _ | _ | - | _ |
| D-Link Adria d.o.o. | 292 | 1,166 | 9 | 1,157 | 10 | (26) | 12 | N/A |
| OOO D-Link Russia | 3,615 | 4,538 | 17 | 4,521 | 266 | (119) | 14 | N/A |
| Success Stone Overseas Corp. | 271,971 | 148,661 | 1,389 | 147,272 | _ | (14,196) | 819 | 83.41 |
| D-Link Holding Mauritius, Inc. | 293,638 | 888,913 | _ | 888,913 | - | (499) | 81,537 | 407.68 |
| D-Link (India) Ltd. | 26,450 | 1,841,434 | 769,612 | 1,071,822 | 3,197,447 | 184,680 | 161,114 | 4.54 |
| Team F1 Network Private Ltd. | 39 | 73,765 | 11,393 | 62,372 | 60,095 | 9,071 | 9,326 | 888.23 |
| D-Link Shiang-Hai (Cayman) Inc. | 558,022 | _ | 539,232 | (539,232) | _ | _ | 331 | 6.62 |
| D-Link (Shiang-Hai) Co., Ltd. | 693,582 | 103,115 | 653,553 | (550,438) | 216,252 | (5,509) | (2,209) | N/A |
| Netpro Trading (Shiang-Hai) Co., Ltd. | 21,227 | 22,872 | 9,468 | 13,404 | 70,583 | 3,228 | 2,540 | N/A |
| D-Link International Pte. Ltd. | 1,663,006 | 5,783,995 | 3,054,729 | 2,729,266 | 9,336,848 | 499,299 | 479,733 | 7.21 |
| D-Link Korea Ltd. | 38,510 | 35,800 | 67,316 | (31,516) | 59,464 | (1,858) | (7,132) | (21.55) |
| D-Link Trade M | 8 | 1,159 | 1,352 | (193) | 3,995 | 493 | 365 | N/A |
| D-Link Russia Investment Co. Ltd. | 524,951 | 692,110 | _ | 692,110 | _ | (67) | 3,901 | 0.16 |
| D-Link Malaysia Sdn Bhd | 5,306 | 12,458 | 5,124 | 7,334 | 25,366 | 1,208 | 381 | _ |
| D-Link Service Lithuania, UAB | 3,136 | 5,998 | 2,148 | 3,850 | 11,991 | 759 | 634 | 634.00 |
| D-Link Sudamerica S.A. | 3,898 | 19,267 | 9,685 | 9,582 | 24,196 | 1,862 | 1,588 | 7.94 |
| D-Link Mexicana S.A de C.V | 204,571 | 15,520 | 993 | 14,527 | _ | (583) | (246) | (1.62) |
| D-Link Japan K.K. | 22,866 | 848,033 | 229,852 | 618,181 | 726,856 | 25,828 | 17,491 | 1,841.20 |
| D-Link Australia Pty Ltd. | 20,084 | 254,209 | 104,378 | 149,831 | 394,227 | 23,212 | 12,153 | 12.15 |
| D-Link Middle East FZCO | 4,551 | 1,752,638 | 920,455 | 832,183 | 2,618,346 | 31,542 | 29,689 | 4,948,166.67 |
| D Link Network | _ | 119 | 160 | (41) | 7,506 | (503) | (478) | (4,784.08) |

| English name | Capital | Total Assets | Total Liabilities | Net Value | Operating Revenue | Operating Profit | P & L for the current period (after taxes) | EPS (NT\$) |
|--------------------------------------|---------|--------------|----------------------|-----------|----------------------|---------------------|--|------------|
| D-Link Brazil LTDA. | 147,113 | 509,555 | 627,489 | (117,934) | 268,730 | (147,771) | (94,358) | (0.03) |
| D-Link Investment Pte. Ltd. | 60,918 | 26 | 68,924 | (68,898) | - | (208) | 39,892 | 18.13 |
| 000 D-Link Trade | 26,836 | 711,502 | 778,929 | (67,427) | 1,361,505 | 34,462 | 40,100 | N/A |
| D-Link Latin-America Company Ltd. | 276,900 | 14,106 | 582,452 | (568,346) | _ | (102) | (56,561) | (1,379.54) |
| D-Link Peru S.A. | 24 | 8,856 | 289 | 8,567 | 5,979 | 412 | 708 | 202.29 |
| D-Link de Colombia S.A.S. | 10,041 | 10,131 | 4,669 | 5,462 | 2,539 | (117) | (731) | (0.51) |
| D-Link Guatemala S.A. | 18 | 814 | 299 | 515 | - | _ | - | _ |
| D-Link Argentina S.A. | 764 | 133 | 20 | 113 | _ | _ | - | - |
| Yeo-Tai Investment Ltd. | 146,000 | 62,678 | 80 | 62,598 | - | (166) | 1,690 | 0.12 |

Representation Letter

The entities that are required to be included in the consolidated financial statements of D-LINK CORPORATION as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021 under the Criteria Governing the Preparation of Affiliation Reports, Consolidated Business Reports, and Consolidated Financial Statements of Affiliated Enterprises are the same as those included in the consolidated financial statements prepared in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards No. 10, "Consolidated Financial Statements." endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China. In addition, the information required to be disclosed in the consolidated financial statements is included in the consolidated financial statements. Consequently, D-LINK CORPORATION and Subsidiaries do not prepare a separate set of consolidated financial statements.

Company name: D-LINK CORPORATION Chairman: Kuo, Chin-Ho Date: March 29, 2022

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors of D-LINK CORPORATION:

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of D-LINK CORPORATION and its subsidiaries, which comprise the consolidated statements of financial position as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, and the consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, based on our audits and the report of another auditor (please refer to Other Matter paragraph), the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of D-LINK CORPORATION and its subsidiaries as at December 31, 2021 and 2020, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and with the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs"), Interpretations developed by the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("SIC") endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Certification of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and the auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of D-LINK CORPORATION and its subsidiaries in accordance with the Certified Public Accountants Code of Professional Ethics in Republic of China ("the Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the code. Based on our audits and the report of another auditor, we believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis of our opinion.

Other Matters

We did not audit the financial statements of D-Link International Pte. Ltd., a subsidiary of D-Link Corporation as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the financial statements of D-Link International Pte. Ltd. and D-Link Brazil LTDA, subsidiaries of D-Link Corporation as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020. Those statements were audited by other auditors, whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for above subsidiaries, is based solely on the reports of other auditors. The financial statements of above subsidiaries reflect the total assets constituting 5% and 6% of the consolidated total assets at December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively, and the total revenues constituting 7% and 8% of the consolidated total revenues for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

D-LINK CORPORATION has prepared its parent-company-only financial statements as of and for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, on which we have issued an unmodified opinion with other matters paragraph.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

1. Valuation of inventories

Please refer to Note 4(i) for accounting policy of inventory, Note 5(b) for accounting estimations and assumption uncertainty of inventory valuation, and Note 6(e) for the write-down of inventories to net realizable value.

Key audit matter explanation:

Most inventories of the Consolidated Company are internet solution products, which are measured at the lower of cost or net realizable value. As a result of competitive and rapidly changing environment where the Consolidated Company is located in, its internet solution products may become out-of-date and can no longer meet the market needs, resulting in a fluctuation in the market needs and the price of these products. The estimation of the net realizable value involves a subjective judgment of the Consolidated Company's management, which results in a risk that inventory cost may exceed its net realizable value.

How the matter was addressed in our audit:

For valuation of inventories, we observed the physical count of inventories at year end to inspect the condition of inventories; reviewed the inventory aging reports to assess the reasonableness of the Consolidated Company's inventory provision rate. To ascertain whether management's estimate of inventory provision was adequate, we evaluated the net realizable value basis adopted by the Consolidated Company's management. Furthermore, we assessed the appropriateness of the Consolidated Company management's estimation of inventory provision. We also assessed the appropriateness of the Consolidated Company's relevant disclosure of inventories.

2. Valuation of allowance for doubtful account

Please refer to Note 4(h) for accounting policy of allowance for doubtful account, Note 5(a) for accounting estimations and assumption uncertainty of impairment assessment of accounts receivable, and Note 6(c) for the analysis of accounts receivable and aging analysis.

Key audit matter explanation:

The Consolidated Company evaluates the recoverability of its accounts receivable based on credit rating and aging analysis and uses the forward-looking expected loss model. Therefore, the valuation of allowance for doubtful account involves a subjective judgment of management, and thus, needs significant attention in our audit.

How the matter was addressed in our audit:

We tested the effectiveness of the Consolidated Company's controls on the receivable collection and reviewed their records, then sent letters of confirmation request to the counterparties of the Consolidated Company. In order to assess the reasonableness of the Consolidated Company's valuation of allowance for doubtful accounts, we evaluated the assumptions adopted by management in valuation and the previous year's collection situation to assess whether there was any significant abnormality in the expected credit losses on the accounts receivable. We also assessed the appropriateness of the Consolidated Company's relevant disclosure of accounts receivable.

3. Revenue recognition

Please refer to Note 4(q) for accounting policy of revenue recognition and Note 6(w) for sales details of the consolidated financial statements.

Key Audit Matter Explanation:

The Consolidated Company sells internet related products and services, and aims to offer high-quality internet solution proposals to global consumers and enterprises. Revenue is the key performance indicator to evaluate the Consolidated Company's performance. Consequently, we have determined revenue recognition to be a key audit matter.

How the matter was addressed in our audit:

We tested the effectiveness of the Consolidated Company's controls on revenue recognition; evaluated whether the terms of sale were consistent with the accounting standards and checked relevant sales documents; analyzed and compared the changes in sales to major customers to assess the reasonableness of revenue recognition.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and IFRSs, IASs, IFRIC, SIC endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing D-LINK CORPORATION and its subsidiaries' ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate D-LINK CORPORATION and its subsidiaries or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing D-LINK CORPORATION and its subsidiaries' financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

 Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of D-LINK CORPORATION and its subsidiaries' internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on D-LINK CORPORATION and its subsidiaries' ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause D-LINK CORPORATION and its subsidiaries to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Consolidated Company to express an opinion on the group financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partners on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report are Hsieh, Chiu-Hua and Chou, Pao-Lian.

KPMG

Taipei, Taiwan (Republic of China) March 29, 2022

Notes to Readers

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are intended only to present the consolidated financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with the accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such consolidated financial statements are those generally accepted and applied in the Republic of China.

The independent auditors' audit report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements are the English translation of the Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between, or any difference in the interpretation of the English and Chinese language independent auditors' audit report and consolidated financial statements, the Chinese version shall prevail.

Consolidated Balance Sheets

December 31, 2021 and 2020

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollar)

| | Assets | á | December 31, 2021 Amount % | | December 31, 2020 Amount % | 2020 | | Liabilities and Equity | December 31, 2021 Amount % | December 31, 2 Amount | 020 |
|---|---|----|-------------------------------|-----|-------------------------------|------|------|---|-------------------------------|--------------------------|------|
| - | Current assets: | 1 | | ĺ | | | | Current liabilities: | 1 | | |
| | Cash and cash equivalents (note 6(a)) | Ś | 2,195,080 | 16 | 6,216,327 | 39 | 2120 | Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss - current (note 6(b)) \$ | 16,368 - | 18,324 | , |
| | Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current (note 6(b)) | | 279,344 | 6 | 238,951 | 7 | 2130 | Current contract liabilities (note 6(w)) | 134,833 1 | 123,995 | - |
| | Notes receivable, net (note 6(c)) | | 5,283 | , | 2,647 | , | 2150 | Notes payable | - 11 | 230 | , |
| | Accounts receivable, net (note 6(c)) | | 3,414,780 | 24 | 3,061,366 | 19 | 2170 | Accounts payable | 2,336,740 16 | 2,376,692 | 15 |
| | Accounts receivable due from related parties, net (notes $6(c)$ and 7) | | 10,187 | , | | , | 2180 | Accounts payable to related parties (note 7) | 287,886 2 | 367,482 | 2 |
| | Finance lease payment receivable (note 6(d)) | | 25,565 | , | , | , | 2200 | Other pavables (notes 6(m) and 7) | 907.850 6 | 1.380.725 | 6 |
| | Other receivables (notes $6(c)$ and 7) | | 274,322 | 6 | 55,821 | , | 2230 | Current tax liabilities | 22,119 - | 63,179 | , |
| | Current tax assets | | 13,066 | , | 38,744 | | 2250 | Current provisions (note 6(o)) | 233,799 2 | 259,953 | 7 |
| | Inventories (note 6(e)) | | 3,348,193 | 23 | 2,442,783 | 16 | 2280 | Current lease liabilities (note 6(n)) | 142,551 1 | 147,068 | 1 |
| | Prepayment for purchase (note 7) | | 173,656 | - | 106,007 | - | 2365 | Current refund liability (note 6(p)) | 456,699 3 | 555,409 | 3 |
| | Other current assets (note 8) | | 370,457 | 2 | 389,276 | 2 | 2399 | Other current liabilities | 51,065 - | 53,059 | |
| | | | 10,109,933 | 2 | 12,551,922 | 79 | | | 4,589,921 31 | 5,346,116 | 33 |
| | Non-current assets: | | | | | | | Non-Current liabilities: | | | |
| | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income- | | | | | | 2570 | Deferred tax liabilities (note 6(t)) | 352,837 3 | 282,833 | 2 |
| | non-current (note 6(b)) | | 33,300 | , | 454,435 | ŝ | 2580 | Non-current lease liabilities (note 6(n)) | 297,900 2 | 349,906 | 5 |
| | Investments accounted for using equity method (note 6(f)) | | 1,407,915 | 10 | , | , | 2600 | Other non-current liabilities (note 6(s)) | 260.870 2 | 231.020 | - |
| | Property, plant and equipment (note 6(h)) | | 974,725 | 1- | 1,029,671 | 9 | | | 911.607 7 | 863.759 | 5 |
| | Right-of-use assets (note 6(i)) | | 278,175 | 0 | 470,158 | С | | Total liabilities | 5.501.528 38 | 6.209.875 | 38 |
| | Investment property, net (note 6(j)) | | 38,876 | , | 39,272 | , | | Equity attributable to owners of parent: (note 6(u)) | | | |
| | Intangible assets (note 6(k)) | | 472,238 | ŝ | 511,329 | ŝ | 3110 | Ordinary shares | 5.998.365 41 | 6.519.961 | 41 |
| | Deferred tax assets (note 6(t)) | | 869,956 | 9 | 745,635 | 5 | 3200 | Capital surplus | 1.522.573 10 | 1,523,313 | 10 |
| | Other non-current assets (note 8) | | 188,432 | - | 147,808 | - | | Retained earnings: | | | |
| | Long-term lease payment receivable, net (note 6(d)) | 1 | 130,314 | - | | ľ | 3310 | Legal reserve | 2,110,026 15 | 2,053,379 | 13 |
| | | | 4,393,931 | 30 | 3,398,308 | 21 | 3320 | Special reserve | 412,952 3 | 205,562 | - |
| | | | | | | | 3350 | Unappropriated retained earnings | 299,477 2 | 566,471 | 4 |
| | | | | | | | | | 2,822,455 20 | 2,825,412 | 18 |
| | | | | | | | 3400 | Other equity interest | (1,866,035) (13) | (1,609,191) | (10) |
| | | | | | | | | Total equity attributable to owners of parent: | 8,477,358 58 | 9,259,495 | 59 |
| | | | | | | | 36XX | Non-controlling interests (notes 6(g) and (u)) | 524,978 4 | 480,860 | ŝ |
| | | | | | | | | Total equity | | | 62 |
| | Total assets | s. | 14.503.864 | 100 | 15.950.230 | 100 | | Total liabilities and equity | 14,503,864 100 | 15,950,230 | 100 |
| | | ļI | - općapaći v | | | | | | | | |

Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollar, Except for Earnings Per Common Share)

| | | 2021 | | 2020 | |
|-------|--|--------------------|------|------------|------|
| | | Amount | % | Amount | % |
| 4000 | Net operating revenues (notes 6(w) and 7) | \$ 15,524,901 | 100 | 15,179,443 | 100 |
| 5000 | Operating costs (notes 6(e), (s) and 7) | 11,336,144 | 73 | 10,404,148 | 69 |
| | Gross profit from operations | 4,188,757 | 27 | 4,775,295 | 31 |
| | Operating expenses: (notes 6(c), (h), (i), (j), (k), (n), (r), (s) and (x)) | | | | |
| 6100 | Selling expenses | 2,306,285 | 15 | 2,623,485 | 17 |
| 6200 | Administrative expenses | 850,067 | 5 | 952,285 | 6 |
| 6300 | Research and development expenses | 873,752 | 6 | 1,127,417 | 7 |
| 6450 | Expected credit gain (note 6(c)) | (11,215) | - | (8,118) | - |
| | | 4,018,889 | 26 | 4,695,069 | 30 |
| | Net operating income (loss) | 169,868 | 1 | 80,226 | 1 |
| | Non-operating income and expenses: | | | | |
| 7100 | Interest income (notes 6(y) and 7) | 47,997 | - | 16,524 | |
| 7010 | Other income (notes 6(y) and 7) | 3,862 | - | 2,542 | |
| 7020 | Other gains and losses (notes $6(f)$, (q) , (y) , (aa) and 7) | 4,391 | - | 1,342,742 | 9 |
| 7050 | Finance costs (notes $6(n)$, (q) and (y)) | (25,908) | - | (28,284) | |
| 7060 | Share of profit of associates accounted for using equity method (note 6(f)) | 194,513 | 1 | 82,976 | |
| | | 224,855 | 1 | 1,416,500 | 9 |
| | Profit before tax | 394,723 | 2 | 1,496,726 | 10 |
| 7950 | Less: Income tax expenses (note 6(t)) | 76,612 | | 186,166 | 1 |
| 1,550 | Net profit | 318,111 | 2 | 1,310,560 | 9 |
| 8300 | Other comprehensive income (loss): | | | | |
| 8310 | Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (note 6 (u)) | | | | |
| 8310 | | (1.(07) | | 4.624 | |
| | (Losses) gains on remeasurements of defined benefit plans (note 6 (s)) | (1,687) | - | 4,534 | - |
| 8316 | Unrealized gains from investments in equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income | 54,984 | - | 16,739 | - |
| 8320 | Share of other comprehensive income of associates accounted for using equity method, components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss | (14,416) | - | 59,684 | 1 |
| 8349 | Less: income tax related to components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss | - | - | - | |
| | | 38,881 | - | 80,957 | 1 |
| 8360 | Components of other comprehensive loss that will be reclassified to profit or loss (notes 6(u) and (z)) | | | | |
| 8361 | Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements | (412,625) | (2) | (439,672) | (3) |
| 8370 | 5 | | (2) | (100,072) | (3) |
| 8370 | Share of other comprehensive income of associates accounted for using equity method, components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss | 871 | - | 55,373 | - |
| 8399 | Less: income tax related to components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss (note | 45,730 | - | 68,189 | |
| | 6(t)) | (366,024) | (2) | (316,110) | (3) |
| 8300 | Other comprehensive loss, net | (327,143) | (2) | (235.153) | (2) |
| 8500 | • * | | (2) | | |
| | Total comprehensive income (loss) of tax | \$ (9,032) | _ | 1,075,407 | |
| | Net profit attributable to: | | | | _ |
| 8610 | Owners of parent | \$ 239,197 | 2 | 1,239,925 | 8 |
| 8620 | Non-controlling interests | 78,914 | | 70,635 | 1 |
| | | \$ 318,111 | 2 | 1,310,560 | 9 |
| | Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to: | | | | |
| 8710 | Owners of parent | \$ (64,933) | - | 1,040,482 | 7 |
| 8720 | Non-controlling interests | 55,901 | | 34,925 | |
| | | \$ <u>(9,032</u>) | | 1,075,407 | 7 |
| | Basic earnings per share (New Taiwan dollars) (note 6(v)) | \$ | 0.38 | | 1.90 |
| | Diluted earnings per share (New Taiwan dollars) (note 6(y)) | \$ | 0.38 | - | 1.90 |
| | | · | | - | |

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollar)

| | | I | R | Retained earnings | Sa | | Unrealized gains | | | | |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|--|---|---------|------------------------|----------------------------|--------------|
| | | | | | Unappropriated retained | Exchange | (losses) on financial assets measured at | | Total equity | | |
| | : | | | | earnings | differences on | fair value through | | | Non- | |
| | Ordinary shares | Capital surplus | Legal reserve | Special | (Accumulated deficits) | translation of foreign financial statements | other comprehensive income | Others | to owners of parent | controlling interests 7 | Total equity |
| Balance at January 1, 2020 | \$ 6,519,961 | 1,598,807 | 2,053,379 | 205,562 | (499,008) | (1,236,701) | (165,102) | (3,484) | 8,473,414 | 452,625 | 8,926,039 |
| Net profit | | | | | 1,239,925 | | | | 1,239,925 | 70,635 | 1,310,560 |
| Other comprehensive income (loss) | | | | | 4,534 | (283,884) | 76,423 | 3,484 | (199,443) | (35,710) | (235, 153) |
| Total comprehensive income (loss) | | | | | 1,244,459 | (283,884) | 76,423 | 3,484 | 1,040,482 | 34,925 | 1,075,407 |
| Other changes in capital surplus: Changes in equity of associates accounted for using | | | | | | | | | | | |
| equity method | | (75,494) | , | , | (178,907) | , | , | | (254,401) | , | (254,401) |
| Changes in non-controlling interests | , | , | , | , | | | | , | , | (6,690) | (6,690) |
| Disposal of investments in equity instruments designated at | | | | | | | ; | | | | |
| fair value through other comprehensive income | | | | | (13) | | 73 | | | | |
| Balance at December 31, 2020 | 6,519,961 | 1,523,313 | 2,053,379 | 205,562 | 566,471 | (1,520,585) | (88,606) | , | 9,259,495 | 480,860 | 9,740,355 |
| Net profit | , | , | , | , | 239,197 | | | , | 239,197 | 78,914 | 318,111 |
| Other comprehensive income (loss) | , | | , | | (1,687) | (343,011) | 40,568 | , | (304, 130) | (23,013) | (327, 143) |
| Total comprehensive income (loss) | , | | | | 237,510 | (343,011) | 40,568 | | (64,933) | 55,901 | (9,032) |
| Appropriation and distribution of retained earnings: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Legal reserve appropriated | , | , | 56,647 | , | (56,647) | | | , | , | , | |
| Special reserve appropriated | | | | 207,390 | (207,390) | | | | | , | |
| Cash dividends of ordinary share | , | , | , | , | (195,597) | | | , | (195,597) | , | (195,597) |
| Other changes in capital surplus: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Changes in equity of associates accounted for using | | | | | | | | | | | |
| equity method | , | (740) | | , | 729 | | | | (11) | | (11) |
| Capital reduction | (521,596) | | | | | | | | (521, 596) | | (521, 596) |
| Changes in non-controlling interests | , | , | , | , | , | | , | , | , | (11, 783) | (11, 783) |
| Disposal of investments in equity instruments designated at | | | | | | | | | | | |
| fair value through other comprehensive income | | | | | (45,599) | | 45,599 | | | | |
| Balance at December 31, 2021 | \$ 5,998,365 | 1,522,573 | 2,110,026 | 412,952 | 299,477 | (1,863,596) | (2,439) | | 8,477,358 | 524,978 | 9,002,336 |
| | | | | | | | | ľ | | | |

Equity attributable to owners of parent

Total other equity interest

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollar)

| | | 2021 | 2020 |
|--|---|--------------------------|------------------------|
| Cash (used in) generated from operating activities: Profit before tax | s | 394.723 | 1.496.726 |
| Adjustments: | 3 | 394,723 | 1,490,720 |
| Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss): | | | |
| Depreciation expense | | 230,097 | 246,409 |
| Amortization expense | | 43,264 | 56,818 |
| Expected credit loss reversal gain | | (11,215) | (8,118) |
| Net loss on financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss | | 19,335 | 14,478 |
| Interest expense Interest income | | 25,908 (47,997) | 28,284 (16,524) |
| Dividend income | | (1,155) | (10,524) (879) |
| Share of profit of associates accounted for using equity method | | (194,513) | (82,976) |
| Gain on disposal of investments | | (6,487) | (1,297,668) |
| Write-down loss (reversal gain) of inventories to net realizable value | | 235,732 | (284,416) |
| Other | | (15,149) | 82,943 |
| Total adjustments to reconcile profit (loss) | | 277,820 | (1,261,649) |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities: | | | |
| Increase in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | | (55,197) | (145,364) |
| (Increase) decrease in notes receivable (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable | | (2,636) (337,013) | 6,155 538,998 |
| (increase) decrease in accounts receivable Increase in accounts receivable due from related parties | | (10,509) | 538,998 |
| (Increase) decrease in other receivables | | (3,716) | 5,985 |
| Decrease in lease payment receivable | | 16,602 | - |
| (Increase) decrease in inventories | | (1,111,228) | 794,445 |
| Increase in prepayment for purchase | | (67,649) | (29,476) |
| Decrease (increase) in other current assets | | 44,715 | (130,004) |
| (Increase) decrease in other non-current assets | | (41,813) | 34,388 |
| Total changes in operating assets | | (1,568,444) | 1,075,127 |
| Increase in current contract liabilities | | 10,838 | 6,552 |
| Decrease in notes payable | | (219) | (347) |
| (Decrease) increase in accounts payable Decrease in accounts payable to related parties | | (39,952) (79,324) | 391,111 (559,285) |
| Decrease in accounts payable to related parties | | (472,875) | (98,387) |
| Decrease in current provisions | | (30,965) | (23,155) |
| Decrease in current refund liabilities | | (98,710) | (29,780) |
| (Decrease) increase in other current liabilities | | (1,994) | 3,355 |
| Increase (decrease) in other non-current liabilities | | 15,587 | (2,819) |
| Total changes in operating liabilities | | (697,614) | (312,755) |
| Total changes in operating assets and liabilities | | (2,266,058) | 762,372 |
| Total adjustments | | (1,988,238) | (499,277) |
| Cash (used in) generated from operations Interest received | | (1,593,515) 31,748 | 997,449 16,524 |
| Dividends received | | 1,155 | 40,027 |
| Interest paid | | (9,931) | (20,172) |
| Income taxes paid | | (100,581) | (91,804) |
| Net cash (used in) generated from operating activities | - | (1,671,124) | 942,024 |
| Cash (used in) generated from investing activities: | | | |
| Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income | | 56,244 | - |
| Acquisition of investments accounted for using equity method | | (812,484) | - |
| Proceeds from disposal of investments accounted for using equity method | | - | 2,823,808 |
| Acquisition of property, plant and equipment | | (42,375) | (77,909) |
| Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment Decrease in refundable deposits | | 246 1,189 | 594 1,491 |
| Increase in other receivables | | (214,785) | - |
| Acquisition of intangible assets | | (18,819) | (3,648) |
| Other investing activities | | (23,575) | 59,715 |
| Net cash (used in) generated from investing activities | | (1,054,359) | 2,804,051 |
| Cash flows used in financing activities: | | | |
| Increase in guarantee deposits received | | 12,576 | 1,163 |
| Payment of lease liabilities | | (166,739) | (225,225) |
| Cash dividends paid (including subsidiaries) | | (207,380) | - |
| Capital reduction payments to shareholders | | (521,596) | - |
| Change in non-controlling interests | | - | (6,690) |
| Payment of bonds payable | | - | (608) |
| Net cash used in financing activities | | (883,139) | (231,360) |
| Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents | | (412,625) (4,021,247) | (439,672) 3,075,043 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of period | | 6,216,327 | 3,141,284 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the ord of period | s | 2,195,080 | 6,216,327 |
| | - | | 0,210,027 |

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollar, Unless Otherwise Specified)

(1) Company history

D-LINK CORPORATION (the "Company") was incorporated on June 20, 1987 under the approval of Ministry of Economic Affair, Republic of China ("ROC"). The address of its registered office is No. 289, Xinhu 3rd Rd., Neihu Dist., Taipei City 114, Taiwan. The main operating activities of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred as the "Consolidated Company") include the research, development, and sale of local area computer network systems, wireless local area computer networks ("LANs"), and spare parts for integrated circuits.

(2) Approval date and procedures of the consolidated financial statements:

The accompanying consolidated financial statements were approved and authorized for release by the Board of Directors on March 29, 2022.

(3) New standards, amendments and interpretations adopted:

(a) The impact of the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission, R.O.C. ("FSC") which have already been adopted.

The Consolidated Company has initially adopted the following new amendments, which do not have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements, from January 1, 2021:

- Amendments to IFRS 4 "Extension of the Temporary Exemption from Applying IFRS 9"
- Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS39, IFRS7, IFRS 4 and IFRS 16 "Interest Rate Benchmark Reform— Phase 2"
- Amendments to IFRS 16 "Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions beyond June 30, 2021"

(b) The impact of IFRS issued by the FSC but not yet effective

The Consolidated Company assesses that the adoption of the following new amendments, effective for annual period beginning on January 1, 2022, would not have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements:

- Amendments to IAS 16 "Property, Plant and Equipment-Proceeds before Intended Use"
- Amendments to IAS 37 "Onerous Contracts-Cost of Fulfilling a Contract"
- Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2018-2020
- Amendments to IFRS 3 "Reference to the Conceptual Framework"

(c) The impact of IFRS issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

The Consolidated Company does not expect the following new and amended standards, which have yet to be endorsed by the FSC, to have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements:

- Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 "Sale or Contribution of Assets Between an Investor and Its Associate or Joint Venture"
- IFRS 17 "Insurance Contracts" and amendments to IFRS 17 "Insurance Contracts"
- Amendments to IAS 1 "Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current"
- Amendments to IAS 1 "Disclosure of Accounting Policies"
- Amendments to IAS 8 "Definition of Accounting Estimates"
- Amendments to IAS 12 "Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction"

(4) Summary of significant accounting policies:

The significant accounting policies presented in the consolidated financial statements are summarized below. The following accounting policies were applied consistently throughout the periods presented in the consolidated financial statements.

(a) Statement of Compliance

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" (hereinafter referred to as "the Regulations") and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations endorsed by the FSC.

- (b) Basis of Preparation
 - (i) Basis of Measurement

Except for the following significant accounts, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis:

- Financial instruments (including derivative financial instruments) at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value;
- Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are measured at fair value;
- 3) Equity-settled share-based payment are measured at fair value;
- 4) The defined benefit liabilities are measured at fair value of the plan assets less the present value of the defined benefit obligation.

(ii) Functional and presentation currency

The functional currency of the Consolidated Company is determined based on the primary economic environment in which the entity operates. The consolidated financial statements are presented in New Taiwan Dollar, which is the Consolidated Company's functional currency. All financial information presented in New Taiwan Dollar has been rounded to the nearest thousand.

- (c) Basis of consolidation
 - (i) Principle of preparation of the consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements comprise the Company and subsidiaries. Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Company. The Company 'controls' an entity when it is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity.

The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date on which control commences until the date on which control ceases. Intragroup balances and transactions, and any unrealized income and expenses arising from Intragroup transactions are eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements. The Consolidated Company attributes the profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

The Consolidated Company prepares consolidated financial statements using uniform accounting policies for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances. Changes in the Consolidated Company's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received will be recognized directly in equity, and the Consolidated Company will attribute it to the owners of the parent.

Chanaka Lilina

| | | | Sharel | iolding | |
|-----------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|------|
| Name of investor | Name of subsidiary | Principal activity | December 31, 2021 | December 31, 2020 | Note |
| The Company | D-Link Holding Company Ltd. (D- Link Holding) | Investment company | 100.00 % | 100.00 % | |
| The Company | D-Link Canada Inc. (D-Link Canada) | Marketing and after- sales service | 100.00 % | 100.00 % | |
| The Company | D-Link Japan K.K. (D-Link Japan) | Marketing and after- sales service | 100.00 % | 100.00 % | |
| The Company | D-Link Investment Pte. Ltd. (D-Link Investment) | Investment company | 100.00 % | 100.00 % | |
| The Company and D-Link Holding | D-Link Sudamerica S.A. (D-Link Sudamerica) | Marketing and after- sales service | 100.00 % | 100.00 % | |
| The Company and D-Link Holding | D-Link Brazil LTDA (D-Link Brazil) | Marketing and after- sales service | 100.00 % | 100.00 % | |
| The Company | D-Link Latin America Company Ltd. (D-Link L.A.) | Marketing and after- sales service | 100.00 % | 100.00 % | |
| | (= =====) | | | | |

(ii) List of subsidiaries in the consolidated financial statements

| | | | Sharel | olding | |
|--|--|--|----------------------|----------------------|---|
| Name of investor | Name of subsidiary | Principal activity | December 31, 2021 | December 31, 2020 | Note |
| The Company and D-Link Sudamerica | D-Link Mexicana S.A de C.V (D-Link Mexicana) | Marketing and after- sales service | 100.00 % | 100.00 % | |
| The Company and D-Link Holding | D-Link Systems, Inc. (D-Link Systems) | Marketing and after- sales service | 100.00 % | 100.00 % | |
| The Company and D-Link Holding | D-Link International Pte. Ltd. (D-Link International) | Marketing, purchase and after sales service | 100.00 % | 100.00 % | |
| The Company and D-Link International | D-Link Australia Pty Ltd. (D-Link Australia) | Marketing and after- sales service | 100.00 % | 100.00 % | |
| The Company and D-Link International | D-Link Middle East FZCO (D-Link ME) | Marketing and after- sales service | 100.00 % | 100.00 % | |
| D-Link International | D-Link Korea Limited (D-Link Korea) | Marketing and after- sales service | 100.00 % | 100.00 % | |
| D-Link International | D-Link Trade M (D-Link Moldova) | Marketing and after- sales service | 100.00 % | 100.00 % | |
| D-Link International | D-Link Russia Investment Co., Ltd (D-Link Russia Investment) | Investment Company | 100.00 % | 100.00 % | |
| D-Link International | D-Link Malaysia SDN. BHD (D-Link Malaysia) | Marketing and after- sales service | 100.00 % | 100.00 % | |
| D-Link International | D-Link Service Lithuania, UAB (D-Link Lithuania) | Marketing and after- sales service | 100.00 % | 100.00 % | |
| The Company | Yeo-Chia Investment Ltd. (Yeochia) | Investment company | - % | 100.00 % | Went into liquidation process at December 1, 2021(note) |
| The Company | Yeo-Mao Investment Inc. (Yeomao) | Investment company | - % | 100.00 % | Went into liquidation process at December 1, 2021(note) |
| The Company | Yeo-Tai Investment Inc. (Yeotai) | Investment company | 100.00 % | 100.00 % | |
| D-Link Holding | D-Link (Europe) Ltd. (D-Link Europe) | Marketing and after- sales service | 100.00 % | 100.00 % | |
| D-Link Holding | D-Link Shiang-Hai (Cayman) Inc. (D- Link Shiang-Hai (Cayman)) | Investment company | 100.00 % | 100.00 % | |
| D-Link Holding | D-Link Holding Mauritius Inc. (D- Link Mauritius) | Investment company | 100.00 % | 100.00 % | |
| D-Link Holding | OOO D-Link Russia (D-Link Russia) | After-sales service | 100.00 % | 100.00 % | |
| D-Link Investment | OOO D-Link Trade (D-Link Trade) | Marketing and after- sales service | 100.00 % | 100.00 % | |
| D-Link Holding | Success Stone Overseas Corp. (Success Stone) | Investment company | 100.00 % | 100.00 % | |
| D-Link Holding | Wishfi Pte. Ltd. (Wishfi) | Research, development, marketing and after- sales service | 100.00 % | 100.00 % | Cancellation of registration in January, 2022 |
| D-Link Mauritius | D-Link India Ltd. (D-Link India) | Marketing and after- sales service | 51.02 % | 51.02 % | It becomes a significant subsidiary since 2021. |
| D-Link Mauritius and D-Link India | TeamF1 Networks Private Limited (TeamF1 India) | Research and development | 100.00 % | 100.00 % | |

| | | | | olding | |
|---|---|--|----------|--------------|--|
| Name of | | Principal | | December 31, | |
| investor | Name of subsidiary | activity | 2021 | 2020 | Note |
| D-Link Europe | D-Link (Holdings) Ltd. and its subsidiary D-Link (UK) Ltd. (D- Link UK) | Investment company, marketing and after-sales service | 100.00 % | 100.00 % | |
| D-Link Europe | D-Link France SARL (D-Link France) | Marketing and after- sales service | 100.00 % | 100.00 % | |
| D-Link Europe | D-Link AB | Marketing and after- sales service | 100.00 % | 100.00 % | |
| D-Link Europe | D-Link Iberia SL (D-Link Iberia) | Marketing and after- sales service | 100.00 % | 100.00 % | |
| D-Link Europe | D-Link Mediterraneo SRL (D-Link Mediterraneo) | Marketing and after- sales service | 100.00 % | 100.00 % | |
| D-Link Europe | D-Link (Netherlands) BV (D-Link Netherlands) | Marketing and after- sales service | 100.00 % | 100.00 % | |
| The Company and D-Link Europe | D-Link (Deutschland) GmbH (D-Link Deutschland) | Marketing and after- sales service | 100.00 % | 100.00 % | |
| D-Link Europe | D-Link Polska Sp. Z.o.o. (D-Link Polska) | Marketing and after- sales service | 100.00 % | 100.00 % | |
| D-Link Europe | D-Link (Magyarorszag) kft (D-Link Magyarorszag) | Marketing and after- sales service | 100.00 % | 100.00 % | |
| D-Link Europe | D-Link s.r.o | Marketing and after- sales service | 100.00 % | 100.00 % | |
| D-Link Shiang- Hai (Cayman) | D-Link (Shiang-Hai) Co., Ltd (D-Link Shiang-Hai) | Marketing and after sales service | 100.00 % | 100.00 % | |
| D-Link Shiang- Hai (Cayman) | Netpro Trading (Shiang-Hai) Co., Ltd (Netpro Trading) | Research, development and trading | 100.00 % | 100.00 % | |
| D-Link Mediterraneo | D-Link ADRIA d.o.o. | Marketing and after- sales service | 100.00 % | 100.00 % | |
| D-Link Sudamerica and D-Link L.A. | D-Link del Ecuador S.A. | Marketing and after- sales service | - % | 100.00 % | Liquidation was completed in April, 2021 |
| D-Link Sudamerica and D-Link L.A. | D-Link Peru S.A. | Marketing and after- sales service | 100.00 % | 100.00 % | |
| D-Link Sudamerica | D-Link de Colombia S.A.S | Marketing and after- sales service | 100.00 % | 100.00 % | |
| D-Link Sudamerica | D-Link Guatemala S.A. | Marketing and after- sales service | 99.00 % | 99.00 % | |
| D-Link Sudamerica | D-Link Argentina S.A. | Marketing and after- sales service | 100.00 % | 100.00 % | |
| D-Link ME | D Link Network | Marketing and after- sales service | 100.00 % | 100.00 % | |

Note:Yeo-Chia Investment Ltd. (Yeochia) and Yeo-Mao Investment Inc. (Yeomao) went into liquidation process at December 1, 2021. As of December 31, 2021, Yeochia and Yeomao reports were not included in the consolidated financial statement because of losing control over them.

(iii) Subsidiaries excluded from the consolidated financial statement: None.

(d) Business combination

The Consolidated Company accounts for business combinations using the acquisition method. The goodwill arising from an acquisition is measured as the excess of (i) the consideration transferred (which is generally measured at fair value) and (ii) the amount of non-controlling interest in the acquiree, both over the identifiable net assets acquired at the acquisition date. If the amount calculated above is a deficit balance, the Consolidated Company recognized that amount as a gain on a bargain purchase in profit or loss immediately after reassessing whether it has correctly identified all of the assets acquired and all of the liabilities assumed.

All acquisition-related transaction costs are expensed as incurred, except for the issuance of debt or equity instruments.

(e) Foreign currency

(i) Foreign currency transaction

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the respective functional currencies of the Consolidated Company entities at the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. At the end of each subsequent reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currencies using the exchange rate at that date. Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that are measured at fair value are translated into the functional currencies that are the date that the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that are measured based on historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

Exchange differences are generally recognized in profit or loss, except for those differences relating to the following, which are recognized in other comprehensive income:

- an investment in equity securities designated as at fair value through other comprehensive income;
- · qualifying cash flow hedges to the extent that the hedges are effective.
- (ii) Foreign operations

The assets and liabilities of foreign operations, including goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on acquisition, are translated into the Consolidated Company's functional currency at the exchange rates at the reporting date. The income and expenses of foreign operations are translated into the Consolidated Company's functional currency at the average exchange rate. Exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income.

(f) Classification of current and non-current assets and liabilities

An asset is classified as current under one of the following criteria, and all other assets are classified as non-current.

- (i) It is expected to be realized or intended to be sold or consumed, in the normal operating cycle;
- (ii) It is held the primarily for the purpose of trading;
- (iii) It is expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- (iv) The asset is cash and cash equivalent unless the asset is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

A liability is classified as current under one of the following criteria, and all other liabilities are classified as non-current.

- (i) It is expected to be settled, in the normal operating cycle;
- (ii) It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- (iii) It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting date; or
- (iv) The Consolidated Company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by issuing of equity instruments do not affect its classification.
- (g) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises cash on hand and demand deposits. Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Time deposits which meet the above definition and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments rather than for investment or other purposes should be recognized as cash equivalents.

(h) Financial Instruments

Accounting receivables and debt securities issued are initially recognized when they are originated. All other financial assets and financial liabilities are initially recognized when the Consolidated Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. A financial asset (unless it is an accounts receivable without a significant financing component) or financial liability is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue. An accounts receivable without a significant financing component is initially measured at the transaction price.

(i) Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognized and derecognized on a trade date basis or a settlement date basis.

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as measured at: amortized cost; Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)–equity investment; or FVTPL. Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition unless the Consolidated Company changes its business model for managing financial assets, in which case all affected financial assets are reclassified on the first day of the first reporting period following the change in the business model.

1) Financial assets measured at amortized cost

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- · it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

These assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost, which is the amount at which the financial asset is measured at initial recognition, plus/minus, the cumulative amortization using the effective interest method, adjusted for any loss allowance. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses, as well as impairment, are recognized in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognized in profit or loss.

2) Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)

A debt investment is measured at FVOCI if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- · it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and
- its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Some accounts receivables are held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling by the Consolidated Company, therefore, those receivables are measured at FVOCI. However, they are included in the 'accounts receivable' line item.

On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the Consolidated Company may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in other comprehensive income. This election is made on an instrument-by-instrument basis.

Debt investments at FVOCI are subsequently measured at fair value. Interest income calculated using the effective interest method, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognized in profit or loss. Other net gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income. On derecognition, gains and losses accumulated in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss.

Equity investments at FVOCI are subsequently measured at fair value. Dividends are recognized as income in profit or loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income and are never reclassified to profit or loss.

Dividend income is recognized in profit or loss on the date on which the Consolidated Company's right to receive payment is established.

3) Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

All financial assets not classified as amortized cost or FVOCI described as above are measured at FVTPL, including derivative financial assets and beneficiary certificate. On initial recognition, the Consolidated Company may irrevocably designate a financial asset, which meets the requirements to be measured at amortized cost or at FVOCI, as at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gains and losses, including any interest or dividend income, are recognized in profit or loss.

4) Business model assessment

The Consolidated Company makes an assessment of the objective of the business model in which a financial asset is held at portfolio level because this best reflects the way the business is managed and information is provided to management. The information considered includes:

- the stated policies and objectives for the portfolio and the operation of those policies in practice. These include whether management's strategy focuses on earning contractual interest income, maintaining a particular interest rate profile, matching the duration of the financial assets to the duration of any related liabilities or expected cash outflows or realizing cash flows through the sale of the assets;
- how the performance of the portfolio is evaluated and reported to the Consolidated Company's management;
- the risks that affect the performance of the business model (and the financial assets held within that business model) and how those risks are managed;
- how managers of the business are compensated e.g. whether compensation is based on the fair value of the assets managed or the contractual cash flows collected; and
- the frequency, volume and timing of sales of financial assets in prior periods, the reasons for such sales and expectations about future sales activity.

Transfers of financial assets to third parties in transactions that do not qualify for derecognition are not considered sales for this purpose, and are consistent with the Consolidated Company's continuing recognition of the assets.

Financial assets that are held for trading or are managed and whose performance is evaluated on a fair value basis are measured at FVTPL.

5) Assessment whether contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest

For the purposes of this assessment, 'principal' is defined as the fair value of the financial assets on initial recognition. 'Interest' is defined as consideration for the time value of money and for the credit risk associated with the principal amount outstanding during a particular period of time and for other basic lending risks and costs, as well as a profit margin.

In assessing whether the contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest, the Consolidated Company considers the contractual terms of the instrument. This includes assessing whether the financial asset contains a contractual term that could change the timing or amount of contractual cash flows such that it would not meet this condition. In making this assessment, the Consolidated Company considers:

- · contingent events that would change the amount or timing of cash flows;
- · terms that may adjust the contractual coupon rate, including variable rate features;
- · prepayment and extension features; and
- terms that limit the Consolidated Company's claim to cash flows from specified assets (e.g. non-recourse features)
- 6) Impairment of financial assets

The Consolidated Company recognizes loss allowances for expected credit losses (ECL) on financial assets measured at amortized cost (including cash and cash equivalents, notes and accounts receivables, other receivables, finance lease payment receivable, refundable deposits and other financial assets), debt investments measured at FVOCI and contract assets.

The Consolidated Company measures loss allowances at an amount equal to lifetime ECL, except for the following which are measured as 12-month ECL:

- · debt securities that are determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date; and
- other debt securities and bank balances for which credit risk (i.e. the risk of default occurring over the expected life of the financial instrument) has not increased significantly since initial recognition.

Loss allowance for accounts receivables and contract assets are always measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECL.

Lifetime ECL are the ECL that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument.

12-month ECL are the portion of ECL that result from default events that are possible within the 12 months after the reporting date (or a shorter period if the expected life of the instrument is less than 12 months).

The maximum period considered when estimating ECL is the maximum contractual period over which the Consolidated Company is exposed to credit risk.

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECL, the Consolidated Company considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis based on the Consolidated Company's historical experience and informed credit assessment as well as forward-looking information.

The Consolidated Company assumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly if it is more than 90 days past due.

The Consolidated Company considers a financial asset to be in default when the financial asset is more than 360 days past due or the debtor is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Consolidated Company in full.

ECL are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between the cash flows due to the Consolidated Company in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Consolidated Company expects to receive). ECL are discounted at the effective interest rate of the financial asset.

At each reporting date, the Consolidated Company assesses whether financial assets carried at amortized cost and debt securities at FVOCI are credit-impaired. A financial asset is 'credit-impaired' when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes the following observable data:

- · significant financial difficulty of the borrower or issuer;
- · a breach of contract such as a default or being more than 365 days past due;
- the lender of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession that the lender would not otherwise consider;
- it is probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization; or
- · the disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties.

Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortized cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the assets. For debt securities at FVOCI, the loss allowance is charged to profit or loss and is recognized in other comprehensive income instead of reducing the carrying amount of the asset.

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off when the Consolidated Company has no reasonable expectations of recovering a financial asset in its entirety or a portion thereof. However, financial assets that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities in order to comply with the Consolidated Company's procedures for recovery of amounts due.

7) Derecognition of financial assets

The Consolidated Company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Consolidated Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and it does not retain control of the financial asset.

The Consolidated Company enters into transactions whereby it transfers assets recognized in its statement of balance sheet, but retains either all or substantially all of the risks and rewards of the transferred assets. In these cases, the transferred assets are not derecognized.

- (ii) Financial liabilities and equity instruments
 - 1) Classification of debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments issued by the Consolidated Company are classified as financial liabilities or equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

2) Exchangeable bonds

Exchangeable bonds issued by the Consolidated Company are recorded as embedded derivative and host contract, respectively. The derivatives are classified into financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss.

3) Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified as measured at amortized cost or FVTPL. A financial liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held-for-trading, it is a derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition. Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value and net gains and losses, including any interest expense, are recognized in profit or loss.

Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is also recognized in profit or loss.

4) Other financial liabilities

Financial liabilities that are not classified as held-for-trading or measured at fair value through profit or loss, which comprise loans, accounts payable, and other payables, are measured at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction cost at the time of initial recognition. Subsequent to initial recognition, they are measured at amortized cost calculated using the effective interest method. Interest expense not capitalized as capital cost is recognized in non-operating income and expenses, and is included in other gains and losses.

5) Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Consolidated Company derecognizes a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled, or expire. The Consolidated Company also derecognizes a financial liability when its terms are modified and the cash flows of the modified liability are substantially different, in which case a new financial liability based on the modified terms is recognized at fair value.

On derecognition of a financial liability, the difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability extinguished and the consideration paid (including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed) is recognized in profit or loss.

6) Offsetting of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statement of balance sheet when, and only when, the Consolidated Company currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and it intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

(iii) Derivative financial instruments and hedge accounting

The Consolidated Company holds derivative financial instruments to hedge its foreign currency exposures. Embedded derivatives are separated from the host contract and accounted for separately if the host contract is not a financial asset and certain criteria are met.

Derivatives are initially measured at fair value. Subsequent to initial recognition, derivatives are measured at fair value, and changes therein are generally recognized in profit or loss.

Embedded derivatives are separated from the host contract and accounted for separately if the economic characteristics and risks of the non-financial asset's host contract are not closely related to the embedded derivatives and the host contract is not measured at FVTPL.

The Consolidated Company designates certain hedging instruments (derivate financial instruments) as cash flow hedges.

At inception of hedging relationships, the Consolidated Company documents the risk management objective and strategy for undertaking the hedge. The Consolidated Company also documents the economic relationship between the hedged item and the hedging instrument, including whether the changes in cash flows of the hedged item and hedging instrument are expected to offset each other.

Cash flow hedges

The effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives and other qualifying hedging instruments that are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges is recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated under 'other equity – gains (losses) on hedging instruments', limited to the cumulative change in fair value of the hedged item from inception of the hedge. The gain or loss relating to the ineffective portion is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

Amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity are reclassified to profit or loss in the periods when the hedged item affects profit or loss, in the same line as the recognized hedged item. However, when the hedged forecast transaction results in the recognition of a non-financial asset or a non-financial liability, the gains and losses previously recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity are removed from equity and included in the initial measurement of the cost of the non-financial asset or non-financial liability. Furthermore, if the Consolidated Company expects that some or all of the loss accumulated in other equity will not be recovered in the future, that amount is immediately reclassified to profit or loss.

If the hedge no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting or the hedging instrument is sold, expires, is terminated or is exercised, then hedge accounting is discontinued prospectively. When hedge accounting for cash flow hedges is discontinued, the amount that has been accumulated in other equity remains in equity until, for a hedge of a transaction resulting in the recognition of a non-financial item, it is included in the non-financial item's cost on its initial recognition or, for other cash flow hedges, it is reclassified to profit or loss in the same period or periods as the hedged expected future cash flows affect profit or loss. If the hedged future cash flows are no longer expected to occur, then the amounts that have been accumulated in other equity are immediately reclassified to profit or loss.

(i) Inventories

The cost of inventories shall comprise all costs of purchase and other costs incurred in bring the inventories to their present location and condition. Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is calculated using the weighted-average method. Net realizable value is based on the estimated selling price of inventories; less, all further costs to completion and all relevant marketing and selling costs. Related expenses/losses and incomes of inventory are included in the cost of sales.

(j) Investment in associates

Associates are those entities in which the Consolidated Company has significant influence, but not control, over the financial and operating policies. Significant influence is presumed to exist when the Consolidated Company holds between 20% and 50% of the voting power of another entity.

Investments in associates are recognized initially at cost. The cost of the investment includes transaction costs. The carrying amount of the investment in associates includes goodwill arising from the acquisition less any accumulated impairment losses.

The consolidated financial statements include the Consolidated Company's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associates, after adjustments to align the accounting policies with those of the Consolidated Company, from the date on which significant influence commences until the date on which significant influence ceases.

Unrealized gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Consolidated Company and an associate are recognized only to the extent of unrelated Consolidated Company's interests in the associate.

When the Consolidated Company subscribes to additional shares in an associate at a percentage different from its existing ownership percentage, the resulting carrying amount of the investment will differ from the amount of the Consolidated Company's proportionate interest in the net assets of the associate. The Consolidated Company records such a difference as an adjustment to investments, with the corresponding amount charged or capital surplus. The aforesaid adjustment should first be adjusted under capital surplus. If the capital surplus resulting from changes in ownership interest is not sufficient, the remaining difference is debited to retained earnings. If it resulted in a decrease in the ownership interest, except for the adjustments mentioned above, the related amount previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate will be reclassified proportionately on the same basis as if the Consolidated Company had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

(k) Investment property

Investment property is property held either to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or for both, but not for sale in the ordinary course of business, use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes. Investment property is measured at cost on initial recognition, and subsequently at cost, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation expense is calculated based on the depreciation method, useful life, and residual value which are the same as those adopted for property, plant and equipment.

Any gain or loss on disposal of an investment property (calculated as the difference between the net proceeds from disposal and the carrying amount) is recognized in profit or loss.

Rental income from investment property is recognized as non-operating income on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Lease incentives granted are recognized as an integral part of the total rental income, over the term of the lease.

- (l) Property, plant and equipment
 - (i) Recognition and measurement

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost, which includes capitalized borrowing costs, less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognized in profit or loss.

(ii) Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalized only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Consolidated Company.

(iii) Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated on the cost of an asset less its residual value and is recognized in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of each component of an item of property, plant and equipment.

Land is not depreciated.

The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment for current and comparative periods are as follows:

- 1) Buildings and improvements: 5~60 years
- 2) Transportation, office equipment and others: 2~9 years

Depreciation methods, useful lives, and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date. If expectations differ from the previous estimates, the change is accounted for as a change in an accounting estimate.

(iv) Reclassification to investment property

A property is reclassified to investment property at its carrying amount when the use of the property changes from owner-occupied to investment property.

(m) Leases

At inception of a contract, the Consolidated Company assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

(i) As a lessee

The Consolidated Company recognizes a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. In addition, the right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be reliably determined, the Consolidated Company's incremental borrowing rate. Generally, the Consolidated Company uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise the following:

- fixed payments, including in-substance fixed payments;
- variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee; and
- payments for purchase or termination options that are reasonably certain to be exercised.

The lease liability is measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when:

- there is a change in future lease payments arising from the change in an index or rate; or
- there is a change in the Consolidated Company's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee; or
- there is a change in the lease term resulting from a change of its assessment on whether it will exercise an option to purchase the underlying assets, or

- there is a change of its assessment on whether it will exercise an extension or termination option; or
- there is any lease modifications

When the lease liability is remeasured, other than lease modifications, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or in profit and loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

When the lease liability is remeasured to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease for lease modifications that decrease the scope of the lease, the Consolidated Company accounts for the remeasurement of the lease liability by decreasing the carrying amount of the right-ofuse asset to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease, and recognize in profit or loss any gain or loss relating to the partial or full termination of the lease.

The Consolidated Company presents right-of-use assets and lease liabilities that do not meet the definition of investment property as a separate line item respectively in the statement of financial position.

The Consolidated Company has elected not to recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short-term lease and leases of low-value assets, including office building and office equipment. The Consolidated Company recognizes the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

From January 1, 2021, when the basis for determining future lease payments changes as required by interest rate benchmark reform, the Consolidated Company will remeasure the lease liability by discounting the revised lease payments using the revised discount rate that reflects the change to an alternative benchmark interest rate.

As a practical expedient, the Consolidated Company elects not to assess whether all rent concessions that meets all the following conditions are lease modifications or not:

- the rent concessions occurring as a direct consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic;
- the change in lease payments that resulted in revised consideration for the lease that is substantially the same as, or less than, the consideration for the lease immediately preceding the change;
- any reduction in lease payments that affects only those payments originally due on, or before, June 30, 2022; and
- there is no substantive change in other terms and conditions of the lease.

In accordance with the practical expedient, the effect of the change in the lease liability is reflected in profit or loss in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the rent concession occurs.

(ii) As a lessor

When the Consolidated Company acts as a lessor, it determines at lease commencement whether each lease is a finance lease or an operating lease. To classify each lease, the Consolidated Company makes an overall assessment of whether the lease transfers to the lessee substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership incidental to ownership of the underlying asset. If this is the case, then the lease is a finance lease; if not, then the lease is an operating lease. As part of this assessment, the Consolidated Company considers certain indicators such as whether the lease is for the major part of the economic life of the asset.

When the Consolidated Company is an intermediate lessor, it accounts for its interests in the head lease and the sub-lease separately. It assesses the lease classification of a sub-lease with reference to the right-of-use asset arising from the head lease. If a head lease is a short-term lease to which the Consolidated Company applies the exemption described above, then it classifies the sub-lease as an operating lease.

If an arrangement contains lease and non-lease components, the Consolidated Company applies IFRS15 to allocate the consideration in the contract.

The Consolidated Company recognizes a finance lease payment receivable at an amount equal to its net investment in the lease. Initial direct costs, such as lessors to negotiate and arrange a lease, are included in the measurement of the net investment. The interest income is recognized over the lease term based on a pattern reflecting a constant periodic rate of return on the net investment in the lease. The Consolidated Company recognizes lease payments received under operating leases as income on a straight-line basis over the lease term as part of other income.

(n) Intangible assets

- (i) Goodwill and trademark
 - 1) Recognition

Goodwill and trademark arise from acquisition of subsidiaries are included in intangible assets.

2) Subsequent measurement

Goodwill is carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses. As regards to the investments accounted for using equity method, the carrying value of goodwill consists of the carrying value of its investment. The impairment loss is attributed to parts of investments accounted for using equity method other than goodwill or other assets.

(ii) Other intangible assets

Other intangible assets are measured at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses.

(iii) Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalized only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which it relates. All other expenditure, including expenditure on internally generated goodwill and brands, is recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

(iv) Amortization

The amortized amount is the cost of an asset less its residual value.

Amortization is recognized in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of intangible assets, other than goodwill, from the date that they are available for use. The estimated useful lives for the current and comparative periods are as follows:

- 1) Computer software: 1~8 years
- Patents: Amortization is recognized using the term of patent contract. The estimated live is 11~16 years
- 3) Other intangible asset: 3 years

The residual value, amortization period, and amortization method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life shall be reviewed at least annually at each fiscal year-end. Any change shall be accounted for as changes in accounting estimates.

(o) Impairment of non-financial assets

At each reporting date, the Consolidated Company reviews the carrying amounts of its non-financial assets (other than inventories, contract assets, deferred tax assets) to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. Goodwill is tested annually for impairment.

For impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or cash-generating units (CGUs). Goodwill arising from a business combination is allocated to CGUs or groups of CGUs that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

The recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or CGU.

An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount.

(p) Provisions

A provision is recognized if, as a result of a past event, the Consolidated Company has a present obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation.

(i) Warranties

A provision for warranties is recognized when the underlying products or services are sold, based on historical warranty data and a weighting of all possible outcomes against their associated probabilities.

(ii) Legal proceedings and royalties

Legal proceedings and royalties are estimated at the expected relevant cost based on historical experiences.

(q) Revenue from contracts with customers

Revenue is measured based on the consideration to which the Consolidated Company expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer. The Consolidated Company recognizes revenue when it satisfies a performance obligation by transferring control of a good or a service to a customer.

The main operating activities of the Consolidated Company is research, development, and sales of LANs and spare part for integrated circuits. The Consolidated Company recognizes revenue when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the customer, the customer has full discretion over the channel and price to sell the products, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specific location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customer, and either the customer has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, the acceptance provisions have lapsed, or the Consolidated Company has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.

The Consolidated Company grants its customers the right to return the product. Therefore, the Consolidated Company reduces revenue by the amount of expected returns and recognizes a refund liability. Accumulated experience is used to estimate such returns at the time of sale at a portfolio level (expected value method). Because the number of products returned has been steady for years, it is highly probable that a significant reversal in the cumulative revenue recognized will not occur. At each reporting date, the Consolidated Company reassesses the estimated amount of expected returns.

The Consolidated Company often offers volume discounts to its customers. Revenue from these sales is recognized based on the price specified in the contract, net of the estimated volume discounts. Accumulated experience is used to estimate the discounts, using the expected value method, and revenue is only recognized to the extent that it is highly probable that a significant reversal will not occur. A refund liability is recognized for expected volume discounts payable to customers in relation to sales made until the end of the reporting period. As of the reporting date, all expected payment of the related sale discounts paid to the customers is recognized under return liabilities.

The Consolidated Company offers a standard warranty for the consumer electronics sold to provide assurance that the product complies with agreed-upon specifications and has recognized warranty provisions for this obligation; please refer to note 4(p).

A receivable is recognized when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the Consolidated Company has a right to an amount of consideration that is unconditional.

In case of fixed-price contracts, the customers pay the fixed amount based on a payment schedule. If the services rendered by the Consolidated Company exceed the payment, a contract asset is recognized.

A contract liability is a Consolidated Company's obligation to transfer goods to a customer for which the Consolidated Company has received consideration.

- (r) Employee benefits
 - (i) Defined contribution plans

Obligations for contributions to defined contribution pension plans are employee benefit expense as the related service is provided.

(ii) Defined benefit plans

The Consolidated Company's net obligation in respect of defined benefit plans is calculated by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in the current and prior periods, discounting that amount and deducting the fair value of any plan assets.

The calculation of defined benefit obligations is performed annually by a qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method. When the calculation results in a potential asset for the Consolidated Company, the recognized asset is limited to the present value of economic benefits available in the form of any future refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan. To calculate the present value of economic benefits, consideration is given to any applicable minimum funding requirements.

Remeasurements of the net defined benefit liability, which comprise actuarial gains and losses, the return on plan assets (excluding interest) and the effect of the asset ceiling (if any, excluding interest), are recognized immediately in other comprehensive income, and accumulated in retained earnings. The Consolidated Company determines the net interest expense (income) on the net defined benefit liability (asset) for the period by applying the discount rate used to measure the defined benefit obligation at the beginning of the annual period to the net defined benefit liability (asset). Net interest expenses and other expenses related to defined benefit plans are recognized in profit or loss.

When the benefits of a plan are changed or when a plan is curtailed, the resulting change in benefit that relates to past service or the gain or loss on curtailment is recognized immediately in profit or loss. The Consolidated Company recognizes gains and losses on the settlement of a defined benefit plan when the settlement occurs.

(iii) Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is recognized for the amount expected to be paid if the Consolidated Company has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

(s) Income Taxes

Income taxes comprise current taxes and deferred taxes. Except for expenses related to business combinations or recognized directly in equity or other comprehensive income, all current and deferred taxes are recognized in profit or loss.

The Consolidated Company has determined that interest and penalties related to income taxes, including uncertain tax treatment, do not meet the definition of income taxes, and therefore accounted for them under IAS37.

Current taxes comprise the expected tax payables or receivables on the taxable profits (losses) for the year and any adjustment to the tax payable or receivable in respect of previous years. The amount of current tax payables or receivables are the best estimate of the tax amount expected to be paid or received that reflects uncertainty related to income taxes, if any. It is measured using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred taxes arise due to temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and their respective tax bases. Deferred taxes are recognized except for the following:

- temporary differences on the initial recognition of assets and liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profits (losses) at the time of the transaction;
- temporary differences related to investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint arrangements to the extent that the Consolidated Company is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that they will not reverse in the foreseeable future; and
- (iii) taxable temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of goodwill.

Deferred taxes are measured at tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reserve, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date, and reflect uncertainty related to income taxes.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if the following criteria are met:

- (i) The Consolidated Company has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities; and
- (ii) The deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either:
 - 1) the same taxable entity; or
 - 2) different taxable entities which intend either to settle current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis, or to realize the assets and liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for the carry forward of unused tax losses, unused tax credits, and deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefits will be realized.

(t) Earnings per share

The Consolidated Company discloses the Company's basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company. The calculation of basic earnings per share is based on the profit attributable to the ordinary shareholders of the Company divided by the weighted-average number of ordinary shares outstanding. The calculation of diluted earnings per share is based on the profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company, divided by the weighted-average number of ordinary shares outstanding after adjustment for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares, such as convertible bonds, employee stock options, and employee bonus settled using shares that have yet to be approved by the Board of Directors meeting. Increasing shares from the transfer of unappropriated earnings, capital surplus, and employee profit sharing is computed retroactively.

(u) Operating segments

An operating segment is a component of the Consolidated Company that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses (including revenues and expenses relating to transactions with other components of the Consolidated Company). Operating results of the operating segments are regularly reviewed by the Consolidated Company's chief operating decision maker to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance. Each operating segment consists of standalone financial information.

(5) Significant accounting assumptions and judgments, and major sources of estimation uncertainty:

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with the Regulations and the IFRSs endorsed by the FSC requires management to make judgement, estimates, and assumptions that affect the application of the accounting policies and the reporting amount of assets, liabilities, income, and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The management continues to monitor the accounting estimates and assumptions. The management recognizes any changes in accounting estimates during the period and the impact of those changes in accounting estimates in the next period.

Information about judgements made in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effects on the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statement is as follows:

(a) Impairment of Accounts receivable

The Consolidated Company has estimated the loss allowance of accounts receivable that is based on the risk of a default occurring and the rate of expected credit loss. The Consolidated Company has considered historical experience, current economic conditions and forward-looking information at the reporting date to determine the assumptions to be used in calculating the impairments and the selected inputs. Refer to Note 6(c) for further description of the impairment of accounts receivable.

(b) Valuation of inventories

As inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value, the Consolidated Company estimates the net realizable value of inventories for obsolescence and unmarketable items at the end of the reporting period and then writes down the cost of inventories to net realizable value. The net realizable value of the inventory is mainly determined based on the demand of products in the future. Due to the rapid industrial transformation, there may be significant changes in the net realizable value of inventories.

(c) Judgment on substantial control over the investee

The Consolidated Company held 41.58% of issued shares of Cameo Communication, Inc., and is the single largest shareholder of the investee. However, the Cameo Communication, Inc.' s manufacturing, product development and business development are different from the Consolidated Company. Besides, the main management of Cameo Communication, Inc. is not appointed by the Consolidated Company, which shows that the company has no actual ability to lead the relevant business activities. As a result, the Company has no substantial control over Cameo Communication, Inc., only significant influence.

(6) Explanation of significant accounts:

(a) Cash and Cash Equivalents

| | Dee | cember 31, 2021 | December 31, 2020 |
|------------------------------|-----|--------------------|----------------------|
| Cash on hand | \$ | 2,840 | 3,170 |
| Checking and saving accounts | | 2,087,817 | 3,042,387 |
| Time deposit | | 104,423 | 3,170,770 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | \$ | 2,195,080 | 6,216,327 |

Please refer to 6(aa) for the exchange rate risk and sensitivity analysis of financial assets and liabilities of the Consolidated Company.

A time deposit is qualified as a cash equivalent when it has a maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition and it is held for the purpose of short-term cash commitments. Otherwise, it is classified as other current assets.

(b) Financial Assets and Liabilities

(i) Details as follows

| | Dec | cember 31, 2021 | December 31, 2020 |
|--|-----------|--------------------|----------------------|
| Mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss - current | | | |
| Beneficiary certificates - mutual funds | \$ | 278,623 | 217,316 |
| Cross currency swaps | | 73 | 20,861 |
| Forward foreign exchange contracts | | 648 | 774 |
| | <u>\$</u> | 279,344 | 238,951 |
| Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss - current | | | |
| Cross currency swaps | \$ | 13,722 | 8,469 |
| Forward foreign exchange contracts | | 2,646 | 9,855 |
| | \$ | 16,368 | 18,324 |
| | Dec | cember 31, 2021 | December 31, 2020 |
| Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current | | | |
| Cameo Communication, Inc. (Cameo) | \$ | - | 364,655 |
| Z-Com, Inc. (Z-Com) | | - | 33,165 |
| YouXiang Electronic Technology (Beijing) Co., Ltd. (YouXiang) | | 3,882 | 3,504 |
| Kaimei Electronic Corp. (Kaimei) | | 29,207 | 52,876 |
| StemCyte International. LTD (Stemcyte) | | 211 | 235 |
| | \$ | 33,300 | 454,435 |

 On February 17, 2021, the Consolidated Company increased investment in Cameo and the shareholding ratio increased from 17.35% to 41.58%. The Consolidated Company transferred financial assets from financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income to investments accounted for using equity method and reclassified financial assets from other equity loss to retained earnings amounting to 54,847 thousand.

- 2) The Consolidated Company sold a total of 2,753,041 shares of Z-Com in 2021, disposed at the price of \$23,251 thousand, and reclassified financial assets from other equity loss to retained earnings amounting to \$6,921 thousand.
- 3) The Consolidated Company sold 288,000 shares of Kaimei in November 2021, disposed at the price of \$32,788 thousand, and reclassified financial assets from other equity gain to retained earnings amounting to \$16,208 thousand.

- 4) The Consolidated Company sold 18,950 shares of Stemcyte in October 2021, disposed at the price of \$205 thousand, and reclassified financial assets from other equity loss to retained earnings amounting to \$39 thousand.
- 5) For disclosures on credit, currency and interest rate risks in financial instruments, please refer to note 6(aa).
- 6) As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, no financial assets are pledged as collateral.
- (ii) Sensitivity analysis equity market price risk:

If the security price changes, and if it is on the same basis for both years and assumes that all other variables remain the same, the impact on other comprehensive income will be as follows:

| | 2021 | | | 2020 | | | |
|----------------------------------|-------|------------------------------------|----------------------------|---|----------------------------|--|--|
| Security price at reporting date | compr | tax other ehensive ne (loss) | After-tax profit (loss) | After-tax other comprehensive income (loss) | After-tax profit (loss) | | |
| Increase 3% | \$ | 970 | 6,520 | 13,607 | 5,085 | | |
| Decrease 3% | \$ | <u>(970</u>) | (6,520 |) (13,607) | (5,085) | | |

(iii) Non-hedging-derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments are used to hedge certain foreign exchange and interest risk arising from the Consolidated Company's operating, financing and investing activities. As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, transactions that did not qualify for hedging accounting have been presented as the following held-for-trading financial assets:

1) Derivative financial assets

| | December 31, 2021 | | | December 31, 2020 | | | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------|---------------|----------------------------------|----------|---------------------|--|
| | Contract amount thousand) | Currency | Maturity date | Contract amount (thousand) | Currency | Maturity date | |
| Cross currency swaps: | | | | | | | |
| JPY | \$ - | - | | 1,800,000 | JPY | 2021.01 ~2021.06 | |
| EUR | 4,000 | EUR | 2022.01 | 10,000 | EUR | 2021.01 | |
| Forward foreign exchange contracts: | | | | | | | |
| EUR (sell) | 3,000 | EUR | 2022.01 | - | - | - | |
| BRL (sell) | - | - | - | 15,502 | BRL | 2021.02 | |
| CAD (sell) | 700 | CAD | 2022.01 | - | - | - | |
| JPY (sell) | 448,900 | JPY | 2022.01~02 | - | - | - | |
| RUB (buy) | - | - | - | 150,028 | RUB | 2021.01 | |

2) Derivative financial liabilities

| | December 31, 2021 | | | | December 31, 2020 | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------|---------------|----------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|--|--|
| | Contract amount housand) | Currency | Maturity date | Contract amount (thousand) | Currency | Maturity date | | |
| Cross currency swaps: | | | | | | | | |
| USD | \$ 1,700 | USD | 2022.02 | 1,700 | USD | 2021.03 | | |
| CNH | 133,670 | CNH | 2022.01 | 110,588 | CNH | 2021.01 ~2021.02 | | |
| GBP | 1,000 | GBP | 2022.01 | - | - | - | | |
| EUR | 10,000 | EUR | 2022.02 | 1,000 | EUR | 2021.02 | | |
| JPY | 1,800,000 | JPY | 2022.01~03 | - | - | - | | |
| EUR | 12,000 | EUR | 2022.01 | - | - | - | | |
| CAD | 1,100 | CAD | 2022.01 | - | - | - | | |
| AUD | 300 | AUD | 2022.01 | - | - | - | | |
| RUB | 150,028 | RUB | 2022.01 | - | - | - | | |
| Forward foreign exchange contracts: | | | | | | | | |
| EUR (sell) | - | - | - | 4,200 | EUR | 2021.01 ~2021.03 | | |
| BRL (sell) | 80,445 | BRL | 2022.01 | 3,740 | BRL | 2021.01 | | |
| INR (sell) | 188,766 | INR | 2022.01 | 221,346 | INR | 2021.01 | | |
| AUD (sell) | 1,000 | AUD | 2022.01 | 2,500 | AUD | 2021.01 ~2021.03 | | |
| GBP (sell) | 500 | GBP | 2022.01 | - | - | - | | |
| KRW (sell) | 2,144,020 | KRW | 2022.01 | 1,877,735 | KRW | 2021.01 ~2021.02 | | |
| JPY (sell) | - | - | | 700,000 | JPY | 2021.01 ~2021.02 | | |
| CAD (sell) | - | - | - | 2,000 | CAD | 2021.01 ~2021.03 | | |

(c) Notes and accounts receivable and other receivables

| | De | cember 31, 2021 | December 31, 2020 |
|---|----|--------------------|----------------------|
| Notes receivable for operating activities | \$ | 5,283 | 2,647 |
| Accounts receivable | | 3,497,623 | 3,166,320 |
| Account receivable - related parties | | 10,502 | - |
| Other receivables | | 274,322 | 55,821 |
| | | 3,787,730 | 3,224,788 |
| Less: Loss allowance | | (83,158) | (104,954) |
| | \$ | 3,704,572 | 3,119,834 |

The Consolidated Company applies the simplified approach to provide for its expected credit losses, i.e. the use of lifetime expected loss provision for all notes and accounts receivable and other receivables. To measure the expected credit losses, notes and accounts receivable and other receivables have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and ability to pay all due, as well as incorporated forward looking information. The loss allowance provision as of 2021 and 2020 was determined as follows:

| | G | cross carrying amount | December 31, 2021 Weighted-average loss rate | Loss allowance provision |
|-----------------------------|----|-----------------------|--|-----------------------------|
| Current | \$ | 3,228,796 | 0.32% | 10,413 |
| 90 days or less past due | | 472,980 | 0.20% | 929 |
| 91 to 180 days past due | | 1,159 | 15.42% | 179 |
| 181 to 270 days past due | | 4,927 | 66.26% | 3,265 |
| 271 to 360 days past due | | 1,191 | 72.12% | 859 |
| More than 360 days past due | | 78,677 | 85.81% | 67,513 |
| | \$ | 3,787,730 | | 83,158 |

| | | Gross carrying amount | December 31, 2020 Weighted-average loss rate | Loss allowance provision |
|-----------------------------|----|--------------------------|--|-----------------------------|
| Current | \$ | 2,638,059 | 0.33% | 8,791 |
| 90 days or less past due | | 470,478 | 0.29% | 1,381 |
| 91 to 180 days past due | | 4,096 | 14.97% | 613 |
| 181 to 270 days past due | | 1,220 | 47.09% | 575 |
| 271 to 360 days past due | | 4,382 | 81.23% | 3,560 |
| More than 360 days past due | _ | 106,553 | 84.50% | 90,034 |
| | \$ | 3,224,788 | | 104,954 |

The movement in the allowance for notes and accounts receivable and other receivables were as follows:

| | 2021 | 2020 |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|----------|
| Balance at January 1, 2021 and 2020 | \$ 104,954 | 197,721 |
| Expected credit loss reversed | (11,215) | (8,118) |
| Amounts written off | (5,717) | (68,253) |
| Others | (4,864) | (16,396) |
| Balance at December 31, 2021 and 2020 | \$ 83,158 | 104,954 |

(d) Finance lease payment receivable

The Consolidated Company leased out its office building and warehouse. It classified the sub-lease as a finance lease because the sub-lease is for the whole of the remaining term of the head lease.

A maturity analysis of lease payments, which reflects the undiscounted lease payments to be received after the reporting date, is as follows:

| | Dec | ember 31, 2021 | December 31, 2020 |
|--|------------|-------------------|----------------------|
| Less than one year | \$ | 30,030 | - |
| One to two years | | 32,966 | - |
| Two to three years | | 35,147 | - |
| Three to four years | | 36,237 | - |
| Four to five years | | 34,216 | |
| Total lease payments receivable | | 168,596 | - |
| Unearned finance income | | (12,717) | |
| Total lease payments receivable (Present value of lease payments receivable) | \$ <u></u> | 155,879 | |
| Inventories | | | |
| | Dec | ember 31, 2021 | December 31, 2020 |

| Finished goods | \$ <u>3,348,193</u> <u>2,442,783</u> |
|--|---------------------------------------|
| The operating cost comprises of cost of goods sold, write-do inventories to net realizable value, warranty costs and o | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |

inventories to net realizable value, warranty costs and other loss (gain). For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, the cost of goods delivered were \$10,825,721 thousand and \$10,302,279 thousand, respectively. The warranty expenses, inventory losses from obsolescence and others amounted to \$274,691 thousand, and \$386,285 thousand in 2021 and 2020, respectively. Recognized loss of inventories to net realizable value is recorded as cost of goods sold by \$235,732 thousand in 2021, due to shortage of materials and increased logistics time to increase stocking. Reversal of write-down loss of inventories to net realizable value is recorded as decrease of cost of goods sold by \$284,416 thousand in 2020, because of out of stock in the market and active sales of inventory.

As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, no inventories were pledged as collateral.

(f) Investments accounted for using equity methods

(e)

Investments accounted for using equity methods were as follows:

| | December 31, 2021 | December 31, 2020 |
|------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Associates | \$ <u>1,407,915</u> | |

(i) Associates

| Name of Associate | Name of relationship with the Consolidated Company | Main operating location/ Regitered Country of the Company | Ownership in rights December 31, 2021 | held |
|---|--|---|--|------|
| Alpha Networks, Inc. (Alpha) | The major business activities are research, developments, design, manufacturing and selling broadband products, wireless products, computer networks system equipment and its components. | Taiwan | - % | - % |
| Cameo Communication, Inc. (Cameo) | The major business activities are manufacturing and selling of network system equipment and its components, as well as researching and developing of related technologies. It is the supplier of the Consolidated Company. | Taiwan | 41.58 % | - % |

1) The financial information on Alpha is summarized as follows:

| | November 30, 2020 (Unaudited) |
|--|-------------------------------------|
| Current assets | \$ 21,809,621 |
| Non-current assets | 6,198,278 |
| Current liabilities | 14,178,386 |
| Non-current liabilities | 1,320,201 |
| Net assets | \$ <u>12,509,312</u> |
| Net assets attributable to non-controlling interests | \$ 2,981,613 |
| Net assets attributable to investee's shareholders | \$9,527,699 |
| | 2020.01 ~2020.11 (Unaudited) |
| Operating revenue | \$ <u>28,570,311</u> |
| Net income | \$ 558,270 |
| Other comprehensive income | 93,124 |
| Total comprehensive income | \$ <u>651,394</u> |
| Total comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interests | \$ 134,446 |
| Total comprehensive income attributable to investee's shareholders | \$ <u>516,948</u> |

(Continued)

| | | 2020.01 ~2020.11 (Unaudited) |
|---|-------------|------------------------------------|
| The Consolidated Company's share in associate's net assets at beginning of year | \$ | 2,024,443 |
| Comprehensive income attributable to the Consolidated Company | | 120,229 |
| Changes in equity of associates using equity method | | (185,836) |
| Dividends received from associates | | (39,148) |
| Less: exchange of exchangeable bond and sell of shares | _ | (2,036,268) |
| The Consolidated Company's share in associate's net assets at end of | | |
| year | | (116,580) |
| Add: goodwill | _ | 116,580 |
| Carrying amounts of investments accounted for using equity method | \$ <u>_</u> | |

2) The financial information on Cameo is summarized as follows:

| | De | cember 31, 2021 |
|--|-----------|--------------------|
| Current assets | \$ | 1,693,178 |
| Non-current assets | | 3,397,654 |
| Current liabilities | | 875,644 |
| Non-current liabilities | | 1,084,837 |
| Net assets | \$ | 3,130,351 |
| Net assets attributable to investee's shareholders | \$ | 3,130,351 |
| | | 2021 |
| Operating revenue | \$ | 2,479,234 |
| Net income | \$ | 390,654 |
| Other comprehensive loss | | (57,188) |
| Total comprehensive income | <u>\$</u> | 333,466 |
| Total comprehensive income attributable to investee's shareholders | \$ | 333,466 |

| | 2021 |
|---|-----------------|
| The Consolidated Company's share in associate's net assets at beginning of year | \$ - |
| Comprehensive income attributable to the Consolidated Company | 189,571 |
| Increase of investment | 1,111,981 |
| The Consolidated Company's share in associate's net assets at end of year | 1,301,552 |
| Less: unrealized gains or losses | (9,185) |
| Add: goodwill | 102,489 |
| Carrying amounts of investments accounted for using equity method | \$ 1,394,856 |

3) The financial information of insignificant associates

The associates financial information of the Consolidated Company's equity-method associates, which are insignificant, is summarized as follows. The financial information is included in the Consolidated Company's consolidated financial statements.

| | ember 31, 2021 |
|--|-------------------|
| Carrying amounts of insignificant associates | \$ 13,059 |
| | 2021 |
| Attributable to the Consolidated Company | |
| Profit from continuing operations | \$ 1,115 |
| Other comprehensive income | 198 |
| Total comprehensive income | \$ 1,313 |

4) The market value of public listed or OTC investees of the Consolidated Company accounted for using equity method was as follows:

| | December 31, 2021 | | December 31, 2020 |
|-------|----------------------|--|----------------------|
| Cameo | \$ <u>1,567,876</u> | | |

The Consolidated Company originally held 17.35% shares of Cameo and accounted for financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income \$414,471 thousand. The Consolidated Company increased investments amounted \$799,999 thousand in Cameo on February 17, 2021 and became to hold 41.58% shares of Cameo after increasing investments. Therefore, the Consolidated Company had a significant influence on Cameo and accounted for investments accounted for using equity methods.

5) In 2020, the Consolidated Company disposed the investments of Alpha and gain on disposals by using the equity method was \$1,292,494 thousand.

- 6) The Consolidated Company invested \$12,485 thousand in T-COM, LLC in April 2021, with a shareholding ratio of 40%. Therefore, the Consolidated Company had a significant influence on T-COM, LLC and accounted for investments accounted for using equity methods.
- (ii) Pledges

As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, no investment accounted for using equity methods has been pledged as collateral.

(g) Subsidiaries have material non-controlling interests

Non-controlling interests of subsidiary that are material to the Consolidated Company were as follows:

| | Main operating location/ | Ownership interests/voting rights held by NCI | | |
|--------------------|--------------------------|--|--------------|--|
| | Registered country | December 31, | December 31, | |
| Name of subsidiary | of the Company | 2021 | 2020 | |
| D-Link India | India | 48.98 % | 48.98 % | |

The following summarizes the financial information for D-Link India prepared in accordance with the IFRS (modified for the fair value adjustments on acquisition) and the differences in the Consolidated Company's accounting policies. The information incurred prior to the inter-company eliminations with other companies in the Consolidated Company.

The financial information of D-Link India was summarized as follows:

| | December 31, 2021 | | December 31, 2020 |
|--|----------------------|-----------|----------------------|
| Current assets | \$ | 1,624,500 | 1,374,919 |
| Non-current assets | | 541,480 | 561,306 |
| Current liabilities | | 753,636 | 594,912 |
| Non-current liabilities | | 15,976 | 25,432 |
| Net assets | <u>\$</u> | 1,396,368 | 1,315,881 |
| Net assets attributable to non-controlling interests | \$ | 524,978 | 480,860 |
| | | 2021 | 2020 |
| Operating revenues | \$ <u></u> | 3,197,447 | 2,639,783 |
| Net profit | \$ | 161,114 | 144,211 |
| Other comprehensive loss | | (46,985) | (72,906) |
| Total comprehensive income | <u>\$</u> | 114,129 | 71,305 |
| Net income attributable to non-controlling interests | \$ | 78,914 | 70,635 |
| Total comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interests | \$ | 55,901 | 34,925 |

(Continued)

| | | 2021 | 2020 |
|--|-----------|----------|-----------|
| Cash flows from operating activities | \$ | 3,100 | 322,280 |
| Cash flows used in investing activities | | (61,344) | (150,104) |
| Cash flows used in financing activities | | (24,134) | (13,745) |
| Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents | <u>\$</u> | (82,378) | 158,431 |
| Cash dividends paid to non-controlling interests | \$ | 11,783 | 6,690 |

(h) Property, plant and equipment

| | | 2021 | | | | | |
|------------------------------|----|----------------------------------|----------|-----------|----------|------------------------------------|--|
| | | Balance at January 1, 2021 | Increase | Decrease | Others | Balance at December 31, 2021 | |
| Cost: | | | | | | | |
| Land | \$ | 544,586 | - | - | (447) | 544,139 | |
| Buildings | | 875,425 | 717 | - | (11,330) | 864,812 | |
| Others | _ | 1,360,132 | 41,658 | (145,694) | (32,715) | 1,223,381 | |
| | _ | 2,780,143 | 42,375 | (145,694) | (44,492) | 2,632,332 | |
| Accumulated depreciation: | | | | | | | |
| Buildings | | 534,595 | 15,644 | - | (3,757) | 546,482 | |
| Others | _ | 1,215,877 | 69,718 | (145,025) | (29,445) | 1,111,125 | |
| | | 1,750,472 | 85,362 | (145,025) | (33,202) | 1,657,607 | |
| | \$ | 1,029,671 | (42,987) | (669) | (11,290) | 974,725 | |
| | | | | 2020 | | | |
| | | Balance at January 1, 2020 | Increase | Decrease | Others | Balance at December 31, 2020 | |
| Cost: | | | | | | | |
| Land | \$ | 548,005 | - | - | (3,419) | 544,586 | |
| Buildings | | 920,936 | 1,488 | - | (46,999) | 875,425 | |
| Others | _ | 1,386,319 | 76,421 | (75,475) | (27,133) | 1,360,132 | |
| | | 2,855,260 | 77,909 | (75,475) | (77,551) | 2,780,143 | |
| Accumulated depreciation: | | | | | | | |
| Buildings | | 527,920 | 17,215 | - | (10,540) | 534,595 | |
| Others | | 1,245,586 | 70,598 | (74,894) | (25,413) | 1,215,877 | |
| | | 1,773,506 | 87,813 | (74,894) | (35,953) | 1,750,472 | |
| | \$ | 1,081,754 | (9,904) | (581) | (41,598) | 1,029,671 | |

As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, no property, plant and equipment has been pledged as collateral.

(i) Right-of-use assets

The Consolidated Company leases buildings, office equipment and transportation equipment. Information about leases is presented below:

| | | Buildings | Office equipment | Transportation equipment | Total |
|------------------------------|----|-----------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-----------|
| Cost: | | | | | |
| Balance at January 1, 2021 | \$ | 644,005 | 8,047 | 58,254 | 710,306 |
| Increase | | 108,011 | - | 2,257 | 110,268 |
| Decrease | | (233,925) | (394) | - | (234,319) |
| Others | - | (60,708) | 424 | (12,402) | (72,686) |
| Balance at December 31, 2021 | \$ | 457,383 | 8,077 | 48,109 | 513,569 |
| Balance at January 1, 2020 | \$ | 655,620 | 6,206 | 49,336 | 711,162 |
| Increase | | 126,205 | 4,638 | 17,915 | 148,758 |
| Decrease | | (123,579) | (2,746) | (9,596) | (135,921) |
| Others | - | (14,241) | (51) | 599 | (13,693) |
| Balance at December 31, 2020 | \$ | 644,005 | 8,047 | 58,254 | 710,306 |
| Accumulated Depreciation: | - | | | | |
| Balance at January 1, 2021 | \$ | 212,885 | 3,080 | 24,183 | 240,148 |
| Increase | | 124,855 | 2,339 | 17,145 | 144,339 |
| Decrease | | (122,643) | (3,010) | (8,673) | (134,326) |
| Others | - | (11,663) | (236) | (2,868) | (14,767) |
| Balance at December 31, 2021 | \$ | 203,434 | 2,173 | 29,787 | 235,394 |
| Balance at January 1, 2020 | \$ | 139,283 | 2,421 | 15,381 | 157,085 |
| Increase | | 137,767 | 2,654 | 17,778 | 158,199 |
| Decrease | | (61,248) | (967) | (9,596) | (71,811) |
| Others | - | (2,917) | (1,028) | 620 | (3,325) |
| Balance at December 31, 2020 | \$ | 212,885 | 3,080 | 24,183 | 240,148 |
| Carrying amount: | - | | | | |
| Balance at December 31, 2021 | \$ | 253,949 | 5,904 | 18,322 | 278,175 |
| Balance at December 31, 2020 | \$ | 431,120 | 4,967 | 34,071 | 470,158 |

The Consolidated Company leases offices and warehouses under an operating lease in 2021 and 2020, please refer to note 6(r).

(j) Investment property

| | P | | 20 | 21 | |
|---------------------------|----|------------------------------|----------|----------------------|------------------------------------|
| | | lance at nuary 1, 2021 | Increase | Decrease | Balance at December 31, 2021 |
| Cost: | | | | | |
| Land | \$ | 30,000 | - | - | 30,000 |
| Buildings | | 22,196 | | | 22,196 |
| | | 52,196 | | | 52,196 |
| Accumulated Depreciation: | | | | | |
| Buildings | | 11,924 | 396 | | 12,320 |
| Accumulated impairment: | | | | | |
| Buildings | | 1,000 | | | 1,000 |
| | \$ | 39,272 | (396) | | 38,876 |
| | | | 20 | 20 | |
| | | lance at nuary 1, 2020 | Increase | Decrease | Balance at December 31, 2020 |
| Cost: | | | | | |
| Land | \$ | 30,000 | - | - | 30,000 |
| Buildings | | 22,196 | | | 22,196 |
| | | 52,196 | | | 52,196 |
| Accumulated Depreciation: | | | | | |
| Buildings | | 11,527 | 397 | | 11,924 |
| Accumulated impairment: | | | | | |
| Buildings | | 1,000 | | | 1,000 |
| | \$ | 39,669 | (397) | | 39,272 |
| | | | E | December 31, 2021 | December 31, 2020 |
| Book value | | | \$_ | 38,876 | 39,272 |
| Fair value | | | \$ | 51,328 | 51,328 |

Investment properties are commercial real estate that are leased to third parties. The lease contract includes an initial non-cancellable period of 3 years. Subsequent renewals are negotiated with the lessee and no contingent rents are charged. For further information of rental income, please refer to note 6(y). Besides, direct operating expenses related to investment property were \$296 thousand and \$301 thousand in 2021 and 2020.

As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the fair value of investment property has been evaluated based on the comparable transactions of property similar in location and category.

As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, no investment property has been pledged as collateral.

(k) Intangible assets

| | | | | 2021 | | | |
|-------------------------|----|-------------------------------|----------|----------|--------------|----------|------------------------------------|
| | | alance at nuary 1, 2021 | Increase | Decrease | Amortization | Others | Balance at December 31, 2021 |
| Goodwill | \$ | 295,459 | - | - | - | (7,941) | 287,518 |
| Trademark | | 136,579 | - | - | - | (3,919) | 132,660 |
| Patents | | 17,719 | - | - | (2,692) | - | 15,027 |
| Computer software costs | | 43,113 | 4,147 | (2,321) | (25,800) | - | 19,139 |
| Other intangible assets | _ | 18,459 | 14,672 | | (14,772) | (465) | 17,894 |
| | \$ | 511,329 | 18,819 | (2,321) | (43,264) | (12,325) | 472,238 |
| | | | | 2020 | | | |
| | | alance at nuary 1, 2020 | Increase | Decrease | Amortization | Others | Balance at December 31, 2020 |
| ~ | | | | | | (10.010) | 205 450 |

| Goodwill | \$ | 308,477 | - | - | - | (13,018) | 295,459 |
|-------------------------|-----------|---------|-------|---|----------|----------|---------|
| Trademark | | 144,235 | - | - | - | (7,656) | 136,579 |
| Patents | | 20,411 | - | - | (2,692) | - | 17,719 |
| Computer software costs | | 72,667 | 2,849 | - | (32,403) | - | 43,113 |
| Other intangible assets | | 40,518 | 799 | | (21,723) | (1,135) | 18,459 |
| | <u>\$</u> | 586,308 | 3,648 | | (56,818) | (21,809) | 511,329 |

(1) Long-term and short-term borrowings

As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Consolidated Company had no long term and short term loans. The Consolidated Company's unused line of credit for long-term and short-term loans were as follows:

| | | December 31, 2021 | December 31, 2020 |
|-----|---------------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|
| | Short-term loans | \$ <u>4,234,496</u> | 3,464,541 |
| | Long-term loans | \$500,000 | 500,000 |
| (m) | Other Payables | | |
| | | | |
| | | December 31, | December 31, |
| | | December 31, 2021 | December 31, 2020 |
| | Salary payable | , | 2020 |
| | Salary payable Other payable-other | 2021 | 2020 424,263 |

(Continued)

(n) Lease liabilities

The amounts of lease liabilities for the Consolidated Company were as follows:

| | Dee | cember 31, 2021 | 1, December 31, 2020 | |
|---|-----|--------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Current | \$ | 142,551 | 147,068 | |
| Non-current | \$ | 297,900 | 349,906 | |
| The amounts recognized in profit or loss were as follows: | | | | |
| | | 2021 | 2020 | |
| Interests on lease liabilities | \$ | 16,777 | 18,225 | |
| Expenses relating to short-term leases | \$ | 46,917 | 53,090 | |
| COVID-19-related rent concessions | \$ | (52) | (438) | |

The amounts recognized in the statement of cash flows for the Consolidated Company was as follows:

| | 2 | 2021 | 2020 |
|-------------------------------|----|---------|---------|
| Total cash outflow for leases | \$ | 230,433 | 296,102 |

(i) Real estate leases

As of December 31, 2021, the Consolidated Company leases buildings for its office space. The leases of office space typically run for one to ten years. Some leases include an option to renew the lease for an additional period of the same duration after the end of the contract term.

(ii) Other leases

The Consolidated Company also leases office equipment with contract terms of one to three years. In some cases, the Consolidated Company has options to purchase the assets at the end of the contract term; in other cases, the Consolidated Company guarantees the residual value of the leased assets at the end of the contract term.

(o) Current provisions

| 2021 | | | | | | |
|------|---------|---------------|--|--|---|---|
| | | Increased | Used | Reversed | Effect of exchange | Balance at December 31, 2021 |
| \$ | 127,303 | 12,950 | (21,717) | - | (3,804) | 114,732 |
| - | 132,650 | <u>52,431</u> | (9,248) | (55,628) | (1,138) | <u>119,067</u> 233,799 |
| | | \$ 127,303 | January 1, 2021 Increased \$ 127,303 12,950 | Balance at January 1, 2021 Increased Used \$ 127,303 12,950 (21,717) | Balance at January 1, 2021 Increased Used Reversed \$ 127,303 12,950 (21,717) - | Balance at January 1, 2021 Increased Used Reversed Effect of exchange \$ 127,303 12,950 (21,717) - (3,804) |

| | 2020 | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|------|----------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|
| | | Balance at January 1, 2020 | Increased | Used | Reversed | Effect of exchange | Balance at December 31, 2020 |
| Warranties | \$ | 122,656 | 18,811 | (10,217) | (740) | (3,207) | 127,303 |
| Legal proceedings and royalties | \$ | 85,079 207,735 | 99,323 118,134 | (12,938) (23,155) | (36,224) (36,964) | (2,590) (5,797) | <u>132,650</u> 259,953 |

(p) Refund liabilities

| | December 31, 2021 | | December 31, 2020 | |
|--------------------|----------------------|---------|----------------------|--|
| Refund liabilities | \$ | 456,699 | 555,409 | |

Refund liabilities were predicted payments to the customers based on expected volume discounts and the right to the returned goods.

(q) Bonds payable

Exchangeable corporate bonds

| | D | ecember 31, 2020 |
|---|----|---------------------|
| Exchangeable bonds | \$ | 1,200,000 |
| Less: Accumulated exchanged bonds | | (1,199,400) |
| Due for repayment | _ | (600) |
| Balance of exchangeable bonds | \$ | - |
| Tech did desiration has accorded to financial distribution of a second | | 2020 |
| Embedded derivative-loss measured at fair value, included in other gains and losses | \$ | 34,967 |
| Interest expense | \$ | 2,107 |

On June 17, 2020, the first unsecured exchangeable bonds with a 5-year maturity issued by the Company expired, and the OTC trading thereof was terminated on June 18, 2020. As of June 17, 2020, the day after the maturity date, the creditor has not exercised the right of exchange, the Company therefore, pursuant to Article 6 of the "Regulations Governing the Issuance and Exchange of Exchangeable Bonds", calculated the repayment amount based on the face value of the bond plus interest, totaling \$608 thousand. As of the reporting date, all payments had been made.

The issue terms for the unsecured exchangeable bonds were as follows:

(i) Total issuance amount:

Total principal amount of the bonds is \$1.2 billion dollars. The par value of the bonds is one hundred thousand dollars, and they are issued at 100% of the par value. The total number of exchangeable bonds were issued 12 thousand units. As of December 31, 2020, the bondholders have already exchanged 11,994 units, and 6 units were due.

(ii) Duration:

June 17, 2015 to June 17, 2020.

- (iii) Coupon rate for the bonds is zero.
- (iv) Payment term

Except for the share exchange with Alpha's common shares by the bondholders based on article 10, or the put option exercised by the bondholders based on article 18, or the early redemption done by the Company based on article 17, or the buy back from the security company and retired by the Company, the Company will repay the principal and interest payable refund (with interest payable refund of 1.26% of the par value, and yield rate of 0.25%) upon maturity.

(v) Exchange period:

The exchangeable bonds may be exchanged into common shares of Alpha on or after July 18, 2015, and prior to June 17, 2020. For the year ended December 31, 2020, the bondholders exchanged 2,990 units amounted to \$299,000 thousand for \$15,444 thousand of Alpha's common shares at \$19.36 per share and the Consolidated Company recognized the profit amounted to \$139,965 thousand.

(vi) Exchange price:

The exchange price is calculated by using the simple average closing price of the Consolidated Company's common shares based on either one, three or five consecutive business days before the effective date of June 9, 2015, multiplied by 105.26%. The exchange price is calculated based on the closing price (after considering the effect of ex-rights or ex-dividend) of Alpha's shares. The exchange price on issuance date was \$22. Since September 5, 2017, the conversion price was adjusted from \$22.31 to \$21.37. Since July 29, 2018 the conversion price was adjusted from \$22.38. Since July 28, 2019 the conversion price was adjusted from \$20.38 to \$19.36.

(vii) Early redemption option:

From July 18, 2015 (1 month after the issuance date) to May 8, 2020 (forty days before the maturity date), if (i) the closing price of Alpha's common shares on the TSE for a period of 30 consecutive trading days before redemption has reached at least 30% of the exchange price in effect on each such trading day, or wherein, (ii) at least 90% of the principal amount of the bonds originally outstanding has been redeemed, repurchased or exchanged, the Company may redeem all bonds for cash at face value.

(viii) Put options:

Bondholders may exercise the put option and request the Company to redeem the bonds at 100% of the par value, plus, interest payable refund two years after the issuance with a redemption date of June 17, 2017. The Company will send a "Bondholder's Notice of Exercise of the Right to Sell" to the bondholders by registered mail 30 days before the selling back date, and instructs the counter trading center to announce that the holders of the exchange bonds have sold back. Exercising the right, the bondholder may notify the stock agency of the Company in writing within 30 days after the announcement, request the Company to add the interest declutched by the denomination of the bond, and redeem the exchange bonds held by it in cash. Upon request, the Company shall redeem the bonds for cash within five trading days after the redemption date. The maturity of request that the Company redeem the bonds have been already reached. There are no Bondholder to exercise the put option till the redemption date of June 17, 2017.

(r) Operating leases

The Consolidated Company leased out its investment property. The Consolidated Company has classified these leases as operating leases, because it does not transfer substantially all of the risks and rewards incidental to the ownership of the assets. Please refer to note 6(j) for the operating leases of investment property.

A maturity analysis of lease payments, showing the undiscounted lease payments to be received after the reporting date were as follows:

| | Decen 2 | December 31, 2020 | |
|-----------------------------------|------------|----------------------|-------|
| Within one year | \$ | 353 | 771 |
| One to two years | | - | 353 |
| Total undiscounted lease payments | \$ | 353 | 1,124 |

(s) Employee benefits

 The reconciliation of the present value of the defined benefit obligations and fair value of plan assets for the Company were as follows:

| | Dec | ember 31, 2021 | December 31, 2020 | |
|--|-----|-------------------|----------------------|--|
| Present value of the defined benefit obligations | \$ | 86,814 | 91,577 | |
| Fair value of plan assets | | (75,551) | (80,892) | |
| Net defined benefit liabilities | \$ | 11,263 | 10,685 | |

Based on the Company's pension plan, each employee earns two units for the first fifteen years of service, and one unit for each additional year thereafter, subject to a maximum of forty-five units. Payments of retirement benefits are based on the number of units accrued and the average monthly salaries for the last six months prior to retirement.

1) Composition of plan assets

The Company contributes monthly an amount equal to 2% of each employee's monthly wages to the retirement fund deposited with Bank of Taiwan in accordance with the provisions of Labor Pension Act, whereby, the labor pension reserve account will make pension payment in advance.

The Company's Bank of Taiwan labor pension reserve account balance amounted to \$75,551 thousand at the date of reporting date. For information on the utilization of the labor pension fund assets, including the asset allocation and yield of the fund, please refer to the website of the Bureau of Labor Funds, Ministry of Labor.

2) Movements in present value of the defined benefit obligations

The movement in present value of the defined benefit obligations for the Company were as follows:

| | 2021 | 2020 |
|--|--------------|----------|
| Defined benefit obligations at January 1 | \$ 91,577 | 104,051 |
| Current service costs and interests | 1,197 | 2,186 |
| Remeasurement of the net defined benefit liabilities | | |
| Actuarial losses due to changes in demographic assumption | 118 | - |
| Actuarial (gains) and losses from changes in the financial assumptions | (5,109) | 9,130 |
| Actuarial (gains) and losses from changes in experience adjustments | 7,971 | (10,722) |
| Benefits paid | (8,940) | (13,068) |
| Defined benefit obligations at December 31 | \$ 86,814 | 91,577 |

(Continued)
3) Movements in the fair value of the plan assets

The movements in the present value of the plan assets in 2021 and 2020 for the Company were as follows:

| | 2021 | 2020 |
|---|--------------|----------|
| Fair value of plan assets at January 1 | \$ 80,892 | 87,839 |
| Interest income | 324 | 995 |
| Remeasurement of the net plan assets | | |
| Actuarial return on plan assets (excluding interests) | 1,293 | 2,942 |
| Contributions made | 1,982 | 2,184 |
| Benefits paid | (8,940) | (13,068) |
| Fair value of plan assets at December 31 | \$ 75,551 | 80,892 |

4) Expenses recognized in profit or loss

The expenses recognized in profit or loss for 2021 and 2020 for the Company were as follow:

| | 2021 | 2020 |
|---|-----------|-------|
| Current service costs | \$ 831 | 1,019 |
| Net interest on the net defined benefit liabilities | 42 | 172 |
| | \$ 873 | 1,191 |
| | 2021 | 2020 |
| Operating costs | \$ 14 | 23 |
| Selling expenses | 485 | 615 |
| Administrative expenses | 164 | 219 |
| Research and development expenses | 210 | 334 |
| | \$ 873 | 1,191 |

 Remeasurements of the net defined benefit liabilities recognized in other comprehensive income

The Company's remeasurements of the net defined benefit liabilities recognized in other comprehensive income as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 were as follows:

| | 2021 | | 2020 | |
|------------------------|------|--------|---------|--|
| Balance on January 1 | \$ | 47,330 | 51,864 | |
| Recognized | | 1,687 | (4,534) | |
| Balance on December 31 | \$ | 49,017 | 47,330 | |

6) Actuarial assumptions

The Company's principal actuarial assumptions at the reporting date were as follows:

| | 2021.12.31 | 2020.12.31 |
|-------------------------|------------|------------|
| Discount rate | 0.800 % | 0.400 % |
| Future salary increases | 3.000 % | 3.000 % |

The Company shall pay the expected contributions of \$1,665 thousand to the defined benefit plans for the next annual reporting period.

The weighted average duration of defined benefit plans were 14.00 years and 15.00 years in 2021 and 2020, respectively.

7) Sensitivity analysis

As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the impact on present value due to the changes in the actuarial assumptions was as follows:

| | Effective of defined benefit obligations | | |
|--|---|---------|----------|
| | In | crease | Decrease |
| December 31, 2021 | | | |
| Discount rate (0.25% change) | \$ | (2,955) | 3,080 |
| Future salary increases (0.25% change) | | 2,788 | (2,696) |
| | | | |
| December 31, 2020 | | | |
| Discount rate (0.25% change) | | (3,301) | 3,449 |
| Future salary increases (0.25% change) | | 3,124 | (3,014) |

The analysis of the impact of sensitivity was based on the situation that other assumptions remain constant. In actual situation, many changes in assumption might be linked. The method used in the sensitivity analysis was consistent with the calculation of pension liabilities in the balance sheets.

The assumptions used to prepare sensitively analysis in this period were the same as the previous financial statements.

(ii) Defined contribution plans

The Company set aside 6% of the contribution rate of the employee's monthly wages to the labor pension personal account of the Bureau of the Labor Insurance in accordance with the provisions of the Labor Pension Act. The Company set aside a fixed amount to the Bureau of the Labor Insurance without the payment of additional legal or constructive obligations.

The amount of the Consolidated Company's pension expenses under defined contribution pension plans in 2021 and 2020 were as follows:

| | 2021 | 2020 |
|--------------------|---------------|---------|
| Operating costs | \$ 5,908 | 6,504 |
| Operating expenses | \$ 125,698 | 128,248 |

(t) Income Taxes

Income tax expenses for the Consolidated Company were summarized as follows:

| | 2021 | 2020 |
|---|--------------|---------|
| Current income tax expense | \$ 85,199 | 115,228 |
| Deferred tax expense (benefit) | | |
| Origination and reversal of temporary differences | (8,587) | 70,938 |
| Income tax expenses | \$ 76,612 | 186,166 |

The amount of income tax benefit recognized in other comprehensive income for the Consolidated Company was as follows:

| | | 2021 | 2020 |
|--|------------|----------|----------|
| Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: | | | |
| Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial | | | |
| statements | \$ <u></u> | (45,730) | (68,189) |

Reconciliation of income tax expense and profit (loss) before tax for the Consolidated Company was as follows:

| | 2021 | 2020 |
|---|---------------|-----------|
| Profit before income tax | \$ 394,723 | 1,496,726 |
| Income tax using the Company's statutory tax rate | 78,945 | 299,345 |
| Effect of tax rate in foreign jurisdiction | (18) | (66,149) |
| Share of loss of associates accounted for using equity method | (22,223) | (3,689) |
| Tax-exempt income | (41,730) | (13,682) |
| Change in unrecognized temporary differences | (12,032) | 23,574 |
| Income tax adjustments on prior years and others | 73,670 | (53,233) |
| | \$ 76,612 | 186,166 |

Deferred tax assets and liabilities

(i) Unrecognized deferred income tax assets

The unrecognized deferred income tax assets for the Consolidated Company were as follows:

| | De | cember 31, 2021 | December 31, 2020 |
|---|----|--------------------|----------------------|
| Deductible temporary differences | | | |
| Unrealized expenses | \$ | 91,619 | 108,593 |
| Provisions for warranty | | 12,572 | 13,912 |
| Unrealized impairment | | 24,318 | 24,318 |
| Write-down of inventories to net realizable value | | 39,998 | 42,136 |
| Others | | 60,350 | 70,727 |
| | | 228,857 | 259,686 |
| Operating loss carry forward | | 1,114,593 | 1,095,796 |
| | \$ | 1,343,450 | 1,355,482 |

(ii) Recognized deferred tax assets and liabilities

The movements in the amount of deferred tax assets and liabilities for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 were as follows:

| | | ra-group nsactions | Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements | Unrealized expenses | Write-down of inventory | Bad debts | Loss carry forward | Others | Total |
|---|----|-----------------------|---|------------------------|----------------------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------|---------|
| Deferred income tax assets: | | | | | | | | | |
| Balance at January 1, 2021 | \$ | 65,518 | 277,881 | 20,856 | 25,945 | 874 | 288,955 | 65,606 | 745,635 |
| Recognized in profit or loss | | (22,253) | - | 5,310 | 43,336 | (483) | 81,791 | (29,110) | 78,591 |
| Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements | | | 45,730 | | | | | | 45,730 |
| Balance at December 31, 2021 | s | 43,265 | 323,611 | 26,166 | 69,281 | 391 | 370,746 | 36,496 | 869,956 |
| Balance at January 1, 2020 | \$ | 96,045 | 209,692 | 29,882 | 36,323 | 2,318 | 192,003 | 67,984 | 634,247 |
| Recognized in profit or loss | | (30,527) | - | (9,026) | (10,378) | (1,444) | 96,952 | (2,378) | 43,199 |
| Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements | | - | 68,189 | | | | | <u> </u> | 68,189 |
| Balance at December 31, 2020 | s | 65,518 | 277,881 | 20,856 | 25,945 | 874 | 288,955 | 65,606 | 745,635 |

| | Investments under equity method | | Others | Total |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------|--------|---------|
| Deferred income tax liabilities: | | | | |
| Balance at January 1, 2021 | \$ | 242,431 | 40,402 | 282,833 |
| Recognized in profit or loss | | 54,148 | 15,856 | 70,004 |
| Balance at December 31, 2021 | \$ | 296,579 | 56,258 | 352,837 |
| Balance at January 1, 2020 | \$ | 143,177 | 25,519 | 168,696 |
| Recognized in profit or loss | | 99,254 | 14,883 | 114,137 |
| Balance at December 31, 2020 | \$ | 242,431 | 40,402 | 282,833 |

In accordance with the laws of each registered country, the assessed losses can be used to offset current-year net income. In addition, pursuant to the ROC Income Tax Act, net loss of the Company and Yeotai as assessed by the tax authorities can be carried forward for ten consecutive years to reduce future taxable income. As of December 31, 2021, the Consolidated Company's unused loss carry forward available to offset future taxable income and the year of expiry were as follows:

| Consolidated | XZ CI | X 7 C • | |
|----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| entity | Year of loss | Year of expiry | Unused amount |
| The Company | 2017 | 2027 | 1,740,912 |
| The Company | 2019 | 2029 | 162,350 |
| The Company | 2020 | 2030 | 654,895 |
| The Company | 2021 | 2031 | 206,641 |
| Yeotai | 2014 | 2024 | 2,813 |
| Yeotai | 2016 | 2026 | 1,330 |
| Yeotai | 2019 | 2029 | 5,947 |
| D-Link Europe | 2003, 2015~2016 and | | |
| | 2021 | Unlimited | 45,637 |
| D-Link Brazil | 2014~2019 and 2021 | Unlimited | 781,261 |
| D-Link Shiang-Hai | 2017~2020 | 2022~2025 | 303,487 |
| D-Link Mexicana | 2014~2015 and | 2024~2025 and | |
| | 2017~2019 | 2027~2029 | 103,205 |
| D-Link Systems | 2018~2021 | 2038~2041 | 544,139 |
| D-Link International | 2015~2019 | Unlimited | 1,382,687 |
| D-Link Korea | 2012~2019 and 2021 | 2022~2029 and 2031 | 63,887 |
| | | | \$ <u>5,999,191</u> |

The income tax returns of the Company and Yeotai have been examined by the tax authority through 2019.

(u) Capital and other equity

(i) Common stock

As of December 31, 2021, and 2020, the authorized capital amounted to \$8,800,000 thousand (including \$750,000 thousand authorized for the issuance of the employee stock options). As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the paid-in Consolidated Company's authorized common stock consisted 599,837 thousand and 651,996 thousand shares, with a par value of \$10 per share, amounting to \$5,998,365 thousand and \$6,519,961 thousand.

For the purpose of enhancing the return on equity and the structure of capital, the capital reduction through cashes \$521,596 thousand return to shareholders was proposed by the Consolidated Company's Board on March 17, 2021, capital reduction 8% of common shares. This capital reduction was approved by the shareholders' meeting on July 5, 2021, and had the effective registration by the competent Authority. The record date of the capital reduction is on September 1, 2021, and all relevant change registrations of the capital reduction was finished on October 5, 2021.

(ii) Capital surplus

The balances of capital surplus for the Consolidated Company were as follows:

| | D | ecember 31, 2021 | December 31, 2020 |
|--|----|---------------------|----------------------|
| Common stock in excess of par value | \$ | 1,217,030 | 1,217,030 |
| Treasury share transactions | | 39,310 | 39,310 |
| Changes in equities of associates accounted for using equity method | | - | 740 |
| Expiry of share-based payment transactions | | 129,459 | 129,459 |
| Expiry of redeemed options of convertible corporate bonds | | 81,454 | 81,454 |
| Changes in equities of the Consolidated Company's ownership interests in subsidiaries | _ | 55,320 | 55,320 |
| Total | \$ | 1,522,573 | 1,523,313 |

According to the R.O.C. Company Act, realized capital surplus can only be reclassified as share capital or be distributed as cash dividends after offsetting against losses. The aforementioned realized capital surplus includes share premium and donation gains. According to the Regulations Governing the Offering and Issuance of Securities by Securities Issuers, the amount of capital surplus to be reclassified under share capital should not exceed 10% of the paid-in capital each year.

- (iii) Retained earnings
 - 1) Legal reserve

According to the R.O.C. Company Act No. 237, the Company must retain 10% of its net profit as a legal reserve until such retention equals the total paid-in capital.

In accordance with Ruling No. 10802432410 issued by the Ministry of Economic Affairs on January 9, 2020, the amount of retained earnings allotted to legal reserve shall be calculated based on "net earnings after income taxes, plus any other amount recognized in undistributed retained earnings" since the earnings distribution in 2019. When the legal reserve has exceeded 25% of the Company's paid-in capital, the excess may be distributed as dividends in cash or stocks based on the resolution of the shareholders' meeting if there is no accumulated deficit.

2) Special reserve

In accordance with Ruling No. 1010012865 issued by the Financial Supervisory commission on April 6, 2012, a special reserve equivalent to the net debit balance of other shareholders' equity shall be set aside from the current earnings and the prior unappropriated earnings. The Company shall not distribute the special reserve equivalent to the net debit balance of shareholders' equity from the prior fiscal years set aside from the prior unappropriated earnings. The amount of subsequent reversals pertaining to the net debt balance of other shareholders' equity shall qualify for distribution.

3) Earning distribution

In accordance with the Company's articles of incorporation, if there are earnings at yearend, 10 percent should be set aside as legal reserve until such retention equals the total paid-in capital after the payment of income tax and offsetting accumulated losses from prior years. Also set aside from or reverse special reserve in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Act. The remaining portion will be combined with earnings from prior years, and the Board of Directors can propose appropriations of earnings to be approved by the shareholders' meeting.

The Company's appropriation of earnings for 2020 had been proposed in the Board meeting held on March 17, 2021. After offsetting accumulated losses from prior years, the Board of Directors decided to distribute cash dividends \$0.3 per share. The appropriation of earnings for 2020 was approved by in the shareholders' meeting on July 5, 2021. Information on the appropriation of earnings for 2020 was available at the Market Observation Post System website.

The Company has no earnings to distribute for 2019 due to the accumulated deficit.

4) Dividend policy

The Company has carried out its Residual Dividend Policy to align with the (i) whole market (ii) industrial growth characteristics (iii) long term financial plan (iv) talent acquisition, and (v) pursuing sustainable business development. After deducting the balance from the items mentioned above, the Board of Directors shall adopt a proposal for the residual balance and the previous year's earnings to be submitted for approval during the shareholders' meeting. The total amount of dividends to be distributed to the shareholders shall be no less than 30% of the distributable earnings for the current year. According to the budget plan for its capital, the Company shall distribute stock dividends to retain the required funds; and any remainder, which should not be less than 10% of the total dividends, can be distributed by cash.

(iv) Other equity

| | on for | inge differences translation of eign financial statements | Unrealized gains (losses) on financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income | Others |
|------------------------------|-----------|--|---|---------|
| Balance at January 1, 2021 | \$ | (1,520,585) | (88,606) | - |
| The Consolidated Company | | (343,882) | 54,984 | - |
| Associates | | 871 | (14,416) | - |
| Disposal | | - | 45,599 | - |
| Balance at December 31, 2021 | \$ | (1,863,596) | (2,439) | - |
| Balance at January 1, 2020 | \$ | (1,236,701) | (165,102) | (3,484) |
| The Consolidated Company | | (335,773) | 16,739 | - |
| Associates | | 51,889 | 59,684 | 3,484 |
| Disposal | | - | 73 | - |
| Balance at December 31, 2020 | \$ | (1,520,585) | (88,606) | - |

(v) Non-controlling interests

| | 2021 | 2020 |
|---|---------------|----------|
| Balance at the beginning of the period | \$ 480,860 | 452,625 |
| Net income attributable to non-controlling interest: | | |
| Net income | 78,914 | 70,635 |
| Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements | (23,013) | (35,710) |
| Cash dividends distributed by subsidiaries | (11,783) | (6,690) |
| Balance at the end of the period | \$ 524,978 | 480,860 |

(v) Earnings per share

The calculation of earnings per share of the Consolidated Company were as follows:

(i) Basic earnings per share

| | 2021 | 2020 |
|---|-----------|-----------|
| Net profit of the parent company for the year | \$239,197 | 1,239,925 |
| Outstanding ordinary shares | 634,610 | 651,996 |
| Basic earnings per share | \$0.38 | 1.90 |

(ii) Diluted earnings per share

| | 2021 | 2020 |
|---|-----------|-----------|
| Net profit of the parent company for the year | \$239,197 | 1,239,925 |
| Weighted average number of outstanding ordinary shares (basic) | 634,610 | 651,996 |
| Employees' compensation has not been resolved by the Board meeting | 1,071 | 1,496 |
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares (diluted) | 635,681 | 653,492 |
| Diluted earnings per share | \$0.38 | 1.90 |

For calculation of the dilutive effect of the stock option, the average market value was assessed based on the quoted market price where the Company's option was outstanding.

(w) Revenue from contracts with customers

(i) The Consolidated Company's revenue from contracts with customers

| Major product / service lines | 2021 | 2020 |
|--|-----------------------------|--------------------------|
| Network communication products | \$ 15,364,507 | 15,016,762 |
| Services | 160,394 | 162,681 |
| | \$ 15,524,901 | 15,179,443 |
| | | |
| Primary geographical markets | 2021 | 2020 |
| Primary geographical markets Europe | \$ 2021 3,509,222 | 2020 3,110,121 |
| | \$ | |

(ii) Contract liabilities

1) The Consolidated Company recognized contract revenue related to contract liabilities:

| | December 31, 2021 | December 31, 2020 |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Current contract liabilities (sales) | \$ <u>134,833</u> | 123,995 |

 The Consolidated company recognized \$70,256 thousand and \$81,378 thousand in sales from the beginning balance of contract liabilities for the year ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

(x) Employees' compensation and Directors' remuneration

In accordance with the Articles of Association, if the Company incur profit for the year, the Company should contribute a minimum of 1% to a maximum of 15% of annual profit as Employees' compensation and less than 1% of annual profit as Directors' remuneration. However, if the Company has accumulated deficits, the profit should be reserved to offset the deficits. The profit shall be considered as the annual income before tax, excluding Employees' compensation and Directors' remuneration. The amount of remuneration of directors and the compensation for employees shall be decided by two-third of the voting rights exercised by the directors present at the Board of Directors' meeting who represent a majority of the directors and reported at stockholders' meeting. The recipients of shares and cash may include the employees of the Company's affiliated companies who meet certain specific conditions.

In 2021 and 2020, the Company estimated its Employees' compensation amounted to \$12,621 thousand and \$42,936 thousand, respectively, and Directors' remuneration amounted to \$1,262 thousand and \$0 thousand, respectively. The estimated amounts mentioned above are calculated based on the profit before tax, excluding the Employees' compensation and Directors' remuneration of each period, multiplied by the percentage of Employees' compensation and Directors' remunerations were expensed under operating expenses during 2021 and 2020.

In 2020, the Company's actual distribution of Employees' compensation and Directors' remuneration were \$46,800 thousand and \$4,680 thousand, respectively. The actual distributions of employees' compensation and directors' remuneration were higher than estimated amounts, and the total difference \$8,544 thousand shall be accounted for as a change in accounting estimate and shall be recognized in the current year. Related information would be available at the Market Observation Post System website.

- (y) Other income and losses
 - (i) Interest income

| | | | 2021 | 2020 |
|------|------------------------------------|------------|--------|--------|
| | Interest income from bank deposits | \$ | 31,748 | 16,524 |
| | Other interest income | | 16,249 | - |
| | Total | \$ | 47,997 | 16,524 |
| (ii) | Other income | | | |
| | | | 2021 | 2020 |
| | Rent income | \$ | 2,707 | 1,663 |
| | Dividend income | | 1,155 | 879 |
| | Total | \$ <u></u> | 3,862 | 2,542 |

(iii) Other gains and losses

| | 2021 | 2020 |
|--|----------------|-----------|
| Gain on disposals of investments | \$ 6,487 | 1,297,668 |
| Foreign exchange losses | (34,474) | (11,695) |
| Valuation losses from financial assets and liabilities | (19,335) | (14,478) |
| Others | 51,713 | 71,247 |
| Total | \$ 4,391 | 1,342,742 |
| (iv) Finance costs | | |
| | 2021 | 2020 |
| Interest expense | \$ (9,131) | (10,059) |
| Lease liability interests | (16,777) | (18,225) |
| Total | \$ (25,908) | (28,284) |

(z) Reclassification adjustments of components of other comprehensive income

Details of the reclassification adjustments of components of other comprehensive income in 2021 and 2020 were summarized as follow:

| | | 2021 | 2020 |
|--|------------|-----------|-----------|
| Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements | | | |
| Change in exchange from the Consolidated Company | \$ | (389,612) | (403,962) |
| Change in exchange from non-controlling interests | | (23,013) | (35,710) |
| Change in exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements recognized in other comprehensive income | \$ <u></u> | (412,625) | (439,672) |
| Share of other comprehensive income of subsidiaries and associates accounted for using equity method | | | |
| Change in foreign currency exchange from associates | \$ | 871 | (3,343) |
| Reclassification to profit or loss | | - | 55,517 |
| Change in other equity interest from associates | | | 3,199 |
| Share of other comprehensive income | \$ | 871 | 55,373 |

(aa) Financial instruments

- (i) Category of financial instruments
 - 1) Financial Assets

| | De | cember 31, 2021 | December 31, 2020 |
|---|----|--------------------|----------------------|
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 2,195,080 | 6,216,327 |
| Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current | | 279,344 | 238,951 |
| Notes receivable, accounts receivable and other receivables (including related parties) | | 3,704,572 | 3,119,834 |
| Finance lease payment receivable (current and non- current) | | 155,879 | - |
| Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current | | 33,300 | 454,435 |
| Refundable deposits and other current assets | | 77,143 | 222,152 |
| | \$ | 6,445,318 | 10,251,699 |
|) Financial liabilities | | | |
| | De | cember 31, 2021 | December 31, 2020 |
| Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss - current | \$ | 16,368 | 18,324 |
| Notes payable, accounts payable and other payables (including related parties) | | 3,532,487 | 4,125,129 |
| Guarantee deposits received | | 82,860 | 70,284 |
| Lease liability (current and non-current) | | 440,451 | 496,974 |
| | \$ | 4,072,166 | 4,710,711 |

(ii) Credit risk

2)

Exposure to credit risk:

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum amount exposed to credit risk. As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the maximum exposure to credit risk has amounted to \$6,445,318 thousand and \$10,251,699 thousand, respectively.

(iii) Liquidity risk

The following table shows the contractual maturities of financial liabilities, including estimated interest payments and excluding the impact of netting agreements.

| | Carrying amount | Contractual cash flows | Within six months | 6-12 months | 1-2 years | 2-5 years | Over five years |
|--|---|---|--|----------------|---------------------|--|--------------------------------|
| December 31, 2021 | | | | | | | |
| Non-derivative financial liabilities | | | | | | | |
| Notes payable | \$ 11 | 11 | 11 | - | - | - | - |
| Accounts payable | 2,336,740 | 2,336,740 | 2,336,740 | - | - | - | - |
| Accounts payable - related parties | 1 287,886 | 287,886 | 287,886 | - | - | - | - |
| Other payables | 907,850 | 907,850 | 907,850 | - | - | - | - |
| Lease liability | 440,451 | 469,512 | 83,910 | 70,557 | 101,921 | 202,940 | 10,184 |
| Guarantee deposits received | 82,860 | 82,860 | 82,860 | - | - | - | - |
| Derivative financial liabilities | | | | | | | |
| Cross currency swaps | | | | | | | |
| Outflow | 13,722 | 1,883,133 | 1,883,133 | - | - | - | - |
| Inflow | - | 1,869,634 | 1,869,634 | - | - | - | - |
| Forward foreign exchange contracts | • | | | | | | |
| Outflow | 2,646 | 558,157 | 558,157 | - | - | - | - |
| Inflow | | 545,260 | 545,260 | | | - | |
| | \$ 4,072,166 | 8,941,043 | 8,555,441 | 70,557 | 101,921 | 202,940 | 10,184 |
| | | | | | | | |
| | Carrying amount | Contractual cash flows | Within six months | 6-12 months | 1-2 years | 2-5 years | Over five years |
| December 31, 2020 | | | | | 1-2 years | 2-5 years | |
| December 31, 2020 Non-derivative financial liabilities | | | | | 1-2 years | 2-5 years | |
| Non-derivative financial | | | | | 1-2 years | 2-5 years | |
| Non-derivative financial liabilities | amount | cash flows | months | | 1-2 years - | 2-5 years - - | |
| Non-derivative financial liabilities Notes payable Accounts payable Accounts payable - related | amount \$ 230 2,376,692 | cash flows 230 | 230 2,376,692 | | 1-2 years - - | 2-5 years - - | |
| Non-derivative financial liabilities Notes payable Accounts payable Accounts payable - related parties | amount \$ 230 2,376,692 | cash flows 230 2,376,692 | months 230 | | 1-2 years - - | 2-5 years - - | |
| Non-derivative financial liabilities Notes payable Accounts payable - related parties Other payables | amount \$ 230 2,376,692 1 367,482 1,380,725 | 230 2,376,692 367,482 1,380,725 | 230 2,376,692 367,482 1,380,725 | | | - | |
| Non-derivative financial liabilities Notes payable Accounts payable Accounts payable - related parties | amount \$ 230 2,376,692 d 367,482 1,380,725 496,974 | 230 2,376,692 367,482 1,380,725 534,623 | 230 2,376,692 367,482 1,380,725 82,029 | | 1-2 years | 2-5 years - - - 185,190 - | years - - - |
| Non-derivative financial liabilities Notes payable Accounts payable Accounts payable - related parties Other payables Lease liability Guarantee deposits | amount \$ 230 2,376,692 1 367,482 1,380,725 | 230 2,376,692 367,482 1,380,725 | 230 2,376,692 367,482 1,380,725 | | | - | years - - - |
| Non-derivative financial liabilities Notes payable Accounts payable - related parties Other payables Lease liability Guarantee deposits received Derivative financial | amount \$ 230 2,376,692 d 367,482 1,380,725 496,974 | 230 2,376,692 367,482 1,380,725 534,623 | 230 2,376,692 367,482 1,380,725 82,029 | | | - | years - - - |
| Non-derivative financial liabilities Notes payable Accounts payable - related parties Other payables Lease liability Guarantee deposits received Derivative financial liabilities | amount \$ 230 2,376,692 d 367,482 1,380,725 496,974 | 230 2,376,692 367,482 1,380,725 534,623 | 230 2,376,692 367,482 1,380,725 82,029 | | | - | years - - - |
| Non-derivative financial liabilities Notes payable Accounts payable - related parties Other payables Lease liability Guarantee deposits received Derivative financial liabilities Cross currency swaps | amount \$ 230 2,376,692 d 367,482 1,380,725 496,974 70,284 | cash flows 230 2,376,692 367,482 1,380,725 534,623 70,284 | 230 2,376,692 367,482 1,380,725 82,029 70,284 | | | - | years - - - |
| Non-derivative financial liabilities Notes payable Accounts payable - related parties Other payables Lease liability Guarantee deposits received Derivative financial liabilities Cross currency swaps Outflow | amount \$ 230 2,376,692 4 367,482 1,380,725 496,974 70,284 8,469 - | cash flows 230 2,376,692 367,482 1,380,725 534,623 70,284 565,924 | months 230 2,376,692 367,482 1,380,725 82,029 70,284 565,924 | | | - | years - - 55,040 - |
| Non-derivative financial liabilities Notes payable Accounts payable Accounts payable - related parties Other payables Lease liability Guarantee deposits received Derivative financial liabilities Cross currency swaps Outflow Inflow Forward foreign exchange | amount \$ 230 2,376,692 4 367,482 1,380,725 496,974 70,284 8,469 - | cash flows 230 2,376,692 367,482 1,380,725 534,623 70,284 565,924 | months 230 2,376,692 367,482 1,380,725 82,029 70,284 565,924 | | | - | years - - 55,040 - |
| Non-derivative financial liabilities Notes payable Accounts payable - related parties Other payables Lease liability Guarante deposits received Derivative financial liabilities Cross currency swaps Outflow Inflow Forward foreign exchange contracts | amount \$ 230 2,376,692 1 367,482 1,380,725 496,974 70,284 8,469 - | cash flows 230 2,376,692 367,482 1,380,725 534,623 70,284 565,924 558,265 | 230 2,376,692 367,482 1,380,725 82,029 70,284 565,924 558,265 | | | - | years - - 55,040 - |

The Consolidated Company does not expect that the cash flows included in the maturity analysis could occur significantly earlier or at significantly different amount.

(iv) Currency risk

 The Consolidated Company's significant exposure to foreign currency risk was as follows:

| | December 31, 2021 | | | December 31, 2020 | | |
|-------------------------------|---------------------|---------------|--------------|---------------------|---------------|-----------|
| | Foreign currency | Exchange rate | TWD | Foreign currency | Exchange rate | TWD |
| Financial assets (note): | | | | | | |
| Monetary items: | | | | | | |
| CLP | \$ 94,235 | 0.04 | 3,069 | 203,714 | 0.04 | 8,165 |
| JPY | 1,051,213 | 0.24 | 253,026 | 1,438,073 | 0.28 | 396,985 |
| CAD | 11,342 | 21.74 | 246,587 | 16,704 | 22.40 | 374,126 |
| USD | 173,724 | 27.69 | 4,810,424 | 218,439 | 28.51 | 6,227,244 |
| MXN | 2,274 | 1.38 | 3,059 | 2,218 | 1.43 | 3,171 |
| BRL | 41,159 | 4.96 | 204,229 | 25,011 | 5.49 | 137,208 |
| AUD | 5,750 | 20.08 | 115,478 | 7,530 | 21.96 | 165,355 |
| | | : | \$ 5,635,872 | | | 7,312,254 |
| Non-monetary items: | | | | | | |
| USD | \$ 10,210 | 27.69 | 282,716 | 7,754 | 28.51 | 221,056 |
| Derivative instruments: | | | | | | |
| EUR | 14 | 31.36 | 437 | 345 | 34.84 | 12,011 |
| JPY | 1,163 | 0.24 | 280 | 32,059 | 0.28 | 8,850 |
| RUB | - | - | - | 569 | 0.39 | 220 |
| BRL | | - | - | 101 | 5.49 | 554 |
| CAD | | 21.74 | 4 | - | - | - |
| | | : | \$ 721 | | | 21,635 |
| Financial liabilities (note): | | | | | | |
| Monetary items: | | | | | | |
| JPY | \$ 1,949,949 | 0.24 | 469,350 | 2,022,386 | 0.28 | 557,803 |
| CAD | 888 | 21.74 | 19,316 | 1,359 | 22.40 | 30,440 |
| EUR | 10,051 | 31.36 | 315,254 | 10,045 | 34.84 | 349,937 |
| BRL | 21,834 | 4.96 | 108,341 | 26,604 | 5.49 | 145,944 |
| USD | 114,882 | 27.69 | 3,181,083 | 120,732 | 28.51 | 3,441,834 |
| CLP | 162,786 | 0.04 | 5,301 | 180,271 | 0.04 | 7,226 |
| AUD | 1,668 | 20.08 | 33,494 | 2,740 | 21.96 | 60,160 |
| MXN | 111 | 1.38 | 150 | 104 | 1.43 | 148 |
| | | : | \$ 4,132,289 | | | 4,593,492 |
| Derivative instruments: | | | | | | |
| EUR | \$ 119 | 31.36 | 3,736 | 91 | 34.84 | 3,184 |
| GBP | 16 | 37.39 | 607 | - | - | - |
| CAD | 9 | 21.74 | 187 | 36 | 22.40 | 797 |
| JPY | 29,626 | 0.24 | 7,131 | 5,040 | 0.28 | 1,391 |
| KRW | 3,866 | 0.03 | 104 | 30,795 | 0.03 | 828 |
| BRL | 264 | 4.96 | 1,309 | 103 | 5.49 | 565 |
| USD | 46 | 27.69 | 1,278 | 32 | 28.51 | 917 |
| CNH | 331 | 4.34 | 1,439 | 1,863 | 4.37 | 8,140 |
| AUD | 12 | 20.08 | 243 | 114 | 21.96 | 2,502 |
| RUB | 896 | 0.37 | 334 | - | - | - |
| | | : | \$ 16,368 | | | 18,324 |

Note: Disclosure in the consolidated financial statements of the financial assets and liabilities in foreign currency is limited to information on subsidiaries directly held by the Consolidated Company.

The Consolidated Company's exposure to foreign currency risk arises from the translation of the foreign currency exchange gains and losses on cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, other receivables, loans, accounts payable and other payables that are denominated in foreign currency. A 1.5% of appreciation (depreciation) of each consolidated components currency, other than the functional currency, against the functional currency for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 would have increased or decreased the net income (loss) after tax by \$21,654 thousand and \$35,273 thousand and increased or decreased the equity by \$61 thousand and \$56 thousand, respectively, assuming all other variables were held constant.

- (v) Assets and liabilities measured at fair value
 - 1) The information of levels in the fair value hierarchy

The Consolidated Company measures the financial instruments at fair value based on a recurring basis. The level of fair values was as follows:

.

| | December 31, 2021 | | | | | |
|---|-------------------|------------|---------|---------|--|--|
| Assets and liabilities | Total | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | | |
| Measured at fair value on recurring basis | | | | | | |
| Non-derivative assets and liabilities | | | | | | |
| Assets: | | | | | | |
| Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current \$ | 278,623 | 278,623 | - | - | | |
| Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income | 33,300 | 29,207 | - | 4,093 | | |
| Derivative assets and liabilities | | | | | | |
| Assets: | | | | | | |
| Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current | 721 | - | 721 | - | | |
| Liabilities: | | | | | | |
| Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss - current | 16,368 | - | 16,368 | - | | |
| | | December 3 | 1, 2020 | | | |
| Assets and liabilities | Total | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | | |
| Measured at fair value on recurring basis | | | | | | |
| Non-derivative assets and liabilities | | | | | | |
| Assets: | | | | | | |
| Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current \$ | 217,316 | 217,316 | - | - | | |
| Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income | 454,435 | 450,696 | - | 3,739 | | |
| | | | | | | |

| | December 31, 2020 | | | | | |
|---|-------------------|---------|---------|---------|--|--|
| Assets and liabilities | Total | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | | |
| Derivative assets and liabilities | | | | | | |
| Assets: | | | | | | |
| Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current | 21,635 | - | 21,635 | - | | |
| Liabilities: | | | | | | |
| Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss - current | 18,324 | - | 18,324 | - | | |

2) Valuation techniques

The Consolidated Company measures the fair value of financial instruments that are traded in active markets by a quoted price. The market price of stock exchange is based on the listed equity instruments. For other financial instruments like forward currency option contracts, cross currency swaps and foreign currency option contracts, the Consolidated Company measures the fair value of its financial assets and liabilities using the observable inputs and the valuation technique from the perspective of market participants.

3) Transfer between Level 1 and Level 2

In 2021 and 2020, there were no transfers between level 1 and level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

4) Reconciliation of level 3 fair values

| | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income | | |
|--|--|-------|--|
| Balance at January 1, 2021 | \$ | 3,739 | |
| Recognized in other comprehensive income | | 354 | |
| Balance at December 31, 2021 | \$ | 4,093 | |
| Balance at January 1, 2020 | \$ | 2,560 | |
| Recognized in other comprehensive income | | 1,179 | |
| Balance at December 31, 2020 | \$ | 3,739 | |

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, total gains and losses that were included in unrealized gains and losses from financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income were as follows:

| | 2021 | 2020 |
|--|------|-------|
| Total gains and losses recognized: | | |
| In other comprehensive income, and presented in "unrealized gains from financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive | | |
| income" | 354 | 1,179 |

5) Quantified information on significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) used in fair value measurement

The Consolidated Company's financial instruments that use Level 3 inputs to measure fair value include fair value through other comprehensive income – equity investments.

Quantified information of significant unobservable inputs was as follows:

| Item | Valuation technique | Significant unobservable inputs | Inter-relationship between significant unobservable inputs and fair value measurement |
|--|---------------------------|------------------------------------|---|
| Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income- equity investments without an active market | Net Asset Value Method | Net Asset Value | Not applicable |

- (vi) Assets and liabilities not measured at fair value
 - 1) Information of fair value

Except for those listed in the table below, the carrying amounts of the Consolidated Company's financial instruments not measured at fair value, including cash and cash equivalents, notes receivable, accounts receivable/payable and other receivables/ payables, approximate their fair values. Moreover, lease liabilities are not measured at fair value.

| | | December | 31, 2021 | December 31, 2020 | | | |
|------------------------|----|-------------------|------------|-------------------|------------|--|--|
| | Bo | ok value | Fair value | Book value | Fair value | | |
| Non-financial assets: | | | | | | | |
| Investment property | \$ | 38,876 | 51,328 | 39,272 | 51,328 | | |
| | | December 31, 2021 | | | | | |
| Assets and liabilities | | Total | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | | |
| Non-financial assets: | | | | | | | |
| Investment property | \$ | 51,328 | - | - | 51,328 | | |
| | | | December | 31, 2020 | | | |
| Assets and liabilities | | Total | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | | |
| Non-financial assets: | | | | | | | |
| Investment property | \$ | 51,328 | - | - | 51,328 | | |

2) Valuation techniques

The assumptions used by the Consolidated Company to determine the fair value are as follows:

- a) The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents and other financial instruments that approximate their fair value due to their short maturities or similar to the future receipt and payment price.
- b) The fair value of investment property that is based on the comparable deal information with similar location and category.
- (ab) Financial risk management
 - (i) Overview

The Consolidated Company was exposed to the following risks rising from financial instruments:

- 1) Credit risk
- 2) Liquidity risk
- 3) Market risk

The following likewise discusses the Consolidated Company's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing the above-mentioned risks. For more disclosures about the quantitative effects of these risk exposures, please refer to the respective notes in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

(ii) Structure of risk management

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the risk management framework. The Board has given the department directors a task to establish and dominate regulations of risk management to effectively ensure operations of risk management. The personnel change in department directors should be reported to the Board of Directors.

The Consolidated Company use internal control systems, risk management procedures, and regulations of risk management as the basis of various business risk management standards. The Consolidated Company's risk management policies are established to identify and analyze the risks faced by the Consolidated Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Consolidated Company's activities. The Consolidated Company, through training and management standards and procedures, aims to develop a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.

The Board of Directors and Audit Committee oversee how management monitors compliance with the Consolidated Company's risk management policies and procedures and review the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to the risks faced by the Consolidated Company. The Board of Directors is assisted in its oversight role by Internal Audit. Internal Audit undertakes both regular and ad hoc reviews of risk management controls and procedures, the results of which are reported to the Board of Directors and Audit Committee.

(iii) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Consolidated Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations and arises principally from the Consolidated Company's receivables from customers, investment in securities and hedge derivatives.

1) Accounts receivable

The credit risk exposure of the Consolidated Company arises from the operations and financial conditions of each customer and the political and economic stability of the Consolidated Company's customer base, including the default risk of the industry and country in which customers operate in. However, the Consolidated Company operates worldwide, and thus, risk is diversified. As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, revenue from each customer does not exceed 10% of the Consolidated Company's revenue, therefore, there is no concentration of credit risk.

The Consolidated Company has completed in setting the credit risk management policies, and has established Institutional Credit Review Committee and Credit Risk Management Department, which are responsible for managing credit policies and client's credit risk. Based on the global risk management, credit rating and analysis are required to customers on credit in advance and granted credit limits. For customers who made their payments other than cash, regular reviews on credit limits are required to ensure the creditworthiness of customers.

Allowance for bad debt is set based on the lifetime expected credit loss of each customer. In order to mitigate the risk of default, the Consolidated Company has purchased guarantees, with appropriate insured amount for customers in high-risk countries. High risks customers without insurance should make their payments in advance or provide sufficient credit guarantees. In addition, when the creditworthiness of customers worsens, they should be placed on a restricted customer list. The credit rating for these customers should be downgraded and the transactions on sales credit should be restricted.

The Consolidated Company has set the allowance for bad debt account to reflect the possible losses on accounts and other receivables. The allowance for bad debt account consists of specific losses relating to individually significant exposure from customers with financial difficulties or operating conflicts. The allowance for bad debt account is based on expected credit loss and historical collection record of similar financial assets or the possibility of breaching the contracts.

2) Investment in securities and derivative financial instruments

The credit risk exposure in the bank deposits, fixed income investments and derivative financial instrument are measured and monitored by the Consolidated Company's finance department. As the Consolidated Company will select financial institutions with good credit ratings as its counterparties and diversify its investment in different financial institutions, and do not expect to have any default risks and significant concentration of credit risk.

3) Guarantees

The Consolidated Company's policies is to provide financial guarantees only to wholly owned subsidiaries. As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Consolidated Company has not provided any guarantees to a third party.

(iv) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Consolidated Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Consolidated Company's approach to manage liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Consolidated Company's reputation. The Consolidated Company aims to maintain the level of its cash and short-term bank facilities at an amount in excess of expected cash flows on financial liabilities over the succeeding 60 days. This excludes the potential impact of extreme circumstances that cannot reasonably be predicted, such as natural disasters. The Consolidated Company had unused credit facilities for \$4,734,496 thousand as of December 31, 2021.

(v) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates or equity prices that affects the Consolidated Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters to minimize the influence on change in market price or control within expectable scope.

The Consolidated Company buys and sells derivatives, and also incurs financial liabilities, in order to manage market risks. All such transactions are carried out within the guidelines of risk management.

1) Currency risk

The Consolidated Company is exposed to currency risk on sales, purchases and loans that are denominated in currencies other than its respective functional currencies. The functional currencies of the Consolidated Company are primarily denominated in New Taiwan Dollars (TWD) and US Dollars (USD) and include denominated in Euro (EUR), Chinese Yuan (CNY), Japanese Yen (JPY) and Brazilian Real (BRL) of other countries in which the subsidiaries registered. Purchases are mainly denominated in USD while sales are denominated in USD, EUR, CNY, TWD, British Pounds (GBP), Australian Dollar (AUD), Canadian Dollar (CAD), JPY, South Korean Won (KRW), Russian Ruble (RUB), Indian Rupee (INR), Indonesian Rupiah (IDR), BRL, and so on.

At any point in time, the Consolidated Company hedges its currency risk based on its actual and forecast sales over the following six months. The Consolidated Company also uses nature hedges on assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies and maintained the hedge ratio at 50% and above. The Consolidated Company uses forward exchange contracts and foreign-exchange options, with a maturity of less than one year from the reporting date, to hedge its currency risks.

Generally, the currencies of loans in the Consolidated Company are denominated in its functional currencies and are incorporated in net exposure on loan requirement denominated in foreign currencies as mentioned above to ensure the net exposure is maintained at acceptable level.

Transactions in derivative financial instruments adopt economic hedge to prevent currency risk from financial assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies. The gains and losses of hedged items are expected to offset gains or losses that arise from the fluctuations in exchange rates. The valuation gains and losses on financial assets consist of transactions that do not qualify as hedging accounting.

2) Interest rate risk

The Consolidated Company's bank loans are at fixed rate. Therefore, the change in market interest rate will not affect the cash flow of the future interest payment of the Consolidated Company, hence, there is no significant interest rate risk.

3) Other price risks

The Consolidated Company holds both monetary funds and bond funds, where their prices are affected by changes in mutual funds. The abovementioned mutual funds are widely used as fixed income investments in domestic, with large market scale, stable market prices, and high liquidity. The Consolidated Company is held for the purpose of short-term capital allocation with a period of approximately 3 months. The finance department will monitor the changes in market and dispose of the investments, if necessary.

(ac) Capital management

The Consolidated Company's fundamental management objective is to maintain a strong capital base. Capital consists of ordinary shares, capital surplus, retained earnings and other equities. The Board of Directors monitors the capital structure regularly and selects the optimal capital structure by considering the capital scale, overall operating environment, operating characteristics of the industry in order to support future development of the business. The current aim for debt-to-equity ratio is set within 100%. As of the reporting date, the debt-to-equity ratio is considered appropriate.

Debt-to-equity ratio:

| | De | cember 31, 2021 | December 31, 2020 |
|---------------------------------|------------|--------------------|----------------------|
| Total liabilities | \$ | 5,501,528 | 6,209,875 |
| Less: cash and cash equivalents | _ | (2,195,080) | (6,216,327) |
| Net debt | \$ | 3,306,448 | (6,452) |
| Total equity | \$ <u></u> | 9,002,336 | 9,740,355 |
| Debt-to-equity ratio | | 36.73% | (0.07)% |

As of December 31, 2021, the methods of the Consolidated Company's capital management remained unchanged.

(ad) Investing and financing activities not affecting current cash flow

Information of non-cash-traded investing and financing activities for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 were as follows:

- (i) For right-to-use assets, please refer to note 6(i).
- (ii) For exchangeable corporate bonds, please refer to note 6(q).
- (iii) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities were as follows:

| | | | | Noi | 1-cash change | s | |
|---|-----|-------------------|------------|-----------|-----------------------------|---------|----------------------|
| | J | anuary 1, 2021 | Cash flows | Exchange | Fair value changes | Others | December 31, 2021 |
| Lease liabilities | \$ | 496,974 | (166,739) | - | - | 110,216 | 440,451 |
| Others | _ | 70,284 | 12,576 | | | | 82,860 |
| Total liabilities from financing activities | \$_ | 567,258 | (154,163) | | <u> </u> | 110,216 | 523,311 |
| | ь | anuary 1, | | INUI | 1-cash change Fair value | :8 | December 31, |
| | 9 | 2020 | Cash flows | Exchange | changes | Others | 2020 |
| Bonds payable | \$ | 301,003 | (608) | (302,502) | 2,107 | - | - |
| Lease liabilities | | 604,474 | (225,225) | - | - | 117,725 | 496,974 |
| Others | _ | 69,121 | 1,163 | | | | 70,284 |
| Total liabilities from financing activities | \$_ | 974,598 | (224,670) | (302,502) | 2,107 | 117,725 | 567,258 |

(7) Related-party transactions:

(a) Names and relationship with related parties

The followings are entities that have transactions with related party during the periods covered in the consolidated financial statement:

| Name of related party | Relationship with the Consolidated Company |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Alpha Networks, Inc. | An associate (Since all the equity shares have been sold, it became a non-related party after November 30, 2020.) |
| Dongguam Mingrui | An associate (Since all the equity shares in Alpha Networks, Inc. have been sold, it became a non-related party after November 30, 2020.) |
| D-Link Asia Investment Pte Ltd. | An associate (Since all the equity shares in Alpha Networks, Inc. have been sold, it became a non-related party after November 30, 2020.) |
| Cameo Communication, Inc. | An associate (Due to increasing shareholding in February 2021, the Consolidated Company became to have significant influence with it and the relationship changed from the corporate director to an associate.) |
| Amigo Technology Inc. | Other related party |
| Amit Wireless Inc. | Other related party |
| T-COM, LLC (T-COM) | An associate |
| Yeochia Investment Ltd | An associate (On November 16, 2021, the shareholders agreed to dissolve the company from December 1, 2021) |
| Yeomao Investment Inc | An associate (On November 16, 2021, the Board of Directors agreed to dissolve the company from December 1, 2021) |

- (b) Significant related party transactions
 - (i) Sales and service revenue

| | | 2021 | 2020 |
|------------|----|--------|------|
| Associates | \$ | 15,597 | 328 |
| Others | _ | | 63 |
| | \$ | 15,597 | 391 |

The average credit terms extended to related parties and third-party customers were approximately 30-90 days. However, credit terms to related parties might be further extended when necessary.

(ii) Purchases

| | 2021 | 2020 |
|------------------------|--------------------|--------------|
| Associates: | | |
| Alpha | \$ - | 1,236,932 |
| Cameo | 1,043,97 | - 72 |
| Other related parties: | | |
| Cameo | - | 1,445,981 |
| Amit | 2,24 | 41 - |
| Amigo | 158,95 | 50 - |
| | \$ <u>1,205,10</u> | 53 2,682,913 |

The payment term of related parties was 30-90 days. There were no significant differences in payment terms between related parties and third-party suppliers.

(iii) Receivables from related parties

| Account | Relationship | Dec | ember 31, 2021 | December 31, 2020 |
|---------------------|-----------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------|
| Accounts receivable | Associates-Cameo | \$ | 86 | - |
| Accounts receivable | Associates-T-COM | | 10,101 | - |
| Other receivables | Associates-Yeochia | | 71,169 | - |
| Other receivables | Associates-Yeomao | | 143,616 | - |
| Other receivables | Other related parties-Cameo | | - | 29 |
| Other receivables | Other related parties-Amigo | | 21,942 | - |
| Other receivables | Other related parties-Amit | | 5,573 | - |
| Prepayment for | Other related parties-Cameo | | | |
| purchase | | | - | 18,520 |
| | | \$ | 252,487 | 18,549 |

The Consolidated Company's other receivables to Associates – Yeochia and Yeomao were arising from the Company's liquidation equity.

(iv) Payables to related parties

| Account | Relationship | D | ecember 31, 2021 | December 31, 2020 |
|------------------|-----------------------------|----|---------------------|----------------------|
| Accounts payable | Associates-Cameo | \$ | 176,131 | - |
| Accounts payable | Other related parties-Cameo | | - | 367,482 |
| Accounts payable | Other related parties-Amigo | | 109,935 | - |
| Accounts payable | Other related parties-Amit | | 1,820 | - |
| Other payables | Associates-Cameo | | 6,310 | - |

| Account | Relationship | December 31, 2021 | December 31, 2020 |
|----------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Other payables | Other related parties-Cameo | - | 18,560 |
| Other payables | Other related parties-Amit | 659 | |
| | | \$294,855 | 386,042 |

The Consolidated Company's other payables to associates included equipment payables and others.

(v) Services purchased from related parties

The services purchased from related parties were as follows:

| | | 2021 | 2020 |
|------------------------|------------|--------|--------|
| Associates: | | | |
| Alpha | \$ | - | 23,593 |
| Cameo | | 12,208 | - |
| Others | | - | 151 |
| Other related parties: | | | |
| Cameo | | - | 29,881 |
| Amigo | | 3,436 | - |
| | \$ <u></u> | 15,644 | 53,625 |

(vi) Property transaction

Property, plant, equipment and intangible assets acquired

The acquisition of property, plant, equipment and intangible assets from the related parties were as follows:

| | 2021 | 2020 |
|------------------------|-------------|--------|
| Associates: | | |
| Alpha | \$ - | 5,464 |
| Cameo | 3,436 | - |
| Other related parties: | | |
| Cameo | - | 10,348 |
| Amigo | 5,814 | - |
| | \$ 9,250 | 15,812 |

(vii) Other income and losses

| Account | Relationship | 2021 | 2020 |
|------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------|-------|
| Other gains and losses | Associates-Alpha | \$ - | 2,079 |
| Other interest income | Other related parties-Amigo | 272 | - |
| Rent income | Other related parties-Amigo | 1,300 | |
| | | \$ 1,572 | 2,079 |

Other income and losses were composed of directors' remuneration from associates, interest and rental of other related parties.

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.....

(c) Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel compensation comprised:

| | 2021 | 2020 |
|------------------------------|--------------|--------|
| Short-term employee benefits | \$ 85,582 | 41,997 |
| Post-employee benefits | 5,959 | 1,228 |
| | \$ 91,541 | 43,225 |

(8) Pledged assets:

The carrying values of pledged assets were as follows:

| Pledged assets | Object | December 31, 2021 | December 31, 2020 |
|---|---|----------------------|----------------------|
| Other current assets and other non-current assets | Rental deposits, performance bond and time deposits | \$ <u>77,143</u> | 52,436 |

(9) Significant commitments and contingencies:

- (a) XR Communications, LLC and DBA VIVATO TECHNOLOGIES filed a lawsuit against the Consolidated Company's subsidiary, D-Link Systems, in April 2017, alleging that some of the D-Link Systems' products infringed its patents. D-Link Systems has retained its attorneys in the US and is currently building defense with product suppliers. Based on its evaluation, the Consolidated Company believes the litigation will not have any significant impact on its current operations.
- (b) The Consolidated Company's subsidiary, D-Link Brazil, had disputes regarding prior year's insufficient invoices attached to sales return with the local tax authorities, and had filed litigation. D-Link Brazil had accrued possible tax, interest and penalty.
- (c) The Consolidated Company's subsidiary, D-Link India, had disputes regarding prior year's declaration tax on customs with the local tax authorities. Based on its evaluation, the Consolidated Company believes the litigation will not have any significant impact on its current operations.

- (d) UNM Rainforest Innovations filed a lawsuit against the Company in February 2020, alleging that some of the D-Link's products infringed its patents. The Consolidated Company has retained its attorneys in the US and is currently building defense with product suppliers. Based on its evaluation, the Consolidated Company believes the litigation will not have any significant impact on its current operations.
- (e) Israel Consumers Council filed a group lawsuit against the Consolidated Company's subsidiary, D-Link International, in 2020, alleging that D-Link International was suspected of restricting product resale prices in Israel. D-Link International has appointed its attorneys to handle and negotiate a settlement. Based on its evaluation, the Consolidated Company believes the litigation will not have any significant impact on its current operations.
- (f) The Consolidated Company is currently under negotiations with a number of companies regarding the royalty on patents. In addition to the abovementioned lawsuits, there are other disputes that are in the negotiation process, and therefore the amount of liabilities is unclear. The Consolidated Company has accrued the possible expense.

(10) Losses Due to Major Disasters: None.

(11) Subsequent Events: None.

(12) Other:

The information on employee benefits, depreciation, and amortization expenses, by function, is summarized as follows:

| | | For the years ended December 31, | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|-----------|---|-----------|-----------|--|--|--|
| | | 2021 | | | 2020 | | | | |
| By function By item | Cost of Goods Sold | Tot | | Cost of Operating Goods Sold Expense | | Total | | | |
| Employee benefits | | | | | | | | | |
| Salaries | 58,220 | 2,058,494 | 2,116,714 | 66,333 | 2,235,988 | 2,302,321 | | | |
| Labor and health insurance | 2,381 | 127,032 | 129,413 | 2,635 | 122,753 | 125,388 | | | |
| Pension | 5,922 | 126,557 | 132,479 | 6,527 | 129,416 | 135,943 | | | |
| Others | 8,352 | 236,925 | 245,277 | 8,413 | 238,255 | 246,668 | | | |
| Depreciation | 13,528 | 216,569 | 230,097 | 15,154 | 231,255 | 246,409 | | | |
| Amortization | 36 | 43,228 | 43,264 | 58 | 56,760 | 56,818 | | | |

(13) Other disclosures:

(a) Information on significant transactions:

The following is the information on significant transactions required by the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" for the Consolidated Company:

(i) Loans to other parties:

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | (In T | Thousands of | New Taiwan | Dollars) |
|--------|---------------------------------|-------------------------|---|---------|---|---------|---|---|---|---|--|---------------------------|-------|--------------|--|--|
| Number | Name of lender | Name of borrower | Account | Related | Highest balance of financing to other parties during the period | Ending | Actual usage amount during the period | Range of interest rates during the period (%) | Purposes of fund financing for the borrower | Transaction amount for business between two parties | Reasons for short-term financing | Allowance for bad debt | Colla | Value | Individual funding loan limits (Note) | Maximum limit of fund financing (Note) |
| | D-Link International | D-Link (Shiang Hai) | Other receivables- related parties | Yes | 43,431 | 43,431 | 16,069 | 4.00 | 2 | | Operating Capital | | | - | 2,729,266 | 2,729,266 |
| | | D-Link Brazil | Other receivables- related parties | Yes | 55,380 | 55,380 | - | - | 2 | | Operating Capital | | - | - | 2,729,266 | 2,729,266 |
| | D-Link International | D-Link (Shiang Hai) | Other receivables- related parties | Yes | 532,089 | 532,089 | 532,089 | - | 2 | | Convert from Account receivables to loan receivable | | | | 2,729,266 | 2,729,266 |
| | D-Link Russia Investment | D-Link International | Other receivables- related parties | Yes | 681,174 | 681,174 | 678,405 | - | 2 | | Operating Capital | | - | | 692,110 | 692,110 |
| | D-Link Japan K.K. | D-Link Corporation | Other receivables- related parties | Yes | 433,258 | 433,258 | 433,258 | 0.50 | 2 | - | Operating Capital | | - | - | 618,181 | 618,181 |
| 4 | D-Link Europe | D-Link Corporation | Other receivables- related parties | Yes | 313,645 | 313,645 | 313,645 | 1.00 | 2 | - | Operating Capital | | - | - | 1,243,696 | 1,243,696 |
| - | D-Link (Deutschland) GmbH | D-Link Europe | Other receivables- related parties | Yes | 156,822 | 156,822 | 97,230 | 1.00 | 2 | | Operating Capital | | - | - | 180,707 | 180,707 |

Note 1: Purpose of fund financing for the borrower:

1. For those companies with business transaction with the Company, please fill in 1.

2. For those companies with short-term financing needs, please fill in 2.

Note 2: Total amount of loans from D-Link International to the Company and the ultimate parent company's 100% directly or indirectly owned overseas subsidiaries shall not exceed 100% of the net worth of D-Link International.

Note 3: Total amount of loans from D-Link Russia Investment to the Company and the ultimate parent company's 100% directly or indirectly owned overseas subsidiaries shall not exceed 100% of the net worth of D-Link Russia Investment.

Note 4: Total amount of loans from D-Link Japan K.K. to the Company and the ultimate parent company's 100% directly or indirectly owned overseas subsidiaries shall not exceed 100% of the net worth of D-Link Japan K.K.

Note 5: Total amount of loans from D-Link Europe to the Company and the ultimate parent company's 100% directly or indirectly owned overseas subsidiaries shall not exceed 100% of the net worth of D-Link Europe.

Note 6: Total amount of loans from D-Link Deutschland to the Company and the ultimate parent company's 100% directly or indirectly owned overseas subsidiaries shall not exceed 100% of the net worth of D-Link Deutschland. Note 7: Only disclose funding loan limits that are still valid until the end of 2021.

(ii) Guarantees and endorsements for other parties:

| | | | | | | | | | | | (In Thousand | s of New Taiwai | n Dollars) |
|-----|-----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------------|---|---|--|---|----------|---|-----------|---|---|--|
| | | guara | r-party of ntee and rsement | Limitation on amount of | Highest balance for | Balance of | | Property | Ratio of accumulated amounts of guarantees and | | Parent company | Subsidiary endorsements/ | Endorsements guarantees to |
| No. | Name of guarantor | Name | | guarantees and endorsements for a specific enterprise | guarantees and endorsements during the period | guarantees and endorsements as of reporting date | | | | | /guarantees to third parties on behalf of | guarantees to third parties on behalf of parent company | third parties on behalf of companies in Mainland China |
| 0 | D-Link Corporation | D-Link Europe | 2 | 1,999,455 | 116,864 | | | - | 1.38 % | 5,998,365 | Y | N | N |
| | D-Link Corporation | D-Link Shiang-Hai | 2 | 1,999,455 | 69,225 | 69,225 | - | - | 0.82 % | 5,998,365 | Y | N | Y |
| 0 | D-Link Corporation | D-Link Trade | 2 | 1,999,455 | 13,845 | 13,845 | - | - | 0.16 % | 5,998,365 | Y | N | N |

Note 1: The endorsement and guarantee amount for a single company shall not exceed 1/3 of the Company's capital.

Note 2: The total amount of endorsement and guarantee shall not exceed the Company's capital.

Note 3: Relationship between the endorser/guarantor and the party being endorsed/guaranteed is classified into following categories:

- 1. Having business relationship.
- 2. The Company owns more than 50% equity shares in the entity, directly or indirectly.
- 3. An entity owns more than 50% equity shares in the Company, directly or indirectly.

Note 4: The amounts in New Taiwan Dollars were translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date.

(iii) Securities held as of December 31, 2021 (excluding investment in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures):

| | Category and | | | | Ending | balance | | Highest | |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|---|--------------|----------------|--------------------------------|------------|--------------------------------|------|
| Name of holder | name of security | Relationship with company | Account title | Shares/Units | Carrying value | Percentage of ownership (%) | Fair value | percentage of ownership (%) | Note |
| D-Link Corporation | EHOO | None | Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-non- current | 749,663 | - | 4.11 % | - | 4.11 % | |
| D-Link Corporation | EWAVE | None | Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-non- current | 83,334 | - | 1.89 % | - | 1.89 % | |
| D-Link Corporation | TGC | None | Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-non- current | 500,000 | - | 1.84 % | - | 1.84 % | |
| D-Link Corporation | YICHIA Information Corporation | None | Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-non- current | 73,500 | - | 6.68 % | - | 6.68 % | |
| D-Link Corporation | UBICOM | None | Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-non- current | 926,814 | - | 3.05 % | - | 3.05 % | |
| D-Link Corporation | Purple | None | Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-non- current | 3,385,417 | - | 14.10 % | - | 14.10 % | |
| D-Link Corporation | Global Mobile Corp. | None | Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-non- current | 6,600,000 | - | 2.39 % | - | 2.39 % | |
| D-Link Holding | Best 3C | None | Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-non- current | 600,000 | - | 1.88 % | - | 1.88 % | |
| D-Link Holding | E2O | None | Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-non- current | 252,525 | - | 0.05 % | - | 0.05 % | |
| Yeotai | Stemcyte | None | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income-non- current | 18,950 | 211 | 0.01 % | 211 | 0.01 % | |
| Y eotai | Kaimei | None | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income-non- current | 289,178 | 29,207 | 0.02 % | 29,207 | 0.02 % | |
| D-Link India | ADITYA BIRLA MUTUAL FUND | None | Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss- current | 268,723 | 34,036 | - % | 34,036 | - % | |
| D-Link India | NIPPON INDIA MUTUAL FUND | None | Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss- current | 14,742 | 28,340 | - % | 28,340 | - % | |

| | Category and | | | | Ending | | Highest | | |
|----------------|----------------------|------------------------------|---|--------------|----------------|--------------------------------|------------|--------------------------------|------|
| Name of holder | name of security | Relationship with company | Account title | Shares/Units | Carrying value | Percentage of ownership (%) | Fair value | percentage of ownership (%) | Note |
| D-Link India | TATA MUTUAL FUND | | Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss- current | 27,592 | 33,956 | - % | 33,956 | - % | |
| | SBI MUTUAL FUND | | Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss- current | 27,641 | 34,017 | - % | 34,017 | - % | |
| D-Link India | LIC MUTUAL FUND | | Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss- current | 17,040 | 24,326 | - % | 24,326 | - % | |
| | HDFC MUTUAL FUND | | Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss- current | 14,630 | 22,603 | - % | 22,603 | - % | |
| | UTI MUTUAL FUND | | Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss- current | 26,253 | 33,804 | - % | 33,804 | - % | |
| D-Link India | AXIS MUTUAL FUND | | Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss- current | 39,038 | 33,871 | - % | 33,871 | - % | |
| | KOTAK MUTUAL FUND | None | Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss- current | 21,193 | 33,668 | - % | 33,668 | - % | |

 (iv) Individual securities acquired or disposed of with accumulated amount exceeding the lower of NT\$300 million or 20% of the capital stock:

| | | | | | | | | | | | (In Thou | sands of New T | aiwan Dollar | s/shares) |
|--------------------|---------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|---------------------|------------|-----------|------------|------------|--------|-------|----------|----------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| | Category and | | | Relationship | Beginning | g Balance | Purchase | s (Note 2) | | s | ales | | Ending Balan | nce (Note 1) |
| Name of company | name of security | Account name | Name of counter-party | with the company | Shares | Amount | Shares | Amount | Shares | Price | Cost | Gain (loss) on disposal | Shares | Amount |
| D-Link | Cameo | Investment | | Associate | 39,852,993 | 364,655 | 97,680,000 | 799,999 | | | | - | 137,532,993 | 1,394,856 |
| Corporation | | accounted for | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | using equity | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | method | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Note 1: The ending balance includes exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements, share of profit of associates accounted for using equity method and other equity adjustments.

Note 2: Private placement of common stock.

- (v) Acquisition of individual real estate with amount exceeding the lower of NT\$300 million or 20% of the capital stock: None
- (vi) Disposal of individual real estate with amount exceeding the lower of NT\$300 million or 20% of the capital stock: None
- (vii) Related-party transactions for purchases and sales with amounts exceeding the lower of NT\$100 million or 20% of the capital stock:

| | | | | Transacti | on details | | | s with terms rom others | Notes | | |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|--|---------------------------------|-----------|---|---------------|------------|----------------------------|----------|--|------|
| Name of company | | | Purchase/ (Sales) | Amount | Percentage of total purchases/ (Sales) | Payment terms | Unit price | Payment terms | | Percentage of total notes/accounts receivable (payable) | Note |
| D-Link Corporation | D-Link International | | (Sales and service revenue) | (560,549) | (40) % | 60 days | - | - | 52,526 | 23% | |
| D-Link International | D-Link Corporation | Parent Company | Purchase and service expense | 560,549 | 72 % | 60 days | - | - | (52,526) | (3)% | |
| D-Link International | | The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation | (Sales) | (487,759) | (5) % | 75 days | _ | - | | -% | |
| D-Link International | | The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation | (Sales) | (333,818) | (4) % | 60 days | - | - | 42,391 | 1% | |

(In Thesens do of New Trivers Dollars)

| | | | | Transact | ion details | | | s with terms from others | Notes | Accounts ble (payable) | |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|--|-----------|-------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|------------|-----------------------------|----------------|---|------|
| Name of | | Nature of | Purchase/ | | Percentage of total purchases/ | | | | | Percentage of total notes/accounts receivable | |
| company | Related party | relationship | (Sales) | Amount | (Sales) | Payment terms | Unit price | Payment terms | Ending balance | (payable) | Note |
| D-Link International | D-Link Europe | The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation | (Sales) | (2,835,786) | (30) % | 60 days | - | - | 620,789 | 17% | |
| D-Link International | D-Link ME | The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation | (Sales) | (1,466,321) | (16) % | 60 days | — | _ | 550,380 | 15% | |
| D-Link International | D-Link Australia | The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation | (Sales) | (205,412) | (2) % | 60 days | - | - | 22,568 | 1% | |
| D-Link International | D-Link Brazil | The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation | (Sales) | (228,633) | (2) % | 75 days | - | - | 388,126 | 11% | |
| D-Link International | D-Link Japan | The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation | (Sales) | (494,865) | (5) % | 60 days | - | - | 113,826 | 3% | |
| D-Link International | D-Link India | The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation | (Sales) | (671,294) | (7) % | 45 days | - | - | 127,348 | 4% | |
| D-Link International | D-Link Trade | The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation | (Sales) | (1,124,943) | (12) % | 180 days | - | - | 749,994 | 21% | |
| D-Link International | Cameo | Cameo is an associate of the consolidated corporation | Purchase | 1,029,175 | 13 % | 90 days | - | - | (172,496) | (10)% | |
| D-Link International | AMIGO | Other relative party | Purchase | 148,826 | 2 % | 90 days | | | (104,495) | (6)% | |
| D-Link Systems | D-Link International | The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation | Purchase | 487,759 | 93 % | 75 days | - | - | - | -% | |
| D-Link Canada | D-Link International | The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation | Purchase | 333,818 | 99 % | 60 days | - | - | (42,391) | (95)% | |
| D-Link Europe | D-Link International | The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation | Purchase | 2,835,786 | 97 % | 60 days | - | - | (620,789) | (86)% | |
| D-Link ME | D-Link International | The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation | Purchase | 1,466,321 | 55 % | 60 days | - | - | (550,380) | (81)% | |
| D-Link Australia | D-Link International | The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation | Purchase | 205,412 | 91 % | 60 days | - | - | (22,568) | (99)% | |
| D-Link Brazil | D-Link International | The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation | Purchase | 228,633 | 93 % | 75 days | — | - | (388,126) | (97)% | |
| D-Link Japan | D-Link International | The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation | Purchase | 494,865 | 90 % | 60 days | - | - | (113,826) | (98)% | |
| D-Link India | D-Link International | The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation | Purchase | 671,294 | 22 % | 45 days | _ | - | (127,348) | (22)% | |
| D-Link Trade | D-Link International | The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation | Purchase | 1,124,943 | 98 % | 180 days | _ | - | (749,994) | (99)% | |

Note : The transactions had been eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.

(viii) Receivables from related parties with amounts exceeding the lower of NT\$100 million or 20% of the capital stock:

| | | | | | | | (In Thousands of New | Taiwan Dollars) |
|----------------------|---------------|---|---------|----------|---------|--------------|-------------------------------|-----------------|
| Name of | | Nature of | Ending | Turnover | Overdu | e (Note 1) | Amounts received in | Allowance |
| company | Related party | relationship | balance | rate | Amount | Action taken | subsequent period (Note 2) | for bad debts |
| D-Link International | D-Link Europe | The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation | 620,789 | 7.00 | - | - | 124,112 | - |
| D-Link International | D-Link L.A. | The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation | 581,967 | - | 585,667 | - | - | - |
| D-Link International | D-Link Brazil | The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation | 388,126 | 0.81 | 381,121 | - | - | - |
| D-Link International | D-Link Japan | The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation | 113,826 | 3.12 | - | - | 30,741 | - |
| D-Link International | D-Link Trade | The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation | 749,994 | 1.61 | - | - | - | - |
| D-Link International | D-Link India | The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation | 127,348 | 5.19 | 5 | - | 23,720 | - |
| D-Link International | D-Link ME | The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation | 550,380 | 4.17 | - | - | 230 | - |

Note 1: Over three months during the normal credit period.

Note 2: The amount represents collections subsequent to December 31, 2021 up to January 21, 2022.

Note 3: The transactions had been eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.

(ix) Trading in derivative instruments:

| | I - · · - | | | | | iiwan Donars) | |
|----------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------|-----|------------------|------------|---------------|--|
| Company Name | Derivative Instruments Category | Holding Purpose | - | ontract Mount | Book Value | Fair Value | |
| | | Non-trading: | | | | | |
| D-Link International | Cross currency swap | EUR | EUR | 4,000 | 73 | 73 | |
| D-Link International | Forward foreign exchange contract | EUR (Sell) | EUR | 3,000 | 364 | 364 | |
| D-Link International | Forward foreign exchange contract | CAD (Sell) | CAD | 700 | 4 | 4 | |
| D-Link International | Forward foreign exchange contract | JPY (Sell) | JPY | 448,900 | 280 | 280 | |
| D-Link Corporation | Cross currency swap | USD | USD | 1,700 | (270) | (270) | |
| D-Link Corporation | Cross currency swap | EUR | EUR | 10,000 | (2,402) | (2,402) | |
| D-Link Corporation | Cross currency swap | JPY | JPY | 1,800,000 | (7,131) | (7,131) | |
| D-Link International | Cross currency swap | CAD | CAD | 1,100 | (187) | (187) | |
| D-Link International | Cross currency swap | CNH | CNH | 133,670 | (1,439) | (1,439) | |
| D-Link International | Cross currency swap | EUR | EUR | 12,000 | (1,334) | (1,334) | |
| D-Link International | Cross currency swap | AUD | AUD | 300 | (94) | (94) | |
| D-Link International | Cross currency swap | GBP | GBP | 1,000 | (531) | (531) | |
| D-Link International | Cross currency swap | RUB | RUB | 150,028 | (334) | (334) | |
| D-Link India | Forward foreign exchange contract | INR (Sell) | INR | 188,766 | (1,008) | (1,008) | |
| D-Link International | Forward foreign exchange contract | AUD(Sell) | AUD | 1,000 | (149) | (149) | |
| D-Link International | Forward foreign exchange contract | GBP(Sell) | GBP | 500 | (76) | (76) | |

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

| Company Name | Derivative Instruments Category | Holding Purpose | Purpose Amount | | Book Value | Fair Value |
|----------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------|----------------|-----------|------------|------------|
| D-Link International | Forward foreign exchange contract | BRL(Sell) | BRL | 80,445 | (1,309) | (1,309) |
| D-Link International | Forward foreign exchange contract | KRW(Sell) | KRW | 2,144,020 | (104) | (104) |

(x) Business relationships and significant intercompany transactions:

| | 1 | | Nature of | (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars Intercompany transactions | | | | | | | |
|-----|-------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------|--|-----------|---------------|-------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | | | | Percentage of the consolidate | | | | |
| No. | | Name of counter-party | relationship | Account name | Amount | Trading terms | net revenue or total assets | | | | |
| 0 | D-Link Corporation | D-Link Systems | 1 | Investments accounted for using equity method | 1,299,802 | - | 9% | | | | |
| 0 | D-Link Corporation | D-Link Canada | 1 | Investments accounted for using equity method | 279,408 | - | 2% | | | | |
| 0 | D-Link Corporation | D-Link International | 1 | Investments accounted for using equity method | 2,205,874 | - | 15% | | | | |
| 0 | D-Link Corporation | D-Link Holding | 1 | Investments accounted for using equity method | 1,684,900 | - | 12% | | | | |
| 0 | D-Link Corporation | D-Link Australia | 1 | Investments accounted for using equity method | 149,831 | - | 1% | | | | |
| 0 | D-Link Corporation | D-Link ME | 1 | Investments accounted for using equity method | 797,810 | - | 6% | | | | |
| 0 | D-Link Corporation | D-Link Japan | 1 | Investments accounted for using equity method | 647,670 | - | 4% | | | | |
| 0 | D-Link Corporation | D-Link L.A. | 1 | Investments accounted for using equity method-credit | (565,620) | - | (4)% | | | | |
| 0 | D-Link Corporation | Cameo | 1 | Investments accounted for using equity method | 1,394,856 | - | 10% | | | | |
| 0 | D-Link Corporation | D-Link International | 1 | Sales and service revenue | 560,549 | 60 days | 4% | | | | |
| 1 | D-Link Holding | D-Link Mauritius | 3 | Investments accounted for using equity method | 888,913 | - | 6% | | | | |
| 1 | D-Link Holding | D-Link Europe | 3 | Investments accounted for using equity method | 1,173,116 | - | 8% | | | | |
| 1 | D-Link Holding | Success Stone | 3 | Investments accounted for using equity method | 147,272 | - | 1% | | | | |
| 1 | D-Link Holding | D-Link Shiang-Hai (Cayman) Inc. | 3 | Investments accounted for using equity method-credit | (539,232) | - | (4)% | | | | |
| 2 | D-Link International | D-Link L.A. | 3 | Accounts receivable-related party | 581,967 | 75 days | 4% | | | | |

| | | | Nature of | Intercompany transactions | | | | | | | |
|-----|------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------|---|-----------|---------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| No. | Name of company | Name of counter-party | relationship | Account name | Amount | Trading terms | Percentage of the consolidated net revenue or total assets | | | | |
| 2 | D-Link International | D-Link Brazil | 3 | Accounts receivable-related party | 388,126 | 75 days | 3% | | | | |
| 2 | D-Link International | D-Link Europe | 3 | Accounts receivable-related party | 620,789 | 60 days | 4% | | | | |
| 2 | D-Link International | D-Link ME | 3 | Accounts receivable-related party | 550,380 | 60 days | 4% | | | | |
| 2 | D-Link International | D-Link Trade | 3 | Accounts receivable-related party | 749,994 | 60 days | 5% | | | | |
| 2 | D-Link International | D-Link Systems | 3 | Sales | 487,759 | 75 days | 3% | | | | |
| 2 | D-Link International | D-Link Europe | 3 | Sales | 2,835,786 | 60 days | 18% | | | | |
| 2 | D-Link International | D-Link Brazil | 3 | Sales | 228,633 | 75 days | 1% | | | | |
| 2 | D-Link International | D-Link Canada | 3 | Sales | 333,818 | 60 days | 2% | | | | |
| 2 | D-Link International | D-Link Trade | 3 | Sales | 1,124,943 | 180 days | 7% | | | | |
| 2 | D-Link International | D-Link India | 3 | Sales | 671,294 | 45 days | 4% | | | | |
| 2 | D-Link International | D-Link ME | 3 | Sales | 1,466,321 | 60 days | 9% | | | | |
| 2 | D-Link International | D-Link Australia | 3 | Sales | 205,412 | 60 days | 1% | | | | |
| 2 | D-Link International | D-Link Japan | 3 | Sales | 494,865 | 60 days | 3% | | | | |
| 2 | D-Link International | D-Link Russia Investment | 3 | Investments accounted for using equity method | 692,110 | - | 5% | | | | |
| 3 | D-Link Mauritius | D-Link India | 3 | Investments accounted for using equity method | 871,378 | - | 6% | | | | |
| 4 | D-Link Shiang-Hai (Cayman) Inc. | D-Link Shiang-Hai | 3 | Investments accounted for using equity method-credit | (550,438) | - | (4)% | | | | |
| 5 | D-Link Europe | D-Link Deutschland | 3 | Investments accounted for using equity method | 180,707 | - | 1% | | | | |

Note 1: Parties to the intercompany transactions are identified and numbered as follows:

1. "0" represents the Company.

2. Subsidiaries are numbered from "1".

Note 2: Intercompany relationships and significant intercompany transactions are disclosed only for the amounts that exceed 1% of consolidated net operating revenues or total assets.

Note 3: Nature of relationship are listed as below:

- No. 1 represents the transaction from parent company to subsidiary
- No. 2 represents the transaction from subsidiary to parent company
- No. 3 represents the transaction from subsidiary to subsidiary

Note 4: The transactions have been eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.

(b) Information on investees:

The following is the information on investees for the year ended December 31, 2021 (excluding information on investees in Mainland China):

| | | | Main | Original inves | tment amount | Balance | as of December 31, | 2021 | Highest | Net income | Share of | vew Taiwan Dollars/shares) |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|---|----------------|-------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--------------------|----------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|---|
| Name of | | | businesses and | December 31, | December 31, | | Percentage of | Carrying | percentage of | (losses) | profits/losses | |
| investor D-Link Corporation | Name of investee D-Link Systems | Location USA | products Marketing and after-sales service in USA | 2021 1,625,875 | 2020 1,625,875 | Shares 47,295,007 | ownership 98.44 % | value 1,299,802 | ownership 98.44 % | of investee (64,895 | of investee (64,895) | Note 100% shares owned by D- Link Corporation and D- |
| D-Link | D-Link Canada | Canada | Marketing and after-sales | 216,354 | 283,866 | 5,736,000 | 100.00 % | 279,408 | 100.00 % | 1,365 | 1,365 | Link Holding |
| Corporation D-Link Corporation | D-Link International | Singapore | service in Canada Global marketing, procurement and after- sale service | 1,941,986 | 1,941,986 | 66,074,660 | 99.36 % | 2,205,874 | 99.36 % | 479,733 | 389,102 | 100% shares owned by D- Link Corporation and D- Link Holding. Share of profit of investee includes the amount of transactions between affiliated compani |
| D-Link Corporation | D-Link L.A. | Cayman Island | Marketing and after-sales service in Latin America | 326,600 | 326,600 | 41,000 | 100.00 % | (565,620) | 100.00 % | (56,561 | (56,561) | |
| D-Link Corporation | D-Link Sudamerica | Chile | Marketing and after-sales service in Chile | 6,512 | 6,512 | 199,999 | 100.00 % | 10,953 | 100.00 % | 1,588 | 1,588 | 100% shares owned by D- Link Corporation and D- Link Holding |
| D-Link Corporation | D-Link Mexicana | Mexico | Marketing and after-sales service in Mexico | 301,036 | 301,036 | 152,066 | 100.00 % | 14,527 | 100.00 % | (246 | (246) | 100% shares owned by D- Link Corporation and D- Link Sudamerica S.A. |
| D-Link Corporation | D-Link Brazil | Brazil | Marketing and after-sales service in Brazil | 932,197 | 932,197 | 2,964,836,727 | 100.00 % | (117,935) | 100.00 % | (94,358 | (94,358) | 100% shares owned by D- Link Corporation and D- Link Holding |
| D-Link Corporation | D-Link ME | UAE | Marketing and after-sales service in Middle East and Africa | 71,484 | 71,484 | 5 | 83.33 % | 797,809 | 83.33 % | 29,689 | 29,689 | 100% shares owned by D- Link Corporation and D- Link International |
| D-Link Corporation | D-Link Australia | Australia | Marketing and after-sales service in Australia and New Zealand | 16,744 | 16,744 | 999,000 | 99.90 % | 149,831 | 99.90 % | 12,153 | 12,153 | 100% shares owned by D- Link Corporation and D- Link International |
| D-Link Corporation | D-Link Holding | B.V.I. | Investment company | 2,242,837 | 2,242,837 | 68,062,500 | 100.00 % | 1,684,899 | 100.00 % | 109,748 | 109,748 | |
| D-Link Corporation | D-Link Deutschland | Germany | Marketing and after-sales service in Germany | 120,050 | 120,050 | (Note 2) | - % | 120,050 | - % | 15,415 | - | 100% shares owned by D- Link Corporation directly and indirectly. Share of profit of associates accounted for using equity method was recognized in D-Link Europe. |
| D-Link Corporation | D-Link Japan | Japan | Marketing and after-sales service in Japan | 595,310 | 595,310 | 9,500 | 100.00 % | 647,668 | 100.00 % | 17,491 | 17,491 | |
| D-Link Corporation | D-Link Investment | Singapore | Investment company | 67,191 | 67,191 | 2,200,000 | 100.00 % | (68,898) | 100.00 % | 39,892 | 39,892 | |
| D-Link Corporation | Yeochia | Taiwan | Investment company | | 122,400 | (Note 2) | - % | | 100.00 % | 2,814 | 2,814 | Went into liquidation process at December 1, 2021 |
| D-Link Corporation | Yeomao | Taiwan | Investment company | | 70,052 | - | - % | | 100.00 % | 917 | 917 | Went into liquidation process at December 1, 2021 |
| D-Link Corporation | Yeotai | Taiwan | Investment company | 146,000 | 146,000 | 14,600,000 | 100.00 % | 62,598 | 100.00 % | 1,690 | 1,690 | |
| D-Link Corporation | Cameo | Taiwan | Manufacturing and sell computer networks system equipment and its components and related technology research and development | 1,102,479 | - | 137,532,993 | 41.58 % | 1,394,856 | 41.58 % | 390,654 | (Note 1) | D-Link Corporation originally held 17.35% shares and accounted for financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. Th Company increased investments on February 17. 2021 to hold 41.58% and accounted for investments accounted for using equity methods. |
| D-Link Investment | D-Link Trade | Russia | Marketing and after sales service in Russia | 66,538 | 66,538 | (Note 2) | 100.00 % | (67,427) | 100.00 % | 40,100 | 40,100 | |
| D-Link Trade | T-COM | Russia | Marketing and after sales service in Russia | 12,485 | - | (Note 2) | 40.00 % | 8,709 | 40.00 % | (6,414 | (4,047) | |
| D-Link International | D-Link Australia | Australia | Marketing and after sales service in Australia and New Zealand | 22 | 22 | 1,000 | 0.10 % | 18 | 0.10 % | 12,153 | | D-Link Australia share's profit recognized in D-Link Corporation |
| D-Link International | D-Link ME | UAE | Marketing and after sales service in Middle East and Africa | 34,260 | 34,260 | 1 | 16.67 % | 29,241 | 16.67 % | 29,689 | - | D-Link ME share's profit recognized in D-Link Corporation |
| D-Link International | D-Link Korea | Korea | Marketing and after sales service in Korea | 44,300 | 44,300 | 330,901 | 100.00 % | (31,516) | 100.00 % | (7,132 | (7,132) | |
| D-Link International | D-Link Trade M. | Republic of Moldova | Marketing and after sales service in Moldova | 13 | 13 | (Note 2) | 100.00 % | (193) | 100.00 % | 365 | 365 | |
| D-Link International | D-Link Russia Investment | BVI | Investment company | 789,757 | 789,757 | 25,000,000 | 100.00 % | 692,110 | 100.00 % | 3,901 | 3,901 | |
| D-Link International | D-Link Malaysia | Malaysia | Marketing and after sales service in Malaysia | 6,130 | 6,130 | 800,000 | 100.00 % | 7,334 | 100.00 % | 381 | 381 | |
| D-Link International | D-Link Lithuania | Lithuania | Marketing and after sales service | 3,574 | 3,574 | 1,000 | 100.00 % | 3,850 | 100.00 % | 634 | 634 | |

| | 1 | | Main | Original inves | tment amount | Balance | as of December 31, | 2021 | Highest | Net income | Share of | |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------|---|----------------------|----------------------|---------------|----------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| Name of investor | Name of investee | Location | businesses and products | December 31, 2021 | December 31, 2020 | Shares | Percentage of ownership | Carrying | percentage of ownership | (losses) of investee | profits/losses of investee | Note |
| D-Link Holding | D-Link Europe | UK. | Marketing and after sales | 971,293 | 971,293 | 32,497,455 | ownersnip 100.00 % | value 1,173,116 | 100.00 % | 26,534 | 26,534 | Note |
| - | | | service in Europe | | | | | | | | | |
| D-Link Holding | D-Link International | Singapore | Global marketing, procurement and after | 8,466 | 8,466 | 425,340 | 0.64 % | (13,568) | 0.64 % | 479,733 | - | D-Link International share's profit recognized in D-Link |
| | 000 D-Link | | sales service | | | | | | | | | Corporation |
| D-Link Holding | OOO D-Link Russia | Russia | After sales service in Russia | 11,309 | 11,309 | (Note 2) | 100.00 % | 4,521 | 100.00 % | 14 | 14 | |
| D-Link Holding | D-Link Mauritius | Mauritius | Investment company | 186,789 | 186,789 | 200,000 | 100.00 % | 888,913 | 100.00 % | 81,537 | 81,537 | |
| D-Link Holding | D-Link Shiang- Hai (Cavman) | Cayman Islands | Investment company | 654,974 | 654,974 | 50,000 | 100.00 % | (539,232) | 100.00 % | 331 | 331 | |
| D-Link Holding | D-Link Systems | USA | Marketing and after sales | 49,320 | 49,320 | 750,000 | 1.56 % | 41,535 | 1.56 % | (64,895) | - | D-Link Systems share's loss |
| | | | service in USA | | | | | | | | | recognized in D-Link Corporation |
| D-Link Holding | Wishfi | Singapore | Research, development, | | 68,566 | - | - % | | 100.00 % | - | - | Cancellation of registration |
| | | | marketing and after sales service | | | | | | | | | in January, 2022 |
| D-Link Holding | Success Stone | BVI | Investment company | 297,027 | 297,027 | 9,822 | 100.00 % | 147,272 | 100.00 % | 819 | 819 | |
| D-Link Holding | MiiiCasa Holding | Cayman Island | Investment company | 61,087 | 61,087 | 21,000,000 | 28.98 % | | 28.98 % | - | 812 | |
| D-Link Holding | D-Link Brazil | Brazil | Marketing and after sales service in Brazil | | | 100 | - % | | - % | (94,358) | - | D-Link Brazil share's loss recognized in D-Link |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | Corporation |
| D-Link Holding | D-Link Sudamerica | Chile | Marketing and after sales service in Chile | • | | 1 | - % | | - % | 1,588 | - | D-Link Sudamerica share's profit recognized in D-Link |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | Corporation |
| D-Link Mauritius | D-Link India | India | Marketing and after sales service in India | 340,319 | 340,319 | 18,114,663 | 51.02 % | 871,378 | 51.02 % | 161,114 | 82,201 | |
| D-Link Mauritius | TeamF1 India | India | Technical services for | 8 | 8 | 1 | 0.01 % | 13 | 0.01 % | 9,326 | 1 | 100% shares owned by D- |
| | | | software and hardware | | | | | | | | | Link Mauritius and D-Link India |
| D-Link India | TeamF1 India | India | system integration Technical services for | 84,114 | 84,114 | 10,499 | 99.99 % | 119,432 | 99.99 % | 9,326 | 9,325 | 100% shares owned by D- |
| | | | software and hardware | | | | | | | | | Link Mauritius and D-Link |
| D-Link L.A | D-Link Peru S.A. | Peru | system integration Marketing and after sales | | | 1 | 0.03 % | 3 | 0.03 % | 708 | | D-Link Peru S.A. share's |
| | | [| service in Peru | | | | | - | | | | profit recognized in D-Link |
| D-Link | D-Link de | Colombia | Marketing and after sales | 22,213 | 22,213 | 1,443,605 | 100.00 % | 5.462 | 100.00 % | (731) | (731) | Sudamerica |
| Sudamerica | Colombia SAS. | Colonibia | service in Colombia | 22,213 | | 1,445,005 | 100.00 /6 | 5,402 | 100.00 % | (751) | (751) | |
| D-Link Sudamerica | D-Link del Ecuador S.A. | Ecuador | Marketing and after sales service in Ecuador | | 26 | | - % | - | - % | - | - | D-Link del Ecuador |
| Sudamerica | Ecuador S.A. | | service in Ecuador | | | | | | | | | S.A.share's profit recognized in D-Link Sudamerica. |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | Liquidation process was completed in April, 2021. |
| D-Link | D-Link Guatemala | Guatemala | Marketing and after sales | 410 | 410 | 99,000 | 99.00 % | 515 | 99.00 % | | | completed in April, 2021. |
| Sudamerica | S.A. | | service in Guatemala | | | | | | | | | |
| D-Link Sudamerica | D-Link Peru S.A. | Peru | Marketing and after sales service in Peru | 38 | 38 | 3,499 | 99.97 % | 8,564 | 99.97 % | 708 | 708 | |
| D-Link | D-Link Mexicana | Mexico | Marketing and after sales | 6 | 6 | 3 | - % | 6 | - % | (246) | - | D-Link Mexicana share's |
| Sudamerica | | | service in Mexico | | | | | | | | | loss recognized in D-Link Corporation |
| D-Link | D-Link Argentina | Argentina | Marketing and after sales | 2,750 | 2,750 | 100 | 100.00 % | 113 | 100.00 % | - | - | D-Link Argentina share's |
| Sudamerica | S.A. | | service in Argentina | | | | | | | | | profit recognized in D-Link Sudamerica. In liquidation |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | process |
| D-Link Europe | D-Link Deutschland | Germany | Marketing and after sales service in Germany | 131,769 | 131,769 | - (Note 2) | 100.00 % | 180,707 | 100.00 % | 15,415 | 15,415 | |
| D-Link Europe | Deutschiand D-Link AB | Sweden | Marketing and after sales | 9,022 | 9,022 | 15,500 | 100.00 % | 15,731 | 100.00 % | 1,450 | 1,450 | |
| | | | service in Sweden | | | | | | | | | |
| D-Link Europe | D-Link Iberia SL | Spain | Marketing and after sales service in Spain | 1,976 | 1,976 | 50,000 | 100.00 % | 58,611 | 100.00 % | 3,729 | 3,729 | |
| D-Link Europe | D-Link | Italy | Marketing and after sales | 2,177 | 2,177 | 50,000 | 100.00 % | 16,802 | 100.00 % | 7,314 | 7,314 | |
| D-Link Europe | Mediterraneo SRI D-Link | UK. | service in Italy Investment company | | | 2 | 100.00 % | 8,991 | 100.00 % | | | |
| о-слик погоре | (Holdings)Ltd | ~~ | invesation company | | | 3 | | | | - | - | |
| D-Link Europe | D-Link France SARL | France | Marketing and after sales service in France | 5,287 | 5,287 | 114,560 | 100.00 % | 35,512 | 100.00 % | 2,884 | 2,884 | |
| D-Link Europe | SARL D-Link | Netherlands | service in France Marketing and after sales | 2,132 | 2,132 | 50,000 | 100.00 % | 7,453 | 100.00 % | 536 | 536 | |
| | Netherlands | | service in Netherlands | | | | | | | | | |
| D-Link Europe | D-Link Polska Sp Z.o.o. | Poland | Marketing and after sales service in Poland | 1,210 | 1,210 | 100 | 100.00 % | 22,877 | 100.00 % | 1,729 | 1,729 | |
| D-Link Europe | D-Link | Hungary | Marketing and after sales | 523 | 523 | 300 | 100.00 % | 5,755 | 100.00 % | 209 | 209 | |
| D-Link Europe | Magyarorszag D-Link s.r.o | Czech | service in Hungary Marketing and after sales | 379 | 329 | 100 | 100.00 % | 3.653 | 100.00 % | 366 | 366 | |
| | | | service in Czech | 329 | 329 | | 100.00 % | 3,033 | 100.00 % | 300 | 300 | |
| D-Link | D-Link UK | UK | Marketing and after sales service in LIK | | | 300,100 | 100.00 % | 8,991 | 100.00 % | - | - | |
| (Holdings)Ltd D-Link | D-Link ADRIA | Croatia | service in UK Marketing and after sales | 326 | 326 | | 100.00 % | 1,157 | 100.00 % | 12 | 12 | |
| Mediterraneo | d.o.o. | | service in Croatia | | -20 | (Note 2) | | .,, | // | | | |
| SRL D-Link ME | D Link Network | Republic of | Marketing and after sales | | | 100 | 100.00 % | (41) | 100.00 % | (478) | | |
| | | South Africa | service in South Africa | | | | | | | | | |
| Yeochia and Yeotai | Xtramus Teahnalanias Co | Taiwan | Research, development, manufacturing and sell of | 38,110 | 181,500 | 1,832,446 | 41.18 % | 4,350 | 41.18 % | 2,081 | 4,350 | |
| . cotai | Technologies Co. Ltd. | | testing equipment for | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | network | | | | | | | | 1 | 1 |
D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 1: Including recognition of profit (loss) from associates Note 2: Limited Company Note 3: The transactions have been eliminated in the consolidated financial state

(c) Information on investment in Mainland China:

(i) The names of investees in Mainland China, the main businesses and products, and other information:

| | | | | | | | | | | | (In Thousar | nds of New T | aiwan Dollars) |
|---------------------|---|--|----------------------------|--|---|---------------------|--|---------|---------|---------|----------------------------------|---------------------------|---|
| Name of investee | Main businesses and products | Total amount of paid-in capital | Method of investment | Accumulated outflow of investment from Taiwan as of January 1, 2021 | | ent flows Inflow | Accumulated outflow of investment from Taiwan as of December 31, 2021 | | of | of | Investment income (losses) | Book value (Note 2) | Accumulated remittance of earnings in current period |
| Shiang-Hai | Buy and sell of networking equipment and wireless system | | 2 | 539,955 | - | - | 539,955 | (2,209) | 100.00% | 100.00% | (2,209) | (550,438) | - |
| Trading | Research, development and trading business | 19,383 | 2 | 18,067 | - | - | 18,067 | 2,540 | 100.00% | 100.00% | 2,540 | 13,404 | - |
| | Technical Service and Import/Export trading business | 61,671 | 3 | - | - | - | - | 5,539 | 9.86% | 9.86% | - | 3,882 | - |

Note 1: Method of Investment:

Type 1: Direct investments in Mainland China

Type 2: Indirect investments in Mainland China

Type 3: Others

Note 2: The amounts in New Taiwan Dollars were translated at the exchange rates of USD 27.6900, CNY 4.3430 as of December 31, 2021.

(ii) Limitation on investment in Mainland China:

| Accumulated Investment in Mainland China | Investment Amounts Authorized by | |
|--|----------------------------------|---------------------------|
| as of December 31, 2021 | Investment Commission, MOEA | Upper Limit on Investment |
| 558,022 | 558,022 | Note |

Note: Since the Company has obtained the Certificate of Headquarter Operation, there is no upper limitation on investment in Mainland China.

(iii) Significant transactions:

The significant inter-company transactions with the subsidiary in Mainland China, which were eliminated in the preparation of consolidated financial statements, are disclosed in "Information on significant transactions".

(d) Major shareholders:

| Shareholder's Name | Shares | Percentage |
|---------------------------------|------------|------------|
| Sapido Technology Inc. | 59,818,400 | 9.97 % |
| Yitongyuan Investment Co., Ltd. | 32,825,600 | 5.47 % |

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(14) Segment information:

The Consolidated Company has three reportable segments: American markets, European markets, Emerging markets and others. Those reportable segments are primarily operated in research, development and selling of computer network and equipments and wireless communication products.

The Consolidated Company's reportable segments are strategic business units that offer geographical products and services.

The income tax expenses are managed on a group basis, and operating income (losses) is determined by the profit before taxation. The reportable amount is similar to the report used by the chief operating decision and make a performance evaluation.

The Consolidated Company's operating segment information and reconciliation were as follows:

(a) Reportable segment profit or loss, segment assets, segment liabilities, and their measurement and reconciliations

The Consolidated Company uses the internal management report that the chief operating decision maker reviews as the basis to determine resource allocation and make a performance evaluation.

| | American markets | European markets | 2021 Emerging markets and others | Adjustments and eliminations | Total |
|----------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|---|------------------------------------|------------|
| Revenue: | | | | | |
| Third-party customers | \$ 1,599,246 | 3,509,222 | 10,416,433 | _ | 15,524,901 |
| | 23,999 | 804 | 3,980,597 | (4,005,400) | 15,524,701 |
| Inter-company | | | | | - |
| Total revenue | \$ <u>1,623,245</u> | 3,510,026 | 14,397,030 | (4,005,400) | 15,524,901 |
| Reportable segment profit (loss) | \$ <u>(208,701</u>) | 33,700 | 1,290,085 | (720,361) | 394,723 |
| | American markets | European markets | 2020 Emerging markets and others | Adjustments and eliminations | Total |
| Revenue: | | | | | |
| Third-party customers | \$ 2,213,506 | 3,110,121 | 9,855,816 | - | 15,179,443 |
| Inter-company | 14,097 | 6,441 | 2,823,033 | (2,843,571) | - |
| Total revenue | \$ <u>2,227,603</u> | 3,116,562 | 12,678,849 | (2,843,571) | 15,179,443 |
| Reportable segment profit (loss) | \$ <u>(3,574</u>) | 49,660 | 2,355,555 | (904,915) | 1,496,726 |

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

| | - | American markets | European markets | Emerging markets and others | Adjustments and eliminations | Total |
|----------------------------|----|---------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------|
| Reportable segment assets: | | | | | | |
| December 31, 2021 | \$ | 3,133,150 | 2,531,872 | 21,981,280 | (13,142,438) | 14,503,864 |
| December 31, 2020 | \$ | 2,966,181 | 2,348,024 | 23,385,657 | (12,749,632) | 15,950,230 |

The material reconciling items of the above reportable segment were as below:

Total reportable segment revenues after deducting the intergroup revenues were \$4,005,400 thousand and \$2,843,571 thousand for 2021 and 2020, respectively.

(b) Products and services information

For revenue from the external customers of the Consolidated Company, please refer to 6(w).

(c) Geographic information

| <u>Country</u> | 2021 | 2020 |
|--------------------|-----------------|-----------|
| Non-current assets | | |
| Taiwan | \$ 828,286 | 884,235 |
| India | 459,859 | 491,031 |
| Other countries | 664,301 | 822,972 |
| Total | \$ 1,952,446 | 2,198,238 |

Non-current assets include property, plant and equipment, investment property, right-of-use assets, intangible assets, and other assets, but excluding financial instruments and deferred tax assets.

(d) Major customers

There were no individual customers representing greater than 10% of consolidated revenue for 2021 and 2020.

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors of D-LINK CORPORATION:

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of D-LINK CORPORATION, which comprise the statements of financial position as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, and the statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, based on our audits and the report of another auditor (please refer to Other Matter paragraph), the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at December 31, 2021 and 2020, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Certification of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and the auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of D-LINK CORPORATION in accordance with the Certified Public Accountants Code of Professional Ethics in Republic of China ("the Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. Based on our audits and the report of another auditor, we believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis of our opinion.

Other Matter

We did not audit the financial statements of D-Link International Ptd. Ltd., a subsidiary of D-Link Corporation as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the financial statements of D-Link International Pte. Ltd. and D-Link Brazil LTDA, subsidiaries of D-Link Corporation as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020. Those statements were audited by other auditors, whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for above subsidiaries, is based solely on the report of other auditors. Investments accounted for using equity method of above subsidiaries reflect the total assets of \$1,429,875 thousand and \$1,383,283 thousand, constituting 13% and 12%, of the total assets at December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively. Besides, the share of profit (loss) of associates accounted for using equity method of \$56,946 thousand and \$(108,998) thousand, constituting 24% and (8)%, of the net profit (loss) before tax for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

1. Evaluation of investments accounted for using equity method

Please refer to Note 4(h) "Summary of significant accounting policies – Investment in associates", Note 4(i) "Summary of significant accounting policies – Investment in subsidiaries", and Note 6(e) "Explanation of significant accounts - Investments accounted for using equity methods" of the parent-company-only financial statements.

Key Audit Matter Explanation:

Investments accounted for using equity method is a material asset to D-LINK CORPORATION, and is significant in its financial statements, with a book value amounting to \$7,915,822 thousand as of December 31, 2021. Therefore, it has been identified as the key matter in our audit.

How the matter was addressed in our audit:

Our principal audit procedures included: Communicating with other auditors who audited the financial statements of the associates and subsidiaries of D-Link Corporation, including issuing group audit instruction to subsidiaries and associates, and obtaining the financial statements audited by other auditors. Another auditors performing audit procedures on inventories, accounts receivable and revenue, such as inventory evaluation, accounts receivable evaluation, as well as reviewing the correctness of value and timing of revenue recognition, reviewing and evaluating the reasonableness of main operation changes of the investments; comparing the financial statements of the Company's investments accounted for using equity method with the group reporting information provided by other auditors, and issuing confirmation letters; as well as considering the adequacy of company's disclosures on its accounts.

2. Revenue recognition

Please refer to Note 4(p) for accounting policy of revenue recognition and Note 6(s) for sales details of the financial statements.

Key Audit Matter Explanation:

The Company sells internet related products and services, and aims to offer high-quality internet solution proposals to global consumers and enterprises. Revenue is the key performance indicator to evaluate the Company's performance, and thus, needs significant attention in our audit.

How the matter was addressed in our audit:

We tested the effectiveness of the Company's controls surrounding revenue recognition; reviewed and relevant sales documents to evaluate whether terms of sales are consistent with the accounting standards; analyzed and compared the changes in sales to major customers to assess the reasonableness of revenue recognition.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and IFRSs, IASs, interpretation as well as related guidance endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing D-LINK CORPORATION's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate D-LINK CORPORATION or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing D-LINK CORPORATION's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of D-LINK CORPORATION' internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on D-LINK CORPORATION's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause D-LINK CORPORATION to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

6. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the investment in other entities accounted for using the equity method to express an opinion on the financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partners on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report are Hsieh, Chiu-Hua and Chou, Pao-Lian.

KPMG

Taipei, Taiwan (Republic of China) March 29, 2022

Notes to Readers

The accompanying parent company only financial statements are intended only to present the financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with the accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such parent company only financial statements are those generally accepted and applied in the Republic of China.

The independent auditors' audit report and the accompanying parent company only financial statements are the English translation of the Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between, or any difference in the interpretation of the English and Chinese language independent auditors' audit report and parent company only financial statements, the Chinese version shall prevail.

Balance Sheets

December 31, 2021 and 2020

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

| | Asserts | Q | December 31, 2021 Amount % | , 2021 | | December 31, 2020 Amount % | <u>20</u> | | I is hiltine and Exmity | December 31, 2021 Amount % | - i - | December 31, 2020 | 020 |
|------|---|------|-------------------------------|---------|----|-------------------------------|-----------|------|--|-------------------------------|-------|-------------------|------|
| | Current assets: | I | | ן: ו | I | Ì | el. | C | Current liabilities: | 1 | ļ | İ. | , |
| 1100 | Cash and cash equivalents (note 6(a)) | \$ | 151,391 | 91 1 | | 1,777,351 | 15 21 | 2108 | Other short-term loans (notes 6(j) and 7) | \$ 746,903 | 1- | 845,263 | 7 |
| 1110 | Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current (note 6(b)) | | | ' | | 20,861 | - 2 | 2120 | Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss - current (notes 6(b) | | | | |
| 1150 | Notes receivable, net (note 6(c)) | | 5,283 | 53 - | | 2,646 | | | and (n)) | 9,803 | , | 224 | , |
| 1170 | Accounts receivable, net (note $6(c)$) | | 143,374 | 74 1 | _ | 160,857 | 2 2 | 2130 | Current contract liabilities (note 6(s)) | 23,819 | , | 9,079 | , |
| 1180 | Accounts receivable due from related parties, net (note 7) | | 80,855 | 55 1 | _ | 97,611 | 1 2 | 2150 | Notes payable | Ξ | , | Ξ | |
| 1200 | Other receivables (notes $6(c)$ and 7) | | 240,518 | 18 2 | 67 | 26,642 | - 2 | 2170 | Accounts payable | 131,025 | 1 | 128,467 | - |
| 1220 | Current tax assets | | | - 22 | | 962 | - 2 | 2180 | Accounts payable to related parties (note 7) | 9,282 | , | 6,151 | |
| 130X | Inventories (note 6(d)) | | 88,874 | 74 1 | - | 127,022 | 1 2. | 2200 | Other payables (note 7) | 187,068 | 6 | 405,257 | Э |
| 1410 | Other current assets (note 8) | | 56,015 | 15 1 | | 29,542 | - 2 | 2250 | Current provisions (note 6(1)) | 181,927 | 6 | 202,212 | 2 |
| | | | 766,388 | 38 7 | | 2,243,494 | 19 22 | 2280 | Current lease liabilities (note 6(k)) | 4,033 | , | 3,017 | |
| | Non-current assets: | | | | | | 6 | 2300 | Other current liabilities (note 6(n)) | 55,284 | 1 | 98,901 | - |
| 1517 | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non | | | | | | 2 | 2365 | Current refund liability (note 6(m)) | 24,840 | - | 32,582 | - |
| | current (note 6(b)) | | | ' | | 364,655 | 3 | | | 1,373,995 | 13 | 1,731,164 | 14 |
| 1550 | Investments accounted for using equity method (notes 6(e) and 7) | | 8,668,275 | 75 79 | ~ | 7,869,038 | 99 | Z | Non-Current liabilities: | | | | |
| 1600 | Property, plant and equipment (notes $6(g)$ and 7) | | 727,507 | 07 7 | - | 752,385 | 6 2: | 2570 | Deferred tax liabilities (note 6(p)) | 337,696 | 3 | 267,896 | 2 |
| 1755 | Right-of-use assets (note 6(f)) | | 11,503 | 50 | | 11,928 | - 2 | 2580 | Non-current lease liabilities (note 6(k)) | 7,846 | | 9,230 | |
| 1760 | Investment property, net (note 6(h)) | | 38,876 | - 9/ | | 39,272 | - 24 | 2600 | Other non-current liabilities (notes 6(e), (o) and 7) | 766,789 | 7 | 681,327 | 9 |
| 1780 | Intangible assets (note $6(i)$) | | 45,462 | - 23 | | 74,300 | - | | | 1,112,331 | 10 | 958,453 | 8 |
| 1840 | Deferred tax assets (note 6(p)) | | 700,735 | 35 6 | 2 | 587,690 | 5 | | Total liabilities | 2,486,326 | 23 | 2,689,617 | 22 |
| 1900 | Other non-current assets | I | 4,938 | 38 | | 6,350 | -I | Ē | Equity: (note 6(q)) | | | | |
| | | | 10,197,296 | 96 93 | | 9,705,618 | 81 31 | 3100 | Capital stock | 5,998,365 | 55 | 6,519,961 | 54 |
| | | | | | | | 3. | 3200 | Capital surplus | 1,522,573 | 13 | 1,523,313 | 13 |
| | | | | | | | | | Retained earnings: | | | | |
| | | | | | | | 3. | 3310 | Legal reserve | 2,110,026 | 19 | 2,053,379 | 17 |
| | | | | | | | с, | 3320 | Special reserve | 412,952 | 4 | 205,562 | 2 |
| | | | | | | | 3. | 3350 | Unappropriated retained earnings | 299,477 | 3 | 566,471 | 5 |
| | | | | | | | | | | 2,822,455 | 26 | 2,825,412 | 24 |
| | | | | | | | ŵ | 3400 | Other equity interest (note 6(q)) | (1,866,035) | [] | (1,609,191) | (13) |
| | Total scores | 6 | 10.02 230.01 | | ļ | | | E | Total equity | | | 9,259,495 | 78 |
| | 10131 355615 | , II | 0,00%,01 | | | 11,949,111 | | - | Lotal liabilities and equity | 10,963,684 | 3 | 11,949,112 | 8 |

Statements of Comprehensive Income

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars , Except for Earnings Per Common Share)

| | | 2021 | | 2020 | |
|--------------|--|---------------------|-------------|-----------|-------------|
| | | Amount | % | Amount | % |
| 4000 | Net operating revenues (notes 6(s) and 7) | \$ 1,392,575 | 100 | 1,508,054 | 100 |
| 5000 | Operating costs (notes 6(d) and 7) | 520,881 | 37 | 639,186 | 42 |
| | Gross profit from operations | 871,694 | 63 | 868,868 | 58 |
| | Operating expenses: (notes 6(c), (g), (h), (i), (k), (o) and (t)) | | | | |
| 6100 | Selling expenses | 367,216 | 26 | 373,786 | 25 |
| 6200 | Administrative expenses | 249,976 | 18 | 316,865 | 21 |
| 6300 | Research and development expenses | 587,011 | 42 | 806,888 | 54 |
| 6450 | Expected credit loss reversal gain (note 6(c)) | (208) | | (647) | |
| | | 1,203,995 | 86 | 1,496,892 | 100 |
| | Net operating loss | (332,301) | (23) | (628,024) | (42) |
| | Non-operating income and expenses: | | | | |
| 7100 | Interest income (notes 6(u) and 7) | 3,549 | - | 1,209 | - |
| 7010 | Other income (notes 6(u) and 7) | 5,119 | - | 9,394 | 1 |
| 7020 | Other gains and losses (notes 6(b), (n), (u) and 7) | (15,914) | (1) | 1,223,881 | 81 |
| 7050 | Finance costs (notes 6(k), (n), (u) and 7) | (5,708) | - | (8,898) | (1) |
| 7060 | Share of profit of associates accounted for using equity method (note 6(e)) | 583,787 | 42 | 717,221 | 48 |
| | | 570,833 | 41 | 1,942,807 | 129 |
| | Profit before tax | 238,532 | 18 | 1,314,783 | 87 |
| 7950 | Less: Income (benefit) tax expenses (note 6(p)) | (665) | | 74,858 | 5 |
| | Net profit | 239,197 | 18 | 1,239,925 | 82 |
| 8300 | Other comprehensive income: | | | | |
| 8310 | Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss | | | | |
| 8311 | (Losses) gains on remeasurements of defined benefit plans (note 6(o)) | (1,687) | - | 4,534 | - |
| 8316 | Unrealized gains from investments in equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income | 49,816 | 4 | 18,150 | 1 |
| 8330 8349 | Share of other comprehensive income of subsidiaries and associates accounted for using equity method, components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss Income tax related to components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to | (9,248) | (1) | 58,273 | 4 |
| | profit or loss | | - | | <u> </u> |
| | | 38,881 | 3 | 80,957 | 5 |
| 8360 | Components of other comprehensive income (loss) that will be reclassified to profit or loss (notes 6(q) and (v)) | | | | |
| 8361 | Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements | (389,612) | (28) | (403,962) | (27) |
| 8380 | Share of other comprehensive income of subsidiaries and associates accounted for using equity method, components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss | 871 | - | 55,373 | 4 |
| 8399 | Income tax related to components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss (note 6(p)) | (45,730) | <u>(3</u>) | (68,189) | <u>(5</u>) |
| | | (343,011) | (25) | (280,400) | (18) |
| 8300 | Other comprehensive loss, net | (304,130) | (22) | (199,443) | (13) |
| | Total comprehensive income | \$ <u>(64,933</u>) | (4) | 1,040,482 | 69 |
| | Basic earnings per share (New Taiwan dollars) (note $6(r)$) | \$ | 0.38 | | 1.90 |
| | Diluted earnings per share (New Taiwan dollars) (note $6(r)$) | \$ | 0.38 | | 1.90 |

See accompanying notes to parent company only financial statements.

Statements of Changes in Equity

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Total other equity interest

| | | | | | | 1 019 | a tortici edunty mici es | 10 | |
|--|--------------|-----------------|-----------|-------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------|--------------|
| | | 1 | R | Retained earnings | | | Unrealized gains | | |
| | | | | | | | (losses) on | | |
| | | | | | | | financial assets | | |
| | | | | | Unappropriated retained | Exchange differences on | measured at fair value through | | |
| | Ordinary | | Lond | | earnings | translation of | other | | |
| | shares | Capital surplus | | Special reserve | deficits) | statements | income | Others | Total equity |
| Balance at January 1, 2020 | S 6,519,961 | 1,598,807 | 2,053,379 | 205,562 | (499,008) | (1,236,701) | (165,102) | (3,484) | 8,473,414 |
| Net profit | | | | | 1,239,925 | | | | 1,239,925 |
| Other comprehensive income (loss) | | | | | 4,534 | (283,884) | 76,423 | 3,484 | (199, 443) |
| Total comprehensive income (loss) | | | | | 1,244,459 | (283,884) | 76,423 | 3,484 | 1,040,482 |
| Other changes in capital surplus: | | | | | | | | | |
| Changes in equity of associates accounted for using equity method | | (75,494) | , | | (178,907) | | | , | (254, 401) |
| Subsidiaries disposal of investments in equity instruments designated at fair value | | | | | | | | | |
| through other comprehensive loss | | , | , | , | (13) | , | 73 | | |
| Balance at December 31, 2020 | 6,519,961 | 1,523,313 | 2,053,379 | 205,562 | 566,471 | (1,520,585) | (88,606) | , | 9,259,495 |
| Net profit | | | | | 239,197 | | | | 239,197 |
| Other comprehensive income (loss) | | | | | (1,687) | (343,011) | 40,568 | | (304, 130) |
| Total comprehensive income (loss) | | | | | 237,510 | (343,011) | 40,568 | | (64, 933) |
| Appropriation and distribution of retained earnings: | | | | | | | | | |
| Legal reserve appropriated | | | 56,647 | | (56,647) | | | , | |
| Special reserve appropriated | | | , | 207,390 | (207,390) | | | , | |
| Cash dividends of ordinary share | | , | , | , | (195,597) | , | , | , | (195,597) |
| Other changes in capital surplus: | | | | | | | | | |
| Changes in equity of associates for using equity method | | (740) | , | , | 729 | , | , | | (11) |
| Capital reduction | (521,596) | | | | | | | | (521, 596) |
| Disposal of investments in equity instruments designated at fair value through other | | | | | | | | | |
| comprehensive loss | | | | | (54,847) | | 54,847 | | |
| Subsidiaries disposal of investments in equity instruments designated at fair value | | | | | | | | | |
| through other comprehensive income | | • | | • | 9,248 | | (9,248) | | |
| Balance at December 31, 2021 | \$ 5,998,365 | 1,522,573 | 2,110,026 | 412,952 | 299,477 | (1,863,596) | (2, 439) | | 8,477,358 |
| | | | | | | | | | |

See accompanying notes to parent company only financial statements.

Statements of Cash Flows

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

| | 2021 | 2020 |
|---|-------------------|----------------|
| Cash flows from (used in) operating activities: Profit before tax | \$ 238,532 | 1,314,783 |
| Adjustments: | \$ 238,532 | 1,514,785 |
| Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss): | | |
| Depreciation expense | 60,514 | 60.434 |
| Amortization expense | 40,760 | 51,481 |
| Expected credit loss reversal gain | (208) | (647) |
| Net loss on financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss | 30,439 | 8,056 |
| Interest expense | 5,708 | 8,898 |
| Interest income | (3,549) | (1,209) |
| Share of profit of subsidiaries and associates accounted for using equity method | (583,787) | (717,221) |
| Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment | (5) | (306) |
| Gain on disposal of investments | - | (1,250,434) |
| Other | (2,114) | 51,984 |
| Total adjustments to reconcile loss | (452,242) | (1,788,964) |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities: | | |
| (Increase) decrease in notes receivable | (2,637) | 6,156 |
| Decrease in accounts receivable | 17,690 | 80,644 |
| Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable due from related parties | 16,756 | (45,783) |
| Decrease in other receivable Decrease in inventories | 909 | 16,958 |
| (Increase) decrease in other current assets | 34,603 | 275 |
| (Increase) decrease in other current assets Decrease (increase) in other non-current assets | (26,473) 1,722 | 626 (1.471) |
| Total changes in operating assets | 42,570 | 57,405 |
| Increase in contract liabilities | 14,740 | 1,247 |
| Decrease in notes payable | - | (245) |
| Increase (decrease) in accounts payable | 2,558 | (58,526) |
| Increase (decrease) in accounts payable to related parties | 3,131 | (69,018) |
| (Decrease) increase in other payable | (218,024) | 28,807 |
| Decrease in provisions | (14,626) | (11,164) |
| Decrease in refund liabilities | (7,742) | (15,100) |
| Decrease in other current liabilities | (6,252) | (34) |
| Decrease in other non-current liabilities | (1,108) | (995) |
| Total changes in operating liabilities | (227,323) | (125,028) |
| Total changes in operating assets and liabilities | (184,753) | (67,623) |
| Total adjustments | (636,995) | (1,856,587) |
| Cash outflow generated from operations | (398,463) | (541,804) |
| Interest received | 3,549 | 1,209 |
| Dividends received | 203,607 | 40,867 |
| Interest paid | (5,873) | (6,729) |
| Income taxes paid | (33,331) | (1,864) |
| Net cash flows used in operating activities | (230,511) | (508,321) |
| Cash flows (used in) from investing activities: | | (180,322) |
| Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income Proceeds from disposal of investments accounted for using equity method | - | 2,634,803 |
| Increase in investments accounted for using equity method | - (799,999) | 2,054,805 |
| Proceeds from capital reduction of investments accounted for using equity method | 267,512 | |
| Acquisition of property, plant and equipment | (31,601) | (62,854) |
| Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment | 5 | 439 |
| Acquisition of intangible assets | (11,922) | (2,849) |
| Other investing activities | (309) | 174 |
| Net cash flows (used in) from investing activities | (576,314) | 2,389,391 |
| Cash flows used in financing activities: | | |
| Decrease in other short-term loans | (98,360) | (593,006) |
| Repayments of bonds | - | (608) |
| Payment of lease liabilities | (3,582) | (3,707) |
| Cash dividends paid | (195,597) | - |
| Capital reduction payments to shareholders | (521,596) | - |
| Net cash flows used in financing activities | (819,135) | (597,321) |
| Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents | (1,625,960) | 1,283,749 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period | 1,777,351 | 493,602 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period | \$ <u>151,391</u> | 1,777,351 |

See accompanying notes to parent company only financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Otherwise Specified)

(1) Company history

D-LINK CORPORATION (the "Company") was incorporated on June 20, 1987 under the approval of Ministry of Economic Affair, Republic of China ("ROC"). The address of its registered office is No.289, Xinhu 3rd Rd., Neihu Dist., Taipei City 114, Taiwan. The main operating activities of the Company include the research, development, and sale of local area computer network systems, wireless local area computer networks ("LANs"), and spare parts for integrated circuits.

(2) Approval date and procedures of the financial statements:

The accompanying financial statements were approved and authorized for release by the Board of Directors on March 29, 2022.

(3) New standards, amendments and interpretations adopted:

(a) The impact of the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission, R.O.C. which have already been adopted.

The Company has initially adopted the following new amendments, which do not have a significant impact on its financial statements, from January 1, 2021:

- Amendments to IFRS 4 "Extension of the Temporary Exemption from Applying IFRS 9"
- Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS39, IFRS7, IFRS 4 and IFRS 16 "Interest Rate Benchmark Reform— Phase 2"
- Amendments to IFRS 16 "Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions beyond June 30, 2021"
- (b) The impact of IFRS issued by the FSC but not yet effective

The Company assesses that the adoption of the following new amendments, effective for annual period beginning on January 1, 2022, would not have a significant impact on its financial statements:

- Amendments to IAS 16 "Property, Plant and Equipment-Proceeds before Intended Use"
- Amendments to IAS 37 "Onerous Contracts-Cost of Fulfilling a Contract"
- Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2018–2020
- Amendments to IFRS 3 "Reference to the Conceptual Framework"
- (c) The impact of IFRS issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

The Company does not expect the following new and amended standards, which have yet to be endorsed by the FSC, to have a significant impact on its financial statements:

• Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 "Sale or Contribution of Assets Between an Investor and Its Associate or Joint Venture"

- IFRS 17 " Insurance Contracts" and amendments to IFRS 17 " Insurance Contracts"
- · Amendments to IAS 1 "Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current"
- Amendments to IAS 1 "Disclosure of Accounting Policies"
- Amendments to IAS 8 "Definition of Accounting Estimates"
- Amendments to IAS 12 "Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction"

(4) Summary of significant accounting policies:

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of the parent company only financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented.

(a) Statement of Compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers".

- (b) Basis of Preparation
 - (i) Basis of Measurement

Except for the following significant accounts, the financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis:

- Financial instruments (including derivative financial instruments) at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value;
- Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are measured at fair value;
- 3) Equity-settled share-based payment are measured at fair value;
- 4) The defined benefit liabilities are measured at fair value of the plan assets less the present value of the defined benefit obligation.
- (ii) Functional and presentation currency

The functional currency of the Company is determined based on the primary economic environment. The financial statements are presented in New Taiwan Dollar, which is the Company's functional currency. All financial information presented in New Taiwan Dollar has been rounded to the nearest thousand.

- (c) Foreign currency
 - (i) Foreign currency transaction

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the respective functional currencies of the Company entities at the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. At the end of each subsequent reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currencies using the exchange rate at that date. Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that are measured at fair value are translated into the

functional currencies using the exchange rate at the date that the fair value was determined. Nonmonetary items denominated in foreign currencies that are measured based on historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

Exchange differences are generally recognized in profit or loss, except for those differences relating to the following, which are recognized in other comprehensive income:

- an investment in equity securities designated as at fair value through other comprehensive income;
- · qualifying cash flow hedges to the extent that the hedges are effective.
- (ii) Foreign operations

The assets and liabilities of foreign operations, including goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on acquisition, are translated to the Company's functional currency at exchange rates at the reporting date. Income and expenses of foreign operations are translated to the Company's functional currency at average exchange rate for the period. Foreign currency differences are recognized in other comprehensive income.

(d) Classification of current and non-current assets and liabilities

An asset is classified as current under one of the following criteria, and all other assets are classified as non-current.

- (i) It is expected to be realized or intends to sell or consume it in its normal operating cycle;
- (ii) It holds the asset primarily for the purpose of trading;
- (iii) It is expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting date; or
- (iv) The asset is cash and cash equivalent unless the asset is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

A liability is classified as current under one of the following criteria, and all other liabilities are classified as non-current.

- (i) It expects to settle the liability in its normal operating cycle;
- (ii) It holds the liability primarily for the purpose of trading;
- (iii) The liability is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting date; or
- (iv) The Company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in it is settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

(e) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises cash on hand and demand deposits. Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Time deposits which meet the above definition and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments rather than for investment or other purposes should be recognized as cash equivalents.

(f) Financial Instruments

Trade receivables and debt securities issued are initially recognized when they are originated. All other financial assets and financial liabilities are initially recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. A financial asset (unless it is a trade receivable without a significant financing component) or financial liability is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue. A trade receivable without a significant financing component is initially measured at the transaction price.

(i) Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognized and derecognized on a trade date basis or a settlement date basis.

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as measured at: amortized cost; Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)–equity investment; or FVTPL. Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition unless the Company changes its business model for managing financial assets, in which case all affected financial assets are reclassified on the first day of the first reporting period following the change in the business model.

1) Financial assets measured at amortized cost

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- · it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

These assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost, which is the amount at which the financial asset is measured at initial recognition, plus/minus, the cumulative amortization using the effective interest method, adjusted for any loss allowance. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses, as well as impairment, are recognized in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognized in profit or loss.

2) Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)

A debt investment is measured at FVOCI if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and
- its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Some accounts receivables are held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling by the Company, therefore, those receivables are measured at FVOCI. However, they are included in the ' trade receivables' line item.

On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the Company may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in other comprehensive income. This election is made on an instrument-by-instrument basis.

Debt investments at FVOCI are subsequently measured at fair value. Interest income calculated using the effective interest method, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognized in profit or loss. Other net gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income. On derecognition, gains and losses accumulated in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss.

Equity investments at FVOCI are subsequently measured at fair value. Dividends are recognized as income in profit or loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income and are never reclassified to profit or loss.

Dividend income is recognized in profit or loss on the date on which the Company's right to receive payment is established.

3) Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

All financial assets not classified as amortized cost or FVOCI described as above are measured at FVTPL, including derivative financial assets and beneficiary certificate. Trade receivables that the Company intends to sell immediately or in the near term are measured at FVTPL; however, they are included in the 'trade receivables' line item. On initial recognition, the Company may irrevocably designate a financial asset, which meets the requirements to be measured at amortized cost or at FVOCI, as at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gains and losses, including any interest or dividend income, are recognized in profit or loss.

4) Business model assessment

The Company makes an assessment of the objective of the business model in which a financial asset is held at portfolio level because this best reflects the way the business is managed and information is provided to management. The information considered includes:

- the stated policies and objectives for the portfolio and the operation of those policies in practice. These include whether management's strategy focuses on earning contractual interest income, maintaining a particular interest rate profile, matching the duration of the financial assets to the duration of any related liabilities or expected cash outflows or realizing cash flows through the sale of the assets;
- how the performance of the portfolio is evaluated and reported to the Company's management;
- the risks that affect the performance of the business model (and the financial assets held within that business model) and how those risks are managed;
- how managers of the business are compensated e.g. whether compensation is based on the fair value of the assets managed or the contractual cash flows collected; and
- the frequency, volume and timing of sales of financial assets in prior periods, the reasons for such sales and expectations about future sales activity.

Transfers of financial assets to third parties in transactions that do not qualify for derecognition are not considered sales for this purpose, and are consistent with the Company's continuing recognition of the assets.

Financial assets that are held for trading or are managed and whose performance is evaluated on a fair value basis are measured at FVTPL.

5) Assessment whether contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest

For the purposes of this assessment, 'principal' is defined as the fair value of the financial assets on initial recognition. 'Interest' is defined as consideration for the time value of money and for the credit risk associated with the principal amount outstanding during a particular period of time and for other basic lending risks and costs, as well as a profit margin.

In assessing whether the contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest, the Company considers the contractual terms of the instrument. This includes assessing whether the financial asset contains a contractual term that could change the timing or amount of contractual cash flows such that it would not meet this condition. In making this assessment, the Company considers:

- · contingent events that would change the amount or timing of cash flows;
- · terms that may adjust the contractual coupon rate, including variable rate features;
- · prepayment and extension features; and
- terms that limit the Company's claim to cash flows from specified assets (e.g. non-recourse features)

6) Impairment of financial assets

The Company recognizes loss allowances for expected credit losses (ECL) on financial assets measured at amortized cost (including cash and cash equivalents, financial assets measured at amortized costs, notes and trade receivables, other receivables, leases receivable, guarantee deposit paid and other financial assets), debt investments measured at FVOCI and contract assets.

The Company measures loss allowances at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit loss (ECL), except for the following which are measured as 12-month ECL:

- · debt securities that are determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date; and
- other debt securities and bank balances for which credit risk (i.e. the risk of default occurring over the expected life of the financial instrument) has not increased significantly since initial recognition.

Loss allowance for trade receivables and contract assets are always measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECL.

12-month ECLs are the portion of ECLs that result from default events that are possible within the 12 months after the reporting date (or a shorter period if the expected life of the instrument is less than 12 months).

The maximum period considered when estimating ECLs is the maximum contractual period over which the Company is exposed to credit risk.

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECL, the Company considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis based on the Company's historical experience and informed credit assessment as well as forward-looking information.

The Company assumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly if it is more than 90 days past due.

The Company considers a financial asset to be in default when the financial asset is more than 360 days past due or the debtor is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Company in full.

Lifetime ECLs are the ECLs that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument.

ECLs are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all cash shortfalls (i.e the difference between the cash flows due to the Company in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Company expects to receive). ECLs are discounted at the effective interest rate of the financial asset.

At each reporting date, the Company assesses whether financial assets carried at amortized cost and debt securities at FVOCI are credit-impaired. A financial asset is 'credit-impaired' when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial assets is credit-impaired includes the following observable data:

- · significant financial difficulty of the borrower or issuer;
- · a breach of contract such as a default or being more than 90 days past due;
- the lender of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession that the lender would not otherwise consider;
- ·it is probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization; or
- · the disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties.

Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortized cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the assets. For debt securities at FVOCI, the loss allowance is charged to profit or loss and is recognized in other comprehensive income instead of reducing the carrying amount of the asset.

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off when the Company has no reasonable expectations of recovering a financial asset in its entirety or a portion thereof. However, financial assets that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities in order to comply with the Company's procedures for recovery of amounts due.

7) Derecognition of financial assets

The Company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and it does not retain control of the financial asset.

The Company enters into transactions whereby it transfers assets recognized in its statement of balance sheet, but retains either all or substantially all of the risks and rewards of the transferred assets. In these cases, the transferred assets are not derecognized.

- (ii) Financial liabilities and equity instruments
 - 1) Classification of debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments issued by the Company are classified as financial liabilities or equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

2) Exchangeable bonds

Exchangeable bonds issued by the Company are recorded as embedded derivative and host contract, respectively. The derivatives are classified into financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss.

3) Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified as measured at amortized cost or FVTPL. A financial liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held-for-trading, it is a derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition. Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value and net gains and losses, including any interest expense, are recognized in profit or loss.

Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is also recognized in profit or loss.

4) Other financial liabilities

Financial liabilities that are not classified as held-for-trading or measured at fair value through profit or loss, which comprise loans and account payable, and other payables, are measured at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction cost at the time of initial recognition. Subsequent to initial recognition, they are measured at amortized cost calculated using the effective interest method. Interest expense not capitalized as capital cost is recognized in non-operating income and expense, and is included in other gains and losses.

5) Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Company derecognizes a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled, or expire. The Company also derecognizes a financial liability when its terms are modified and the cash flows of the modified liability are substantially different, in which case a new financial liability based on the modified terms is recognized at fair value.

On derecognition of a financial liability, the difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability extinguished and the consideration paid (including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed) is recognized in profit or loss.

6) Offsetting of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statement of balance sheet when, and only when, the Company currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and it intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

(iii) Derivative financial instruments and hedge accounting

The Company holds derivative financial instruments to hedge its foreign currency exposures. Embedded derivatives are separated from the host contract and accounted for separately if the host contract is not a financial asset and certain criteria are met.

Derivatives are initially measured at fair value. Subsequent to initial recognition, derivatives are measured at fair value, and changes therein are generally recognized in profit or loss.

Embedded derivatives are separated from the host contract and accounted for separately if the economic characteristics and risks of the non-financial asset's host contract are not closely related to the embedded derivatives and the host contract is not measured at FVTPL.

The Company assigned parts of hedge instruments (derivate financial instruments) to hedge its cash flow.

At initial designated hedging relationships, the Company documents the risk management objectives and strategy for undertaking the hedge. The Company also documents the economic relationship between the hedged item and the hedging instrument, including whether the changes in cash flows of the hedged items and hedging instrument are expected to offset each other.

(g) Inventories

The cost of inventories shall comprise all costs of purchase and other costs incurred in bring the inventories to their present location and condition. Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Inventory write-downs are made on an item-by-item basis. Cost is determined using the weighted-average method. Net realizable value is based on the estimated selling price of inventories; less, all further costs to completion and all relevant marketing and selling costs. Related expenses/losses and incomes of inventory are included in the cost of sales.

(h) Investment in associates

Associates are those entities in which the Company has significant influence, but not control, over the financial and operating policies. Significant influence is presumed to exist when the Company holds between 20% and 50% of the voting power of another entity.

Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method and are recognized initially at cost. The cost of the investment includes transaction costs. The carrying amount of the investment in associates includes goodwill arising from the acquisition less any accumulated impairment losses.

The parent company only financial statements include the Company's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of equity-accounted investees, after adjustments to align the accounting policies with those of the Company from the date that significant influence commences until the date that significant influence ceases.

Gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Company and an associate are recognized only to the extent of unrelated the Company's interests in the associate.

If an associate issues new shares and the Company does not acquire new shares in proportion to its original ownership percentage but still have significant effect, the change in the equity shall be used to adjust the capital surplus or retained earnings, and investments are accounted for using equity method. If it resulted in a decrease in the ownership interest, except for the adjustments mentioned above, the related amount previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate will be reclassified proportionately on the same basis as if the Company had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

(i) Investment in subsidiaries

Subsidiaries that the Company has significant influence over their financial and operating policies are accounted for using the equity method. Under equity method, profit or loss and comprehensive income in the parent company only financial statements are consistent with the profit or loss and the comprehensive income that are attributable to the owners of the parent in the consolidated financial statements. In addition, equity in the parent company only financial statements are consistent with the equity attributable to owners in the consolidated financial statements.

The Company recognizes any changes in its subsidiaries' equity, which did not result in the changes of its influence within the transaction regarding its owners' equity.

(j) Investment property

Investment property is property held either to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or for both, but not for sale in the ordinary course of business, use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes. Investment property is measured at cost on initial recognition, and subsequently at cost, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation expense is calculated based on the depreciation method, useful life, and residual value which are the same as those adopted for property, plant and equipment.

Any gain or loss on disposal of an investment property (calculated as the difference between the net proceeds from disposal and the carrying amount) is recognized in profit or loss.

Rental income from investment property is recognized as other revenue on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Lease incentives granted are recognized as an integral part of the total rental income, over the term of the lease.

- (k) Property, plant and equipment
 - (i) Recognition and measurement

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost, less, accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognized in profit or loss.

(ii) Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalized only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Company.

(iii) Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated on the cost of an asset less its residual value and is recognized in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of each component of an item of property, plant and equipment.

Land is not depreciated.

The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment for current and comparative periods are as follows:

- 1) Buildings and improvements: 5~55 years
- 2) Transportation, office equipment and others: 2~9 years

Depreciation methods, useful lives, and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date. If expectations differ from the previous estimates, the change(s) is accounted for as a change in an accounting estimate.

(iv) Reclassification to investment property

A property is reclassified to investment property at its carrying amount when the use of the property changes from owner-occupied to investment property.

(l) Leases

The Company assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease on the date of its establishment, and a contract is or contains a lease if the contract transfers control over the use of the identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

(i) As a leasee

The Company recognizes a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. In addition, the right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be reliably determined, the Company's incremental borrowing rate. Generally, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise the following:

- fixed payments, including in-substance fixed payments;
- variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee; and
- payments for purchase or termination options that are reasonably certain to be exercised.

The lease liability is measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when:

- there is a change in future lease payments arising from the change in an index or rate; or
- there is a change in the Company's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee; or
- there is a change in the lease term resulting from a change of its assessment on whether it will exercise an option to purchase the underlying assets, or
- there is a change of its assessment on whether it will exercise a extension or termination option; or
- there is any lease modifications

When the lease liability is remeasured, other than lease modifications, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or in profit and loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

When the lease liability is remeasured to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease for lease modifications that decrease the scope of the lease, the Company accounts for the remeasurement of the lease liability by decreasing the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease, and recognize in profit or loss any gain or loss relating to the partial or full termination of the lease.

The Company presents right-of-use assets that do not meet the definition of investment and lease liabilities as a separate line item respectively in the statement of financial position.

The Company has elected not to recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for shortterm leases and leases of low-value assets, including office building and office equipment. The Company recognizes the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

From January 1, 2021, when the basis for determining future lease payments changes as required by interest rate benchmark reform, the Company will remeasure the lease liability by discounting the revised lease payments using the revised discount rate that reflects the change to an alternative benchmark interest rate.

As a practical expedient, the Company elects not to assess whether all rent concessions that meets all the following conditions are lease modifications or not:

- the rent concessions occurring as a direct consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic;
- the change in lease payments that resulted in revised consideration for the lease that is substantially the same as, or less than, the consideration for the lease immediately preceding the change;
- any reduction in lease payments that affects only those payments originally due on, or before, June 30, 2022; and
- there is no substantive change in other terms and conditions of the lease.

In accordance with the practical expedient, the effect of the change in the lease liability is reflected in profit or loss in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the rent concession occurs.

(ii) As a lessor

When the Company acts as a lessor, it determines at lease commencement whether each lease is a finance lease or an operating lease. To classify each lease, the Company makes an overall assessment of whether the lease transfers to the lessee substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership incidental to ownership of the underlying asset. If this is the case, then the lease is a finance lease; if not, then the lease is an operating lease. As part of this assessment, the Company considers certain indicators such as whether the lease is for the major part of the economic life of the asset.

When the Company is an intermediate lessor, it accounts for its interests in the head lease and the sub-lease separately. It assesses the lease classification of a sub-lease with reference to the right-of-use asset arising from the head lease, not with reference to the underlying asset. If a head lease is a short-term lease to which the Company applies the exemption described above, then it classifies the sub-lease as an operating lease.

If an arrangement contains lease and non-lease components, the Company applies IFRS15 to allocate the consideration in the contract.

The lessor recognizes a finance lease receivable at an amount equal to its net investment in the lease. Initial direct costs, such as lessors to negotiate and arrange a lease, are included in the measurement of the net investment. The lessor recognizes the interest income over the lease term based on a pattern reflecting a constant periodic rate of return on the lessor's net investment in the lease. The Company recognizes lease payments received under operating leases as income on a straight-line basis over the lease term as rental income'.

(m) Intangible assets

Intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses.

The amortized amount is the cost of an asset less its residual value. Amortization is recognized in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of intangible assets from the date that they are available for use. The estimated useful lives for the current and comparative periods are as follows:

- (i) Computer software: 2~8 years
- (ii) Patents: Amortization is recognized using the term of patent contract. The estimated live is 16 years
- (iii) Other intangible asset: 3 years

The residual value, amortization period, and amortization method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life shall be reviewed at least annually at each fiscal year-end. Any change shall be accounted for as changes in accounting estimates.

(n) Impairment - non-derivative financial assets

At each reporting date, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its non-financial assets (other than inventories, contract assets, deferred tax assets) to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. Goodwill is tested annually for impairment.

For impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or CGUs. Goodwill arising from a business combination is allocated to CGUs or groups of CGUs that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

The recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or CGU.

An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount.

(o) Provisions

A provision is recognized if, as a result of a past event, the Company has a present obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation.

(i) Warranties

A provision for warranties is recognized when the underlying products or services are sold, based on historical warranty data and a weighting of all possible outcomes against their associated probabilities.

(ii) Legal proceedings and royalties

Legal proceedings and royalties are estimated at the expected relevant cost based on historical experiences.

(p) Revenue from contracts with customers

Revenue is measured based on the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer. The Company recognizes revenue when it satisfies a performance obligation by transferring control of a good or a service to a customer.

The main operating activities of the Company is research, development, and sales of LANs and spare part for integrated circuits. The Company recognizes revenue when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the customer, the customer has full discretion over the channel and price to sell the products, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specific location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customer, and either the customer has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, the acceptance provisions have lapsed, or the Company has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.

The Company often offers volume discounts to its customers. Revenue from these sales is recognized based on the price specified in the contract, net of the estimated volume discounts. Accumulated experience is used to estimate the discounts, using the expected value method, and revenue is only recognized to the extent that it is highly probable that a significant reversal will not occur. A refund liability is recognized for expected volume discounts payable to customers in relation to sales made until the end of the reporting period.

The Company offers a standard warranty for the consumer electronics sold to provide assurance that the product complies with agreed-upon specifications and has recognized warranty provisions for this obligation; please refer to note 4(0).

A receivable is recognized when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the Company has a right to an amount of consideration that is unconditional.

In case of fixed-price contracts, the customers the fixed amount based on a payment schedule. If the services rendered by the Company exceed the payment, a contract asset is recognized.

A contract liability is a the Company's obligation to transfer goods to a customer for which the Company has received consideration.

(q) Employee benefits

(i) Defined contribution plans

Obligations for contributions to defined contribution pension plans are recognized as an employee benefit expense in profit or loss in the periods during which services are rendered by the employees.

(ii) Defined benefit plans

The Company's net obligation in respect of defined benefit plans is calculated by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in the current and prior periods, discounting that amount and deducting the fair value of any plan assets.

The calculation of defined benefit obligations is performed annually by a qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method. When the calculation results in a potential asset for the Company, the recognized asset is limited to the present value of economic benefits available in the form of any future refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan. To calculate the present value of economic benefits, consideration is given to any applicable minimum funding requirements.

Remeasurements of the net defined benefit liability, which comprise actuarial gains and losses, the return on plan assets (excluding interest) and the effect of the asset ceiling (if any, excluding interest), are recognized immediately in other comprehensive income, and accumulated in retained earnings. The Company determines the net interest expense (income) on the net defined benefit liability (asset) for the period by applying the discount rate used to measure the defined benefit obligation at the beginning of the annual period to the then-net defined benefit liability (asset). Net interest expense and other expenses related to defined benefit plans are recognized in profit or loss.

When the benefits of a plan are changed or when a plan is curtailed, the resulting change in benefit that relates to past service or the gain or loss on curtailment is recognized immediately in profit or loss. The Company recognizes gains and losses on the settlement of a defined benefit plan when the settlement occurs.

(iii) Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is recognized for the amount expected to be paid if the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

(r) Income Taxes

Income taxes comprise current taxes and deferred taxes. Except for expenses related to business combinations or recognized directly in equity or other comprehensive income, all current and deferred taxes are recognized in profit or loss.

The Company has determined that interest and penalties related to income taxes, including uncertain tax treatment, do not meet the definition of income taxes, and therefore accounted for them under IAS37.

Current taxes comprise the expected tax payables or receivables on the taxable profits (losses) for the year and any adjustment to the tax payable or receivable in respect of previous years. The amount of current tax payables or receivables are the best estimate of the tax amount expected to be paid or received that reflects uncertainty related to income taxes, if any. It is measured using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred taxes arise due to temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and their tax bases. Deferred taxes shall not be recognized for the following exceptions:

- temporary differences on the initial recognition of assets and liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profits (losses) at the time of the transaction;
- (ii) temporary differences related to investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint arrangements to the extent that the Company is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that they will not reverse in the foreseeable future; and
- (iii) taxable temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of goodwill.

Deferred taxes are measured at tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reserve, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date, and reflect uncertainty related to income taxes, if any.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if the following criteria are met:

- The entity has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities; and
- (ii) The deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either:
 - 1) the same taxable entity; or
 - 2) different taxable entities which intend either to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis, or to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for the carry forward of unused tax losses, unused tax credits, and deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefits will be realized; such reductions are reversed when the probability of future taxable profits improves.

(s) Earnings per share

The Company discloses the Company's basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to ordinary equity holders. The calculation of basic earnings per share is based on the profit attributable to the ordinary shareholders of the Company divided by the weighted-average number of ordinary shares outstanding. The calculation of diluted earnings per share is based on the profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company, divided by the weighted-average number of ordinary shares outstanding after adjustment for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares, such as convertible notes, employee stock options, and employee bonus settled using shares that have yet to be approved by the Board of Directors meeting. The effect on net income per common share from the increase in stock from the transfer of unappropriated earnings, capital surplus, and employee profit sharing is computed retroactively.

(t) Operating segments

The Company discloses the information of operating segments in the consolidated financial statements. Therefore, the Company does not disclose such information in the parent company only financial statements.

(5) Significant accounting assumptions and judgments, and major sources of estimation uncertainty:

The preparation of the parent company only financial statements in conformity with the Regulations and the IFRSs endorsed by the FSC requires management to make judgments, estimates, and assumptions that affect the application of the accounting policies and the reported amount of assets, liabilities, income, and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The management continues to monitor the accounting estimates and assumptions. The management recognizes any changes in accounting estimates during the period and the impact of those changes in accounting estimates in the next period.

(a) Valuation of inventories

As inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value, the Company estimates the net realizable value of inventories for obsolescence and unmarketable items at the end of the reporting period and then writes down the cost of inventories to net realizable value. The net realizable value of the inventory is mainly determined based on assumptions as to future demand within a specific time horizon. Due to the rapid industrial transformation, there may be significant changes in the net realizable value of inventories.

(b) Judgment on whether company has substantial control over invested company

The Company held 41.58% of issued shares of Cameo Communication, Inc., and the remaining shares were held by related parties including corporate shareholders and minority shareholders that have more than 5% of the shares. Based on the previous experience, it is unlikely the Company would obtain more than half of the directors' seats and the voting rights of the shareholders meeting. As a result, the Company has no substantial control over Cameo Communication, Inc.

(6) Explanation of significant accounts:

(a) Cash and Cash Equivalents

| | Dec | ember 31, 2021 | December 31, 2020 |
|------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------|
| Cash on hand | \$ | 191 | 265 |
| Checking and saving accounts | | 151,200 | 227,086 |
| Cash equivalents | | - | 1,550,000 |
| | \$ | 151,391 | 1,777,351 |

Please refer to 6(w) for the currency risk in financial assets and liabilities and their sensitivity analysis.

A time deposit is qualified as a cash equivalent when it has a maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition and it is held for the purpose of short-term cash commitments. Otherwise, they are classified as other current assets.

- (b) Financial Assets and Liabilities
 - (i) Details as follows

Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss:

| | December 31, 2021 | | December 31, 2020 |
|--|----------------------|-------|----------------------|
| Mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss - current | | | |
| Cross currency swaps | \$ <u> </u> | - | 20,861 |
| Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss – current | | | |
| Cross currency swaps | \$ | 9,803 | 167 |
| Forward foreign exchange contracts | | - | 57 |
| Cross currency swaps | <u>\$</u> | 9,803 | 224 |
| Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income – non-current | | | |
| Cameo Communication, Inc. (CAMEO) | \$ | - | 364,655 |

- On February 17, 2021, the Company increased investment in Cameo and the shareholding ratio increased from 17.35% to 41.58%. The Company transferred financial assets from financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income to investments accounted for using equity method and reclassified financial assets from other equity loss \$54,847 thousand to retained earnings.
- For disclosures on credit, currency and interest rate risks in financial instruments, please refer to note 6(w).

- 3) As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, no financial assets are pledged as collateral.
- (ii) Sensitivity analysis equity market price risk:

If the security price changes, and if it is on the same basis for both years and assumes that all other variables remain the same, the impact on other comprehensive income will be as follows:

| | 202 | 21 | 2020 | | |
|----------------------------------|---|----------------------------|---|----------------------------|--|
| Security price at reporting date | After-tax other comprehensive income (loss) | After-tax profit (loss) | After-tax other comprehensive income (loss) | After-tax profit (loss) | |
| Increase 3% | \$ <u> </u> | | 10,940 | | |
| Decrease 3% | \$ <u> </u> | - | (10,940) | - | |

(iii) Non-hedging-derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments are used to hedge certain foreign exchange and interest risk in which the Company is exposed to arising from its operating, financing and investing activities. As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, transactions that do not qualify for hedging accounting are presented as held-for-treading financial assets were as follows:

1) Derivative financial assets

| | | December 31, 2021 | | | December 31, 2020 | | | |
|----------------|--------|-----------------------------|----------|---------------|----------------------------------|----------|---------------------|--|
| | ar | ontract nount ousand) | Currency | Maturity date | Contract amount (thousand) | Currency | Maturity date | |
| Cross currency | swaps: | | | | | | | |
| JPY | \$ | - | - | - | 1,800,000 | JPY | 2021.01~ 2021.06 | |
| EUR | | - | - | - | 10,000 | EUR | 2021.01 | |

2) Derivative financial liabilities

| | | December 31, 2021 | | | December 31, 2020 | | | |
|--|-----|--------------------|----------|---------------------|-------------------|----------|---------------|--|
| | | Contract amount | | Contract amount | | | | |
| | (tl | housand) | Currency | Maturity date | (thousand) | Currency | Maturity date | |
| Cross currency swaps | : | | | | | | | |
| USD | \$ | 1,700 | USD | 2022.02 | 1,700 | USD | 2021.03 | |
| EUR | | 10,000 | EUR | 2022.02 | - | - | - | |
| JPY | | 1,800,000 | JPY | 2022.01~ 2022.03 | - | - | - | |
| Forward foreign exchange contracts: | | | | | | | | |
| EUR | | - | - | - | 500 | EUR | 2021.03 | |

(c) Notes and accounts receivable (including related parties) and other receivables

| | Dec | ember 31, 2021 | December 31, 2020 |
|--|-------------|-------------------|----------------------|
| Notes receivable for operating activities | \$ | 5,283 | 2,646 |
| Accounts receivable (including related parties) for operating activities | | 225,117 | 259,564 |
| Other receivables | | 240,518 | 26,642 |
| | | 470,918 | 288,852 |
| Less: allowance for doubtful accounts | | (888) | (1,096) |
| | \$ <u> </u> | 470,030 | 287,756 |

The Company applies the simplified approach to provide for its expected credit losses, i.e. the use of lifetime expected loss provision for all notes and accounts receivables. To measure the expected credit losses, trade receivables have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due, as well as incorporated forward looking information. The loss allowance provision as of 2021 and 2020 was determined as follows:

| | December 31, 2021 | | | | |
|--------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| | | ss carrying mount | Weighted- average loss rate | Loss allowance provision | |
| Current | \$ | 455,439 | 0.18% | 842 | |
| 90 days or less past due | | 15,479 | 0.30% | 46 | |
| | \$ <u></u> | 470,918 | | 888 | |

| | Do ss carrying mount | ecember 31, 2020 Weighted- average loss rate | Loss allowance provision |
|--------------------------|----------------------------|---|--------------------------------|
| Current | \$ 285,002 | 0.38% | 1,076 |
| 90 days or less past due | 2,988 | 0.67% | 20 |
| 181 to 270 days past due | 569 | -% | - |
| 271 to 360 days past due | 293 | -% | |
| | \$ 288,852 | | 1,096 |

The movement in the allowance for notes and accounts receivable and other receivables were as follows:

| | 2 | 2021 | 2020 |
|---------------------------------------|----|-------|-------|
| Balance at January 1, 2021 and 2020 | \$ | 1,096 | 1,743 |
| Impairment loss recognized | | (208) | (647) |
| Balance at December 31, 2021 and 2020 | \$ | 888 | 1,096 |

(Continued)

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(d) Inventories

| | ember 31, 2021 | December 31, 2020 |
|----------------|-------------------|----------------------|
| Finished goods | \$ 88,874 | 127,022 |

The operating cost comprises of cost of goods sold, write-down loss (reversal gain) of inventories to net realizable value, warranty costs and other loss (gain). For the year ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, the cost of goods delivered were \$495,756 thousand and \$620,633 thousand, respectively. The warranty expenses, inventory losses from obsolescence and others amounted to \$21,580 thousand and \$29,064 thousand for the year ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively. Recognized loss of inventories to net realizable value is recorded as cost of goods sold by \$3,545 thousand for the year ended December 31, 2021, because of increased stocking due to shortage of materials and increased logistics time. Reversal gain of inventories to net realizable value is recorded as decrease of cost of goods sold by \$10,511 thousand for the year ended December 31, 2020, because of out of stock in the market and active sales of inventory.

As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, no inventories were pledged as collateral.

(e) Investments accounted for using equity methods

Investments accounted for using equity methods were as follows:

| | De | cember 31, 2021 | December 31, 2020 |
|---|-----------|--------------------|----------------------|
| Subsidiaries | \$ | 7,273,419 | 7,869,038 |
| Associates | | 1,394,856 | |
| | | 8,668,275 | 7,869,038 |
| Less: Credit balance of equity investment (In other non-current | | | |
| liabilities) | | (752,453) | (667,569) |
| | <u>\$</u> | 7,915,822 | 7,201,469 |

- YEOCHIA, the Company's the investment accounted for using equity method, reduced its capital by cash in 2021, and the Company received cash for \$200,000 thousand.
- D-Link Canada, the Company's investment accounted for using equity method, reduced its capital by cash in 2021, and the Company received cash for \$67,512 thousand (CAD\$3,000 thousand).
- (iii) YEOCHIA and YEOMAO, the Company's the investment accounted for using equity method, carried out liquidation procedure in December 2021.
- (iv) During 2020, the Company disposed of Alpha Networks Inc., an equity-accounted investee, and recognized disposal proceeds of \$1,250,434 thousand.
 - 1) Subsidiaries

Please refer to the 2021 consolidated financial statements.

2) Associates

| Name of Associate | Name of relationship with the Company | place of business/ Registered Country | ship interest/ crights held December 31, 2020 | | | |
|---|--|--|--|-------|--|--|
| Alpha Networks, Inc. (Alpha) | The major business are research, developments, design, manufacturing and selling broadband products, wireless products, computer networks system equipment and its components. | Taiwan | - 9 | 6 - % | | |
| Cameo Communication, Inc. (Cameo) | The major business activities are manufacturing and selling of network system equipment and its components, as well as researching and developing of related technologies. It is the supplier of the Company. | Taiwan | 41.58 % | 6 - % | | |

Princinal

1) The financial information of Alpha was summarized as follows:

| | | November 30, 2020 (Unaudited) |
|--|----|-------------------------------------|
| Current assets | \$ | 21,809,621 |
| Non-current assets | | 6,198,278 |
| Current liabilities | | 14,178,386 |
| Non-current liabilities | - | 1,320,201 |
| Net assets | \$ | 12,509,312 |
| Net assets attributable to non-controlling interests | \$ | 2,981,613 |
| Net assets attributable to investee's shareholders | \$ | 9,527,699 |

| | 2020.1. ~2020.11 (Unaudited) |
|---|------------------------------------|
| Operating revenue | \$ <u>28,570,311</u> |
| Net income | \$ 558,270 |
| Other comprehensive loss | 93,124 |
| Total comprehensive income | \$ <u>651,394</u> |
| Total comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interest | \$ 134,446 |
| Total comprehensive income attributable to investee's shareholders | \$ 516,948 |
| | 2020.1. ~2020.11 (Unaudited) |
| The Company's share in associate's net assets at beginning of year | \$ 1,920,299 |
| Comprehensive income attributable to the Company | 109,284 |
| Changes in equity of associates using equity method | (170,642) |
| Dividends received during the year | (36,534) |
| Less: exchange of exchangeable bond and sell of shares | (1,823,805) |
| The Company's share in associate's net assets at end of year | (1,398) |
| Add: goodwill | 1,398 |
| Carrying amounts of investments accounted for using equity method at ending of year | \$ <u> </u> |
| The financial information on Cameo is summarized as follows: | |
| | December 31, 2021 |
| Current assets | \$ 1,693,178 |
| Non-current assets | 3,397,654 |
| Current liabilities | 875,644 |
| Non-current liabilities | 1,084,837 |
| Net assets | \$ <u>3,130,351</u> |
| Net assets attributable to investee's shareholders | \$ <u>3,130,351</u> |

2)
| | For the year ended December 31, 2021 |
|--|---|
| Operating revenue | \$ <u>2,479,234</u> |
| Net Income | \$ 390,654 |
| Other comprehensive loss | (57,188) |
| Total comprehensive loss | \$333,466 |
| Total comprehensive loss attributable to investee's shareholders | \$ 333,466 |
| | For the year ended December 31, 2021 |
| The Company's share in associate's net assets at beginning of year | \$ - |
| Comprehensive income attributable to the Company | 189,571 |
| Increase of investment | 1,111,981 |
| The Company's share in associate's net assets at end of year | 1,301,552 |
| Less: unrealized gains | (9,185) |
| Add: goodwill | 102,489 |
| Carrying amounts of investments accounted for using equity method | \$ <u>1,394,856</u> |

(v) The market value of public listed or OTC investees of the Company accounted for using equity method was as follows:

| | December 31, 2021 | | December 31, 2020 |
|-------|----------------------|-----------|----------------------|
| Cameo | \$ | 1,567,876 | |

The Company originally held 17.35% shares of Cameo and accounted for financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income \$414,471 thousand. The Company increased investments amounted \$799,999 thousand in Cameo on February 17, 2021 and became to hold 41.58% shares of Cameo after increasing investments. Therefore, the Company had a significant influence on Cameo and accounted for investments accounted for using equity methods.

(vi) Pledges

As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, no investment accounted for using equity methods is pledged as collateral.

(f) Right-of-use assets

The Company leases buildings. Information about leases is presented below:

| | Buildings |
|------------------------------|------------------|
| Cost: | |
| Balance at January 1, 2021 | \$ 16,065 |
| Increase | 3,214 |
| Decrease | (958) |
| Balance at December 31, 2021 | \$ <u>18,321</u> |
| Balance at January 1, 2020 | \$ 19,982 |
| Decrease | (3,917) |
| Balance at December 31, 2020 | \$ <u>16,065</u> |
| Accumulated Depreciation: | |
| Balance at January 1, 2021 | \$ 4,137 |
| Increase | 3,639 |
| Decrease | (958) |
| Balance at December 31, 2021 | \$ <u>6,818</u> |
| Balance at January 1, 2020 | \$ 751 |
| Increase | 3,901 |
| Decrease | (515) |
| Balance at December 31, 2020 | \$ <u>4,137</u> |
| Carrying amount: | |
| Balance at December 31, 2021 | \$ <u>11,503</u> |
| Balance at December 31, 2020 | \$11,928 |
| Balance at January 1, 2020 | \$ 19,231 |

(g) Property, plant and equipment

| | 2021 | | | | | |
|------------------------------|------|-----------------------------|----------|----------|----------|---------------------------------------|
| | | lance as of 1ary 1, 2021 | Increase | Decrease | Transfer | Balance as of December 31, 2021 |
| Cost: | | | | | | |
| Land | \$ | 531,453 | - | - | - | 531,453 |
| Buildings | | 548,086 | 717 | - | - | 548,803 |
| Others | | 722,347 | 30,884 | 126,777 | - | 626,454 |
| | | 1,801,886 | 31,601 | 126,777 | - | 1,706,710 |
| Accumulated depreciation: | | | | | | |
| Buildings | | 425,572 | 4,992 | - | - | 430,564 |
| Others | | 623,929 | 51,487 | 126,777 | - | 548,639 |
| | | 1,049,501 | 56,479 | 126,777 | - | 979,203 |
| | \$ | 752,385 | (24,878) | | - | 727,507 |
| | | | | | | |

2021

(Continued)

| | | | | 2020 | | |
|------------------------------|----|-----------------------------|----------|----------|----------|---------------------------------------|
| | | lance as of 1ary 1, 2020 | Increase | Decrease | Transfer | Balance as of December 31, 2020 |
| Cost: | | | | | | |
| Land | \$ | 531,453 | - | - | - | 531,453 |
| Buildings | | 546,598 | 1,488 | - | - | 548,086 |
| Others | | 692,533 | 61,366 | 31,552 | - | 722,347 |
| | | 1,770,584 | 62,854 | 31,552 | - | 1,801,886 |
| Accumulated depreciation: | | | | | | |
| Buildings | | 420,324 | 5,248 | - | - | 425,572 |
| Others | | 604,460 | 50,888 | 31,419 | - | 623,929 |
| | _ | 1,024,784 | 56,136 | 31,419 | - | 1,049,501 |
| | \$ | 745,800 | 6,718 | 133 | - | 752,385 |

As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, no property, plant and equipment were pledged as collateral.

(h) Investment property

| | | | 2021 | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|---------------------------------------|
| | ance as of ary 1, 2021 | Increase | Decrease | Transfer | Balance as of December 31, 2021 |
| Cost: | | | | | |
| Land | \$ 30,000 | - | - | - | 30,000 |
| Buildings | 22,196 | | - | | 22,196 |
| | 52,196 | | - | | 52,196 |
| Accumulated Depreciation: | | | | | |
| Buildings | 11,924 | 396 | - | | 12,320 |
| Accumulated impairment: | | | | | |
| Buildings | 1,000 | - | - | - | 1,000 |
| | \$ 39,272 | (396) | - | - | 38,876 |

| | | | 2020 | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------|------------|--------------------|---------------------------------------|
| | ance as of ary 1, 2020 | Increase | Decrease | Transfer | Balance as of December 31, 2020 |
| Cost: | | | | | |
| Land | \$ 30,000 | - | - | - | 30,000 |
| Buildings | 22,196 | | - | | 22,196 |
| | 52,196 | | - | | 52,196 |
| Accumulated Depreciation: | | | | | |
| Buildings | 11,527 | 397 | - | | 11,924 |
| Accumulated impairment: | | | | | |
| Buildings | 1,000 | | - | | 1,000 |
| | \$ 39,669 | (397) | - | | 39,272 |
| | | | De | cember 31, 2021 | December 31, 2020 |
| Book value | | | \$ <u></u> | 38,876 | 39,272 |
| Fair value | | | \$ | 51,328 | 51,328 |

Investment properties are commercial real estate that are leased to third parties. The lease contract includes an initial non-cancellable period of 3 years. Subsequent renewals are negotiated with the lessee and no contingent rents are charged. For further information of rental income, please refer to note 6(u). Besides, direct operating expenses related to investment property were \$296 thousand and \$301 thousand in 2021 and 2020, respectively.

As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the fair value of investment property was evaluated based on the comparable deal information with similar location and category or appraisal report.

As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, no investment property was pledged as collateral.

(i) Intangible assets

| | 2021 | | | | | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------|--------|----------|----------|--------------|---------------------------|
| | Balance as of January 1, | | Ţ | | | Balance as of December |
| | | 2021 | Increase | Decrease | Amortization | 31, 2021 |
| Patents | \$ | 17,720 | - | - | (2,692) | 15,028 |
| Computer software costs | | 43,113 | 4,147 | (2,322) | (25,799) | 19,139 |
| Other intangible assets | | 13,467 | 10,097 | | (12,269) | 11,295 |
| | \$ | 74,300 | 14,244 | (2,322) | (40,760) | 45,462 |

| | 2020 | | | | | |
|-------------------------|------|--------------------------------|----------|----------|--------------|---------------------------------------|
| | | ance as of nuary 1, 2020 | Increase | Decrease | Amortization | Balance as of December 31, 2020 |
| Patents | \$ | 20,411 | - | - | (2,691) | 17,720 |
| Computer software costs | | 75,488 | 2,849 | - | (35,224) | 43,113 |
| Other intangible assets | | 27,033 | | - | (13,566) | 13,467 |
| | \$ | 122,932 | 2,849 | | (51,481) | 74,300 |

(j) Long-term and short-term loans

The details requirements and terms of the long-term and short-term loans of the Company were as follows:

(i) Short-term Loans

| | Currency | Interest rate | Maturity year | December 31, 2021 | December 31, 2020 |
|--------------------------|----------|---------------|------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Other short-term loans | EUR | 1% | 2021~2022 \$ | 313,645 | 348,368 |
| Other short-term loans | JPY | 0.5% | 2021~2022 | 433,258 | 496,895 |
| Total | | | \$ | 746,903 | 845,263 |
| Unused credit facilities | | | \$ | 4,117,132 | 3,341,162 |

For further information on other short-term loans from the subsidiaries, please refer to note 7(b).

(ii) Long-term Loans

As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Company did not have long-term loans. As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the unused credit facilities amounted to \$500,000 thousand.

(k) Lease liabilities

The amounts of lease liabilities for the Company were as follows:

| | Deco | ember 31, 2021 | December 31, 2020 | |
|---|------|-------------------|----------------------|--|
| Current | \$ | 4,033 | 3,017 | |
| Non-current | \$ | 7,846 | 9,230 | |
| The amounts recognized in profit or loss were as follows: | | | | |
| | 2021 | | 2020 | |
| Interests on lease liabilities | \$ | 201 | 257 | |
| Expenses relating to short-term leases | \$ | 2,760 | 2,748 | |

The amounts recognized in the statement of cash flows for the Company were as follows:

| | 2 | 021 | 2020 |
|-------------------------------|----|-------|-------|
| Total cash outflow for leases | \$ | 6,543 | 6,712 |

Real estate leases

The Company leases buildings for its office space, and the leases of office space typically run for 2 to 5 years. Some leases include an option to renew the lease for an additional period of the same duration after the end of the contract term.

(l) Provisions - current

| | | | 20 | 21 | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|--------------------|------------|----------------|--------------------|---------------------------------------|
| | Balance as of January 1, 2021 | Increased | Used | Reversed | Effect of exchange | Balance as of December 31, 2021 |
| Warranties | \$ 69,562 | - | (5,378) | (1,324) | - | 62,860 |
| Legal proceedings and royalties | 132,650 | 52,431 | (9,248) | (55,628) | (1,138) | 119,067 |
| | \$ 202,212 | 52,431 | (14,626) | (56,952) | (1,138) | 181,927 |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | 20 | 20 | | |
| | Balance as of January 1, 2020 | Increased | 20 Used | 20 Reversed | Effect of exchange | Balance as of December 31, 2020 |
| Warranties | of January | Increased 8,649 | | | | December 31, |
| Warranties Legal proceedings and royalties | of January 1, 2020 | | Used | Reversed | | December 31, 2020 |

(m) Refund liabilities

| | Decemb 202 | , | December 31, 2020 |
|--------------------|---------------|--------|----------------------|
| Refund liabilities | \$ | 24,840 | 32,582 |

Due to the application of IFRS 15, the provision of sales allowance was reclassified from other payable to refund liabilities.

(n) Bonds payable

Exchangeable corporate bonds

| | D | ecember 31, 2020 |
|---|----|---------------------|
| Exchangeable bonds | \$ | 1,200,000 |
| Accumulated exchanged bonds | | (1,199,400) |
| Due payment | | (600) |
| | \$ | - |
| | | 2020 |
| Embedded derivative-loss measured at fair value, included in other gains and losses | \$ | 34,967 |
| Interest expense | \$ | 2,107 |

On June 17, 2020. the first unsecured exchangeable bonds with a 5-year maturity issued by the Company expired, and the OTC trading thereof was terminated on June 18, 2020. As of June 17, 2020. the day after the maturity date, the creditor has no exercised the right of exchange, the Company therefore, pursuant to Article 6 of the "Regulations Governing the Issuance and Exchange of Exchangeable Bonds", calculated the repayment amount based on the face value of the bond plus interest, totaling \$608 thousand. As of the reporting date, all payments have been paid.

The issue terms for the unsecured exchangeable bonds were as follows:

(i) Total issuance amount:

Total principal amount of the bonds is \$1.2 billion dollars. The par value of the bonds is one hundred thousand dollars, and they are issued at 100% of the par value. The total number of exchangeable bonds issued were 12 thousand units. As of December 31, 2021, the bondholders have already exchanged 11,994 units, and 6 units were due.

(ii) Duration:

June 17, 2015 to June 17, 2020.

- (iii) Coupon rate for the bonds is zero.
- (iv) Payment term

Except for the share exchange with Alpha's common shares by the bondholders based on article 10, or the put option exercised by the bondholders based on article 18, or the early redemption done by the Company based on article 17, or the buy back from the security company and retired by the Company, the Company will repay the principal and interest payable refund (with interest payable refund of 1.26% of the par value, and yield rate of 0.25%) upon maturity.

(v) Exchange period:

The exchangeable bonds may be exchanged into common shares of Alpha on or after July 18, 2015, and prior to June 17, 2020. For the year ended December 31, 2020, the bondholders exchanged 2,990 units amounted to \$299,000 thousand for 15,444 thousand of Alpha's common shares at \$19.36 per share and the Company recognized the profit amounted to \$139,965 thousand.

(vi) Exchange price:

The exchange price is calculated by using the simple average closing price of the Company's common shares based on either one, three or five consecutive business days before the effective date of June 9, 2015, multiplied by 105.26%. The exchange price is calculated based on the closing price (after considering the effect of ex rights or ex dividend) of Alpha's shares. The exchange price on issuance date was \$22. Since September 5, 2017, the conversion price was adjusted from \$22.31 to \$21.37. Since July 29, 2018 the conversion price was adjusted from \$21.37 to \$20.38. Since July 28, 2019 the conversion price was adjusted from \$20.38 to \$19.36.

(vii) Early redemption option:

From July 18, 2015 (1 month after the issuance date) to May 8, 2020 (forty days before the maturity date), if (i) the closing price of Alpha's common shares on the TSE for a period of 30 consecutive trading days before redemption has reached at least 30% of the exchange price in effect on each such trading day, or wherein, (ii) at least 90% of the principal amount of the bonds originally outstanding has been redeemed, repurchased or exchanged, the Company may redeem all bonds for cash at face value.

(viii) Put options:

Bondholders may exercise the put option and request the Company to redeem the bonds at 100% of the par value, plus, interest payable refund two years after the issuance with a redemption date of June 17, 2017. The Company will send a "Bondholder's Notice of Exercise of the Right to Sell" to the bondholders by registered mail 30 days before the selling back date, and instructs the counter trading center to announce that the holders of the exchange bauds have sold back. Exercising the right, the bondholder may notify the stock agency of the Company in writing within 30 days after the movement, request the Company to add the interest declutched by the denomination of the bond, and redeem the exchange bonds held by it in cash. Upon request, the Company shall redeem the bonds for cash within five trading days after the redemption date. The maturity of request that the Company redeem the bonds have been already reached. There are no Bondholder to exercise the put option till the redemption date of June 17, 2017.

(o) Employee benefits

 The reconciliation of the present value of the defined benefit obligations and fair value of plan assets for the Company were as follows:

| | Dec | ember 31, 2021 | December 31, 2020 | |
|--------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------|--|
| Present value of benefit obligations | \$ | 86,814 | 91,577 | |
| Fair value of plan assets | | (75,551) | (80,892) | |
| Deficit in the plan | \$ | 11,263 | 10,685 | |

Based on the Company's pension plan, each employee earns two months of salary for the first fifteen years of service, and one month of salary for each year of service thereafter. The maximum retirement benefit is forty-five months of salary. Payments of retirement benefits are based on the years of service and the average salaries for six months before the employee's retirement.

1) Composition of plan

The Company's allocates 2% of each employee's monthly wage to the labor pension personal account at Bank of Taiwan in accordance with the provisions of Labor Pension Act, whereby, the labor pension personal account will make pension payment in advance.

The Company's Bank of Taiwan labor pension reserve account balance amounted to \$75,551 thousand at the date of reporting date. For information on the utilization of the labor pension fund assets, including the asset allocation and yield of the fund, please refer to the website of the Labor Pension Fund Supervisory Committee.

2) Movements in the present value of the defined benefit obligations in 2021 and 2020 were as follows:

| | 2021 | 2020 |
|--|--------------|----------|
| Defined benefit obligation at January 1 | \$ 91,577 | 104,051 |
| Current service costs and interests | 1,197 | 2,186 |
| Remeasurement of the defined benefit liabilities | | |
| Actuarial gains from changes in demographic assumption | 118 | - |
| Actuarial (gains) losses from changes in the financial assumptions | (5,109) | 9,130 |
| Actuarial losses (gains) from changes in experience adjustments | 7,971 | (10,722) |
| Benefits paid by the plan | (8,940) | (13,068) |
| Defined benefit obligation at December 31 | \$ 86,814 | 91,577 |

3) Movements in the fair value of the plan assets

The movements in the present value of the plan assets in 2021 and 2020 for the Company were as follows:

| | 2021 | 2020 |
|---|--------------|----------|
| Fair value of plan assets at January 1 | \$ 80,892 | 87,839 |
| Interest income | 324 | 995 |
| Remeasurement of the defined benefit assets | | |
| Actuarial return on plan assets (excluding interests) | 1,293 | 2,942 |
| Contributions made | 1,982 | 2,184 |
| Benefits paid by the plan | (8,940) | (13,068) |
| Fair value of plan assets at December 31 | \$ 75,551 | 80,892 |

4) Expenses recognized in profit or loss

The Company's expenses recognized in profit or loss for 2021 and 2020 for the Company were as follow:

| | | 2021 | 2020 |
|--|-----------|------|-------|
| Current service costs | \$ | 831 | 1,019 |
| Net interest on the net defined benefit obligation | | 42 | 172 |
| | \$ | 873 | 1,191 |
| | | 2021 | 2020 |
| Operating costs | \$ | 14 | 23 |
| Selling expenses | | 485 | 615 |
| Administrative expenses | | 164 | 219 |
| Research and development expenses | | 210 | 334 |
| | <u>\$</u> | 873 | 1,191 |

 Remeasurement of the net define benefit liabilities recognized in other comprehensive income

The Company's remeasurement of the net define benefit liabilities recognized in other comprehensive income as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 were as follows:

| | 2021 | 2020 | |
|------------------------|--------------|---------|--|
| Balance on January 1 | \$ 47,330 | 51,864 | |
| Recognized | 1,687 | (4,534) | |
| Balance on December 31 | \$ 49,017 | 47,330 | |

(Continued)

6) Actuarial assumptions

The Company's principal actuarial assumptions at the reporting date were as follows:

| | 2021.12.31 | 2020.12.31 |
|-------------------------|------------|------------|
| Discount rate | 0.800 % | 0.400 % |
| Future salary increases | 3.000 % | 3.000 % |

The Company shall pay the expected contributions of \$1,665 thousand to the plan for the next annual reporting period.

The weighted average duration of defined benefit obligation is 14.00 years and 15.00 years in 2021 and 2020, respectively.

7) Sensitivity analysis

The impact on present value due to the changes in the actuarial assumptions in 2021 and 2020 was as follows:

| | Effective of defined benefit liabilities | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|---------|----------|--|
| | In | crease | Decrease | |
| December 31, 2021 | | | | |
| Discount rate (0.25% change) | \$ | (2,955) | 3,080 | |
| Future salary increase (0.25% change) | | 2,788 | (2,696) | |
| December 31, 2020 | | | | |
| Discount rate (0.25% change) | | (3,301) | 3,449 | |
| Future salary increase (0.25% change) | | 3,124 | (3,014) | |

The analysis of the impact of sensitivity is based on the situation that other assumptions remain constant. In actual situation, many changes in assumption might be linked. The way the Company used to calculate sensitively analysis is as same as the one used in calculating the net pension obligation.

The assumptions used to prepare sensitively analysis in this period are the same as the previous financial statements.

(ii) Defined contribution plans

The Company set aside 6% of the contribution rate of the employee's monthly wages to the labor pension personal account of the Bureau of the Labor Insurance in accordance with the provisions of the Labor Pension Act. The Company set aside a fixed amount to the Bureau of the Labor Insurance without the payment of additional legal or constructive obligations.

The amount of the Company's pension expenses under defined contribution pension plan in 2021 and 2020 were as follows and the amounts were contributed to the labor pension personal accounts of Bureau of the Labor Insurance:

| | | 2021 | 2020 |
|--------------------|----|--------|--------|
| Operating costs | \$ | 138 | 145 |
| Operating expenses | - | 34,177 | 36,261 |
| | \$ | 34,315 | 36,406 |

(p) Income Taxes

Income tax (benefits) expenses for the years ended 2021 and 2020 were summarized as follows:

| | | 2021 | 2020 |
|--------------------------------------|----|---------|--------|
| Current income tax (benefit) expense | \$ | (3,150) | 43,459 |
| Deferred tax expense | _ | 2,485 | 31,399 |
| Income tax (benefits) expenses | \$ | (665) | 74,858 |

The amount of income tax benefit recognized in other comprehensive income was as follows:

| | 2021 | 2020 |
|--|----------------|----------|
| Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: | | |
| Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign | | |
| operations | \$ (45,730) | (68,189) |

Reconciliation of income tax (benefit) expense and profit before tax was as follows:

| | | 2021 | 2020 |
|--|-----------|----------|-----------|
| Profit before income tax | \$ | 238,532 | 1,314,783 |
| Income tax using the Company's domestic tax rate | \$ | 47,706 | 262,957 |
| Share of profit of associates accounted for using equity method | | (22,223) | (3,689) |
| Investment income from domestic company | | (39,764) | (24,860) |
| Gains on disposals of domestic investments accounted for using equity method | | - | (249,907) |
| Basic income tax | | - | 42,715 |
| Unrecognized changes of temporary differences | | (30,713) | 14,641 |
| Income tax adjustments on prior years and others | _ | 44,329 | 33,001 |
| Income tax (benefits) expenses | <u>\$</u> | (665) | 74,858 |

Deferred tax assets and liabilities

(i) Unrecognized deferred income tax assets

The unrecognized deferred income tax assets were as follows:

| | | ember 31, 2021 | December 31, 2020 |
|----------------------------------|------------|-------------------|----------------------|
| Deductible temporary differences | | | |
| Unrealized expenses | \$ | 24,132 | 26,622 |
| Provisions for warranty | | 12,572 | 13,913 |
| Unrealized impairment | | 24,318 | 24,318 |
| Others | | 47,167 | 39,784 |
| | | 108,189 | 104,637 |
| Operating loss carry forward | | 215,264 | 249,529 |
| | \$ <u></u> | 323,453 | 354,166 |

(ii) Recognized deferred tax assets and liabilities

| | | ra-group nsactions | Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements | Loss carry forward | Others | Total |
|---|-----------|-----------------------|---|-----------------------|---------|---------|
| Deferred income tax assets: | | | | | | |
| Balance at January 1, 2021 | \$ | 61,681 | 277,881 | 242,431 | 5,697 | 587,690 |
| Recognized in profit or loss | | (22,253) | - | 95,265 | (5,697) | 67,315 |
| Exchange differences on translatio of foreign financial statements | n | | 45,730 | | | 45,730 |
| Balance at December 31, 2021 | <u>\$</u> | 39,428 | 323,611 | 337,696 | | 700,735 |
| Balance at January 1, 2020 | \$ | 77,155 | 209,692 | 143,177 | 5,414 | 435,438 |
| Recognized in profit or loss | | (15,474) | - | 99,254 | 283 | 84,063 |
| Exchange differences on translatio of foreign financial statements | n | | 68,189 | <u> </u> | | 68,189 |
| Balance at December 31, 2020 | \$ | 61,681 | 277,881 | 242,431 | 5,697 | 587,690 |
| | | | Investments | | | |

| | un | der equity method | Others | Total |
|----------------------------------|----|----------------------|--------|---------|
| Deferred income tax liabilities: | | | | |
| Balance at January 1, 2021 | \$ | 242,431 | 25,465 | 267,896 |
| Recognized in profit or loss | | 54,147 | 15,653 | 69,800 |
| Balance at December 31, 2021 | \$ | 296,578 | 41,118 | 337,696 |

(Continued)

| | un | vestments der equity method | Others | Total |
|------------------------------|----|-----------------------------------|--------|---------|
| Balance at January 1, 2020 | \$ | 143,177 | 9,257 | 152,434 |
| Recognized in profit or loss | | 99,254 | 16,208 | 115,462 |
| Balance at December 31, 2020 | \$ | 242,431 | 25,465 | 267,896 |

In accordance with the ROC Tax laws, the operating loss carry forward assessed by the tax authorities are deductible from taxable income for a ten-year period. As of December 31, 2021, the Company's unused loss carry forward available to offset future taxable income and the year of expiry were as follows:

| Years of loss | Unu | ised amount | Year of expiry |
|---------------|-----|-------------|----------------|
| 2017 | \$ | 1,740,912 | 2027 |
| 2019 | | 162,350 | 2029 |
| 2020 | | 654,895 | 2030 |
| 2021 | | 206,641 | 2031 |
| | \$ | 2,764,798 | |

The Company's income tax return had been examined by the tax authorities through 2019.

- (q) Share capital and other equity
 - (i) Common stock

As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the authorized capital amounted to \$8,800,000 thousand (including \$750,000 thousand authorized for the issuance of the employee stock options). As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the issued capital amounted to \$5,998,365 thousand and \$6,519,961 thousand, respectively. The par value of the Company's common stock is \$10 New Taiwan dollars per share. As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the number of share is 599,837 thousand and 651,996 thousand shares respectively.

For the purpose of enhancing the return on equity and the structure of capital, the capital reduction through returning \$521,596 thousand to shareholders was proposed by the Company's Board on March 17, 2021, and the capital reduction ratio was 8%. This capital reduction was approved by the shareholders' meeting on July 5, 2021, and had the effective registration from the competent Authority. The record date of the capital reduction is on September 1, 2021, and all relevant change registrations of the capital reduction were finished on October 5, 2021.

(ii) Capital surplus

The balances of capital surplus were as follows:

| | Ι | December 31, 2021 | December 31, 2020 |
|---|-----|----------------------|----------------------|
| Common stock in excess of par value | \$ | 1,217,030 | 1,217,030 |
| Treasury stock | | 39,310 | 39,310 |
| Changes in equities of associates accounted for using equit | ty | | |
| method | | - | 740 |
| Failure of employee share options | | 129,459 | 129,459 |
| Expiry of redeemed options of convertible corporate bonds | 3 | 81,454 | 81,454 |
| Changes in equities of the Company's ownership interests | | | |
| in subsidiaries | _ | 55,320 | 55,320 |
| Total | \$_ | 1,522,573 | 1,523,313 |

According to the ROC Company Act, the capital surplus may be used to offset a deficit, or distribute as cash dividends or stock dividends by the original ownership percentage if there is no accumulated deficit. Capital surplus included the income was derived from the issuance of new shares at a premium and income from the endowments received by the company. According to the current Securities and Futures Bureau regulations, capitalization of capital surplus cannot exceed a rate of ten percent.

- (iii) Retained earnings
 - 1) Legal reserve

According to the ROC Company Act No. 237, the Company must retain 10% of its annual income as a legal reserve until such retention equals the amount of authorized common stock.

In accordance with Ruling No. 10802432410 issued by the Ministry of Economic Affairs on January 9, 2020, the amount of retained earnings allotted to legal reserve shall be calculated based on "net earnings after income taxes, plus any other amount recognized in undistributed retained earnings" since the earnings distribution in 2019. When the legal reserve has exceeded 25% of the Company's paid in capital, the excess may be distributed as dividends in cash or stocks based on the resolution of the shareholders' meeting if there is no accumulated deficit.

2) Special reserve

In accordance with Ruling No. 1010012865 issued by the Financial Supervisory commission on 6 April, 2012, a special reserve equivalent to the net debit balance of shareholders' equity shall be made from the current after-tax net income and the prior unappropriated earnings pursuant to existing regulations promulgated by SFB. The Company shall not distribute the special reserve equivalent to the net debit balance of shareholders' equity from the prior fiscal years made from the prior unappropriated earnings. Any special reserve appropriated may be reversed to the extent that the net debit balance reverses.

3) Earning distribution

In accordance with the Company's articles of incorporation, if there are earnings at yearend, 10 percent should be set aside as legal reserve and special earnings reserve or reversal in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Act after the payment of income tax and offsetting accumulated losses from prior years. The remaining portion will be combined with earnings from prior years, and the board of directors can propose methods of distribution to be approved by the shareholders' meeting.

The Company's appropriation of earnings for 2020 had been proposed in the board meeting held on March 17, 2021. After offsetting accumulated losses from prior years, the board of directors decided to distribute cash dividends \$0.3 per share. The appropriation of earnings for 2020 was approved in the shareholders' meeting on July 5, 2021. Information on the appropriation of earnings for 2020 was available at the Market Observation Post System website.

The Company has no earnings to distribute in 2019 due to the accumulated deficit.

4) Dividend policy

The Company has carried out its Residual Dividend Policy to align with the (i) whole market (ii) industrial growth characteristics (iii) long term financial plan (iv) talent acquisition, and (v) pursuing business development. After deducting the balance from the items mentioned above, the Board of Directors shall adopt a proposal for the residual balance and the previous year's earnings to be submitted for approval during the shareholders' meeting. The total amount of dividends to be distributed to the shareholders shall be no less than 30% of the distributele earnings for the current year. According to the budget plan for its capital, the Company shall distribute stock dividends to retain the required funds; and any remainder, which should not be less than 10% of the total dividends, can be distributed by cash.

(iv) Other equity

| | di tr fore | Exchange fferences on anslation of eign financial tatements | Unrealized gains (losses) on financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income | Others |
|------------------------------|------------------|---|--|--------|
| Balance at January 1, 2021 | \$ | (1,520,585) | (88,606) | - |
| The Company | | (343,882) | 49,816 | - |
| Associates | | 871 | (9,248) | - |
| The Company-disposal | | - | 54,847 | - |
| Subsidiaries-disposal | | - | (9,248) | - |
| Balance at December 31, 2021 | \$ | (1,863,596) | (2,439) | - |

| | dif tra fore | Exchange ferences on anslation of ign financial tatements | Unrealized gains (losses) on financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income | Others | |
|------------------------------|--------------------|---|--|---------|--|
| Balance at January 1, 2020 | \$ | (1,236,701) | (165,102) | (3,484) | |
| The Company | | (335,773) | 18,150 | - | |
| Associates | | 51,889 | 58,273 | 3,484 | |
| Subsidiaries-disposal | | - | 73 | - | |
| Balance at December 31, 2020 | \$ | (1,520,585) | (88,606) | - | |

(r) Earnings per share

The calculation of earnings per share of the Company were as follows:

(i) Basic earnings per share

| | | | 2021 | 2020 |
|------|--|------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | Profit of the Company for the year | \$ <u></u> | 239,197 | 1,239,925 |
| | Ordinary shares outstanding Basic earnings per share (dollar) | | <u>634,610</u> 0.38 | <u>651,996</u> 1.90 |
| (ii) | Diluted earnings per share | | | |
| | | | 2021 | 2020 |
| | Profit attributable to owners of ordinary shares (diluted) | \$ <u></u> | 239,197 | 1,239,925 |
| | Weighted-average number of ordinary shares outstanding (basic) | \$ | 634,610 | 651,996 |
| | Employees' bonuses have not yet been resolved by the Board meeting | | 1,071 | 1,496 |
| | Weighted average number of ordinary shares (diluted) | | 635,681 | 653,492 |
| | Diluted earnings per share | \$ | 0.38 | 1.90 |

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For calculation of the dilutive effect of the stock option, the average market value is assessed based on the quoted market price where the Company's option is outstanding.

(s) Revenue from contracts with customers

(i) The Company revenue from contracts with customers

| Major product / service lines | | 2021 | 2020 |
|--------------------------------|----|-----------|-----------|
| Network communication products | \$ | 786,679 | 980,422 |
| Services | _ | 605,896 | 527,632 |
| | \$ | 1,392,575 | 1,508,054 |
| Primary geographical markets | | 2021 | 2020 |
| Asia | \$ | 1,312,614 | 1,404,056 |
| Others | _ | 79,961 | 103,998 |
| | \$ | 1,392,575 | 1,508,054 |

- (ii) Contract liabilities
 - 1) The Company recognized contract revenue related to contract liabilities:

| | ember 31, 2021 | December 31, 2020 |
|--|-------------------|----------------------|
| Contract Liabilities – current (sales) | \$ 23,819 | 9,079 |

- The Company recognized \$6,692 thousand and \$6,536 thousand in sales from the beginning balance of contract liabilities for the year ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.
- (t) Remuneration to employees and directors

The Company's articles of incorporation require that earnings shall first be offset against any deficit, then a minimum of 1% to a maximum of 15% will be distributed as employee remuneration, and a maximum of 1% will be allocated as directors' remuneration. The earnings shall be considered as the annual income before tax and remuneration to employees, directors and supervisors. The resolution for earnings distribution shall be decided by two-third of the voting rights exercised by the directors present at the board of directors' meeting who represent a majority of the directors. Employees who are entitled to receive the above-mentioned employees' remuneration, in share or cash, include the employees of the subsidiaries of the Company who meet certain specific requirement.

In 2021 and 2020, the Company estimated its employees' remuneration amounting to \$12,621 thousand, and \$42,936 thousand, respectively, and directors' and supervisors' remuneration amounting to \$1,262 thousand and \$0 thousand, respectively. The estimated amounts mentioned above are calculated based on the net profit before tax, excluding the remuneration to employees, directors and supervisors of each period, multiplied by the percentage of remuneration to employees, directors and supervisors as specified in the Company's Articles of Association. These remunerations were expensed under operating expenses during 2021 and 2020.

In 2020, the Company's actual distribution of employees' and directors' remuneration were \$46,800 thousand and \$4,680 thousand, respectively. The actual distributions of employees' and directors' remuneration were higher than estimated amounts and the total difference \$8,544 thousand shall be accounted for as a change in accounting estimate and shall be recognized in the current year. Related information would be available at the Market Observation Post System website.

(u) Other income and losses

(i) Interest income

| | | 2021 | 2020 |
|-------|--|----------------|-----------|
| | Interest income from bank deposits | \$ 3,508 | 1,209 |
| | Interest income from others | 41 | |
| | Total | \$ 3,549 | 1,209 |
| (i) | Other income | | |
| | | 2021 | 2020 |
| | Rental income | \$ 2,398 | 1,380 |
| | Others | 2,721 | 8,014 |
| | Total | \$ 5,119 | 9,394 |
| (ii) | Other gains and losses | | |
| | | 2021 | 2020 |
| | Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment | \$ 5 | 306 |
| | Gain on disposals of investments | - | 1,250,434 |
| | Foreign currency exchange gains (loss) | 14,520 | (20,881) |
| | Valuation losses from financial assets and liabilities | (30,439) | (8,056) |
| | Others | - | 2,078 |
| | | \$ (15,914) | 1,223,881 |
| (iii) | Financial costs | | |
| | | 2021 | 2020 |
| | Interest expense | \$ (5,507) | (6,534) |
| | Other financial costs | | |
| | Interest expense of bond discounts | - | (2,107) |
| | Lease liability interests | (201) | (257) |
| | | (201) | (2,364) |
| | Net financial costs | \$ (5,708) | (8,898) |

(Continued)

(v) Items that were reclassified to other comprehensive income

Details of the reclassification adjustments of other comprehensive income in 2021 and 2020 were summarized as follow:

| | | 2021 | 2020 |
|--|-------------|-----------|-----------|
| Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements | | | |
| Change in foreign currency exchange from the Company | \$ <u> </u> | (389,612) | (403,962) |
| Change in exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements recognized in other comprehensive income | \$ <u></u> | (389,612) | (403,962) |
| Share of other comprehensive income of subsidiaries and associates accounted for using equity method | | | |
| Change in foreign currency exchange from subsidiaries and associates | \$ | 871 | 41,254 |
| Reclassification to profit or loss | | - | 10,913 |
| Change in other equity interest from associates | | - | 3,206 |
| Share of other comprehensive income | \$ | 871 | 55,373 |

(w) Financial instruments

- (i) Category of financial instruments
 - 1) Financial Assets

| | De | cember 31, 2021 | December 31, 2020 |
|---|-----------|--------------------|----------------------|
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 151,391 | 1,777,351 |
| Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current | - | - | 20,861 |
| Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income – non-current | | - | 364,655 |
| Notes receivable, accounts receivable and other accounts receivable (including related parties) | | 470,030 | 287,756 |
| Refundable deposits | | 4,542 | 4,637 |
| | <u>\$</u> | 625,963 | 2,455,260 |

2) Financial liabilities

| | De | ecember 31, 2021 | December 31, 2020 |
|--|-----------|---------------------|----------------------|
| Short-term loans | \$ | 746,903 | 845,263 |
| Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss – current | | 9,803 | 224 |
| Notes payable, accounts payable and other payables (including related parties) | | 327,386 | 539,886 |
| Guarantee deposits received | | 3,074 | 3,074 |
| Lease liability (current and non-current) | | 11,879 | 12,247 |
| | <u>\$</u> | 1,099,045 | 1,400,694 |

(ii) Credit risk

Exposure to credit risk:

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum amount exposed to credit risk. As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the maximum amount exposed to credit risk amounted to \$625,963 thousand, and \$2,455,260 thousand, respectively.

(iii) Liquidity risk

The following table shows the contractual maturities of financial liabilities, including estimated interest payments but excluding the impact of netting agreements.

| | | Carrying amount | Contractual cash flows | Within six months | 6-12 months | 1-2 years | 2-5 years | Over five years |
|---|-----|--------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|----------------|-----------|-----------|--------------------|
| December 31, 2021 | | | | | | | | |
| Non-derivative financial liabilities | | | | | | | | |
| Short-term loans | \$ | 746,903 | 752,132 | 2,690 | 749,442 | - | - | - |
| Notes payable | | 11 | 11 | 11 | - | - | - | - |
| Accounts payable | | 131,025 | 131,025 | 131,025 | - | - | - | - |
| Accounts payable to related parties | | 9,282 | 9,282 | 9,282 | - | - | - | - |
| Other payables | | 187,068 | 187,068 | 187,068 | - | - | - | - |
| Lease liability | | 11,879 | 12,192 | 2,101 | 2,101 | 3,757 | 4,233 | - |
| Guarantee deposits received | | 3,074 | 3,074 | 3,074 | - | - | - | - |
| Derivative financial liabilities | | | | | | | | |
| Cross currency swaps | _ | 9,803 | 9,803 | 9,803 | | | | |
| | \$_ | 1,099,045 | 1,104,587 | 345,054 | 751,543 | 3,757 | 4,233 | |

| | Carrying amount | Contractual cash flows | Within six months | 6-12 months | 1-2 years | 2-5 years | Over five years |
|---|----------------------|------------------------|----------------------|----------------|-----------|-----------|--------------------|
| December 31, 2020 | | | | | | | |
| Non-derivative financial liabilities | | | | | | | |
| Short-term loans | \$ 845,263 | 851,231 | 2,984 | 848,247 | - | - | - |
| Notes payable | 11 | 11 | 11 | - | - | - | - |
| Accounts payable | 128,467 | 128,467 | 128,467 | - | - | - | - |
| Accounts payable to related parties | 6,15 | 6,151 | 6,151 | - | - | - | - |
| Other payables | 405,257 | 405,257 | 405,257 | - | - | - | - |
| Lease liability | 12,247 | 12,665 | 1,619 | 1,578 | 3,156 | 6,312 | - |
| Guarantee deposits received | 3,074 | 3,074 | 3,074 | - | - | - | - |
| Derivative financial liabilities | | | | | | | |
| Cross currency swaps | 167 | 167 | 167 | - | - | - | - |
| Forward foreign exchange contracts | 57 | 57 | 57 | | | | |
| | \$ <u>1,400,69</u> 4 | 1,407,080 | 547,787 | 849,825 | 3,156 | 6,312 | |

The Company does not expect that the cash flows included in the maturity analysis could occur significantly earlier or at significantly different amount.

(iv) Currency risk

1) The Company's significant exposure to foreign currency risk was as follows:

| | | | 2021 | | 2020 | | | |
|--|----|---------------------|------------------|-----------|---------------------|------------------|-----------|--|
| | | Foreign currency | Exchange rate | TWD | Foreign currency | Exchange rate | TWD | |
| Financial assets : | | | | | | | | |
| Monetary items: USD | \$ | 5,562 | 27.69 \$ | 154,001 | 4,816 | 28.51 | 137,293 | |
| Derivative financial instruments: | ¢ | 5,502 | 27.09 3 | 134,001 | 4,810 | 28.51 | 137,275 | |
| EUR | \$ | - | - | - | 345 | 34.84 | 12,011 | |
| JPY | | - | | - | 32,059 | 0.28 | 8,850 | |
| | | | \$ | - | | | 20,861 | |
| Investment accounted for using equity method: | | | | | | | | |
| USD | \$ | 239,242 | 27.69 | 6,624,612 | 230,888 | 28.51 | 6,582,179 | |
| CAD | | 12,851 | 21.74 | 279,408 | 15,790 | 22.40 | 353,669 | |
| AUD | | 7,460 | 20.08 | 149,831 | 6,883 | 21.96 | 151,160 | |
| MXN | | 10,799 | 1.35 | 14,527 | 10,977 | 1.43 | 15,697 | |
| JPY | | 2,568,276 | 0.24 | 618,180 | 2,499,858 | 0.28 | 690,093 | |
| CLP | | 294,227 | 0.03 | 9,582 | 227,193 | 0.04 | 9,106 | |
| | | | \$ | 7,696,140 | | | 7,801,904 | |

| | | 2021 | | 2020 | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------|------------------|---------|---------------------|------------------|---------|--|
| | Foreign currency | Exchange rate | TWD | Foreign currency | Exchange rate | TWD | |
| Financial liabilities: | | | | | | | |
| Monetary items: | | | | | | | |
| USD | \$ 4,363 | 27.69 | 120,803 | 4,924 | 28.51 | 140,377 | |
| EUR | 10,051 | 31.36 | 313,254 | 10,045 | 34.84 | 349,937 | |
| JPY | 1,802,553 | 0.24 | 433,872 | 1,802,417 | 0.28 | 497,563 | |
| | | \$ | 867,929 | | | 987,877 | |
| Derivative financial instruments: | | | | | | | |
| USD | \$ 10 | 27.69 | 270 | 9 | 28.51 | 224 | |
| JPY | 29,626 | 0.24 | 7,131 | - | - | | |
| EUR | 77 | 31.36 | 2,402 | - | - | - | |
| | | \$ | 9,803 | | | 224 | |
| Credit balance of equity investment: | | | | | | | |
| USD | \$ 22,915 | 27.69 | 634,518 | 22,428 | 28.51 | 636,656 | |
| BRL | 23,777 | 4.96 | 117,935 | 5,635 | 5.49 | 30,913 | |
| | | \$ | 752,453 | | | 667,569 | |

Note: The amounts were calculated by the net value of investees timing comprehensive shareholding ratio, except investing premium or discount and recognition of intra-group transaction.

Because the Company has various functional currencies, information of the foreign currency exchange gains and losses of the monetary financial assets and liabilities is aggregately disclosed. The total foreign exchange gains and losses, including realized and unrealized, were gains \$14,520 thousand and losses \$20,881 thousand for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

2) Sensitivity analysis

The Company's exposure to foreign currency risk arises from the translation of the foreign currency exchange gains and losses on cash and cash equivalents, account receivables, other receivables, loans, account payables, and other payables that are denominated in foreign currency. A 1.5% of appreciation (depreciation) of each consolidated components currency, other than the functional currency, against the functional currency as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 would have increased or decreased the net income after tax by \$74,639 thousand and \$75,653 thousand, respectively, assuming all other variables were held constantly.

(v) Interest rate analysis

Please refer to the notes on liquidity risk management for the risk of interest rate exposure of the Company's financial assets and liabilities.

The following sensitivity analysis is based on the exposure to the interest rate risk of derivative and non derivative financial instruments on the reporting date. Regarding liabilities with variable interest rates, the analysis is based on the assumption that the amount of liabilities outstanding at the reporting date was outstanding throughout the year. The rate of change is expressed as the interest rate increases or decreases by 0.5% when reporting to management internally, which also represents the Company management's assessment of the reasonably possible interest rate change.

- (vi) Assets and liabilities measured at fair value
 - 1) The information of levels in the fair value hierarchy

the Company measures the financial instruments at fair value based on a recurring basis. The level of fair values was as follows:

| | December 31, 2021 | | | | | |
|--|-------------------|------------|---------|---------|--|--|
| Assets and liabilities | Total | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | | |
| Measured at fair value on recurring basis | | | | | | |
| Derivative assets and liabilities | | | | | | |
| Liabilities: | | | | | | |
| Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss — current \$ | 9,803 | - | 9,803 | - | | |
| | | December 3 | 1, 2020 | | | |
| Assets and liabilities | Total | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | | |
| Measured at fair value on recurring basis | | | | | | |
| Non-derivative assets and liabilities | | | | | | |
| Assets: | | | | | | |
| Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income \$ | 364,655 | 364,655 | - | - | | |
| Derivative assets and liabilities | | | | | | |
| Assets: | | | | | | |
| Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss – current | 20,861 | - | 20,861 | - | | |
| Liabilities: | | | | | | |
| Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss — current | 224 | | 224 | - | | |

2) Valuation techniques

The Company measures the fair value of financial instruments that are traded in active markets by a quoted price. The market price of stock exchange is based on the listed equity instruments. For other financial instruments, like forward currency option contracts, cross currency swaps and foreign currency option contracts, the Company measures the fair value of its financial assets and liabilities using the observable inputs and the valuation technique from the perspective of market participants.

3) Transfer from Level 1 to Level 2

As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, there were no transfers between level 1 and level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

- (vii) Assets and liabilities not measured at fair value
 - 1) Information of fair value

Except for those listed in the table below, the carrying amounts of the Company's financial instruments not measured at fair value (including cash and cash equivalents, notes receivable, accounts receivable/payable and other receivables/payables) approximate their fair values.

| | December 31, 2021 | | | December 31, 2020 | | | |
|------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|------------|--|--|
| | B | ook value | Fair value | Book value | Fair value | | |
| Non-financial assets: | | | | | | | |
| Investment property | \$ | 38,876 | 51,328 | 39,272 | 51,328 | | |
| | | | December | 31, 2021 | | | |
| Assets and liabilities | | Total | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | | |
| Non-financial assets: | | | | | | | |
| Investment property | \$ | 51,328 | - | - | 51,328 | | |
| | | December 31, 2020 | | | | | |
| Assets and liabilities | | Total | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | | |
| Non-financial assets: | | | | | | | |
| Investment property | \$ | 51,328 | - | - | 51,328 | | |

2) Valuation techniques

The assumptions used by the Company to determine the fair value are as follows:

- a) The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents and other financial instruments are approximate their fair value due to their short maturities.
- b) The fair value of investment property is based on the comparable deal information with similar location.

(x) Financial risk management

(i) Overview

the Company is exposed to the following risks rising from financial instruments:

- 1) Credit risk
- 2) Liquidity risk
- 3) Market risk

This note expresses the information on risk exposure and objectives, policies and process of risk measurement and management of the Company. For detailed information, please refer to the related notes of each risk in interim financial statements.

(ii) Structure of risk management

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the risk management framework. The Board has given the department directors a task to establish and dominate regulations of risk management to effectively ensure operations of risk management. The personnel change in department directors should be reported to the Board of Directors.

The Company use internal control systems, risk management procedures, and regulations of risk management as the basis of various business risk management standards. The Company's risk management policies are established to identify and analyze the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and to be adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities. The Company, through training and management standards and procedures, aims to develop a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.

The Board of Directors and Audit Committee oversees how management monitors compliance with the Company's risk management policies and procedures and reviews the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to the risks faced by the Company. The Board of Directors is assisted in its oversight role by Internal Audit. Internal Audit undertakes both regular and ad hoc reviews of risk management controls and procedures, the results of which are reported to the Board of Directors and Audit Committee.

(iii) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Company's receivables from customers, investment securities and hedge derivatives.

1) Accounts receivable

The credit risk exposure of the Company arises from the operations and financial conditions of each customer and the demographics of the Company's customer base, including the default risk of the industry and country in which customers operate in. However, the Company operates worldwide, and thus, risk is diversified. As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, revenue from each foreign customer does not exceed 5% of the Company's revenue and therefore, there is no concentration of credit risk.

The Company has completed in setting the credit risk management policies, and has established Institutional Credit Review Committee and Credit Risk Management Department, which are responsible for managing credit policies and client's credit risk. Based on the global risk management, credit rating and analysis are required to customers on credit in advance and granted credit limits. For customers who made their payments other than cash, regular reviews on credit limits are required to ensure the creditworthiness of customers.

Allowance for bad debt is set based on the lifetime expected credit loss of each customer. In order to mitigate the risk of default, the Company has purchased guarantees, with appropriate insured amount for customers in high-risk countries. High risks customers without insurance should make their payments in advance or provide sufficient credit guarantees. In addition, when the creditworthiness of customers worsens, they should be placed on a restricted customer list. The credit rating for these customers should be downgraded and the transactions on sales credit should be restricted.

The Company has set the allowance for bad debt account to reflect the possible losses on account and other receivables. The allowance for bad debt account consists of specific losses relating to individually significant exposure from customers with financial difficulties or operating conflicts. The allowance for bad debt account is based on expected credit loss and historical collection record of similar financial assets or the possibility of breaching the contracts.

2) Investment on securities and derivative financial instruments

The credit risk of bank deposits, fixed income investments and derivative financial instrument are measured and monitored by the Company's finance department. As the Company will select financial institutions with good credit ratings as its counterparties and diversify its investment in different financial institutions, and do not expect to have any default risks and significant concentration of credit risk.

3) Guarantees

Pursuant to the Company's policies, it is only permissible to provide financial guarantees to subsidiaries. As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Company has not provided any guarantees to a third party.

(iv) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. the Company's approach to manage liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it always has sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation. the Company aims to maintain the level of its cash and short term bank facilities at an amount in excess of expected cash flows on financial liabilities over the succeeding 60 days. This excludes the potential impact of extreme circumstances that cannot reasonably be predicted, such as natural disasters. the Company has unused short term bank facilities for \$4,617,132 thousand as of December 31, 2021.

(v) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as changes in foreign exchange rates, interest rates or equity prices that affects the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters to minimize the influence on change in market price or control within expectable scope.

the Company buys and sells derivatives, and also incurs financial liabilities, in order to manage market risks. All such transactions are carried out within the guidelines of risk management.

1) Currency risk

The Company is exposed to currency risk on sales, purchases and loans that are denominated in currencies other than its respective functional currencies. The functional currencies of the Company are primarily denominated in New Taiwan Dollars (TWD) and US Dollars (USD) and include denominated in Euro (EUR), Chinese Yuan (CNY), Japanese Yen (JPY) and Brazilian Real (BRL) of other countries in which the subsidiaries registered. Purchases are mainly denominated in USD while sales are denominated in USD, EUR, CNY, TWD, British Pounds (GBP), Australian Dollar (AUD), Canadian Dollar (CAD), JPY, South Korean Won (KRW), Russian Ruble (RUB), Indian Rupee (INR), BRL, and other currencies.

At any point in time, the Company hedges its currency risk based on its actual and forecast sales over the following six months. the Company also uses nature hedges on assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies and maintained the hedge ratio at 50% and above. the Company uses forward exchange contracts and foreign-exchange options, with a maturity of less than one year from the reporting date, to hedge its currency risks.

Generally, the currencies of loans in the Company are denominated in its functional currencies and are incorporated in net exposure on loan requirement denominated in foreign currencies as mentioned above to ensure the net exposure is maintained at acceptable level.

Transactions in derivative financial instruments adopt economic hedge to prevent currency risk from financial assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies. The gains and losses of hedged items are expected to offset gains or losses that arise from the fluctuations in exchange rates. The valuation gains and losses on financial assets consist of transactions that do not qualify as hedging accounting.

2) Interest rate risk

The Company's bank loans are at fixed rate. Therefore, the change in market interest rate will not affect the cash flow of the future interest payment of the Company, hence, there is no significant interest rate risk.

(y) Capital management

The Company's fundamental management objective is to maintain a strong capital base. Capital consists of ordinary shares, capital surplus, retained earnings and other equities. The Board of Directors monitors the capital structure regularly and selects the optimal capital structure by considering the capital scale, overall operating environment, operating characteristics of the industry in order to support future development of the business. The current aim for debt-to-equity ratio is set within 100%. As of the reporting date, the debt-to-equity ratio is considered appropriate.

Debt-to-equity ratio:

| | De | cember 31, 2021 | December 31, 2020 |
|---------------------------------|------------|--------------------|----------------------|
| Total liabilities | \$ | 2,486,326 | 2,689,617 |
| Less: cash and cash equivalents | | (151,391) | (1,777,351) |
| Net debt | \$ <u></u> | 2,334,935 | 912,266 |
| Total equity | \$ | 8,477,358 | 9,259,495 |
| Debt-to-equity ratio | | 27.54% | 9.85% |

As of December 31, 2021, the methods of the Company's capital management remained unchanged.

(z) Investing and financing activities not affecting current cash flow

Information of non-cash-traded investing and financing activities for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 were as follows:

- (i) Requirement of right-to-use assets through lease agreement, please refer to note 6(k).
- (ii) Exchangeable corporate bonds, please refer to note 6(n).
- (iii) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities were as follows:

| | | | | No | | | |
|--|-----|-------------------|------------|----------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|
| | J | anuary 1, 2021 | Cash flows | Exchange | Foreign exchange movement | Fair value changes | December 31, 2021 |
| Short-term loan | \$ | 845,263 | (98,360) | - | - | - | 746,903 |
| Lease liabilities | | 12,247 | (3,582) | - | - | 3,214 | 11,879 |
| Guarantee deposits received | _ | 3,074 | | - | | | 3,074 |
| Total liabilities from financing activities | \$_ | 860,584 | (101,942) | | | 3,214 | 761,856 |
| | | | | No | on-cash chango Foreign | es | December |

| Short-term loan | January 1, 2020 \$ 1,438,269 | <u>Cash flows</u> (593,006) | Exchange_ | exchange movement | Fair value changes | December 31, 2020 845,263 |
|--|--|--------------------------------|-----------|----------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------|
| | 19,376 | (3,707) | - | - | (3,422) | 12,247 |
| Bonds payable | 301,003 | (608) | (302,502) | 2,107 | - | - |
| Guarantee deposits received Total liabilities from | 3,074 | | | | | 3,074 |
| financing activities | \$ <u>1,761,722</u> | (597,321) | (302,502) | 2,107 | (3,422) | 860,584 |

(Continued)

(7) Related-party transactions:

(a) Names and relationship with related parties

The followings are entities that have had transactions with related party during the periods covered in the financial statement:

| Name of related party | Relationship with the Company |
|---|--|
| D-Link Holding Company Ltd. (D-Link Holding) | A subsidiary |
| D-Link Canada Inc. (D-Link Canada) | A subsidiary |
| D-Link Japan K.K. (D-Link Japan) | A subsidiary |
| D-Link Investment Pte.Ltd. (D-Link Investment) | A subsidiary |
| D-Link Sudamerica S.A. (D-Link Sudamerica) | A subsidiary |
| D-Link Brazil LTDA (D-Link Brazil) | A subsidiary |
| D-Link Latin America Company Ltd.(D-Link L.A.) | A subsidiary |
| D-Link Mexicana S.A de C.V (D-Link Mexicana) | A subsidiary |
| D-Link Systems, Inc. (D-Link Systems) | A subsidiary |
| D-Link International Pte. Ltd. (D-Link International) | A subsidiary |
| D-Link Australia Pty Ltd. (D-Link Australia) | A subsidiary |
| D-Link Middle East FZCO (D-Link ME) | A subsidiary |
| D-Link Korea Limited (D-Link Korea) | A subsidiary |
| D-Link Trade M (D-Link Moldova) | A subsidiary |
| D-Link Russia Investment Co., Ltd (D-Link Russia Investment) | A subsidiary |
| D-Link Malaysia SDN. BHD (D-Link Malaysia) | A subsidiary |
| D-Link Service Lithuania, UAB (D-Link Lithuania) | A subsidiary |
| Yeochia Investment Co., Ltd. | A subsidiary (Carried out liquidation procedure on December 1, 2021) |
| Yeomao Investment Co., Ltd. | A subsidiary (Carried out liquidation procedure on December 1, 2021) |
| Yeotai Investment Co., Ltd. | A subsidiary |
| D-Link (Europe) Ltd. (D-Link Europe) | A subsidiary |
| D-Link Shiang-Hai (Cayman) Inc. (D-Link Shiang-Hai (Cayman)) | A subsidiary |
| D-Link Holding Mauritius Inc. (D-Link Mauritius) | A subsidiary |
| OOO D-Link Russia (D-Link Russia) | A subsidiary |
| OOO D-Link Trade (D-Link Trade) | A subsidiary |
| Success Stone Overseas Corp. (Success Stone) | A subsidiary |

| Name of related party | Relationship with the Company |
|---|--|
| Wishfi Pte. Ltd. (Wishfi) | A subsidiary (Cancellation of registration in January, 2022) |
| D-Link India Ltd. (D-Link India) | A subsidiary |
| TeamF1 Networks Private Limited (TeamF1 India) | A subsidiary |
| D-Link (Holdings) Ltd. and the subsidiary D-Link (UK) Ltd. (D-Link UK) | A subsidiary |
| D-Link France SARL (D-Link France) | A subsidiary |
| D-Link AB | A subsidiary |
| D-Link Iberia SL (D-Link Iberia) | A subsidiary |
| D-Link Mediterraneo SRL (D-Link Mediterraneo) | A subsidiary |
| D-Link (Netherlands) BV (D-Link Netherlands) | A subsidiary |
| D-Link (Deutschland) GmbH (D-Link Deutschland) | A subsidiary |
| D-Link Polska Sp. Z.o.o. (D-Link Polska) | A subsidiary |
| D-Link (Magyarorszag) kft (D-Link Magyarorszag) | A subsidiary |
| D-Link s.r.o | A subsidiary |
| D-Link Adria d.o.o | A subsidiary |
| D Link Network | A subsidiary |
| D-Link (Shiang-Hai) Co., Ltd. | A subsidiary |
| Netpro Trading (Shiang-Hai) Co., Ltd. | A subsidiary |
| D-Link del Ecuador S.A. | A subsidiary |
| D-Link Peru S.A. | A subsidiary |
| D-Link de Colombia S.A.S | A subsidiary |
| D-Link Guatemala S.A. | A subsidiary |
| D-Link Argentina S.A. | A subsidiary |
| Alpha Networks, Inc. | An associate (Since all the equity shares had been sold, it became a non-related party after November 30, 2020.) |
| Cameo Communication, Inc. | An associate (Due to increasing shareholding in February 2021, the Company became to have significant influence with it and the relationship changed from the corporate director to an associate.) |

| Name of related party | Relationshi | p with the Company | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| Dongguam Mingrui | An associate (Since all the equity shares in Alpha Networks, Inc. had been sold, it became a non- related party after November 30, 2020.) | | | |
| D-Link Asia Investment Pte Ltd. | shares in A have been | (Since all the equity alpha Networks, Inc. sold, it became a non- ty after November 30, | | |
| Amigo Technology Inc. | Other related parties | | | |
| Amit Wireless Inc. | Other related parties | | | |
| T-COM, LLC (T-COM) | An associate | | | |
| Significant related party transactions | | | | |
| (i) Sales revenue | | | | |
| | 2021 | 2020 | | |
| Subsidiaries | \$ 146 | 5,077 204,141 | | |
| Associates-Cameo | | 191 - | | |

The average credit terms extended to related parties and third-party customers were approximately 30-90 days. However, credit terms to related parties might be further extended when necessary.

(ii) Service revenue

Other related parties-Cameo

(b)

| | | 2021 | 2020 |
|--------------------------------|------------|---------|---------|
| Subsidiaries: | | | |
| D-Link International | \$ | 527,142 | 455,963 |
| Others | | 42,262 | 31,274 |
| Associates | | - | 328 |
| Others related parties - Cameo | | | 5 |
| | \$ <u></u> | 569,404 | 487,570 |

58

204,199

146,268

-

\$_

(iii) Purchases

The amounts of significant purchases by the Company from related parties were as follows:

| | 2021 | 2020 |
|------------------------|--------------|---------|
| Subsidiaries: | \$ 2,045 | 1,351 |
| Associate: | | |
| Alpha | - | 93,578 |
| Cameo | 14,796 | - |
| Other related-parties: | | |
| Cameo | - | 31,432 |
| Amigo | 10,124 | - |
| | \$ 26,965 | 126,361 |

The payment term of related parties was 30-90 days. There were no significant differences in purchasing terms between related parties and third-party suppliers.

(iv) Accounts receivable due from related parties

| Account | Related party categories | Dee | cember 31, 2021 | December 31, 2020 |
|---------------------|--|-----|--------------------|----------------------|
| Accounts receivable | Subsidiaries – D-Link International | \$ | 52,526 | 52,762 |
| Accounts receivable | Subsidiaries-Others | | 28,243 | 44,849 |
| Accounts receivable | Associates-Cameo | | 86 | - |
| Other receivables | Subsidiaries – D-Link International | | 7,793 | - |
| Other receivables | Subsidiaries-Others | | 4,906 | 3,199 |
| Other receivables | Associates – Yeochia | | 71,169 | - |
| Other receivables | Associates-Yeomao | | 143,616 | - |
| Other receivables | Other related parties-Amit | | 5,573 | - |
| Other receivables | Other related parties-Cameo | | - | 29 |
| | | \$ | 313,912 | 100,839 |

The Company's other receivables to associates – Yeochia and Yeomao were arising from the Company's liquidation equity.

(v) Other income and losses

| Account | Related party categories | 2021 | 2020 |
|------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------|-------|
| Other gains and losses | Associates-Alpha | \$ - | 2,078 |
| Interest income | Other related parties-Amigo | 41 | - |
| Rent income | Subsidiaries-Other | 68 | 69 |
| Rent income | Other related parties-Amigo | 1,300 | |
| | | \$ 1,409 | 2,147 |

Other income and losses were composed of directors' remuneration from associates, interest and rental of subsidiaries and other related parties.

(vi) Accounts payable to related parties

The payables to related parties were as follows:

| Account | Related party categories | De | cember 31, 2021 | December 31, 2020 |
|------------------|--|------------|--------------------|----------------------|
| Accounts payable | Subsidiaries – D-Link International | \$ | 207 | 224 |
| Accounts payable | Associates-Cameo | | 3,635 | - |
| Accounts payable | Other related parties-Amigo | | 5,440 | - |
| Accounts payable | Other related parties-Cameo | | - | 5,927 |
| Other payables | Subsidiaries-Others | | 6,656 | 744 |
| Other payables | Associates-Cameo | | 4,762 | - |
| Other payables | Other related parties-Cameo | | - | 18,345 |
| Other payables | Other related parties-Amit | | 659 | |
| | | \$ <u></u> | 21,359 | 25,240 |

The Company's accounts payable to associates were payables on equipment and others.

(vii) Services purchased from related parties

The services purchased from related parties were as follows:

| | | 2021 | 2020 |
|-----------------------------|------------|--------|--------|
| Associates-Alpha | \$ | - | 23,196 |
| Associates-Cameo | | 12,085 | - |
| Other related parties-Cameo | | - | 29,603 |
| Other related-parties-Amigo | | 3,436 | - |
| | \$ <u></u> | 15,521 | 52,799 |

(Continued)

(viii) Property transaction

1) Property, plant and equipment, intangible assets acquired

The acquisition of property, plant and equipment, intangible assets from the related parties were as follows:

| | 2021 | 2020 |
|------------------------|-------------|--------|
| Associates: | | |
| Alpha | \$ - | 5,464 |
| Cameo | 3,436 | - |
| Other related parties: | | |
| Alpha | - | 10,348 |
| Amigo | 5,814 | - |
| | \$ 9,250 | 15,812 |

(ix) Equity Transfer

On equity transfer with its related-parties, the Company recognized the deferred unrealized profit each amounting to \$0 and \$36,246 thousand as of December 31, 2021 and 2020. The details of the equity transfer with related-parties were as follows:

- 1) The Company sold the equity of D-Link Deutschland to D-Link Europe for \$17,637 thousand in 1997 and another additional amount of \$1,050 thousand in 1998, both with the disposal amount totaling \$18,687 thousand. Furthermore, the Company sold the equity of D-Link AB to D-Link Europe for \$5,574 thousand in June 1998. According to above transactions, the Company recognized the deferred unrealized profit in investments accounted for using equity method each amounting to \$52,913 thousand as of December 31, 2021 and 2020.
- 2) For integrated overseas investment structure, the Company transferred the equity of D-Link Europe, a subsidiary directly owned by the Company, to D-Link Holding for \$1 dollar in October 2002, resulting in the Company to recognize the deferred unrealized loss in investments accounted for using equity method each amounting to \$16,667 thousand as of December 31, 2021 and 2020.
- (x) Borrowing from Related Parties

The borrowing from related parties were as follows:

| | | 2021 | 2020 |
|-----------------------------|----|---------|---------|
| Subsidiaries – D-Link Japan | \$ | 433,258 | 496,895 |
| Subsidiaries-D-Link Europe | _ | 313,645 | 348,368 |
| | \$ | 746,903 | 845,263 |

The interest paid to the related parties amounted to \$5,437 thousand and \$5,898 thousand for the year 2021 and 2020, respectively. The amounts were calculated based on the average interest rate imposed on related parties' borrowings by external financial institutions. The interest-bearing borrowings provided by related parties were unsecured. In addition, the Company borrows short-term loan from D-Link International, with amounts ranging between \$0 thousand and \$568,140 thousand for the year 2021, and had been fully paid by the end of the year.

(xi) Guarantee

As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Company had provided a guarantee to its relatedparties which borrowed from financial institutions with the credit limit as follow:

| | | 2021 | 2020 |
|-----------------|------------|---------|---------|
| Subsidiaries: | | | |
| D-Link Europe | \$ | 116,864 | 129,801 |
| D-Link Shai-Hai | | 69,225 | 71,270 |
| D-Link Trade | | 13,845 | 14,254 |
| | \$ <u></u> | 199,934 | 215,325 |

As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Company had used its endorsement guarantees amounting to \$59,987 thousand and \$66,864 thousand respectively.

(c) Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel compensation comprised:

| | | 2021 | 2020 |
|------------------------------|------------|--------|--------|
| Short-term employee benefits | \$ | 85,582 | 40,666 |
| Post-employee benefits | | 5,959 | 1,228 |
| | \$ <u></u> | 91,541 | 41,894 |

(8) Pledged assets:

The carrying values of pledged assets were as follows:

| Pledged assets | Pledged to secure | December 31, 2021 | December 31, 2020 |
|----------------------|--|----------------------|----------------------|
| Other current assets | Peformance guarantee (restricted assets) | \$ <u> </u> | 222 |
(9) Commitments and contingencies:

- (a) XR Communications, LLC and DBA Vivato Technologies filed a lawsuit against the Company's subsidiary, D-Link Systems, in April 2017, alleging that some of the D-Link Systems' products infringed its patents. D-Link Systems has retained its attorneys in the US and is currently building defense with product suppliers. Based on its evaluation, the Company believes the litigation will not have any significant impact on its current operations.
- (b) The Company's subsidiary, D-Link Brazil, had disputes regarding prior years' insufficient invoices attached to sales return with the local tax authorities, and had filed administrative litigation and administrative remedy. D-Link Brazil had accrued possible tax, interest and penalty.
- (c) The Company's subsidiary, D-Link India, had disputes regarding prior years' declaration tax on customs with the local tax authorities. Based on its evaluation, the Company believes the litigation will not have any significant impact on its current operations.
- (d) UNM RAINFOREST INNOVATIONS filed a lawsuit against the Company in February 2020, alleging that some of the D-Link's products infringed its patents. The Company has retained its attorneys in the US and is currently building defense with product suppliers. Based on its evaluation, the Company believes the litigation will not have any significant impact on its current operations. •
- (e) Israel Consumers Council filed a group lawsuit against the Company's subsidiary D-Link International, in 2020, alleging that D-Link International was suspected of restricting product resale prices in Israel. D-Link International has appointed its attorneys to handle and negotiate a settlement. Based on its evaluation, the Company believes the litigation will not have any significant impact on its current operations.
- (f) The Company is currently under negotiations with a number of companies regarding the royalty on patents. In addition to the abovementioned lawsuits, there are other disputes that are in the negotiation process, and therefore the liabilities are unclear. The Company has accrued the possible expense.

(10) Losses Due to Major Disasters: None.

(11) Subsequent Events: None.

(12) Other:

The information on employee, depreciation, and amortization expenses, by function, was summarized as follows:

| | | For | the year end | ed December | 31 | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|--------------|-----------------------|----------------------|---------|
| | | 2021 | | | 2020 | |
| By function By item | Cost of Goods Sold | Operating Expense | Total | Cost of Goods Sold | Operating Expense | Total |
| Employee benefits | | | | | | |
| Salaries | 2,822 | 707,457 | 710,279 | 3,501 | 794,930 | 798,431 |
| Labor and health insurance | 301 | 62,931 | 63,232 | 290 | 62,381 | 62,671 |
| Pension | 152 | 35,036 | 35,188 | 168 | 37,429 | 37,597 |
| Remuneration of directors | - | 5,524 | 5,524 | - | 3,777 | 3,777 |
| Others | 146 | 21,375 | 21,521 | 149 | 23,225 | 23,374 |
| Depreciation | 1 | 60,513 | 60,514 | - | 60,434 | 60,434 |
| Amortization | - | 40,760 | 40,760 | - | 51,481 | 51,481 |

the Company for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 additional information for the number of employees and employee benefits are as follows :

| | 2021 | 2020 |
|--|-----------------|--------|
| Number of employees | 674 | 738 |
| Number of directors who were not employees | 6 | 6 |
| The average employee benefit | \$ 1,243 | 1,260 |
| The average salaries and wages | \$ <u>1,063</u> | 1,091 |
| The adjustment rate of average employee salaries | (2.57)% | 3.31 % |
| Supervisor's remuneration | \$ <u> </u> | - |

The Company's salary and remuneration policy (including directors, managers and employees) are as follows:

Directors: The remuneration of the Company's directors is determined by reference to the general level of agreement in the industry and shall be assess regularly to see whether the remuneration is in accordance with the Company's articles of incorporation and the industry standard managerial salary range. The above conditions are reviewed by the Compensation Committee and approved by the board of directors.

Managers: For the remuneration of the new managers and managers whose annual salary have changed in the new year, human resources department determined the remuneration according to the standard managerial salary of the industry. The payment shall be reviewed by Compensation Committee and approved by the board of directors.

Employee: The remuneration of the employees is determined by reference to the annual external salary survey, standard employee salary of the industry, annual salary adjustments, annual bonus, the Company's promotion system, and dividend principle. In addition, the above conditions, the Company's overall operating performance, and the individual's performance achievement rate and contribution to the Company are all taken into consideration to implement the reward system.

(13) Other disclosures:

(a) Information on significant transactions:

The following is the information on significant transactions required by the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" for the Company for the year ended December 31, 2021:

(i) Loans to other parties:

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | (1 | n Thousands | of New Taiwa | n Dollars) |
|--------|----------------------------------|-------------------------|---|---------|---|---------|---|---|---|---|---|---------------------------|-------|-------------|--|--|
| Number | Name of lender | Name of borrower | Account | Related | Highest balance of financing to other parties during the period | Ending | Actual usage amount during the period | Range of interest rates during the period (%) | Purposes of fund financing for the borrower | Transaction amount for business between two parties | Reasons for short-term financing | Allowance for bad debt | Colli | Value | Individual funding loan limits (Note) | Maximum limit of fund financing (Note) |
| 1 | D-Link International | D-Link (shanghai) | Other accounts receivable - related parties | Yes | 43,431 | 43,431 | 16,069 | 4.00 | 2 | | Operating Capital | | - | - | 2,729,266 | 2,729,266 |
| I | D-Link International | D-Link Brazil | Other accounts receivable - related parties | Yes | 55,380 | 55,380 | - | - | 2 | | Operating Capital | - | - | - | 2,729,266 | 2,729,266 |
| 1 | D-Link International | D-Link (shanghai) | Other accounts receivable - related parties | Yes | 532,089 | 532,089 | 532,089 | - | 2 | | Convert from Account receivable to loan receivable | - | - | - | 2,729,266 | 2,729,266 |
| 2 | D-Link Russia Investment | D-Link International | Other accounts receivable - related parties | Yes | 681,174 | 681,174 | 678,405 | - | 2 | | Operating Capital | - | - | - | 692,110 | 692,110 |
| 3 | D-Link Japan K.K. | D-Link Corporation | Other accounts receivable - related parties | Yes | 433,258 | 433,258 | 433,258 | 0.50 | 2 | - | Operating Capital | - | | - | 618,181 | 618,181 |
| 4 | D-Link Europe | D-Link Corporation | Other accounts receivable - related parties | Yes | 313,645 | 313,645 | 313,645 | 1.00 | 2 | | Operating Capital | | - | - | 1,243,696 | 1,243,696 |
| 5 | D-Link (Deutschland) GmbH | D-Link Europe | Other accounts receivable - related parties | Yes | 156,822 | 156,822 | 97,230 | 1.00 | 2 | | Operating Capital | | - | - | 180,707 | 180,707 |

Note 1: Purpose of fund financing for the borrower:

1. For those companies with business transaction with the Company, please fill in 1.

2. For those companies with short-term financing needs, please fill in 2.

Note 2: Total amount of loans from D-Link International to the Company and the ultimate parent company's 100% directly or indirectly owned overseas subsidiaries shall not exceed 100% of the net worth of D-Link International.

Note 3: Total amount of loans from D4.ink Russia Investment to the Company and the ultimate parent company's 100% directly or indirectly owned overseas subsidiaries shall not exceed 100% of the net worth of D4.ink Russia Investment.

Note 4: Total amount of loans from D-Link Japan K.K. to the Company and the ultimate parent company's 100% directly or indirectly owned overseas subsidiaries shall not exceed 100% of the net worth of D-Link Japan K.K.

Note 5: Total amount of loans from D-Link Europe to the Company and the ultimate parent company's 100% directly or indirectly owned overseas subsidiaries shall not exceed 100% of the net worth of D-Link Europe.

Note 6: Total amount of loans from D-Link Deutschland to the Company and the ultimate parent company's 100% directly or indirectly owned overseas subsidiaries shall not exceed 100% of the net worth of D-Link Deutschland. Note 7: Only disclose funding loan limits that are still valid until end the year of 2021.

(ii) Guarantees and endorsements for other parties:

| | | | | | | | | | | | (In Thous | sands of New Ta | iwan Dollars) |
|-----|-----------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|---|-----------------------|-------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|
| | | | r-party of atee and | Limitation on | Highest | | | | Ratio of accumulated amounts of | | Parent | Subsidiary | Endorsements/ |
| | | | rsement | amount of guarantees and | balance for guarantees and | Balance of guarantees and | Actual | Property pledged for | guarantees and endorsements to net worth of the | Maximum amount for | company endorsements/ | endorsements/ guarantees to third parties | guarantees to third parties |
| No. | Name of guarantor | Name | Relationship with the Company | endorsements for a specific enterprise | endorsements during | | during the | guarantees and | latest financial | | third parties on behalf of | | companies in Mainland China |
| | | D-Link | 2 | 1,999,455 | | | | | 1.38 % | 5,998,365 | | N | N |
| 0 | D-Link Corporation | D-Link Shiang-Hai | 2 | 1,999,455 | 69,225 | 69,225 | - | - | 0.82 % | 5,998,365 | Y | N | Y |
| 0 | D-Link Corporation | D-Link Trade | 2 | 1,999,455 | 13,845 | 13,845 | - | - | 0.16 % | 5,998,365 | Y | N | N |

Note 1: The endorsement and guarantee amount for a single company shall not exceed 1/3 of the Company's capital.

Note 2: The endorsement and guarantee total amount shall not exceed the Company's capital.

Note 3: Relationship between the endorser/guarantor and the party being endorsed/guaranteed is classified into following categories:

- 1. Having business relationship.
- 2. The Company owns more than 50% equity shares in the entity, directly or indirectly.
- 3. An entity owns more than 50% equity shares in the Company, directly or indirectly.

Note 4: The amounts in New Taiwan Dollars were translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date.

(iii) Securities held as of December 31, 2021 (excluding investment in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures):

| | Category and | | | | Ending | balance | | |
|----------------|---------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|--------------------------------|------------|------|
| Name of holder | name of security | Relationship with company | Account title | Shares/Units (thousands) | Carrying value | Percentage of ownership (%) | Fair value | Note |
| D-Link | EHOO | None | Non current financial assets at fair | | | 4.11 % | | |
| Corporation | 21100 | rtone | value through profit or loss | /10,005 | | | | |
| D-Link | EWAVE | None | Non current financial assets at fair | 83,334 | | 1.89 % | | |
| Corporation | LWAYE | rione | value through profit or loss | 05,554 | - | 1.09 /0 | - | |
| -Link | TGC | None | Non current financial assets at fair | 500,000 | - | 1.84 % | | |
| orporation | 100 | , tone | value through profit or loss | 200,000 | | 1.01 /0 | | |
| -Link | VICHIA | None | Non current financial assets at fair | 73,500 | | 6.68 % | | |
| orporation | Information | , tone | value through profit or loss | 75,500 | | 0.00 /0 | | |
| orporation | Corporation | | value anough profit of 1055 | | | | | |
|)-Link | UBICOM | None | Non current financial assets at fair | 926.814 | | 3.05 % | | |
| Corporation | Obicom | rione | value through profit or loss | 520,014 | - | 5.05 70 | - | |
| -Link | Purple Comm, Inc. | None | Non current financial assets at fair | 3,385,417 | | 14.10 % | | |
| Corporation | i urpie comm, me. | rione | value through profit or loss | 5,565,417 | - | 14.10 /0 | - | |
| -Link | Global Mobile | None | Non current financial assets at fair | 6,600,000 | | 2.39 % | | |
| Corporation | Corp. | rione | value through profit or loss | 0,000,000 | - | 2.37 70 | - | |
| D-Link Holding | Best 3C | None | Non current financial assets at fair | 600,000 | | 1.88 % | | |
| -Link Holding | Dest SC | r vone | value through profit or loss | 000,000 | - | 1.00 /0 | - | |
| D-Link Holding | E2O | None | Non current financial assets at fair | 252.525 | | 0.05 % | | |
| -Link Holding | 120 | INONE | value through profit or loss | 232,323 | - | 0.05 /6 | | |
| EOTAI | Stemcyte | None | Non current financial assets at fair | 18,950 | 211 | 0.01 % | 211 | |
| LOTAI | Stemeyte | r vone | value through other | 10,750 | 211 | 0.01 /0 | 211 | |
| | | | comprehensive income | | | | | |
| 'EOTAI | Kaimei | None | Non current financial assets at fair | 289,178 | 29,207 | 0.02.% | 29,207 | |
| LOTA | Ranner | r vone | value through other | 200,170 | 27,207 | 0.02 /0 | 27,207 | |
| | | | comprehensive income | | | | | |
| D-Link India | ADITYA BIRLA | None | Current financial assets at fair | 268,723 | 34.036 | - % | 34.036 | |
| , Enne mana | MUTUAL FUND | , tone | value through profit or loss | 200,725 | 51,050 | | 51,050 | |
| D-Link India | NIPPON INDIA | None | Current financial assets at fair | 14,742 | 28,340 | - % | 28,340 | |
| | MUTUAL FUND | i vone | value through profit or loss | 14,742 | 20,540 | - 70 | 20,540 | |
| D-Link India | | None | Current financial assets at fair | 27,592 | 33,956 | - % | 33,956 | |
| -Link india | FUND | i vone | value through profit or loss | 21,572 | 55,750 | - 70 | 55,750 | |
| D-Link India | SBI MUTUAL | None | Current financial assets at fair | 27.641 | 34.017 | - % | 34.017 | |
| -Link india | FUND | i vone | value through profit or loss | 27,041 | 54,017 | - 70 | 54,017 | |
| D-Link India | LIC MUTUAL | None | Current financial assets at fair | 17.040 | 24.326 | - % | 24.326 | |
| -Link india | FUND | i vone | value through profit or loss | 17,040 | 24,520 | - 70 | 24,520 | |
| -Link India | | None | Current financial assets at fair | 14.630 | 22,603 | - % | 22,603 | |
| -Link mula | FUND | INDIIC | value through profit or loss | 14,030 | 22,005 | - /0 | 22,003 | |
| -Link India | UTI MUTUAL | None | Current financial assets at fair | 26.253 | 33,804 | - % | 33,804 | |
| -Link india | FUND | INONE | value through profit or loss | 20,233 | 33,804 | - 70 | 55,804 | |
| D-Link India | AXIS MUTUAL | None | Current financial assets at fair | 39.038 | 33,871 | - % | 33,871 | |
| -Link India | FUND | rvone | value through profit or loss | 39,038 | 33,8/1 | - 70 | 33,8/1 | |
| -Link India | FUND Kotak | None | Current financial assets at fair | 21,102 | 22.770 | 0/ | 22.650 | |
| -Link India | | inone | | 21,193 | 33,668 | - % | 33,668 | |
| | MUTUAL FUND | 1 | value through profit or loss | | | | | |

(iv) Individual securities acquired or disposed of with accumulated amount exceeding the lower of NT\$300 million or 20% of the capital stock:

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

| | Category and | | Name of | Relationship | Beginnin | g Balance | Purc | hases | Sales | | | | Ending Balance | |
|-----------------------|---------------------|---|---------------|---------------------|------------|-----------|------------|---------|--------|-------|------|----------------------------|----------------|-----------|
| Name of company | name of security | Account name | counter-party | with the Company | Shares | Amount | Shares | Amount | Shares | Price | Cost | Gain (loss) on disposal | Shares | Amount |
| D-Link Corporation | | Investment accounted under the equity method | | Associate | 39,852,993 | 364,655 | 97,680,000 | 799,999 | | - | - | | 137,532,993 | 1,394,856 |

Note 1: The ending balance includes exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements, share of profit of associates accounted for using equity method and other equity adjustments. Note 2: Private placement of common stock.

(v) Acquisition of individual real estate with amount exceeding the lower of NT\$300 million or 20% of the capital stock: None.

- (vi) Disposal of individual real estate with amount exceeding the lower of NT\$300 million or 20% of the capital stock: None.
- (vii) Related-party transactions for purchases and sales with amounts exceeding the lower of NT\$300 million or 20% of the capital stock:

| | | | | | | | | s with terms | | Accounts | |
|------------------------|-------------------------|---|---------------------------------|-------------|---|---------------|-------------|---------------|----------------|---|------|
| | | | | Transact | ion details | | different f | rom others | receivab | le (payable) Percentage of total | |
| Name of company | Related party | Nature of relationship | Purchase/Sale | Amount | Percentage of total purchases/sales | Payment terms | Unit price | Payment terms | Ending balance | notes/accounts receivable (payable) | Note |
| D-Link Corporation | D-Link International | Subsidiary | (Sale and service revenue) | (560,549) | (40) % | 60 days | - | - | 52,526 | 23% | |
| D-Link nternational | D-Link Corporation | Parent Company | Purchase and service expense | 560,549 | 72 % | 60 days | - | - | (52,526) | (3)% | |
| D-Link nternational | D-Link Systems | The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation | (Sale) | (487,759) | (5) % | 75 days | - | - | - | -% | |
| D-Link nternational | D-Link Canada | The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation | (Sale) | (333,818) | (4) % | 60 days | - | - | 42,391 | 1% | |
| D-Link nternational | D-Link Europe | The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation | (Sale) | (2,835,786) | (30) % | 60 days | - | - | 620,789 | 17% | |
| D-Link nternational | D-Link ME | The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation | (Sale) | (1,466,321) | (16) % | 60 days | - | - | 550,380 | 15% | |
| D-Link nternational | D-Link Australia | The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation | (Sale) | (205,412) | (2) % | 60 days | - | - | 22,568 | 1% | |
| D-Link nternational | D-Link Brazil | The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation | (Sale) | (228,633) | (2) % | 75 days | - | - | 388,126 | 11% | |
| D-Link nternational | D-Link Japan | The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation | (Sale) | (494,865) | (5) % | 60 days | - | - | 113,826 | 3% | |
| D-Link nternational | D-Link India | The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation | (Sale) | (671,294) | (7) % | 45 days | _ | - | 127,348 | 4% | |
| D-Link nternational | D-Link Trade | The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation | (Sale) | (1,124,943) | (12) % | 180 days | _ | - | 749,994 | 21% | |
| D-Link nternational | Cameo | Investments accounted for using equity method by D- Link Corporation | Purchase | 1,029,175 | 13 % | 90 days | _ | - | (172,496) | (10)% | |
| -Link nternational | Amigo | Other related- party | Purchase | 148,826 | 2 % | 90 days | - | - | (104,495) | (6)% | |
| 0-Link Systems | D-Link International | The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation | Purchase | 487,759 | 93 % | 75 days | _ | - | - | -% | |
| 9-Link Canada | D-Link International | The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation | Purchase | 333,818 | 99 % | 60 days | _ | - | (42,391) | (95)% | |
| 0-Link Europe | D-Link International | The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation | Purchase | 2,835,786 | 97 % | 60 days | - | - | (620,789) | (86)% | |
| 0-Link ME | D-Link International | The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation | Purchase | 1,466,321 | 55 % | 60 days | - | - | (550,380) | (81)% | |

| | | | | Transact | ion details | | Transaction different f | s with terms rom others | | Accounts le (payable) | |
|---------------------|---------------|--|---------------|-----------|---|---------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------|--|------|
| Name of company | Related party | Nature of relationship | Purchase/Sale | Amount | Percentage of total purchases/sales | Payment terms | Unit price | Payment terms | | Percentage of total notes/accounts receivable (payable) | Note |
| D-Link Australia | International | The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation | Purchase | 205,412 | 91 % | 60 days | - | - | (22,568) | (99)% | |
| D-Link Brazil | International | The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation | Purchase | 228,633 | 93 % | 75 days | - | - | (388,126) | (97)% | |
| D-Link Japan | International | The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation | Purchase | 494,865 | 90 % | 60 days | - | - | (113,826) | (98)% | |
| D-Link India | International | The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation | Purchase | 671,294 | 22 % | 45 days | - | - | (127,348) | (22)% | |
| D-Link Trade | International | The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation | Purchase | 1,124,943 | 98 % | 180 days | - | - | (749,994) | (99)% | |

(viii) Receivables from related parties with amounts exceeding the lower of NT\$100 million or 20% of the capital stock:

| Name of | | Nature of | Ending | Turnover | Over | | Amounts received in | Allowance |
|----------------------|---------------|---|---------|----------|---------|--------------|------------------------|---------------|
| company | Counter-party | relationship | balance | rate | Amount | Action taken | subsequent period | for bad debts |
| D-Link International | D-Link Europe | The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation | 620,789 | 7.00 | - | - | 124,112 | - |
| D-Link International | D-Link L.A. | The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation | 581,967 | - | 585,667 | - | - | - |
| D-Link International | D-Link Brazil | The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation | 388,126 | 0.81 | 381,121 | - | - | - |
| D-Link International | D-Link Japan | The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation | 113,826 | 3.12 | - | - | 30,741 | - |
| D-Link International | D-Link Trade | The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation | 749,994 | 1.61 | - | - | - | - |
| D-Link International | D-Link India | The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation | 127,348 | 5.19 | 5 | - | 23,720 | - |
| D-Link International | D-Link ME | The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation | 550,380 | 4.17 | - | - | 230 | - |

Note 1: Over three months during the normal credit period.

Note 2: The amount represents collections subsequent to December 31, 2021 up to January 21, 2022.

(ix) Trading in derivative instruments:

| | | | | (III | Thousands of Ne | w Taiwan Dollars |
|----------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------|--------|-----------|-----------------|------------------|
| Company Name | Derivative Instruments Category | Holding Purpose | Contra | ct Amount | Book Value | Fair Value |
| | | Non-trading : | | | | |
| D-Link International | Cross currency swap | EUR | EUR | 4,000 | 73 | 73 |
| D-Link International | Forward foreign exchange contract | EUR (Sell) | EUR | 3,000 | 364 | 364 |
| D-Link International | Forward foreign exchange contract | CAD (Sell) | CAD | 700 | 4 | 4 |
| D-Link International | Forward foreign exchange contract | JPY (Sell) | JPY | 448,900 | 280 | 280 |
| D-Link Corporation | Cross currency swap | USD | USD | 1,700 | (270) | (270) |
| D-Link Corporation | Cross currency swap | EUR | EUR | 10,000 | (2,402) | (2,402) |

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

| Company Name | Derivative Instruments Category | Holding Purpose | Contra | act Amount | Book Value | Fair Value |
|----------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------|--------|------------|------------|------------|
| D-Link Corporation | Cross currency swap | JPY | JPY | 1,800,000 | (7,131) | (7,131) |
| D-Link International | Cross currency swap | CAD | CAD | 1,100 | (187) | (187) |
| D-Link International | Cross currency swap | CNH | CNH | 133,670 | (1,439) | (1,439) |
| D-Link International | Cross currency swap | EUR | EUR | 12,000 | (1,334) | (1,334) |
| D-Link International | Cross currency swap | AUD | AUD | 300 | (94) | (94) |
| D-Link International | Cross currency swap | GBP | GBP | 1,000 | (531) | (531) |
| D-Link International | Cross currency swap | RUB | RUB | 150,028 | (334) | (334) |
| | Forward foreign exchange contract | INR (Sell) | INR | 188,766 | (1,008) | (1,008) |
| | Forward foreign exchange contract | AUD (Sell) | AUD | 1,000 | (149) | (149) |
| | Forward foreign exchange contract | GBP (Sell) | GBP | 500 | (76) | (76) |
| | Forward foreign exchange contract | BRL(Sell) | BRL | 80,445 | (1,309) | (1,309) |
| | Forward foreign exchange contract | KRW (Sell) | KRW | 2,144,020 | (104) | (104) |

(b) Information on investees:

The following is the information on investees for the years ended December 31, 2021 (excluding information on investees in Mainland China):

| | 1 | | Main | Original inves | tment amount | Balance as of December 31, 2021 | | | Net income | Share of | |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|---------------|--|----------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| Name of investor | Name of investee | Location | businesses and products | December 31, 2021 | December 31, 2020 | Shares (thousands) | Percentage of ownership | Carrying value | (losses) of investee | profits/losses of investee | Note |
| D-Link Corporation | D-Link Systems | USA | Marketing and after-sales service in USA | 1,625,875 | 1,625,875 | 47,295,007 | 98.44 % | 1,299,802 | (64,895) | (64,895) | 100% shares owned by D- Link Corporation and D- Link Holding |
| D-Link Corporation | D-Link Canada | Canada | Marketing and after-sales service in Canada | 216,354 | 283,866 | 5,736,000 | 100.00 % | 279,408 | 1,365 | 1,365 | |
| D-Link Corporation | D-Link International | Singapore | Global marketing, procurement and after-sale service | 1,941,986 | 1,941,986 | 66,074,660 | 99.36 % | 2,205,874 | 479,733 | 389,102 | 100% shares owned by D- Link Corporation and D- Link Holding Investment gains and losses recognized for the period include the recognition of gains and losses on transactions with associates |
| D-Link Corporation | D-Link L.A. | Cayman Island | Marketing and after-sales service in Latin America | 326,600 | 326,600 | 41,000 | 100.00 % | (565,620) | (56,561) | (56,561) | |
| D-Link Corporation | D-Link Sudamerica | Chile | Marketing and after-sales service in Chile | 6,512 | 6,512 | 199,999 | 100.00 % | 10,953 | 1,588 | 1,588 | 100% shares owned by D- Link Corporation and D- Link Holding |
| D-Link Corporation | D-Link Mexicana | Mexico | Marketing and after-sales service in Mexico | 301,036 | 301,036 | 152,066 | 100.00 % | 14,527 | (246) | (246) | 100% shares owned by D- Link Corporation and D- Link Sudamerica |
| D-Link Corporation | D-Link Brazil | Brazil | Marketing and after-sales service in Brazil | 932,197 | 932,197 | 2,964,836,727 | 100.00 % | (117,935) | (94,358) | (94,358) | 100% shares owned by D- Link Corporation and D- Link Holding |
| D-Link Corporation | D-Link ME | UAE | Marketing and after-sales service in Middle East and Africa | 71,484 | 71,484 | 5 | 83.33 % | 797,809 | 29,689 | 29,689 | 100% shares owned by D- Link Corporation and D- Link International |
| D-Link Corporation | D-Link Australia | Australia | Marketing and after-sales service in Australia and New Zealand | 16,744 | 16,744 | 999,000 | 99.90 % | 149,831 | 12,153 | 12,153 | 100% shares owned by D- Link Corporation and D- Link International |
| D+Link Corporation | D-Link Holding | B.V.I. | Investment company | 2,242,837 | 2,242,837 | 68,062,500 | 100.00 % | 1,684,899 | 109,748 | 109,748 | |
| D-Link Corporation | D-Link Deutschland | Germany | Marketing and after-sales service in Germany | 120,050 | 120,050 | - Note 2 | - % | 120,050 | 15,415 | - | 100% shared owned by D- Link Corporation directly and indirectly. D-Link Corporation share's profit recognized in D-Link Europe |
| D-Link Corporation | D-Link Japan | Japan | Marketing and after-sales service in Japan | 595,310 | 595,310 | 9,500 | 100.00 % | 647,668 | 17,491 | 17,491 | |
| D-Link Corporation | D-Link Investment | Singapore | Investment company | 67,191 | 67,191 | 2,200,000 | 100.00 % | (68,898) | 39,892 | 39,892 | |

| Name of | Name of | | Main businesses | Original inves December 31, 2021 | tment amount December 31, 2020 | Shares | as of December 31, Percentage of | 2021 Carrying | Net income (losses) | Share of profits/losses of | |
|-------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------|--|--|--------------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------------|------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| investor D-Link | investee VEOCHIA | Location Taiwan | and products Investment company | 2021 | 2020 | (thousands) | ownership | value | of investee 2.814 | investee | Note Carried out liquidation |
| Corporation | TEOCHIA | Tanyan | invesiment company | | 122,400 | Note 2 | - 74 | | 2,814 | 2,814 | procedure on December 1, 2021 |
| D-Link Corporation | YEOMAO | Taiwan | Investment company | | 70,052 | - | - % | | 917 | 917 | Carried out liquidation procedure on December 1, 2021 |
| D-Link Corporation | YEOTAI | Taiwan | Investment company | 146,000 | 146,000 | 14,600,000 | 100.00 % | 62,598 | 1,690 | 1,690 | |
| D-Link Corporation | Cameo | Taiwan | Research, developments, design, manufacturing and sell broadband products, wireless products, computer networks system equipment end its components | 1,102,479 | - | 137,532,993 | 41.58 % | 1,394,856 | 390,654 | 193,398 Note 1 | At the beginning of the period, D-Link corporation held 17.35% shares, which was measured in financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive increasing investment and holding to 41.58% shares, then turning into using equity methods. |
| D-Link Investment | D-Link Trade | Russia | Marketing and after-sales service in Russia | 66,538 | 66,538 | - Note 2 | 100.00 % | (67,427) | 40,100 | 40,100 | |
| D-Link Trade | T-COM | Russia | Marketing and after-sales service in Russia | 12,485 | - | - Note 2 | 40.00 % | 8,709 | (6,414) | (4,047) | |
| D-Link International | D-Link Australia | Australia | Marketing and after-sales service in Australia and New Zealand | 22 | 22 | 1,000 | 0.10 % | 18 | 12,153 | | D-Link Australia share's profit recognized in D-Link Corporation |
| D+Link International | D-Link ME | UAE | Marketing and after-sales service in Middle East and Africa | 34,260 | 34,260 | 1 | 16.67 % | 29,241 | 29,689 | | D-Link ME share's profit recognized in D-Link Corporation |
| D-Link International | D-Link Korea | Korea | Marketing and after-sales service in Korea | 44,300 | 44,300 | 330,901 | 100.00 % | (31,516) | (7,132) | (7,132 | |
| D-Link International | D-Link Trade M. | Republic of Moldova | Marketing and after-sales service in Moldova | 13 | 13 | - Note 2 | 100.00 % | (193) | 365 | 365 | |
| D-Link International | D-Link Russia Investment | BVI | Investment company | 789,757 | 789,757 | 25,000,000 | 100.00 % | 692,110 | 3,901 | 3,901 | |
| D-Link International | D-Link Malaysia | Malaysia | Marketing and after-sales service in Malaysia | 6,130 | 6,130 | 800,000 | 100.00 % | 7,334 | 381 | 381 | |
| D-Link International | D-Link Lithuania | Lithuania | Marketing and after-sales service | 3,574 | 3,574 | 1,000 | 100.00 % | 3,850 | 634 | 634 | |
| D-Link Holding | D-Link Europe | UK. | Marketing and after-sales service in Europe | 971,293 | 971,293 | 32,497,455 | 100.00 % | 1,173,116 | 26,534 | 26,534 | |
| D-Link Holding | D-Link International | Singapore | Global marketing, procurement and after-sales service | 8,466 | 8,466 | 425,340 | 0.64 % | (13,568) | 479,733 | | D-Link International share' s profit recognized in D- Link Corporation |
| D-Link Holding | OOO D-Link Russia | Russia | After-sales service in Russia | 11,309 | 11,309 | | 100.00 % | 4,521 | 14 | 14 | |
| D-Link Holding | D-Link Mauritius | Mauritius | Investment company | 186,789 | 186,789 | 200,000 | 100.00 % | 888,913 | 81,537 | 81,537 | |
| D-Link Holding | D-Link Shiang-Hai (Cayman) | Cayman Islands | Investment company | 654,974 | 654,974 | 50,000 | 100.00 % | (539,232) | 331 | 331 | |
| D-Link Holding | D-Link Systems | USA | Marketing and after-sales service in USA | 49,320 | 49,320 | 750,000 | 1.56 % | 41,535 | (64,895) | - | D-Link Systems share's profit recognized in D-Link Corporation |
| D-Link Holding | Wishfi | Singapore | Research, development, marketing and after-sales service | - | 68,566 | | - % | | | | Cancellation of registration in January, 2022 |
| D-Link Holding | Success Stone | BVI | Investment company | 297,027 | 297,027 | 9,822 | 100.00 % | 147,272 | 819 | 819 | |
| D-Link Holding | MiiiCasa Holding | Cayman Island | Investment company | 61,087 | 61,087 | 21,000,000 | 28.98 % | | | 812 | |
| D-Link Holding | D-Link Brazil | Brazil | Marketing and after-sales service in Brazil | - | | 100 | - % | | (94,358) | | D Link Brazil share's profit recognized in D-Link Corporation |
| D-Link Holding | D-Link Sudamerica | Chile | Marketing and after-sales service in Chile | - | | 1 | - % | | 1,588 | | D-Link Sudamerica share's profit recognized in D-Link Corporation |
| D-Link Mauritius | D-Link India | India | Marketing and after-sales service in India | 340,319 | 340,319 | 18,114,663 | 51.02 % | 871,378 | 161,114 | 82,201 | |
| D-Link Mauritius | TeamF1 India | India | Technical services for software and hardware system integration | 8 | 8 | 1 | 0.01 % | 13 | 9,326 | 1 | 100% shares owned by D- Link Mauritius and D-Link India |
| D-Link India | TeamF1 India | India | Technical services for software and hardware system integration | 84,114 | 84,114 | 10,499 | 99.99 % | 119,432 | 9,326 | 9,325 | 100% shares owned by D- Link Mauritius and D-Link India |

| | | | Main | Original inves | tment amount | Balance | as of December 31, | 2021 | Net income | Share of | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|---|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| Name of investor | Name of investee | Location | businesses and products | December 31, 2021 | December 31, 2020 | Shares (thousands) | Percentage of ownership | Carrying value | (losses) of investee | profits/losses of investee | Note |
| D-Link L.A | | Peru | Marketing and after-sales service in Peru | - | - | (thousands) | 0.03 % | 3 | 708 | - | D-Link Peru S.A. share's profit recognized in D-Link Sudamerica |
| D-Link Sudamerica | D-Link de Colombia SAS. | Colombia | Marketing and after-sales service in Colombia | 22,213 | 22,213 | 1,443,605 | 100.00 % | 5,462 | (731) | (731 | |
| D-Link Sudamerica | D-Link del Ecuador S.A. | Ecuador | Marketing and after-sales service in Ecuador | | 26 | | - % | - | | - | D-Link del Ecuador S.A share's profit recognized in D-Link Sudamerica Liquidation process was completed in April, 2021. |
| D-Link Sudamerica | D-Link Guatemala S.A. | Guatemala | Marketing and after-sales service in Guatemala | 410 | 410 | 99,000 | 99.00 % | 515 | | - | |
| D-Link Sudamerica | D-Link Peru S.A. | Peru | Marketing and after-sales service in Peru | 38 | 38 | 3,499 | 99.97 % | 8,564 | 708 | 708 | |
| D-Link Sudamerica | D-Link Mexicana | Mexico | Marketing and after-sales service in Mexico | 6 | 6 | 3 | - % | 6 | (246) | - | D-Link Mexicana share's profit recognized in D-Link Corporation |
| D-Link Sudamerica | D-Link Argentina S.A. | Argentina | Marketing and after-sales service in Argentina | 2,750 | 2,750 | 100 | 100.00 % | 113 | - | | D-Link Argentina share's profit recognized in D-Link Sudamerica Liquidation is in process |
| D-Link Europe | D-Link Deutschland | Germany | Marketing and after-sales service in Germany | 131,769 | 131,769 | - Note 2 | 100.00 % | 180,707 | 15,415 | 15,415 | |
| D-Link Europe | D-Link AB | Sweden | Marketing and after-sales service in Sweden | 9,022 | 9,022 | 15,500 | 100.00 % | 15,731 | 1,450 | 1,450 | |
| D-Link Europe | D-Link Iberia SL | Spain | Marketing and after-sales service in Spain | 1,976 | 1,976 | 50,000 | 100.00 % | 58,611 | 3,729 | 3,729 | |
| D-Link Europe | D-Link Mediterraneo SRL | Italy | Marketing and after-sales service in Italy | 2,177 | 2,177 | 50,000 | 100.00 % | 16,802 | 7,314 | 7,314 | |
| D-Link Europe | D-Link (Holdings)Ltd | UK. | Investment company | - | - | 3 | 100.00 % | 8,991 | - | - | |
| D-Link Europe | D-Link France SARL | France | Marketing and after-sales service in France | 5,287 | 5,287 | 114,560 | 100.00 % | 35,512 | 2,884 | 2,884 | |
| D-Link Europe | D-Link Netherlands | Netherlands | Marketing and after-sales service in Netherlands | 2,132 | 2,132 | 50,000 | 100.00 % | 7,453 | 536 | 536 | |
| D-Link Europe | D-Link Polska Sp Z.o.o. | Poland | Marketing and after-sales service in Poland | 1,210 | 1,210 | 100 | 100.00 % | 22,877 | 1,729 | 1,729 | |
| D-Link Europe | D-Link Magyarorszag | Hungary | Marketing and after-sales service in Hungary | 523 | 523 | 300 | 100.00 % | 5,755 | 209 | 209 | |
| D-Link Europe | D-Link s.r.o | Czech | Marketing and after-sales service in Czech | 329 | 329 | 100 | 100.00 % | 3,653 | 366 | 366 | |
| D-Link (Holdings)Ltd | D-Link UK | UK. | Marketing and after-sales service in UK | | | 300,100 | 100.00 % | 8,991 | | | |
| D-Link Mediterraneo SRL | D-Link Adria d.o.o | Croatia | Marketing and after-sales service in Croatia | 326 | 326 | - Note 2 | 100.00 % | 1,157 | 12 | 12 | |
| D-Link ME | D Link Network | Republic of South Africa | Marketing and after-sales service in South Africa | | | 100 | 100.00 % | (41) | (478) | | |
| YEOCHIA and YEOTAI | Xtramus Technologies Co. Ltd. | Taiwan | Research, development, manufacturing and sell of testing equipment for network | 38,110 | 181,500 | 1,832,446 | 41.18 % | 4,350 | 2,081 | 4,350 | |

Note 1: Including recognition of profit (loss) from associates Note 2: Limited Company

(c) Information on investment in mainland China:

(i) The names of investees in Mainland China, the main businesses and products, and other information:

| | Main businesses | Total amount | | Accumulated outflow of investment from | | ent flows | Accumulated outflow of investment from Taiwan as of | | Percentage | Investment | Book | w Taiwan Dollar Accumulated remittance of |
|---------------------|--|-----------------------|------------------|--|---------|-----------|--|--------------------|-----------------|--------------------|-----------------|---|
| Name of investee | and products | of paid-in capital | of investment | Taiwan as of January 1, 2021 | Outflow | Inflow | December 31, 2021 | of the investee | of ownership | income (losses) | value Note 2 | earnings in current period |
| D-Link Shiang- | Buy and sell of networking equipment and wireless system | 539,955 | (2) | 539,955 | - | - | 539,955 | (2,209) | | (2,209) | (550,438) | - |
| | Research, development and trading business | 19,383 | (2) | 18,067 | - | - | 18,067 | 2,540 | 100.00% | 2,540 | 13,404 | - |
| | Technical Service and Import/Export trading business | 61,671 | (3) | - | - | - | - | 5,539 | 9.86% | - | 3,882 | - |

Note 1: Method of Investment:

Type 1: Direct investments in Mainland China

Type 2: Indirect investments in Mainland China

Type 3: Other

Note 2: The amounts in New Taiwan Dollars were translated at the exchange rates of USD 27.690, CNY 4.3430 as of December 31, 2021.

(ii) Limitation on investment in Mainland China:

| Accumulated Investment in Mainland China | Investment Amounts Authorized by | |
|--|----------------------------------|---------------------------|
| as of December 31, 2021 | Investment Commission, MOEA | Upper Limit on Investment |
| 558,022 | 558,022 | Note |

Note: Since the Company has obtained the Certificate of Headquarter Operation, there is no upper limitation on investment in Mainland China.

(iii) Significant transactions:

The significant inter-company transactions with the subsidiary in Mainland China, which were eliminated in the preparation of consolidated financial statements, are disclosed in "Information on significant transactions".

(d) Major shareholders:

| Shareholding Shareholder's Name | Shares | Percentage |
|------------------------------------|------------|------------|
| Sapido Technology Inc. | 59,818,400 | 9.97 % |
| Yitongyuan Investment Co., Ltd. | 32,825,600 | 5.47 % |

(14) Segment information:

Please refer to Consolidated Financial Statements for the years ended December 31, 2021, and 2020.

Statement of cash and cash equivalents

December 31, 2021

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

| Item | Description | Amount |
|---------------|--|-------------------|
| Cash | Petty cash and Foreign currency deposits | \$191 |
| Bank deposits | Checking and Saving accounts | |
| | NTD | 78,156 |
| | USD: 2,091 (in thousands) | 57,926 |
| | Other foreign currency deposits | 15,118 |
| | | \$ <u>151,391</u> |

Note 1: The exchange rate of USD to NTD as of December 31, 2021 is 27.69.

Statement of notes receivable

December 31, 2021

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

| Item | | Amount |
|--|-----|--------|
| EVERCOM SCIENTIFIC SYSTEM CO.,LTD | \$ | 875 |
| Rui Yuan Co., Ltd. | | 3,235 |
| OLLO CO., LTD. | | 772 |
| Others (The amount of individual vendor included within"Others"does not exceed 5% of thi account balance.) | s | 401 |
| | \$_ | 5,283 |

Note: Notes and accounts receivable are all generated by business activities.

Statement of accounts receivables

December 31, 2021

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

| Item | | Amount |
|--|----|---------|
| Company A | \$ | 37,935 |
| Company B | | 27,873 |
| Company C | | 21,972 |
| Company D | | 11,231 |
| Company E | | 8,548 |
| Company F | | 8,512 |
| Others (The amount of individual vendor included within"Others" does not exceed 5% of this | s | |
| account balance.) | _ | 28,188 |
| | | 144,259 |
| Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts | _ | (885) |
| | \$ | 143,374 |

Note: The accounts receivable from related parties are not included in the above payment. For details, please refer to Note 7 to the financial statements.

Statement of other receivables

December 31, 2021

| Item | Description | A | mount |
|---|-------------|------------|-----------|
| Receivable amounts from advance payment of subsidiaries | | \$ | 12,699 |
| Receivable amounts from liquidation of subsidiaries | | | 214,785 |
| Others (The amount of individual vendor included within"Others" does not exceed 5% of | | | |
| this account balance.) | | | 13,034 |
| this decount bulance.) | | | · · · · · |
| | | \$ <u></u> | 240,518 |

Statement of inventories

December 31, 2021

| | | Amou | | |
|-------------------------------------|------|----------|----------------|--|
| | | | Net realizable | |
| Item | Cost | | value | Note |
| Finished goods | \$ | 110,634 | 99,351 | Market price is measured at net realizable value |
| Less: Allowance for inventory write | | | | |
| downs and obsolescence | | (21,760) | | |
| | \$ | 88,874 | | |

Statement of other current assets

December 31, 2021

| Item | | Amount |
|---|-------------|--------|
| Prepaid software fees | \$ | 22,578 |
| Prepayment for purchase | | 16,965 |
| Prepaid warranty fees | | 4,325 |
| Input tax | | 3,522 |
| Temporarily payment | | 2,170 |
| Others (The amount of individual vendor included within"Others"does not exceed 5% of this | s | |
| account balance.) | _ | 6,455 |
| | \$ <u> </u> | 56,015 |

| | | | | | | 1 |
|---------------------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|-------------------|--------|
| | | | | | Ending Balance | Shares |
| PORATION | ured at fair value through other | me - non-current | Jecember 31, 2021 | of New Taiwan Dollars) | Decrease | Shares |
| D-LINK CORPORATION | Statement of financial assets measured at fair value through other | comprehensive income - non-current | For the year ended December 31, 2021 | (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars) | Increase | Shares |
| | St | | | | Beginning Balance | Shares |

| | Beginnir | ng Balance | II | Increase | D | Decrease | Ending | Ending Balance | |
|----------------------|------------------|---------------------|------------|----------|------------|---------------|------------|----------------|------------|
| | Shares | | Shares | | Shares | | Shares | | |
| Name | (thousand) | Fair value | (thousand) | Amount | (thousand) | Amount (Note) | (thousand) | Fair value | Collateral |
| | 39,853 | \$ 364,655 | | | 39,853 | 364,655 | | | |
| Note • Including the | e change in valu | uation \$49 816 tho | puesin | | | | | | |

Note : Including the change in valuation \$49,816 thousand.

Statement of changes in investments accounted for using the equity method

For the year ended December 31, 2021

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Unrealized

| | Beginning Balance | alance | Increase (Decrease) (Notel) and (Note2) | crease) (Note2) | Net income | Exchange Exchange translation of foreign of | gains (losses) on financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive | Other | ā | Ending Balance | | Market Value or Net Asset |
|--|-------------------|------------|--|--------------------|-------------------------|--|---|--------------------|-----------|----------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|
| Name of investee | Shares | Amount | Shares | Amount | (losses) of investee | ts | income (Note 3) | Changes (Note4) | Shares | Amount | Percentage of ownership | Value (Note7) |
| Investments accounted for using equity method: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| D-Link Systems | 47,295 S | 1,405,450 | | | (64,895) | (40, 753) | | | 47,295 | 1,299,802 | 98.44 % | 1,342,017 |
| D-Link Canada | 8,736 | 353,669 | (3,000) | (67,512) | 1,365 | (8,114) | , | , | 5,736 | 279,408 | 100.00 % | 279,408 |
| D-Link International | 66,075 | 2,099,470 | | (203,607) | 389,102 | (79,091) | | | 66,075 | 2,205,874 | 99.36 % | 2,729,266 |
| D-Link Mexicana | 152 | 15,697 | , | , | (246) | (924) | , | , | 152 | 14,527 | 100.00 % | 14,527 |
| D-Link Middle East(Note 6) | | 792,197 | | | 29,689 | (24,077) | | | | 797,809 | 83.33 % | 832,183 |
| D-Link Australia | 666 | 151,159 | | | 12,153 | (13,481) | | | 666 | 149,831 | % 06.66 | 149,831 |
| D-Link Holding | 68,063 | 1,734,081 | | , | 109,748 | (158,604) | 414 | (740) | 68,063 | 1,684,899 | 100.00 % | 1,721,146 |
| D-Link Deutschland (Note 5) | | 120,050 | , | | , | , | , | , | , | 120,050 | 100.00 % | |
| D-Link Sudamerica | 200 | 10,477 | , | , | 1,588 | (1,112) | , | , | 200 | 10,953 | 100.00 % | 9,582 |
| D-Link Japan | 10 | 719,580 | | | 17,491 | (89,403) | | | 10 | 647,668 | 100.00 % | 618,181 |
| Cameo | | | 137,533 | 1,214,470 | 193,398 | 675 | (14, 416) | 729 | 137,533 | 1,394,856 | 41.58 % | 1,567,876 |
| Yeochia(Note 6) | | 275,149 | , | (271, 169) | 2,814 | , | 35 | (6,829) | , | , | - % | , |
| Yeoamo | 10,220 | 128,946 | (10, 220) | (143, 616) | 917 | , | (2, 453) | 16,206 | , | , | - % | , |
| Yeotai | 14,600 | 63,113 | | | 1,690 | | (2,076) | (129) | 14,600 | 62,598 | 100.00 % | 62,598 |
| | | 7,869,038 | | 528,566 | 694,814 | (414, 884) | (18, 496) | 9,237 | | 8,668,275 | | |
| Credit balance of equity investment: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| D-Link L.A. | 41 | (524, 882) | | | (56, 561) | 15,823 | | | 41 | (565,620) | 100.00 % | (568, 346) |
| D-Link Brazil | 2,964,837 | (30,914) | | | (94, 358) | 7,337 | | | 2,964,837 | (117,935) | 100.00 % | (117,935) |
| D-Link Investment | 2,200 | (111,773) | | | 39,892 | 2,983 | , | | 2,200 | (68, 898) | 100.00 % | (68,898) |
| | | (667, 569) | | | (111,027) | 26,143 | , | | | (752, 453) | | |
| | s. | 7,201,469 | | 528,566 | 583,787 | (388, 741) | (18, 496) | 9,237 | | 7,915,822 | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Note 1: The increase in current period is due to increased investments amounting to \$799,999 thousand in Cameo, and turned financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income into using equity methods amounting to \$414,471 thousand, increased \$1,2,4,470 thousand in

Note 2: The decrease in current period is due to the adoption of equity methods for cash dividends amounting to \$203,607 thousand, reduced capital by cash amounting to \$267,512 thousand, YEOCHIA and total.

investment accounted for using equity methods into other receivables amounting to \$214,785 thousand. Note 3: The valuation of financial assets recognized by the investees were measured at fair value through other comprehensive income.

Note 4: The index changes were due to recognizing the irrestaneant adjustments through using equity method, reading in the decrease of \$740 thousands in capital surplus and the decrease of \$9977 thousands in realined earnings. Note 5: The investment period restructures are restructures accounted for warg particular to the decrease of \$9977 thousands in realined earnings. Note 5: The investment period restructures are restructures accounted for warg particular to the decrease of \$9977 thousands in realined earnings. Note 5: The investment period restructures are easily accounted for warg particular to the investment accounted for warg particular to the investment earning and the decrease of \$9977 thousands in realined earnings. Note 5: The order activated accounted for warg particular to the investment accounted for warge particular to the investment accounted for warge particular to the investment accounted for ward particular to the investment accounted for wards particular to the investment accounted for wards accounted for accounted for accounted for the intervent accounted for wards accounted

Statement of changes in property, plant and equipment

For the year ended December 31, 2021

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

| | alance as of January 1, | | | | Balance as of December 31, |
|-----------|----------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------------------------|
| Item | 2021 | Increase | Decrease | Transfer | 2021 |
| Land | \$ 531,453 | - | - | - | 531,453 |
| Buildings | 548,086 | 717 | - | - | 548,803 |
| Others | 722,347 | 30,884 | 126,777 | - | 626,454 |
| | \$ 1,801,886 | 31,601 | 126,777 | | 1,706,710 |

Statement of changes in accumulated depreciation of property, plant and equipment

| Item | | llance as of anuary 1, 2021 | Increase | Decrease | Transfer | Balance as of December 31, 2021 | Note |
|-------------------------------|----|-----------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|---------------------------------------|-------|
| Accumulated Depreciation : | | 2021 | Increase | Derease | | | 11010 |
| Buildings | \$ | 425,572 | 4,992 | - | - | 430,564 | Note1 |
| Others | _ | 623,929 | 51,487 | 126,777 | | 548,639 | Note2 |
| | \$ | 1,049,501 | 56,479 | 126,777 | | 979,203 | |

Note 1: Depreciation is calculated on the cost of an asset less its residual value and is recognized in profit or loss on a straight line basis over the estimated useful lives. Estimated useful lives : 5~46 years.

Note 2: Depreciation is calculated on the cost of an asset less its residual value and is recognized in profit or loss on a straight line basis over the estimated useful lives. Estimated useful lives : 2~9 years.

Statement of changes in right-of-use assets

For the year ended December 31, 2021

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

| | Balance as of | | | Balance as of |
|-----------|------------------|----------|----------|---------------|
| | January 1, | | | December 31, |
| Item | 2021 | Increase | Decrease | 2021 |
| Buildings | \$ <u>16,065</u> | 3,214 | (958) | 18,321 |

Statement of changes in accumulated depreciation of right-of-use assets

| | ice as of uary 1, | | | Balance as of December 31, |
|----------------------------|----------------------|----------|----------|----------------------------|
| Item | 021 | Increase | Decrease | 2021 |
| Accumulated Depreciation : | | | | |
| Buildings | \$ 4,137 | 3,639 | (958) | 6,818 |

Statement of changes in investment property

For the year ended December 31, 2021

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

| | lance as of nuary 1, | | | Balance as of December 31, |
|-----------|-------------------------|----------|----------|----------------------------|
| Item | 2021 | Increase | Decrease | 2021 |
| Land | \$ 30,000 | - | - | 30,000 |
| Buildings | 22,196 | | | 22,196 |
| | \$ 52,196 | | | 52,196 |

Statement of changes in accumulated depreciation of investment property

| | | | | Balance as of |
|-----------|------------------|----------|----------|---------------|
| | Balance as of | | | December 31, |
| Item | January 1, 2021 | Increase | Decrease | 2021 |
| Buildings | \$ <u>11,924</u> | 396 | - | 12,320 |

_ _

Note: Depreciation is calculated on the cost of an asset less its residual value and is recognized in profit or loss on a straight line basis over the estimated useful lives. Estimated useful lives : 9~55 years.

Statement of changes in accumulated impairment of investment property

| | Balance as of January 1, | | | Balance as of December 31, |
|-----------|-----------------------------|----------|----------|----------------------------|
| Item | 2021 | Increase | Decrease | 2021 |
| Bulidings | \$ <u>1,000</u> | - | | 1,000 |

Statement of changes in intangible assets

For the year ended December 31, 2021

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

| Item | | llance as of anuary 1, 2021 | Increase | Decrease | Amortization | Balance as of December 31, 2021 | Note |
|------------------|----|-----------------------------------|----------|----------|--------------|---------------------------------------|--------|
| Patents | \$ | 17.720 | - | - | (2,692) | 15.028 | Note 1 |
| Computer softwa | | 43.113 | 4.147 | (2,322) | (2,0)2) | 19,028 | Note 2 |
| costs | IC | 45,115 | 4,147 | (2,322) | (23,199) | 19,139 | Note 2 |
| Other intangible | | | | | | | |
| assets | _ | 13,467 | 10,097 | - | (12,269) | 11,295 | Note 2 |
| Total | \$ | 74,300 | 14,244 | (2,322) | (40,760) | 45,462 | |

Note 1: Patents are amortized from their acquisition and are recognized in profit or loss on a straight line basis over the estimated useful lives. The estimated useful lives of patents are 16 years.

Note 2: Amortization is calculated on the cost of the asset less its residual value and accumulated impairment, and is recognized in profit or loss on a straight line basis over the estimated useful lives of intangible assets. The estimated useful lives of intangible assets are 2~8 years.

Statement of other non-current assets

December 31, 2021

| Item | | Amount |
|---------------------|----|--------|
| Refundable deposits | \$ | 4,542 |
| Others | _ | 396 |
| Total | \$ | 4,938 |

Statement of other short-term loans

December 31, 2021

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Type of loans Loans from related parties

Ending Balance 746,903

\$

Term of contract 111

Interest rate(%) 0.5~1

Mortgages Financing limit guarantees

or

None

| | | | | Fair value changes are attributable to the changes | of credit risk | , |
|--------------------|---|-------------------|--|--|--|----------------------|
| | | | | Fair Value | Total | 9,803 |
| | sss – current | | | | Unit Price | |
| NO | Statement of financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss - current | | (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars) | | Interest Rate Unit Price | - |
| D-LINK CORPORATION | fair value thı | December 31, 2021 | ids of New T | | Total | |
| D-LINK C | ıl liabilities at f | Decem | ssed in thousan | Carrying | Amount | ч У |
| | nt of financia | | (Expre | | Shares | |
| | Statemer | | | | Description | |
| | | | | | Name of financial instrument Derivative financial liabilities | Cross currency swaps |

Statement of note and accounts payables

December 31, 2021

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

| Suppliers name | | Amount |
|---|----|---------|
| Company A | \$ | 9,054 |
| Company B | | 8,110 |
| Company C | | 22,882 |
| Company D | | 22,046 |
| Company E | | 23,060 |
| Others (The amount of individual vendor included within"Others"does not exceed 5% of th | is | |
| account balance.) | _ | 45,884 |
| | \$ | 131,036 |

Note 1: Note payables and account payables are both generated from operating activities.

Note 2: Payables to related parties are not included in the payments above, please refer to note 7 for further information.

Statement of other payables

December 31, 2021

| Item | | Amount |
|---|----|---------|
| Payables on salaries, bonuses, labor health insurances and pensions | \$ | 99,160 |
| Payables on research fees | | 5,075 |
| Payables on equipment | | 17,744 |
| Others (The amount of individual vendor included within"Others"does not exceed 30,000 | | |
| thousand.) | _ | 65,089 |
| | \$ | 187,068 |

Statement of provisions - current

December 31, 2021

| Item | | Amount |
|---------------------------|----|---------|
| Warranties | \$ | 62,860 |
| Litigations and royalties | _ | 119,067 |
| | \$ | 181,927 |

Statement of other current liabilities

December 31, 2021

| Item | | Amount |
|---|-----|--------|
| Payables on income taxes | \$ | 23,196 |
| Payables in lieu of untaken annual leave | | 23,786 |
| Temporary receipts | | 5,235 |
| Others (The amount of individual item within"Others" does not exceed 5% of this account | | |
| balance.) | _ | 3,067 |
| | \$_ | 55,284 |

Statement of lease liabilities

December 31, 2021

| | | | Discount | |
|---|----------------|------------|-----------|-----------------|
| Item | Description | Lease term | rate% | Ending Balance |
| Buildings | For office use | 5 years | 1.60~1.79 | \$ 11,879 |
| Less: classified as current lease liabilities | | | | (4,033) |
| Lease liabilities-non current | | | | \$ <u>7,846</u> |

Statement of other non-current liabilities

December 31, 2021

| Item | | Amount |
|--|------------|---------|
| Investments accounted for using equity method-credit balance | \$ | 752,453 |
| Others | _ | 14,336 |
| | \$ <u></u> | 766,789 |

Statement of operating revenue

For the year ended December 31, 2021

| Item | Quantities (per piece) | Amount |
|--------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------|
| Sales Revenue: | | |
| Network communication products | 507,226 | \$ 786,679 |
| Service Revenue | | 605,896 |
| | | \$ 1,392,575 |

Statement of operating costs

For the year ended December 31, 2021

| Item | | Amount |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|---------|
| Beginning Inventories | \$ | 145,236 |
| Add : Purchases | | 474,374 |
| Less: Ending Inventories | | 110,634 |
| Transferring to expenses and others | _ | 11,457 |
| Cost of goods sold | | 497,519 |
| Warranty Costs | | 15,460 |
| Gains related to inventories | | 5,390 |
| Others | _ | 2,512 |
| | <u>\$</u> | 520,881 |

Statement of selling expenses

For the year ended December 31, 2021

| Item | Description | Amount | | Amount | | Note |
|--|-------------|--------|---------|--------|--|------|
| Personnel expenses | | \$ | 274,915 | | | |
| Royalty expenses | | | 36,874 | | | |
| Service expenses | | | 5,747 | | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | | | 1,877 | | | |
| Others (The amount of individual item within "Others" does not exceed 5% of this account | | | | | | |
| balance.) | | | 47,803 | | | |
| | | \$ | 367,216 | | | |

Statement of administrative expenses

For the year ended December 31, 2021

| Item | Description | Amount | Note |
|--|-------------|---------------|------|
| Personnel expenses | | \$ 127,627 | |
| Service Expenses | | 77,867 | |
| Depreciation and Amortization | | 15,710 | |
| Royalty expenses | | (40,136) | |
| Maintenance of software | | 19,727 | |
| Others (The amount of individual item within "Others" does not exceed 5% of this account balance.) | | 49,181 | |
| | | \$ 249,976 | |

Statement of research and development expense

For the year ended December 31, 2021

| Item | Description | Amount | | Note |
|--|-------------|--------|---------|------|
| Personnel expenses | | \$ | 424,257 | |
| Outsourcing research expenses | | | 60,670 | |
| Depreciation and Amortization | | | 83,686 | |
| Others (The amount of individual item within "Others" does not exceed 5% of this account balance.) | | | 18,398 | |
| | | \$ | 587,011 | |

Statement of finance costs

For the year ended December 31, 2021

| Item | Description | A | nount | Note |
|------------------|-------------|----|-------|------|
| Interest expense | | \$ | 5,507 | |
| Others | | | 201 | |
| | | \$ | 5,708 | |

Statement of other income and other gains and

losses

For the year ended December 31, 2021

| Item | | Amount |
|--|----|----------|
| Other income: | | |
| Rental income | \$ | 2,398 |
| Others (The amount of individual item within "Others" does not exceed 5% of this account balance.) | t | 2,721 |
| | \$ | 5,119 |
| Other gains and losses: | | |
| Foreign currency exchange gains | \$ | 14,520 |
| Valuation losses from financial assets and liabilities | | (30,439) |
| Others (The amount of individual item within "Others" does not exceed 5% of this account balance.) | t | 5 |
| | \$ | (15,914) |



D-Link Corporation

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